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JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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MISCELLANY.

THE LOAF OF BREAD.

"Buy my matches—oh! do buy them, sir," said a plaintive voice.

The person addressed, clad in a heavy overcoat, was breasting the sharp wind of a December day, his throat was muffled up, leaving only a portion of the mouth discernible, but his dress bespoke one in comfortable circumstances.

"I don't want your matches, my lad," said he.

"But do buy them—six boxes for a tip."

"Get out of the way," said the man sharply, for the lad half stopped the path.

"Oh! do buy some," said the boy, detaining him by the skirt of his coat, "mother is sick, and I've had nothing to eat to-day. Do buy a tip's worth."

The man hesitated. The natural impulses of his heart were for good; but he was one accustomed to think the world to be worse than it was.

"Pshaw!" he said, "that is the old story; get out of the way, you young scamp, or I'll have you arrested."

The boy meekly drew back, but a tear froze on his cheek in that bitter blast, though the rich man saw it not, for he had hurried on.

It was getting late, and the streets would have been pitch dark, but for the lamps which, at long intervals, lit up the night. Few were abroad in that wintry weather, and so the boy stood shivering at his post a long while before a second passenger came by. Poor fellow! he was thin clad, and his lips were blue with cold; yet he kept his station, vainly offering his matches, but finding no buyers.

Ten o'clock struck, and with the tears falling fast, he turned his footsteps towards the cellar in which he lived. He had been out all day, and sold nothing, nor had a morsel of food crossed his mouth since the night before. But he thought more of his sick mother than of himself. The little capital had been exhausted in the purchase of the matches, and they had not a cent remaining.

He paused, for at that instant the light from a baker's shop streamed across the street. The baker was just shutting up; his back was turned, the door was invitingly opened, and within reach lay a pile of loaves. A sudden impulse seized the boy. An hour previous he had vainly begged at the same shop, and that man had roughly ordered him away. He had never stolen before, but now an irresistible temptation seized him. Should his mother starve, when a single loaf might save her. He rushed in, grasped the prize, and dashed down the street.

"Hillo!—stop thief!" said the baker, turning around just in time to see the act.

The boy heard the cry, and trembled all over; fear lent speed to his feet, and he ran swiftly on, now and then looking back to see if his pursuers gained on him.

"Stop thief! stop thief!! stop thief!!!" was the cry that rang from as many pursuers, as looking from their shops, they caught sight of the fugitive, and joined in the chase.

The boy's heart beat wildly: he mechanically turned his steps to the cellar where he lived. The narrow alley, in which it was, opened into the street just ahead, and he strove desperately to gain it. The watchmen's rattles were now heard, in front, behind, all around; like a hunted stag, panting and frightened, he gained the end of the alley, and dashed into a dark thoroughfare. But, at the instant, a man sprang out of the corner house, and seized the fugitive.

"Ah! you young thief—you were nearly off were you?—come along—I am a magistrate—you shall go to jail," and with these words he dragged the culprit into his office.

The boy burst into tears.

"Oh! sir," he said, "let me go. I only

stole a loaf of bread, and I wouldn't have done it, but we are starving. Mother and I haven't eaten anything to-day, and mother is sick. I never stole before. Let me go and I'll never do it again."

The magistrate's office was now full of people, the baker being among the number. The boy was sobbing piteously. The magistrate ordered lights, for hitherto the room had been dark.

"The young villain—so early in crime—these match boys should all be sent to the house of refuge," said one.

"I have seen the rascal prowling about my door for the last hour," said the baker.

"Stop crying," said one of the watchmen, giving the boy a violent shake; "you're done for young 'un—so no whimpering."

The glare of the lights that were now brought in, fell full on the face of the magistrate, who had taken his seat, and then shot their brilliant glare across the group of spectators, until it rested on the weeping child. At that sight the magistrate started. He got up and looked over his desk more closely at the boy.

"The lad really seems in want," said he with a kinder tone, leaving his chair and advancing to the culprit, whose hand he took. "Are you not the little match boy I met to-night?"

The lad looked up, and the recognition was mutual.

"Oh! yes, sir—and what I told you was true. Mother lives just up the alley—No. 16, in the cellar. You may go there and see. Do not send me to jail. It will break her heart. Indeed—indeed, I didn't mean to steal—but we are starving."

"This must be inquired into. Good God, I thought the child was a cheat. But his lips are blue—he is shivering—here, my boy, eat that."

He broke off a piece of the loaf as he spoke, and gave it to the lad, who devoured it with an avidity that convinced every one of the truth of his story. In a minute a watchman came in, who said he had been to the cellar the child named; a sick woman was really there, in a state of great destitution. She was sobbing for her absent boy, who ought, she said, to have been at home long since.

"Heaven forbid we should punish the child, then," said the magistrate fervently. "How fortunately he was arrested by me; it saved him from the prison—for no one else would have believed his story. Gentlemen, I will see to the boy's wants. I suppose you dismiss your complaint," he added, turning to the baker.

"Oh! yes, sir," he said, "he is welcome to the loaf. I wouldn't have refused any one who really was in want; but there are so many cheats about."

"Ah! there it is," said the magistrate, with self-reproach; "we think all beggars are deceivers, and never trouble ourselves to inquire into the truth of their story. Had I done so for this boy, he had not stolen your loaf."

The magistrate kept his word to the lad. Immediate relief was administered to the mother's necessities and his; and, subsequently, regular employment obtained for each. They are now comfortable, happy and trustworthy. Would it have been so if the boy had been sent to jail?

Reader! This is no fancy sketch. Such incidents occur almost daily in our great cities. "Go thou and do likewise."

THE LIFE OF A NEWSPAPER.

WRITTEN BY ITSELF.

My life is shortly told. My first impression was the sensation of a tremendous, but short, squeeze, which instantly awoke me into life and thought. I was now spread out to the light, and a glow of intelligence completely pervaded me. My ideas were at first new, multifarious and confused; notions, politics, courts, wars, speeches, merchandise, fightings, feasts, deaths, marriages, ditties, etc. etc., made up all my thoughts which were various and mixed. I lay in a silent state of wonder and great amazement.

I soon found that I was but one of a very large family, that was ushered into this curious world on the same day. Our whole family was laid in regular order in a pile; my situation, being one of the first born, particularly uneasy, damp and uncomfortable. I had a silent, intuitive, longing wish to get into the world, which was at last gratified.

Morning came, and I was carefully folded and laid, Moses like, in a basket, by a boy, who was called the carrier, and borne into the street. The said carrier, I soon found, was an object of interest and desire. He was soon accosted by an elderly looking man, with threadbare, rusty breeches—

"Have you a spare paper, this morning, my boy?"

"No, sir," was the short reply, and he trudged on with us muttering, "Not as you know on, old grips—you are the same chap that promised me some coppers for the papers the other morning, and hain't paid me yet;—you are too stingy to take the paper; you won't get another from me, I guess!"

My brethren were now fast leaving me, being deposited at their proper destination; at length my turn came, and I was tucked into the crevice of a shop-door. The first sample of the kind was not at all alluring.

I had not been long in my new situation, when a reluctantly early comer, swinging a key in his hand, wistfully eyed me—and, casting a

look about him, feloniously seized me, and thrust me into his pocket. My rightful owner—by virtue of advancing pay—being in sight, hailed and arrested the pilferer, and with threats compelled him to relinquish his prize. He entered his store, and I soon found that I was the first object of his attention.

After hastily drying me by the fire, in which process I narrowly escaped conflagration, he ran his eyes over me, and fixed them on sales at auction, advertisements, etc. I was then more particularly examined and dismissed with condemnation.

"Nothing but foreign news—Congress—Cabinet—love stories, and accidents by flood and field. A newspaper should be a commercial report—one side at least should be devoted to prices current."

I was then pettishly thrown upon the counter, but was soon in requisition. A boy came in with a—"Please to lend me your paper for a very few minutes, just to look at the ship-news!"

The request was reluctantly granted, with something about the plague of borrowing, and a determination to stop it.

I was soon borne to a neighboring house. The good old lady, whose husband was at sea, eagerly sought the ship-news, but was disappointed in her search.

"How negligent and careless these printers are," said she, "not a word of intelligence of the Wind Bird; they print of Poland and poetry, and fill their papers with advertisements, and that is all they care about."

Miss now took her turn. She sought the stories, poetry and marriages, which in half an hour were all devoured with a "wonder that they put any thing else in the paper."

An elderly lady now took me, who, adjusting her spectacles, surveyed me a little, and declared me a terrible uninteresting paper: hardly a column of deaths, and not more than fifteen or twenty murders and accidents.

In this way I passed through all the hands of the family, and after being well soiled and somewhat torn by the little ones, was sent home. For three whole days I got no rest, but was continually borrowed and abused. At the end of this period I was supplanted by a new face, and was then discarded and thrown aside, like all servants when they have become useless.

I was, however, again resuscitated, and employed as a wrapper to some merchandise, and sent into the country. There I again became the object of interest, went the rounds of the neighborhood, and was a "nine days wonder."

I am now quietly hanging up, in a shattered condition, in a farmer's kitchen, from which I have written this brief memoir. I have seen much of the world, learned that mankind are unreasonable and ungrateful, and that in a world of great variety of tastes and wishes, it is impossible to please all.

THE PEACHES.

A farmer bought five peaches, the finest that were to be found. But this was the first time that his children had seen any fruit of this kind. So they admired and greatly rejoiced over the beautiful apples with rosy pulps. The father gave one to each of his four sons, and the fifth to their mother.

In the evening, as the children were about to retire to sleep, the father enquired, Well, boys, how did the apples taste?

Excellent, dear father, said the eldest. It is a beautiful fruit, so juicy and so pleasant. I have carefully preserved the stone, and will cultivate a tree for myself.

Well done! said the father; this is husbandry to provide for the future, and is becoming to a farmer!

I ate mine, exclaimed the youngest, and threw away the stone, and mother gave me half of her's. O, that tasted so sweet, and melted in my mouth.

You, said the father, have not acted very prudently, but in a natural and child-like manner. There is still time enough in your life to practice wisdom.

Then the second began: I picked up the stone which my little brother threw away, and cracked it open. It contained a kernel that tasted as good as a nut. But my peach I sold, and got for it money enough to buy twelve, when I go to the city.

The father patted him on the head, saying, That was indeed prudent, but—it was not natural for a child. May Heaven preserve you from being a merchant.

And you, Edmund? inquired the father.

Frankly and ingenuously Edmund replied: I carried my peach to George, the son of our neighbor, who is sick with a fever. He refused to take it. But I laid it on the bed and came away.

Now, said the father, who has made the best use of his peach?

All exclaimed, Brother Edmund!

But Edmund was silent. And his mother embraced him with a tear standing in her eye.

AMUSEMENT IN SPAIN. The cruel amusement called the bull-fight, is still kept up in Spain. One was recently had, in which eight bulls were killed, thirteen horses disemboweled and the ribs of one man broken. The Queen of the country was present, and expressed herself highly delighted. The income was about five thousand dollars, which is to be appropriated to the erection of a meeting-house. We hope they will not insult God by attempting to dedicate that house to him.

TIME'S CHANGES. Those good old times have nearly passed away, when minister's of God's holy word were chosen by a people for life. When the same happy pair over whom he pronounced the nuptial benediction, were those he had blessed at the baptismal font; and, when called upon to perform the last sad offices over the remains of the grey-haired elder, he felt it was the companion of his youth, the friend with whom he had passed on life's pilgrimage, side by side, he was now placing in the tomb; and that when he himself should be called upon to pass through the "dark valley," strangers would not surround the bed of death, but the hand of affection smooth his dying pillow, close his weary eyelids, and lay him gently down to rest from his labors.

But now the case is widely different. That cord of sympathy, which once united the hearts of the clergyman and his people, vibrates but feebly; comparatively they are strangers; their joys and sorrows no longer mutual; more external form than heart-felt; and in many cases, it would seem but the bond of self-interest, which confines the shepherd to his flock. Hardly has he made himself acquainted with the names of the parishioners, hardly has the circuit of pastoral visits been performed, when (should he by chance be a tolerable speaker,) he may receive a call from some more wealthy society; and with all due respect to the several clergy he is observed, in nine cases out of ten, the call receives an affirmative response, and the parish is left to work out its own salvation.

THE RUSSIAN DROSHKA. Of all the open vehicles in the large towns in Europe, the Russian droshka is, without doubt, the most elegant, convenient and preferable. Neither the Parisian cabriolet, the London chaise, the Vienna coupe, nor the Neapolitan corricolo, afford that quick, convenient and dangerous mounting and alighting as the droshka, which is at the same time more secure than any against over-setting. Horses, vehicles, and harness are always kept in such neatness and cleanliness that no trace of the usual Russian mud is perceptible on them.

Though the vehicle is quite open, the rider is, nevertheless, perfectly sheltered against being splashed with the abundance of mud on the road, while his legs rest upon steps laid out with bright brass plates. The only protection the droshka does not afford, is from rain and cold, against which the passenger must look for other remedies, such as a cloak, cap or umbrella. As soon as you alight, a leather, lined with fine blue cloth, is thrown over the seat, to shelter it from the rain.

Only one horse is put to the axletrees. Another horse is but loosely tied to its side, which gallops with his head turned sideways, while the former goes in a sharp trot. Such is Russian etiquette. Those who are not used to it, find this double movement quite ridiculous, and we have heard some, not unwitely, compare these two horses with a philosopher and clown.

COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS. Some people affect to sneer at a country newspaper, as unworthy of notice, and much less of support. They "never read them," they read only city papers. A word in your ear, friend! Whence do the city papers get their news from the different parts of the country? You must not expect to find in the columns of a village paper, published but once a week, all the stirring, every-day life news, which is afforded by a city daily. And you must remember that all do not read "only city papers," and that it is necessary for the public interests of a county, and the private advantages of individuals, that country newspapers should be supported. Let there be no newspapers published in the State, but those of Boston, and the deprivation would soon shew the importance of a country press.

CORSETS. A Philadelphia physician, in a letter to a young lady on wearing corsets, has the following remarks:—"I anticipate the happy period when the fairest portion of the fair creation will step forth unencumbered with slabs of walnut and tiers of whalebone. The constitution of our females are most excellent, to withstand, in any tolerable degree, the inflictions of the corset eight hours every day. No other animal could survive it. Take the honest ox, and enclose his sides with hoop-poles, put an open plank beneath him, and gird the whole with a bed-cord, and demand of him labor. He would labor indeed, but it would be for breath."

A WHISPER TO A WIFE. Study your husband's temper and character; and be it your pride and pleasure to conform to his wishes. Check at once the first advances to contradiction, even of the most trivial nature. Beware of the first dispute.

Whatever might have been concealed as a defect from the lover, must with greater diligence be concealed from the husband. The most intimate and tender familiarity cannot surely be supposed to exclude decorum.

Let your husband be dearer and of more consequence to you than any other human being; and have no hesitation in confessing those feelings to him.

CURE FOR SLANDER. Take of good nature an ounce, of an herb called by the Indians, "Mind your own business," one ounce; mix these with a little charity for failing, and two or three sprigs of "Keep your tongue within your teeth." Simmer them together in a vessel called "Circumspection," for a short time, and it will be fit for use.

FRANKLIN ON PRAYER. When the American Convention were framing their constitution, Dr. Franklin asked them, how it happened that, while groping in the dark, to find political truth, they had not once thought of humbly applying to the Father of light to illumine their understanding. "I have lived, sir," said he, "a long time, and the longer I live the more convincing proofs I see of this truth, that God governs in the affairs of men. And, if a sparrow cannot fall to the ground without his notice, is it probable that an empire can rise without his aid? We have been assured, sir, in the sacred writings, that except the Lord build the house, they labor in vain that build it. I firmly believe this; and I also believe that without his concurring aid we shall succeed in this political building no better than the builders of Babel. We shall be divided by our little partial local interest; our projects will be confounded; and we ourselves shall become a reproach and a by word down to future ages." He then moved, that prayers should be performed in that assembly every morning before they proceeded to business.

TO CURE A BURN. A Quakeress preacher in New York, was so successful in curing burns, that many of the lower classes supposed her possessed of the power of working miracles. The following is the recipe for the medicine:

Take one ounce of bee's wax, with four ounces of Burgundy pitch, simmered together in an earthen vessel, in as much sweet oil as will soften them into the consistency of salve when cool. Stir the liquid when taken from the fire till quite cool. Keep it from the air in a tight box or jar. When used, spread it thinly on a cloth, and apply it to the part injured. Open the burn with a needle to let out the water till it heals.

THE THUMB. "If other proof were wanting," said Newton, "the thumb would convince me of the existence of God." The thumb represents will, energy, and rectitude. At Rome, they cut off the thumbs of cowards, *pollex truncatus*, whence comes the word poltroon! The Romans lifted the thumb to condemn the Gladiator to death. A small thumb indicates little genius for men—little virtue among women; a large thumb, a great thinker—a master of himself.

For the Quincy Patriot.

TEXAS AND OREGON.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH, Dec. 27, 1845.

MR. EDITOR—The question is frequently asked, among the "bone and sinew,"—the real masses—what will Congress do with Texas and Oregon? Why, sir, in regard to Texas, it is a recorded fact that she has been invited, by a majority of the freemen of this Republic, to associate with her, on the same principles of equity and justice that attended the admission of any State, since the formation of our National Government.

In a late number of your paper, I noticed a long string of resolutions, from a gentleman of your place, at a "respectable meeting," held thereat, denouncing, in bold and pointed language, the annexation of Texas as a great national calamity, not to be endured by the pure in heart north of the Potomac.

Now, Mr. Editor, I would ask those gentlemen, who reside within the pale of the landing of our Pilgrim Fathers, if it is expediency, patriotism, or the promptings of brotherly love, that causes this outbreak of malignity against our brethren of the South, aforesaid? Did the gentlemen in Quincy, who figured so valorously in the resolutions referred to, at once suppose that their disunion declamations, and vindictive declarations, would result beneficially to our own Commonwealth or the National Union? Do we not hold that ours is a country adapted to every condition and state of society? Different sections have different interests, and different interests require different laws. We here, in New England, enjoy many privileges unknown to the Great West, the South, or even Texas. Should we, on this account, raise the self-sanctified boast, "Are we not more perfect than thou?" Are the philanthropists and patriots of the present day, more disinterested, more earnest for the greatest good of the greatest number, than were those illustrious saviors of our country, Washington, Jefferson, Munroe, and Jackson? Is all the sanctity, purity, and justice, of law and equal rights, confined to the limits of Massachusetts, or the Northern States?

If we wish to convince our Southern friends to abolish slavery, we must first convince them we are their friends; we must convince them of our sympathy towards them; we must convince them that free labor is a luxury, and superior to slave labor; we must convince them that their civil and pecuniary interest requires the abolition of slavery; we must convince them that the interests of the North and the South are, live or die, sink or swim, emphatically one—"The Union, it must be preserved."

In regard to Oregon, so far as my knowledge extends, the people are ready and willing to put on their armor, and march to the battlefield, if need be. Oregon, and the whole of Oregon is our watchword. If the British lion, inflated by conquests of late, in China, and elsewhere, attempts to gorge its unnatural appetite with a junk of Oregon, which of right belongs to us, she will find, to her sorrow, that she has "caught a Tartar."

E. T.

[By request.]

ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF QUINCY.

The Committee chosen at the Anti-Slavery meeting, held in Lyceum Hall, December eighth, with instructions to act in regard to the great question of Human Rights as time and circumstances may require, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have organized under the name of the Quincy Union Anti-Slavery Committee, and have chosen one of their number as Treasurer, Dea. George Baxter, to whom donations can be given by any and all so disposed, to aid in this great work of Constitutional and Moral Reform.

Texas has become annexed with all its iniquities. The manner of annexation we believe to be unconstitutional—the principle involved unjust. The Constitution of Texas is anti-republican. The great American declaration, that all men are born free and equal, is not recognized. The free people of the North are required in new and unequivocal terms to sanction the system of Slavery. As Free-men, we should detect it, and should not fold our arms and cease to act—should not join with those, who from interest, from fear, from love of ease, or from some other unwholesome motive, cry for peace. Have we read the history of the American revolution in vain? Was it for this that our Fathers endangered and risked all they possessed; aye, and their lives too? Was it for this that they bequeathed to us such dark legacies? Was it for this that they, through a mistaken expediency, permitted the foul blot of Slavery to remain as a dark spot upon the bright effulgence of their political sun? Did they desire their children to cherish that evil, to nourish its growth, till like Aaron's rod it swallowed up, or darkened the whole? We answer, emphatically, no! And we ought to blush to own ourselves Americans, if we remain passive after beholding a subject embracing in its nature such important constitutional questions, such great fundamental principles, passed over and hurried through the Halls of Legislation, in such a hasty, summary manner, as the proceedings of Congress show in regard to Texas. We deserve to be ruled by a Russian Autocrat, if we submit in silence, when our prayers and petitions are spurned and trampled under foot. Did not our fathers grieve most bitterly on account of the neglect of the mother country? Did not the Demosthenes of America exclaim: "We have petitioned; we have remonstrated; we have supplicated; we have prostrated ourselves before the throne. Our petitions have been slighted; our remonstrances have produced additional violence and insult; our supplications have been disregarded; and we have been spurned with contempt from the foot of the throne." How applicable is this language to the recent action of Congress. Thousands and tens of thousands of the people have petitioned and supplicated Congress; their petitions have been slighted; their remonstrances have been disregarded; and they have been spurned with contempt from the foot of the throne. In vain after these things can we submit in silence. We ought not, we should not indulge any such hope.

The question may be asked, what can be done? This is the point in view of the facts, to which we would invite your particular attention. What can be done? Much can be done, and among other measures we would suggest—

First, That the facts, as exhibited in the history of the past, going to show the political bearings of Slavery in our government, its corrupting influences upon our free institutions, its scandalizing effects upon the public mind, can be collected and published in cheap form, and scattered broadcast throughout the land.

Second, The people can meet in public meetings and discuss the subject by means of lectures, addresses and debates.

Let these suggestions be carried into practice in all the free States of the Union, and a great change would be effected in the public mind. The whole press would assume a more independent and manly tone; its editorials would breathe the spirit of freedom. Every pulpit would proclaim the whole truth, and not be silent in relation to the sin of Slavery, because it is known to exist in high places. The statesman would watch with a jealous eye, and be ever ready to sound the alarm whenever any encroachment or infringement was attempted upon our constitutional rights. The people themselves would unite with the same unanimity in defence of freedom, as the South ever have and now do to sustain their peculiar institutions. They would consider it of more importance to preserve the Constitution, and to support the great truths of the Declaration, than to sustain their party for the gratification of party denunciations. The general sympathy that now prevails at the North, would be shaken off, and the people would rise in their majesty, and restore the Constitution to its virgin purity, as designed and contemplated by its venerable founders.

Fellow citizens of Quincy, shall we do our part to circulate the facts, and to enlighten the public mind to bring about the desirable change? Shall we do what we can to stay the onward progress of Slavery? to restore the right of petition? Shall we be silent, or shall we continue to speak and act on this great question of Human Rights? We would recommend action. Action should be the watchword; peaceful, moral action. It has effected great changes in the public mind, in relation to other subjects; it may, it will in relation to this. Let all parties unite upon this great question, and their motto be, Action! Action!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,
GEORGE CLAPP,
GEORGE BAXTER,
THOMAS HARDWICK,
CHARLES A. CUMMINGS,
HENRY BARKER,
WILLIAM D. GRAY.

Quincy, Dec. 29th, 1845.

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Boston, Jan. 2d, 1846.

For several days past, the city has been unusually lively, owing in some measure, doubtless, to the good sleighing in and about Boston. But alas! the snow is leaving us rapidly here, and even now the streets are in better condition for wheels than runners. The sleighing in Boston is about "done up."

This beautiful city is a most desirable winter residence; every thing is so gay and lively. There is, all told of us bipeds, at the present moment, within the confines of "Boston proper," one hundred and twenty-five thousand souls, and increasing, seemingly in a geometrical ratio, very fast.

Business is good, money easy, and the metropolis very sanitary in health. Fashionable parties and balls, come off in all circles continually, and some of them very expensive. Four theatres are in operation, but I should think poorly patronized. Pelby, of the National, poor fellow, they say bids fair to soon shuffle off this mortal coil.

John B. Gough has revived again, and will outline a calumny, and resume his former position as a star of magnitude in the temperance cause. The

Supreme Court, at Washington, grasps this mighty question, before them, in a few weeks. Senator Davis, and Asahel Huntington, Esq., against the sale of rum; Senator Webster and Hon. B. F. Hall, in favor of its traffic. Mark me, friend Green, the decision of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in favor of the licence laws, will be triumphantly sustained by the high court of judicature at Washington. The day of reckoning will soon arrive, and all dealers in the retail of alcoholic drinks will be called upon to shut up shop, *volens or volens*. The fashion of rum-drinking will soon pass away.

The State Legislature comes together next Wednesday, and being largely whig in both branches, will have every thing in their own way. It will be a working session, doubtless, for petitions for rail roads are asked without number. Let them grant all their prayers for rail roads, until the mania for them restores itself again to a healthy condition, or in other words, till the evil cures itself. We are looking to Washington daily for news of interest; and not only there, but to Europe, to witness the effect of the late extraordinary Message of the President, upon the governments there, especially of France and England. "Dressed in the plainest and simplest language," says the New York Herald, a neutral paper, the Message is considered one of the most revolutionary and startling documents of the age, and is termed the greatest document of the century." It has placed Mr. Polk in the first rank of statesmen, and will render him as popular with the people, as was Jackson in his palmy days.

The whole of Oregon or none, to the fifty-fourth degree, is the language of the President, Congress, and the people. The annexation of Texas, is destined to grow in popular favor, as the administration progresses in its quaternary period, and if war with England comes, the President will be no longer the president of a party, but of the people. Whigs and democrats will stand by him, should England dare to war with our nation. The moment she does, she loses every foot of territory in North America. But more anon.

For the Quincy Patriot.

MORTALITY IN QUINCY.

MR. EDITOR.—The following short statistical account may be of some service to those curious to know the effects of climate on mortality:

The number of deaths in Quincy, the past year, is sixty-nine; and estimating the population of the town at four thousand, there will have occurred one death out of every fifty-eight of the inhabitants. In looking over the records of past years, I find that, in the year 1800, one out of every sixty of the inhabitants died, which is considered a common proportion in the most healthy farming districts of our country. In the year 1801, one of every forty-eight of the inhabitants died, showing that some epidemic prevailed, and that the climate was more than usually dysentery. In the year 1803, one in twenty-nine of the inhabitants died; that year also the dysentery was peculiarly fatal. In the year 1825, one of every fifty of the inhabitants died; the prevalent disease of that year was fever. In 1841, one in fifty-four died. In 1842, one in eighty. In 1844, one in sixty-three. Showing, from the records of forty-five years that dysentery is decidedly the most fatal disease of our climate; next to dysentery is the cholera of infants. Typhoid fever holds the third rank in the list of the destroyers of the hopes of man.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 59, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

NEW YEAR.

Another year has sped its course on the rapid car of Time. Friends who commenced with us are now no more, and even relatives, dear to us above all other earthly considerations, have been gathered to the home of God. These warnings speak in a language to be prepared for all the changes of life. A few short days of probation and we shall be gathered to that bourne from whence no pilgrim has yet returned. Reader, this is the destiny which awaits the whole human family. With these considerations, let us all commence the new year with intentions for virtue, health, happiness, peace and prosperity.

Under all these changes, it is our purpose to serve our patrons to the best of our humble abilities, laboring to make the Patriot acceptable to our present subscribers and endeavoring to enhance its value that additional friends may be annexed to our list to cheer us in the journey of life now opening with bright and animating prospects and which bid us God speed.

We cordially wish each and every one of our readers a joyous, happy and prosperous new year, trusting that they will continue with us through another annual journey if life be spared, and our efforts shall be to interest, amuse and instruct, and to give them their money's worth.

CONGRESSIONAL. During the holidays, not much business has been transacted in either branch. Mr. Calhoun has interposed relative to Oregon and other matters, and appears to aim at pacific measures, even if a portion of Oregon be given to England. This course may meet with acceptance from a majority of the Senators, but the honor of the country, if this should be the case, will be enshrouded at the shrine of monarchy. It is to be hoped that no compromise will be made—our rights should be firmly maintained, and come weal or woe, let America meet the enemies of republican institutions upon honorable and patriotic grounds.

ANTI-SLAVERY CONVENTION. A quarterly meeting of the Plymouth County Anti-Slavery Society, is notified to be held in the Universalist Meeting-house, in Hanson, on Wednesday, the seventh instant, at half past nine o'clock in the forenoon.

PLYMOUTH CELEBRATION. The editors of the Plymouth Rock justly rebuke the managers of the Pilgrim Society, for their treatment to the Standish Guards, a beautifully equipped and well-drilled military company of that town, at the late celebration. This company has performed escort duty at every celebration of the Society for many years, but on the present occasion, although the company was out, it being their anniversary, no invitation of the kind was given, and the company was treated with marked neglect.

Their remarks touching the arrangements of the day, are also to the point and well-timed. Things should be so managed as to make the event one in which the citizens generally of Plymouth can participate, and the maxim, "encourage your own," should be more rigidly observed in the preparations.

APPOINTMENT. George M. Bartlett, of this town, we are gratified to learn, has been selected as Cashier of the Union Bank of Weymouth and Braintree. His experience under the guidance of his father, of the Quincy Stone Bank, a most excellent officer, and his own natural gifts, will make him one of the most faithful and judicious cashiers, which that institution could have secured; and his own courteousness and vivacity cannot fail to render him popular with all who may transact business at that Bank.

AN APPETITE. Occasion favored us to enjoy a repast from a saddle of mutton, which was served in a manner to please the taste of the most delicate lover of exquisite rarities, at the Hancock House, in this town, a short time since. Give us but good eating, and all other dainties may vanish. We have received attention, and indeed visitors also award praise for the order, neatness and delicacy, with which the landlord of the Hancock enters for his patrons—even the epicureans of Boston pronounce his entertainments superior to any which they receive, any where within a dozen miles of the city.

BARRE GAZETTE. Col. Walter A. Byrant, the editor and publisher of the Barre (Mass.) Gazette, has lately given his paper quite a prepossessing appearance, in regard to new type, etc. In editorial tact and labor, he stands in the front ranks of the profession, and no doubt the value of his paper will be greatly increased, by the materials to be gained from a seat in the State Legislature, which his townsmen so justly conferred upon him at the last election.

IMPROVEMENT. The Daily Transcript, a beautifully executed and well conducted sheet, published at Worcester (Mass.) has been materially improved in its mechanical appearance with the new year; and as to its editorial management, it will vie with the best managed journals in the State. Success attend our old friend, in his labors on the second volume.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT. It is announced in the Boston Liberator, that Addison Davis, of Lynn, will lecture in this town, in favor of the abolition of capital punishment, and friends to the reform are requested to make proper arrangements for the address.

A NEW WORK. Rev. William M. Cornell, M. D., late of this town, has sent us a number of his work. It is very neat in appearance and well managed. It is superfluous for us to speak of the editor—he is well qualified for the enterprise undertaken. A few extracts from other journals, will speak of the estimation in which his labors are held:—

The Monthly Miscellany, and Journal of Health, edited by W. M. Cornell, M. D., is a new periodical, commencing the first of the new year. It is designed to furnish useful information on the important subject of health, and on a variety of topics of interest connected with literature and morals. The first number gives good promise in regard to its future character.—*Christian Watchman*.

Our friend W. M. Cornell, M. D., has become editor of a new monthly, under the name of "Monthly Miscellany and Journal of Health," which must commend itself equally to the profession and the public in general. The first number contains a lecture by Walter Channing, M. D., with a large amount of miscellaneous matter alike valuable and interesting. The style of the magazine is very tasteful, and the price is only one dollar a year.—*Christian Reflector*.

OLD COLONY RAILROAD. At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Corporation, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors for the year ensuing, viz: Nathan Carruth, John Sever, Uriel Crocker, J. H. Loud, I. L. Hedge, William Thomas, and Josiah Quincy, Jr. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Nathan Carruth was chosen President, in place of Col. Sever, who declined a re-election; J. H. Loud, Clerk, and Addison Gilmore, Treasurer.

LIST OF DEATHS. We have had no time to correct the list of deaths in this town which has been published, and therefore must defer our account until next week, when we hope to give as accurate an one as all the circumstances will admit.

NINTH DISTRICT. The recent trial to elect a member of Congress from this District of the State has again resulted in no choice. There has been a great falling off of the vote since the last election, and each candidate has lost a proportionate share.

CLERK J. McNULTY. This individual, late Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, has been tried on one complaint for embezzling the public funds and acquitted. The prosecuting officer has annulled the other counts, and he has been discharged from custody.

ROXBURY. This town, in pursuance of a recommendation of a majority of a committee chosen at a previous meeting to consider the subject, have voted to apply to the Legislature for a city charter.

The Cape Town Gazette speaks of the annexation of Natal, a territory on the southern coast of Africa—a territory more than half as large as the whole of Oregon—to the British colony at the Cape of Good Hope, as likely to become a very prosperous affair.

No friend to his country would object to the acquisition of Cuba if procured by treaty, purchase, etc. He, who frowns upon the proposal of its annexation, and tries to stigmatize efforts for its connection with this Union, deserves the execration of every friend to the well-being and future prosperity of our happy country.

Henry Clapp, Jr., editor of the Lynn Pioneer, has been convicted of a libel upon Aaron Lummus, a Justice of the Peace, in Lynn.

The name of the newspaper called "The Hangman," has been changed to that of "Prisoner's Friend," at the commencement of the new year, and is to be continued by the present editors, Messrs. C. & J. M. Spear.

The present population of Americans in Oregon, is now from six to seven thousand, and from the preparations that are now in progress, among the people of the United States, in forming emigrating companies, it is thought the population will be next year double what it is now.

The President of the United States has signed the bill for the admission of Texas. The confederacy now numbers twenty-eight States.

The Ohio House of Representatives have passed resolutions unanimously, requesting their Senators and Representatives not to vote for an increased rate of postage.

Among the legacies of the late Oliver Smith of Hatfield, (Mass.), are three hundred and sixty thousand dollars in eight towns, viz: Northampton, Hadley, Amherst, Hatfield, Deerfield, Williamsburg, Greenfield and Whately, as a permanent fund for the benefit of orphan children, and children of the poorer classes. The fund is to be managed by trustees.

In six States—New York, Ohio, Alabama, Indiana, Illinois, and Michigan—the increase of population in five years, is 885,573. If the ratio of increase be the same through the country, the aggregate population in the United States is, at this moment, not far from twenty millions.

The appointment of Hon. Levi Woodbury, to be a Judge of the Supreme Court, made by the President of the United States during the recess of Congress, has been unanimously confirmed.

A suit, in which property to the amount of more than half a million of dollars is involved, is now before the United States Supreme Court at Washington, (D. C.) It has been in litigation since 1824, in England and this country, and is a contest for the large fortune of Mr. Aspenden, who died twenty-four years ago in London. There are two sets of heirs claiming the estate.

Four persons, out of a family of eight, have recently died in London, (Eng.) in a most mysterious and extraordinary manner. There has been a most fatal discharge from their nostrils, huge swellings throughout the necks, and whilst laboring under the disease the patients displayed a most extraordinary appetite, eating rump-steaks in considerable quantities.

Every mile of railway takes eight acres of good land. The eighteen hundred miles existing, in Great Britain, and the twenty thousand miles impending, will require the snug quantity of one hundred and fourteen thousand acres, a large quantity to be converted from its original use, in a kingdom of dense population, and limited superficies, like Great Britain.

One Bull is said to have cleared eighty thousand dollars for fiddling, throughout Uncle Sam's dominions, during the last two years. Nothing goes down so well, in this country, as a foreign danseuse or fiddler!

The population of Russia is sixty-two millions, yet there is less wealth and strength than in the United States. This vast empire is governed without the law of Capital Punishment. It was abolished, a century ago, by the empress Elizabeth.

It is stated that the wagons that are to convey the Mormons to California, will number five thousand, and will form a line of twenty-five miles long! In the front is to be a press and types, from which will be issued, every morning, a paper, to be sent to the rear guard, to inform them of what is going on in the van!

About one hundred and thirty years ago, an eccentric individual, in England, on making his will, imposed a condition that his property should be put at interest and accumulate until the year of our Lord, 1848, and then fall to the heir. At the present, this fortune is about sixty millions of dollars! The heir prospective, is said to be a young man of about twenty-five years of age. Parliament tried to set aside the will at the time, but failed; they however passed an act that no such will should be legal thenceforward.

The day is not far distant when it will be generally understood that alcohol, in whatever form or dose, always does a certain amount of injury. That it always resists digestion, renders the system more liable to disease, disturbs the healthy and vigorous operations of the mind, causes peevishness, fretfulness, discontent, hypochondriasis, and weakness of the nerves, is less favorable in enabling one to undergo protracted and severe exertion, mental or physical, or resist exposure to cold or fatigue, will, through the improvements of the day, soon be well understood.

The Legislature of South Carolina has appropriated thirty thousand dollars for the purchase of food for the suffering districts in the upper country, where the failure of the crops has caused the greatest distress.

It is estimated that there are ten million dollars worth of hogs in the State of Ohio. Kentucky, it was estimated, turned out ninety thousand hogs the last year.

The imperious necessity of adequate means to resist the frightful and devastating inroads of Consumption and its attendant diseases, induce us to frequently bring forward our pen to notice that admirable preparation of Herbs, Mr. Brinkerhoff's Health Restorative. It is a part of the interest we feel in the public welfare, that induces us to speak of it. Our exchange papers we find do also contribute their aid in noticing this invaluable remedy, and continually urge their readers to use it first and above all things else.

NOTICES.

The thirteenth Social Convention of the Washingtonians of Norfolk County, will be held at the Lyceum Room in Quincy, FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 9th, commencing at six o'clock.

Daniel Allen, Jr., and other eloquent speakers and friends of temperance have engaged to be present and address the meeting.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

E. THOMPSON, President.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

T. KELLOGG, Secretary.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

All persons are invited to attend.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

FRYANT B. NEWCOMB,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSOM.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption.

The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALSM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buckton of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balm has cured and will cure, the most desperate cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buckton's Hungarian Balm of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Coughs, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

Sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health. Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

AGENTS—A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Whiton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 1

MARRIED.

In Weymouth, on Christmas Eve, by Rev. J. Perkins of Braintree, Mr. Levi W. Hobart of Braintree, to Miss Betsey Binney of Weymouth; Mr. Silas Binney, Jr. of Weymouth, to Miss Frances Hanks of Newburn, (N. C.)

In Holden, 24th ult., Mr. Thomas R. Foster to Miss Sarah J. Fales; 25th, Mr. Charles Knowlton to Miss Maria L. Ballard.

In South Boston, 23d ult., Mr. John K. Pike to Miss Mary A. Glover.

DIED.

In Philadelphia, 13th ult., Mrs. Mary E. wife of Charles M. Wolcott, Esq. and daughter of Hon. S. G. Goodrich of Roxbury, aged 27.

In Milton, 19th ult., Mrs. Mary, wife of Mr. Edward Capen, aged 90.

In East Randolph, 23th ult., Relief, widow of James Kingman, aged 90.

Thermometers, WARRANTED. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 3.

Notice of Copartnership.

WE, the undersigned, have entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

Merchant Tailor and Clothing Business,

under the firm of

RUSSELL & Co.

Signed, JOHN McDONALD,

Jan. 3. 3w JEAN RUSSELL.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Randolph, Dec. 31, 1845.

AARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery has issued a Warrant against the estate of SYLVANUS THAYER, Jr.,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

A. E. DuBOIS, Dep. Sheriff.

Jan. 3. 2w

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office in Quincy, Jan. 1, 1846.

Bell, A. K.	Lucas, Jacob
Braden, John	Lord, Lucinda A.
Bachelor, Daniel E.	Murphy, Daniel
Barsley, George	Pierce, William K.
Bean, Cyrus J.	Pierce, Zephaniah
Carver, Charles William	Robins, James
Cross, Thaddeus W.	Rogers, Jacob
Davis, Samuel or Benjamin	Rowell, Harriet
Davis, Moses	Richardson, George L.
Day, Silas	Royan, Prince
Davis, Mrs. Sophia	Rowell, William
Drury, Mrs. Ann A.	Ryan, Catherine
Foster, Thomas W.	Rowell, Maria
Freeman, Isaac	Smith, A. H.
Frederick, George	Smith, David B.
Fisher, Edwin W.	Sargeant, William
Green, James	Stearns, David E.
Gourly, Mary	Stearns, John H.
Hunt, Folson	Stone, Samuel O.
Hobart, Martha B.	Turner, James C.
Hammond, William	Turner, C. W.
Harvey, Michael	Welsh, Richard
Kempton, Francis G.	Wilson, Charles
Linnell, Gould	Wilket, Roland
Lunnen, John	York, Thomas

DANIEL FRENCH, Postmaster.

Jan. 3. 3w

Quincy Canal.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers and the transacting of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, the 13th inst., at half past six o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM, Clerk.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 2w

Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Oct. 18, A. D. 1845.

THE administrator of the estate of HIRAM SNOW, late of Randolph, in said County, Shoemaker, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance,

Ordered, That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1846, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 3. 3w

New Volumes.

AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage.

Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

With the New Year commence new Volumes, offering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to subscribe.

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B Lucas, Jacob
O'Barne, Rev. P. Lord, Lucinda A.
Bell, A. K. M
Braden, John Murphy, Daniel
Bachelder, Daniel E. P
Bursley, George Pierce, William K.
Bean, Cyrus B. Pierce, Isaac
Pierce, Zephaniah
Carver, Charles William R
Cross, Thaddeus W. Robins, James
D Rogers, Jacob
Davis, Samuel or Benjamin Rowell, Harriet
Davis, Moses Richardson, George L.
Day, Silas Royan, Prince
Davis, Mrs. Sophia Rowell, William
Drury, Mrs. Ann A. Ryan, Catherine
F Rowell, Isaiah
Foster, Thomas W. S
Freeman, Isaac Smith, A. H.
Frederick, George Smith, David B.
Fisher, Edwin W. Sargeant, William
G Spear, Nathaniel
Green, James Smith, David E.
Gourly, Mary Severance, John H.
Hunt, Folsom Stone, Samuel O.
Harnden, Esther T
Hobart, Martha Turner, James C.
Hammond, William W. W
Harvey, Michael Welsh, Richard
Kempion, Francis G. Wilson, Charles
L Wilson, Maria
Linnell, Gould Willet, Roland
Lannen, John York, Thomas

DANIEL FRENCH, Postmaster.

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fering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to

subscribe.

Quincy, Dec. 27. 1f

Physical Education and the PRE-

SERVATION OF HEALTH, by J. C. W. WAR-

REN, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in

Harvard University.

For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 27. 3w

Winter has Come.

FOR sale a new HORSE SLED. Apply to

GEORGE W. KENISON.

Quincy, Dec. 27. 1f

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

PURSUANT to a license from the Court of Probate

for the County of Norfolk, will be sold at public

auction, on

MONDAY, the 5th day of January, 1846,

at two o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real

estate of Mary Simpson, late of Dorchester, deceased,

as will produce the sum of one thousand and eighty

six dollars and seventy-five cents.

Said Real Estate consists of about half an acre of

LAND with the Buildings thereon, situated at Nepon-

set Village in said Dorchester.

Sale to be on the premises.

OTIS WRIGHT, Executor.

O. PUTNAM BACON, Auctioneer.

Dorchester, Dec. 20. 3w

Carriages at Auction.

WILL be sold, immediately after the sale of the

above Real Estate, one new Covered Wagon,

custom made, ironed, painted and finished every way

in the best manner and warranted in every particular.

Also—One other Covered Wagon, custom made,

ironed and finished in the most thorough manner and

warranted.

Sale positive. Terms—Cash.

O. PUTNAM BACON, Auct.

Dorchester, Jan. 3. 1w

Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have

been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate

for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to re-

ceive and examine the claims of the creditors to the

estate of

JAMES ARNOLD.

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, butcher,

deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from

the twenty-ninth day of November last, are allowed

said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and

that they will attend to that service at the house of

Daniel Baxter, in said Quincy, on the FIRST TUES-

DAY of January, March and May next, from two to

five o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days,

where creditors are requested to present and prove

their claims.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Commissioners.

ELIJAH BAXTER, }

Quincy, Dec. 20. 8w

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the cit-

izens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store

near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends

to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds

of

PROVISIONS.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to

receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15. 1f

Boston Almanac for 1846.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 13. 1f

New Fall and Winter Goods.

JOHN DINEGAN

WOULD respectfully inform his customers and the public, that he has received several cases of Eng-

lish, French and German

BROAD CLOTHS,

OF THE VERY BEST DESCRIPTION.

Among the selection I have made may be found, Plain and Double Weaved English BEAVERS;

Several pieces of FRENCH BROADCLOTH, suitable for Over Coats or Dress Frock Coats, which will

be found to be entirely new articles in this market, and will come very cheap.

In addition to the above, named, I have also received a complete assortment of Superfine Cloths, such as

JET BLACK, BLUE BLACK and GOLDEN BROWNS:

A good assortment of BLUE, which will come remarkably cheap for Dress or Frock Coats, or Boys'

Jackets and Pants.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
FRENCH DOESKINS AND CASSIMERES.

VESTINGS,

Of every description; FIGURED SILK and SATIN, remarkably cheap; a good variety of Cashmere

and Valenciennes. A Year with some from \$1.75 to \$3.50, made to order.

The liberal patronage I have received since I came to Quincy, has enabled me to open as choice a selec-

tion of Goods as ever was introduced into this market.

I return my customers and the public my sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, and I respectfully

invite them to call and examine my present stock of Goods. I can make garments considerably cheaper, as

well and of as good cloth as can be had in any Store in the city of Boston. The reason I can do these

things are, in the first place I am prepared to cut and make a garment with any man that can be named

there, in the next place, I can purchase my goods as cheap as any man can do, and I cut and superintend

my own work. These are facts that are worth the consideration of those who wish to get their garments

where they can get them cheapest and best, and to suit them in every respect or no sale.

I have adopted the one price system. I am fully convinced it is the most honest way of doing business,

and my terms are Cash.

JOHN DINEGAN.

Quincy, Sept. 27. 1f

MERCHANT TAILOR, School Street.

Dec. 25th, 1845.—Jan. 1st, 1846.

Christmas and New Year's Days.

IT has become the practice among all classes in the

community, to celebrate the annual return of the

season of Christmas and New Year, by the interchange

of gifts and tokens of friendship. This custom pro-

duces a demand for articles suitable, which it has been

the object of the QUINCY BOOKSTORE to supply.

Recent alterations at this place have increased the ac-

commodations for the exhibition and sale of such goods,

and greater attention will be given to this business the

present season than heretofore. It has been the aim

of the proprietor to obtain an extensive assortment of

Gift Books, Juvenile and Fancy Goods,

of which the following enumeration may convey some

idea, but an examination at the Bookstore will be

to all much more satisfactory.

ANNUALS.

The Annuals presented to the public for this occasion

are unusually rich and beautiful. Some of the

most elegant may be mentioned, viz: The Boston

Bazaar Annual, Leaflets of Memory, The Snow

Flake, The Opal, Rose of Sharon, May-Flower, An-

nual, Friendship's Offering, Religious Souvenir, Chris-

tian's Annual, Forget-Me-Not, Hyacinth, Kopsake,

Rosette, which, with many other Books bound in the

style of Annuals, rendering them as acceptable as

gifts, form a splendid assortment.

Miniature Editions of the Poets.

The Poems of Cowper, Rogers, Howitt, Southey,

Coleridge, Montgomery, Goldsmith and Gray, Scott,

Kirk White, Wordsworth, E. Cook, Campbell, Sig-

ourney, Eliot, Thompson's Seasons, Young's Night

Thoughts, Paradise Lost, Lalla Rookh, Lady of the

Lake, Poems of the Southern Poets, Poems of the

other standard works in miniature form and beautiful

binding.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

The collection of Juveniles comprises the works of

all the authors so popular with children, many of them

new. Parents and children are invited to call and ex-

amine for themselves, and whatever may be their taste

they may be sure that it will be fully suited.

GAMES.

The Pickwick Cards, a new game invented by Samuel

Weller, for the entertainment of the Club.

Shakespeare in a new dress, a new game for evening

parties.

The Christmas Cards, or the Good and Bad Passions.

The Picture Pass-Word, an original and interesting

amusement with Scripture Cards. Characteristics,

Scripture History, Robinson Crusoe and his Man

Friday, a game for little boys and girls. Master Red-

bury and his Pupils, Dr. Busby, Mansion of Happi-

ness, American Revolution, Race of Improvement, etc.

TOYS & FANCY ARTICLES,

in great variety, exactly suited for this occasion.

AT THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street.

Quincy, Dec. 20. 1f

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own

mouth: a stranger and not thine own lips."

A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a va-

riety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which

will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—Blue, black, green, brown and Royal

Blue; Alpaca's, M. de Laines, PLAITS;

Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of

domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.

Ladies', Children's and Adult and Leather

SLIPPERS, BOOTEES & TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspend-

ers, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin

SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen

BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.

Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Feg'd do; Slippers.

A good assortment of ready made

SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS,

FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,

which can be made into any style of garment to suit

the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Blue and Fancy

DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTES.

AND OF

VESTINGS,

EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would

find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Oct. 4. 1f

Wood, Coal, Lime, etc.

THE subscribers have received during the past

week, one freight Hard Pine, landed at Quincy

Canal Wharf, one freight Pine and Hard Wood Slabs,

landed at Jackson's Wharf. A quantity of Bridge-

port Coal, recommended as being pure, for Smith's

use. Arrangements have been made to supply Smith's

port of a superior quality to those who may desire it.

Also—One freight first quality Maple and Oak

WOOD, and a fresh lot of LIME, discharging this day

at Canal Wharf. Another freight of Red Ash Coal

on its passage. Persons wishing to purchase any of

the above, are respectfully invited to call.

Office at the head of Quincy Canal or the house of

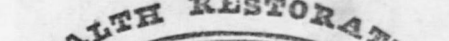
C. A. Cummings.

CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN.

Quincy, Sept. 27. 1f

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years

since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hos-

tility from ignorant and stupid declaimers, who threw

the date of venom at it, classing it among the no-

trums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure

this great medicine, have now in a great measure

passed away; the base individuals who uttered them

have sunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and

left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first

and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that

terrible destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our

kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in

the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are

rendered harmless and inert, when met by a prompt

and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportu-

nely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable

compound before the public, are now in the way of

being crowned with success; and in every place where

the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease,

can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him

away, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to

them the joys of a state of renewed health and en-

ergy. What a blessing to the nearly bereaved rela-

tives, to witness the opportunity and instilling new life

into the almost deceased dear one? Heed the voice

of earnest and brotherly expostulation and entreaty,

and resort at once, while there is yet time, to that best

of all earth's resources to the almost hopeless sick one,

the Health Restorative. The following certificate is

from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C.

Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it

does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic prepa-

ration, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed

of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

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VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Five Cents.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BACOCK, JR.	Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE,	"Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON,	Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY,	Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY,	Weymouth.
SAMUEL A. TURNER,	South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE,	Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT,	New York City.

MISCELLANY.

'THE APPLE BEE.'

No portion of my life is imprinted so indelibly on Memory's tablet, as the early part of my girlhood, which was spent in the country, yet to sit down and write about the rusticity of those with whom one has been associated, seems to be a delicate task, as well as a pleasant one. Delicate—not because we are apprehensive old friends will recognize the author—but we fear some nice reader, who has never lived in the country, may regard our humble effort with other feelings than approbation.

The town in which I spent so many girlhood days, was a famous one for frolicking, or rather the folks who lived in it were so. Old and young, church members and all, partook largely of the spirit of *aggravation* and *hilarity*. We used to have sewing parties, tea parties, candy parties, sugar-camp parties in the wood, parties for cracking nuts and parching corn, husking, quilting matches and spinning frolics. It was customary for some girl to give a party the evening after general muster, and also on town meeting day evening, which is the second Tuesday in March. These parties were "prime," for the boys would come with their pockets stuffed full of gingerbread and peppermints, and they were usually more lively at such times.

We had prime sleigh rides in the winter, and also sleds, which were equally good, for what they lacked in comfort, they made up in spirit fourfold. Perhaps you would like to know in what manner we enjoyed these. In the neighborhood there were ever boys, girls, and hand-sleds in abundance, and every one knows there are hills enough in New Hampshire, and snow on them in the winter; so when there came a bright moonlight evening, we assembled ourselves together, and bled for some favorite hill, where sled-jiding could be performed without horse power or steam. In going to the place, the boys would haul the girls on the sled, but we would all ride down hill, and then the boys would drag the sleds to the top again, and lead the girls by the hand, lest we should slip. There is a world of innate gallantry in the young country chaps.

Our spinning frolics usually took place in May, because then the days are long, and it was the time when we were in a post-haste hurry to get the "sail cloth" done for market, so as to have our bonnets and white frocks made up by the first of July, or before. The paraphernalia for our spring attire, was the proceeds of butter, eggs, and the socks we had knit through the winter, but we had to make tow and linen cloth to purchase our white dresses and summer bonnets. These spinning frolics differed materially in one respect from other merry-making scenes, and it was in not having males and females according to the laws of Eden. We used to dine early, so as to be on hand to begin work as soon as one o'clock. The wheels were brought together before dinner time, and every operator commenced at the same moment, and "spun like sixty," to see which could get her spun off first. I was a terrible spider for spinning in those days. However, I have been outdone at these times, but I don't know that I ever felt the vindictive spirit manifested by Minerva, the reported inventor of the distaff, when Arachne, a lady of Lydia, offered her a challenge in the art of spinning. Indeed, I never smote a competitor "on the forehead with a spoke of the wheel," nor did I ever wish for the transforming power ascribed to the heathen deities, that I might turn her into a spider—that eternal spinner—as Minerva served poor Arachne. Good nice little me! After we had done our stunts, which was a "maid's stint" for a day's work, we used to unbend our wheels and clear up, and then take tea amidst the dulcet tones of laughter, the tinkling of little teaspoons, and a host of custard pies. After we had done justice to the good things on the table, we

usually turned up cups, and told each other's fortunes therefrom, and then went to walk and pick flowers, while the setting sun was painting with ruby and gold the forest scenery around us.

I have headed my story with "The Apple Bee," but have wandered a mile from my original intention, so I will begin now at the beginning, and hurry along with it, for I expect to get very tired before I come to the end.

When we were about to have an apple bee, we sent out our invitations a day or two previous, and this was the first step. Then came the righting up of things in the parlor, where the dancing and plays would take place; and after this we had to make pumpkin pies enough to fill both of the huge rotary wheels in the dairy, and those we could not set on the wheels for want of room, we used to set on the stone flooring beneath, the shelves being filled with cans of milk and cream tubs. Then we had to make about two bushels of doughnuts. Pumpkin pie, doughnuts and cheese were the usual treats for apple bees. The apples were to be picked from the heaps in the orchard, and before the night came the kitchen had to be cleared of every thing but chairs, and filled with such things as cheese tubs, wash tubs, kneading troughs, baskets, pans, churns, buckets, tin pails, and a "beggarly account of old boxes," to hold the apples to begin upon. We generally commenced work about dark, and worked till ten o'clock "for life," while our tongues kept pace with our nimble fingers, and sometimes outstripped them.

Two big boys in the neighborhood had machines by which they pared the apples with amazing despatch. These labor-saving operators took their stations in the middle of the long kitchen, and the rest of us filed in each way—first a boy, then a girl, till our line reached the opposite extremities of the room. First and second platoon the lines were called. There were others who waited and tended up on us, picking apples from the boxes for the machines, changing our pans, and so on. Stringing and hanging the apples overhead, in good festoon order, was done by those out of the platoon ranks.

When the old house-clock struck ten, we cleared away in short order, and the tables were brought in and loaded with pumpkin pies, doughnuts, cheese, "hard cider," and tea.

After the repast was over, dancing commenced in the parlor, "tough and tight." We never had a fiddler at such times, but we often had "Uncle Peter," aided by other voices, to sing for us, which was about as good. Dancing was usually commenced by a four-handed reel, to the tune of Crazy Jane. Uncle Peter would sing the words of the song fast enough to keep our feet flying like drumsticks on the floor. At this time we had not heard of the Imperial waltz, imported from the Rhine, nor had we been instructed in the intricate changes of cotillon dancing by the stentorian voice of a dancing master shouting forth—First lady cross over and chaste to the right—Balance at the corners and turn partners—Lady's grand chain—Gentlemen's grand chain—Grand promenade—Grand right and left—All hands round, and so on, but we could dance sundry four-handed reels, as well as veteran country dances, such as Chorus jig—French Tour—Fisher's Hornpipe—Rural Felicity—Soldier's Joy, and others; also, an eight handed reel, and an eight-handed "hooter," as the boys called it, to wind up with. This was danced to the tune of The Girl I left behind me,—and it did really seem as though we should be "left behind," indeed, by the way the boys set us a flying when they swung us round at the last of it.

Midnight usually changed the scene for plays. Pledge, or "Button! button! who's got the button?" took the lead. Then followed—the little word—The lawyer—Draw the handkerchief—the Juniper Tree—Blind man's bluff, etc.

"Green grow the rushes, O—
Green grow the rushes, O—
Choose your true love that's to be!
Come and stand by the side of me!"

When we were all in a ring, it was—

"Green grow the rushes, O—
Green grow the rushes, O—
Kiss him quick, and let him go?
Never mind the mitten, O!"

'Whirl! the (pewter) plate,' was surprisingly popular among us. Why it was so I never could tell, unless, forsooth, it was because that so much kissing could be exacted in the performance of it. It was nothing strange for a girl to be judged to go round and kiss every body in the room; and each boy was especially careful that his part of the work was 'done to order,' a good custom work, and if a little extra finish was put in, it was all the better. Sometimes we had to measure off twenty or thirty yards of tape, and clip every yard. Sometimes we had to kiss ten times through the cheese tongs, or the back of a chair. And then there was the making of skillets, haycarts, wheelbarrows and all sorts of things, but the making of a 'nest' for an animal we will not name to ears polite, was the cap-sheaf. This was done by turning a chair down on the floor, back up; then we had to get on side of the chair and the partner on the other; then poke our heads under the back of the chair till our faces were in kissing proximity, and then 'fire away,' as the boy said to the country schoolmaster, till it seemed as though our necks would break a-reaching.

There were other plays that I have forgotten beside the play of "Being Married," which

was not done by jumping over the broomstick, as some suppose. We had several ways of bringing about the "mimic marriage," but the favorite one was to get a large number up in a ring by singing,

"We're all a-marching to Québec, etc.,

Then we formed ourselves into lines, like a country dance, while one of the magic of "make-believe," was metamorphosed into a priest to perform the nuptial ceremony. He (the priest, I mean,) stood at the head of the set and married the first couple by discoursing to them in this sublime manner:

"By the wind and by the weather,
These two have come together;
By the trencher and the knife,
I pronounce ye man and wife."

And so on till we were all married, when we used to pair off home, especially happy, provided we got the right one to go with us. However, we were not very particular about having our husbands, for those connubial laws were not regarded as strictly obligatory by us.

I remember of once going to a paring bee where the old man who invited us, was the most niggardly of human beings to drill work out of any body that I ever knew. However, we were always on tiptoe for a start wherever frolicking was in view. We began work at the usual time and worked until ten, when the old fellow came into the room and asked us very good naturedly, to work a few minutes longer, as he had a few apples in the other room that he would be glad to have pared. We consented, of course. In came a basket of apples, which we cut; and then came another basket; and then another, and another, till it seemed as though 'the last one' would never greet our view. Our hearts began to groan within us, and we gave evident symptoms of showing resentment for we were working away the precious moments that should have been spent in dancing and playing. At length one waggish chap looked up to the old man, as he entered with a heaping basket of apples, and said, "Uncle Sam, when you get your apples all cut, fetch on your pumpkins and potatoes." Uncle Sam grinned all over his face, but little cared he for the witticisms cracked to his account, so long as they were no tariff on his income. However, there was an end to work, as there is to every thing in this mundane sphere, and then came the pumpkin pies, doughnuts and cheese, and the old man went out and shut the door behind him. There were only ten or a dozen pies, a joke to the number we could have devoured had they been decent; but, alas! the crusts would neither cut, break, bite or bend, so we scooped the pumpkin out and eat it, and then piled the crusts up like a pile of plates, and set them on the dresser. But I have not told you about the cheese. This was a real 'white oaker'—though instead of setting together solid, it had taken a strange fancy for puffing up, till it was most as round as a ball before being severed, and remarkably white, consequently we called it a white swelling. We toasted this and strung it round on nails and the backs of chairs which was capital sport. When we had danced and played 'like spirits' two or three hours, the boys knocked holes in the bottoms of the flinty pie-crusts, and hung them on the huge crane in the fire-place to dry. We were now ready to go home.

'LIKE COME, LIKE GO.'

Property acquired by dishonest means is seldom of permanent advantage to its possessor, or those for whose benefit it was designed. The way, too, in which such property is lost or squandered, if carefully watched, will be found to bear some resemblance to the manner in which it was obtained, though perhaps not always so strictly as appears in the incident here related.

Simon Shaw was a farmer, who many years ago supplied a large number of the families in Boston, with milk. From the profits of this business (and I dare say it was more lucrative than it is now; for milk men, like all other men, complain of competition, short feed and hard times) Simon amassed a snug little property. As his only son, Jonathan, was coming of age, it was his intention to keep him at home, and relinquish to him the business which he was getting too old to carry on to advantage. But Jonathan like the prodigal son, chose to take the portion of goods which might fall to him, and journey to a distant part of the country.

Having obtained a reluctant consent, and what was more substantial, a decent fitting out, Jonathan bade adieu to home, and turned his steps in the direction of New York. In process of time, for the journey was infinitely tedious, compared with the present mode of conveyance, he arrived in that great city. After loitering about awhile, and satisfying his curiosity with the new and wonderful objects which were everywhere presented to his countryfied vision, he set to work to discover some avenue to business not already thronged with greedy adventurers.

Not succeeding, he resolved to try his luck further south. The brig Susan, Capt. Price, was up for New Orleans, waiting for a fair wind, and offering to take passengers at unusually low rates. This advertisement attracted Jonathan's notice as affording an opportunity to advance his wishes too good to be slighted. New Orleans was a point of peculiar attraction—a place which, of all others, he most desired to go to, when he could go in an economical manner; for Jonathan had an instinctive regard to saving the coppers, and though I have

likened him to the prodigal son, justice compels me to limit the resemblance to the fact of his taking his portion of his father's goods, and turning his back upon the paternal roof. To make my story as brief as possible, suffice it to say, an arrangement was made between Jonathan and the master of the brig, satisfactory to both parties, and the next day they were running before a stiff breeze, towards the course of destination.

Here commences the cream of my story. The whole of the foregoing has been written merely as an introduction, or, as a show man would say, a "clearing up of the ring, to bring on the monkey." Don't laugh, for truly the next, and perhaps the most important personage who figures in my story, was one of those rare and comical animals, a native of Borneo, or some other of the monkey inhabited islands of the east. I shall introduce him by his plain, rightful name, Jacko, though he was accustomed to wear as many titles as his imitative humor elicited. When he assumed a particular pompous and blustering attitude, the sailors called him Captain Jacko; when he looked exceedingly grave and knowing like, he was called 'Squire Jacko, and so on. But leaving the matter of titles, which at best are often inappropriately applied, I deem it sufficient excuse for the slight, to say that Jacko already having a tail appended to his person, a like additional ornament to his name would seem as superfluous as two tails to a cat. Why not?

Jacko belonged on board the brig, but in what capacity it would be somewhat difficult to determine. He was in every body's mess, but in nobody's watch. Suffice it to say, he was a privileged character, went where he pleased and came as he pleased, but withal he was quite a favorite.

This monkey was about the first acquaintance which Jonathan made on board the vessel, an acquaintance which speedily ripened into intimacy, by the aid of certain bags of nuts and cakes which Jonathan had stowed away in his chest, as a relief from the surfeit of hard bread and cold junk, common to a sea voyage.

Matters went on smoothly enough for awhile, but Jacko finally took it into his head that he was stinted in his share of his entablures, or perhaps there might not be enough for them both, he therefore resolved on the first opportunity to appropriate the whole to himself. The next time Jonathan followed close to his heels, but as soon as the key was turned and the lid was raised, Jacko seized a bag, and quick as thought darted up through the companion way, into the rigging. Jonathan followed after as fast as he could, calling out at the top of his voice, "He's hooked my money!" The sailors ran together to inquire into the trouble, and a moment sufficed to communicate the fact, that Jacko instead of "hooking," as Jonathan termed it, a bag of nuts, had actually taken a bag of dollars from the chest, and then grinning and chattering from the highest point of the rigging accessible even to the monkey.

How to dispossess the rogue of his ill-gotten treasure, was a question difficult to solve. Pursuit was useless. Coaxing and threatening was alike unheeded. It was finally decided, as they were unwilling to sacrifice the life of the monkey, to return each man to his several place of duty on board the vessel, and wait the result of Jacko's movements.

Being left undisturbed, Jacko perched himself in a comfortable position, and deliberately set about examining the contents of the bag. He untied it carefully, peeped into it, and then slipping in his paw, he took out one of the dollars, which he held up to the sun and eyed it carefully, then tried it with his teeth, and having satisfied himself, apparently, with the genuineness of the coin, he let it drop on the deck. He then took out another dollar, which he examined in the same manner, and tossed overboard, and so continued until the bag was empty.

Jonathan stood looking quietly on, while this scene was enacting, and not till he saw the empty bag fluttering down towards the deck, did he exhibit any signs of being a party interested.

The sailors gathered around him, expressing their sympathies for his loss, and, with a generosity peculiar to their character, proposed to contribute something towards making him whole. Jonathan thanked them for their kindness, but declined their assistance, saying he had learned a lesson which he hoped would be worth to him all that he had cost.

"What is it?" asked one, who would doubtless suppose that it was to be cautious for the future how he trusted a rogue, whether in the shape of a monkey or a man. "What is it?" inquired another, who fancied he had the right of it. "Is it to keep your chest locked while there is any body about?"

"No—no!" answered Jonathan, with a significant shake of the head.

"What is it?" they all cried together, their curiosity being excited to a high pitch, to learn the purport of Jonathan's wonderful lesson, which was worth a score or two of hard dollars.

"It is," answered Jonathan, gravely, "to get what I get honestly. I used to hear the old proverb, 'Like come, like go,' often repeated; but I never comprehended its meaning till just now. The fact is, father used to put half water with the milk he sold; and what came of the water has gone to the water, that's certain, and these," said he, as he began to gather up the dollars which lay scattered on the deck, "come from the cow, and they honestly belong to —"

"The calf! the calf!" shouted the sailors, with a laugh and three cheers so full of life, that the old brig seemed to catch a share of it, for it was announced soon after, that she had gained considerably upon her fastest rate of sailing.

NEW MODE OF CURING THE HAM. The ham is cured in brine of salt, salt-petre, and aromatic herbs, viz:—a few bay leaves, wild thyme, a handful of juniper berries, and a little garlic. It is steeped for about six weeks, and then dried in the smoke of a chimney, over a wood fire. When wanted for dressing it is buried in the ground for about twenty-four hours and then boiled, with the addition of the same aromatic herbs in the water. After boiling the bone is taken out, and the ham is pressed under a heavy weight. As a corollary to the dressing, it may be added, that it often happens that the ham, when produced at the table, disappears at one sitting.

REAL AND FLASH NAMES OF THE UNITED STATES. The flash name of Massachusetts is Bay State; of Rhode Island, Plantation State; Vermont, Banner or Green Mountain Boys; New Hampshire, Granite; Connecticut, Freestone; Maine, Timber; New York, Empire; Pennsylvania, Keystone; New Jersey, Jersey Blues; Delaware, Little Delaware; Maryland, Monumental; Virginia, Old Dominion; North Carolina, Rip Van Winkle; South Carolina, Palmetto; Georgia, Piney; Ohio, Buckeye; Kentucky, Cornercrackers; Alabama, Cotton; Tennessee, Lion's Den; Missouri, Pukes; Illinois, Suckers; Indiana, Hoosiers; Michigan, Wolverines; Arkansas, Tooth Pickers; Louisiana, Creole; Mississippi, Border Beagles; Florida, Everglade; Texas, Lone Star.

TEARS. Those who have felt the salutary effects of the overflow of the fountains of the eyes, in seasons of sorrow or affliction, will appreciate the beautiful language of the editor of the United States (Phil.) Gazette, who says that— "Tears fall, with the good, like the rain drops of June, to enrich and beautify; returning pleasure—quiet, sober, rich pleasure—pours its beams upon these passing tears, and gilds them with prismatic hues—rainbow beauties—that fill the heart with promises of peace—promises that fulfill themselves—that work out every good which they indicate. They are like the progress of the sun upon the image of Ammon—not only does the light denote the home of music, but its heat lets loose the hidden springs of melody."

WOMEN AND THEIR WAYS. How often do we see a lady, who cannot walk; cannot rise in the morning; cannot tie her bonnet strings; faint if she has to lace her boots; never in her life brushed out her beautiful hair; would not, for the world, prick her delicate fingers with plain sewing; but who can work harder than a factory girl, upon a lamb's wool shepherdess—dance like a dervish, in a crowded ball-room, and whilst every breath of air gives her cold in her father's house, and she cannot think how people can endure the climate, can yet go out to dinner parties in February and March, with an inch of sleeves and half-a-quarter of bodice!

INDIA-RUBBER MANUFACTURES. An India-rubber factory in Providence manufactures six hundred pairs of shoes daily. The India rubber being first mashed, is dissolved in camphene, and passed several times between two iron rollers. It is then run off in rolls upon cloth, where it is kept in place until several layers are made so as to obtain the desired thickness. During this operation the material is kept warm by steam. One, girl makes from ten to fifteen pairs of men's rubber shoes per day, after the material is prepared.

SUPPORT YOUR LOCAL NEWSPAPERS. The Southern Miscellany says "Support your local newspapers." So say we; let every man first patronize one at least of the papers in his town, county or vicinity; but not content himself with one weekly paper only, but supply himself with three or four different papers. Unless a man is suffering extreme poverty, or ignorant of letters, it looks niggardly to neglect this important source of intelligence.

REMARKABLE. A state prisoner at Smyrna, in Asiatic Turkey, who was sentenced to die of hunger in prison, was found alive twenty-eight days after his incarceration. This unfortunate man, whose sentence has been commuted, confessed that he had prolonged his existence by a box of wafers, which also contained a small piece of gum elastic, and a morsel of sealing-wax. After having lived for some time by economizing this substitute for food, he began to eat the miserable paste board box which contained these objects. Part of the lid of the box was left unconsumed when he was visited.

AFFLICTIONS. Afflictions are from the same benevolent source from which mercies originate. They equally indicate God's goodness, and in their result will show that they are equally beneficial, and perhaps more so, to those who, in being the subjects of them, receive them in a proper temper of mind.

TO MAKE SOLES OF BOOTS WATER-PROOF. Use Linseed Oil only on the bottoms and edges of the soles once when new; dry it in gently by the fire, and then lay them by, in a dry place, a day or two before wearing.

RAILROAD MEETING.

WEYMOUTH, Jan. 10, 1846.

At a very large and respectable meeting, composed of the inhabitants of Weymouth Landing, January 10th, and convened for the purpose of taking measures and procuring means to prosecute the petition to the Legislature of G. B. Weston and others, for a Railroad from Duxbury to Quincy; Fisher A. Kingsbury was Chairman, and John O. Foye, Secretary.

The following resolutions were offered to the meeting and were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a Railroad from Duxbury through Marshfield, Scituate, Cohasset, Hingham, Weymouth and Braintree, to connect with the Old Colony Railroad at Quincy, is of vast importance to the inhabitants of those towns, as furnishing them with a speedy and cheap communication with Boston, where, at the present time, their business transactions are chiefly conducted.

Resolved, That the inhabitants of those towns, together with those of Pembroke and Hanover, which lie nearly upon the line of said road, and would be accommodated by it, containing in all, a population of 21,064 persons by the census of 1840, are fully adequate to its support, and must render the stock of such Railroad Corporation a desirable investment for the Capitalist.

Resolved, That it appears that the population upon the route of the South Shore Railroad, is double to that upon the Old Colony Road, and consequently, that the travel and freight would be double, and the length from Quincy would be less—thus clearly showing, that its establishment is required by the public exigency, and therefore, that the prayer of G. B. Weston and others therefor, ought to be granted by the Legislature.

Resolved, That the jealousy exhibited by the Old Colony Railroad, to thwart the establishment of the South Shore Railroad, by proposing various schemes, and offering to build branches in different places to their road, thereby endeavoring to distract the efforts of the friends of the project, and to disturb that harmony and union, which ought to exist among them, fully shows the importance which they attach to the project, and the great desire they have to defeat it.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to petition the Legislature to establish a Railroad from Quincy to East Weymouth, upon the line of the South Shore Railroad, as a branch to intersect the Old Colony Railroad at Quincy.

Chose Fisher A. Kingsbury, Thomas B. Porter, and Elias Richards, for said Committee.

Voted, That the foregoing proceedings be published in the newspapers.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Chairman.
JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

RAILROAD MEETING.

EAST WEYMOUTH, Jan. 12, 1846.

The citizens of East Weymouth were convened on the 12th inst., to take measures and procure means for the prosecution of the petition of G. B. Weston and others, now pending before the Legislature for a Railroad from Duxbury to Quincy, there to intersect the Old Colony Railroad. Col. Levi Bates was elected Chairman, and Warren W. Barker appointed Secretary.

The meeting was well attended, harmonious, and the best spirit prevailed for the successful accomplishment of the enterprise.

The following resolutions were presented to the meeting and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this meeting, Railroads ought to be so located as to accommodate the principal villages between their termini, rather than by straight lines, so as to furnish Railroad facilities to the greatest number, and be of the greatest public convenience, and at the same time render unnecessary the multiplication of branches.

Resolved, That the South Shore Railroad, a petition for which is now pending before the Legislature, is one designed to accommodate all the principal villages east of the Old Colony Railroad, and will afford all the Railroad facilities there required in the present state of the country.

Resolved, That the travel and freight, as will appear from the statistics taken to be exhibited to the Committee on Railways, are amply sufficient to support a Railroad upon this route, and render an annual income to the stockholders, equal to any Railroad in the Commonwealth.

Resolved, That in our opinion the travel and freight of Weymouth and the eastern section of Braintree, is fully sufficient to maintain a Railroad from East Weymouth to Quincy, the distance being about five miles, and the expense of construction, etc., less than \$100,000, according to the estimates of the Engineer.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to prepare a petition to the Legislature, procure it to be signed, and presented at their present session.

Chose John P. Lovell, Warren W. Barker, and Cyrus Hunt, for said Committee.

Voted, That the foregoing proceedings be published in the newspapers.

LEVI BATES, Chairman.
WARREN W. BARKER, Secretary.

A WORD TO PARENTS.

MR. EDITOR—There is a practice prevailing in this village, which calls loudly for reform, and I wish the attention of philanthropists and reformers might be directed to this subject. The evil to which I refer is, the noise made in our streets during the evening, and at all hours of the night, by a gang, or gangs, of boys or young men. Frightful yells disturb the quiet of the citizens, almost every evening, and not infrequently, at a late hour of the night, the people are aroused from their slumbers, by noises resembling the cry of fire. Some have arisen from their beds, under the impression that it was an alarm of fire. This is certainly an evil which ought not to be tolerated. The sick are much disturbed by this practice of young lads, for I can hardly believe young men would so degrade themselves.

Besides this, the citizens are all endangered, by this practice, for when people have been deceived a few times, and have arisen from their beds, thinking their own or neighbor's house was on fire, and find that the alarm is only the noise of rude boys in the streets, they will cease to heed all noises, and when the alarm of fire does come in earnest, they will be slow to believe it anything more than what they hear every night.

Such practices also injure the reputation of the town. Strangers passing through our beautiful village in the evening, or tarrying here over night, would naturally infer that the boys of Quincy are very rude, and that their parents have very little government over them. I do hope, for the honor of the town, and for the safety and comfort of the citizens, that all parents, and all who have any influence, will turn their attention to this subject, and try to remedy the evil.

A CITIZEN.

For the Quincy Patriot.

A SOCIAL VISIT AT THE PARSONAGE.

Agreeably to an invitation given by their pastor, many of the members of Rev. Mr. Allen's church and congregation, assembled at his house, on Tuesday evening last, to pay a social and friendly visit to the pastor's family.

We were very cordially received, and all present exchanged salutations, friendly greetings, etc. It was one of those delightful evenings in which the moon seems to shed down her soft and smiling rays upon the face of nature without; and this, with the smile of complacency seated on happy faces within, added a double charm to the occasion.

We had truly a delightful interview, passing the time in conversation, and in singing pieces prepared for the occasion. There appeared to be a perfect unanimity of feeling; all eyes seemed to sparkle with delight; cheerful countenances were indicative of happy hearts, and indeed there seemed to be kindled up in each mind all those fine feelings of friendship and humanity, those connecting links which binds society together.

We have abundant evidence from the Scriptures of the friendly greetings, and social hospitality, practiced by the Apostles, and also by the brethren and sisters of the ancient church.

As the time drew near for each to return to their respective homes, we sang a parting hymn, and an appropriate prayer was offered by our pastor.

We feel that this interesting occasion will long be remembered with pleasure and interest, and that it will tend to produce a most happy effect upon the minds of both pastor and people.

The following lines were written for, and sung on the occasion:

HYMN I.

'Tis here, to night, dear friends we meet
Our pastor's family to greet;
For their prosperity we wish,
Their comfort their abiding peace.

Around their dwelling may there shine,
The candle of the Lord divine;
Its radiant light their steps attend,
To guide them to their journey's end.

Oh! people for thy pastor pray,
That God would guide him day by day;
O! may we all like strengthening bands,
Encourage him—stay up his hands.

'Tis Christian union we shall find,
To be as lasting as the mind;
Those holy ties of Christian love,
Will ripen in the world above.

Dear friends, we often do repair
Within God's house to worship there;
And hear our pastor there proclaim
Salvation sent in Jesus' name.

God grant him strength to do his will
And his requirements to fulfil;
Thus lead him on in holiness
And give his preaching great success.

HYMN II.

Go on, thou servant of the Lord,
And you'll receive a rich reward;
Arouse the sinner—cheer the saint;
Let man put on the new restraint.

And when your labors here are o'er,
When time with you shall be no more,
May you obtain a heavenly prize,
A mansion in the upper skies.

Clad in new robes of righteousness,
Those richest robes of heavenly dress!
Redeeming love, will be the song
Of ransomed souls in the blest throng.

O! how delightful are the strains
Of music on the heavenly plains;
No discord there to mar the songs
Which flow from those immortal tongues.

No music on this mundane sphere,
With that of Heaven can compare;
No earthly songs, or sweet-toned lyres
Can rival the celestial choirs!

Pastor and people, may we meet
In Heaven, around the mercy seat;
Forever there to shout and sing
The praises of our Saviour, King.

A PARTING HYMN.

Dear Christian friends, we now must part,
But yet we're bound by ties most true;
If we are faithful to the end,
We shall obtain a heavenly prize.

Dear friends, may we all meet above,
To dwell on Canaan's peaceful shore;
Where all is harmony and love,
And friends will meet to part no more.

ONE WHO ENJOYED IT.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 17, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 50, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

A little of the "Rhino" is much needed at this office; will those indebted step up and plank the "dust"? and thus keep the wheel in motion.

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH. The communication between Boston and Nantasket, by this new method of conveying information, has not yet been put in operation. The wires, we should judge, are not sufficiently strong to stand our heavy north-easters, and, consequently, are frequently broken. If the Telegraph is to be of any benefit, it should be now ready for use, as this is the season when most of the disasters occur on the rocks of Cohasset and along shore. If by the means of this Telegraph, a single vessel is saved, the cost will be paid twenty fold, to say nothing of the security to human life. We sincerely hope that the vast benefit which would accrue from electric communication will be no longer delayed by adverse circumstances.

MEXICO. Later accounts do not confirm the rumored revolt of Gen. Paredes against the government. The American Minister, recently sent, has been ill-used, and would not be received in that capacity.

STATE LEGISLATURE. The thirty-one vacancies in the Senate have been filled by the election of the whig candidates. Hon. William B. Calhoun of Hampden County has been chosen President, and his brother Charles Calhoun of Boston, re-elected Clerk.

Benjamin Stevens, Esq. of Boston, has been re-elected by both branches, UNANIMOUSLY, Sergeant-at-Arms. Such a vote speaks in language more strong than words can express.

Hon. John G. Palfrey of Boston, has also been re-elected Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Joseph Barrett, of Concord, has been chosen Treasurer and Receiver General for the current year.

The Committee on the returns of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, reported that there had been no choice by the people for either of the offices. The following is the result of the vote for Governor:—

Whole number of votes	105,928
Necessary for a choice	52,965
George N. Briggs, (whig.)	52,965
Isaac Davis, (dem.)	37,427
Samuel E. Sewall, (liberty.)	8,316
Henry Shaw, (native.)	8,089
Scattering	458

Hon. George N. Briggs has been elected Governor, and John Reed Lieutenant Governor, by the Senate, in the usual parliamentary method.

The following gentlemen, (whigs), were chosen Executive Councillors, viz: John P. Bigelow of Boston, Edmund P. Tilton of Dorchester, Samuel Hoar of Concord, Ebenezer Bradbury of Newburyport, Charles Russell of Princeton, Edward Dickinson of Amherst, D. W. Dewey of Williamstown, James C. Starkweather of Pawtucket, Charles Marston of Barnstable.

The Message of the Governor is of respectable length, gives a cursory examination of the affairs of the State, goes strongly against a reduction of the Tariff, and in other respects is quite a business-like document.

A petition has been presented for a railroad from Duxbury to Quincy; another, for one from Cohasset to Quincy.

QUINCY TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY. At the Annual Meeting of this Society, the following persons were chosen, who constitute the government of the Society for the ensuing year:—

President—Jonathan Baxter.
Vice President—John Hardwick.
Secretary—David Atwood.
Treasurer—Elisha Marsh.
Directors—Charles Page, William Pratt, Charles A. Cummings, Thomas Hardwick, Elbridge Hayden, George S. T. Whiting, Albert Pratt.

Voted, That the board be authorized to fill vacancies, should any occur.

Voted, That should any member of this board absent himself from the board meetings during the quarter, at the regular quarterly meeting his office shall be considered vacant.

Voted, That the Secretary furnish a copy of the records of this meeting to the Editors of the Quincy Patriot and Quincy Aurora for publication.

The members of the board are requested to meet at the Temperance Reading Room, on Monday evening next, at half past six o'clock.

By order of the Secretary.

QUINCY POINT TEMPERANCE UNION. At the Annual Meeting of the Quincy Point Temperance Union, held on the twelfth instant, the following persons were chosen officers for the year ensuing:—

President—George Newcomb, Esq.
Vice President—James Bradford.
Secretary—Benjamin F. Sherburne.
Treasurer—Peleg F. Jones.

Standing Committee—Jonathan Spear, Samuel Roberts, Elias Nash.
Soliciting Committee—Charles E. Whiton, James Bradford, Bryant Newcomb, Jr.

Voted, That social meetings be held on Tuesday evening of each week, until otherwise ordered.

B. F. SHERBURNE, Secretary.

OLD COLONY RAIL ROAD. There is now a new arrangement in relation to the running of the cars on this road. The particular times of running have not yet been advertised in the public papers and we therefore suppose that they have not yet been permanently arranged.

The depot in this town is now completed, and is withal a neat and convenient building for that purpose. It is under the superintendence of Mr. H. A. Gay, of this town, whose kind and accommodating attentions to the passengers, in all matters under his charge, receives general commendation.

Speaking of railroads, we learn that the independent road in contemplation from Fall River to Boston, through Milton and Dorchester, has been abandoned. It has been supposed that the Fall River Road encouraged the citizens of Milton and Dorchester to take steps in the matter, in order that a better bargain might be made with the Old Colony Road, in allowing the Fall River cars to run on the Old Colony track. How this matter is we cannot say, but if the statement be true, the course pursued by the Fall River Company, is in the highest degree unmanly and dishonorable towards the gentlemen who interested themselves in behalf of the independent route to Boston.

FAMILY RECORDS. Mr. Gilbert, who is now teaching Writing successfully in the Town Hall Building, has on hand a variety of beautiful Family Record blanks which were designed and executed by him, and which will be filled and framed to order. Persons wishing for something useful and ornamental with which to adorn their parlours cannot find any thing more appropriate. Prices vary according to the designs. Call and see them.

LICENSE LAW. The Salem papers state that Asahel Huntington, Esq. has proceeded to Washington to sustain the Commonwealth before the United States Supreme Court in relation to the validity of the license law.

CONGRESS. Both branches have been engaged in discussing Oregon matters. The Senate have postponed further debate, on the question of giving the year's notice, to the tenth of February. A bill has been reported to build ten war steamers, to finish vessels now on the stocks, etc., and appropriating five millions of dollars to carry the recommendations into effect.

The House will agree to give the year's notice, by a large vote; the result in the Senate is more doubtful on this point. The news daily expected from England, will probably bring this question to a more direct issue.

AN ALARM. The cry of fire in this town, last Saturday night, was occasioned by the burning of a chimney in the house of Capt. Ebenezer A. Shaw at Quincy Point. The Vulture Engine Company promptly repaired to the spot.

BOSTON ALMANAC. The second edition of the Boston Almanac has just been published, containing eight or more additional pages of interesting matter. For sale at Quincy Bookstore.

The two most precious things on this side of the grave, are REPUTATION and LIFE. But it is to be lamented that the contemptible whisper may deprive us of the one, and the weakest weapon may deprive us of the other.

A short time since, a gold chain, about a yard long, was found in the stomach of a bullock which was slaughtered in England. The chain was not in the slightest degree tarnished, but it was coiled up about half way.

The Hon. John Slidell, of Louisiana, has issued an address to his constituents, stating that, in consequence of his having been appointed Minister to Mexico, he has resigned his seat in Congress, which he held as their Representative.

On Saturday night last, says a Boston paper, about half past eleven of the clock, a rogue ran up to a gentleman, in State street, tore open his coat, snatched a valuable gold lever watch from his vest pocket, and made off. The rogue was pursued, but escaped by raising the cry of fire.

A beggar was sent to jail recently, at Edinburgh, (Scotland). On searching him, a bank deposit receipt for sixty-one pounds sterling, was found in his pocket, and a book which showed he had a considerable sum in the savings' bank.

In all England there are but nine daily papers published. They are all in London. The concentration of public support upon a number so small, satisfactorily accounts for their unsurpassed excellence.

A pin factory is in operation at the village of Cabotville, (Mass.) which turns out from each machine two hundred and forty pins per minute. A machine also sticks them on paper at the rate of twelve hundred a minute.

We believe that entire dependence or faith to cure the sick will be of little avail, and yet it seems the only hope when using many of the thousand proposed remedies in Consumption and its kindred complaints. There must evidently be some regular specified action on the vital organs to induce them to take on a renewed vigor and return to a healthy stage. This is especially the actual manner of cure by Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; it first cleanses and purifies the diseased part and then it restores and strengthens to its proper and wonted duties and powers. See the advertisement more particularly.

NOTICES.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

T. KELLOGG, Secretary.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

All persons are invited to attend.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will hold their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSOM.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption. The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALSAM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buchan of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balsam has cured and will cure, the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchanan's Hungarian Balsam of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in the cases of Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

It is sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health. Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

AGENTS—A. E. Dubois, Randolph R. Whiton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy, by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 1

At the late annual meeting of the proprietors of the Boston Athenaeum, the Hon. Josiah Quincy, senior, announced that he had in his possession the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, which he was authorized to present to the Athenaeum, for a permanent fund, the income to be appropriated for the purchase of books. John Bromfield, Esq., was the donor.

DIED.

In Milton, 11th inst., Mr. Alpheus T. French, Jr., aged 24.

A Farm for Sale.
A VALUABLE FARM of 110 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the centre of Canton, Norfolk County, 14 miles south of Boston, and within ten or fifteen minutes walk of the Canton Depot, on the Boston and Providence Railroad; the same from the South Canton Depot, on the Stoughton Branch Railroad. The Cars run several times a day on each of these roads to and from Boston, on the latter an early train to, and a late train from the city; which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing business in the city, who are desirous of securing themselves a Summer residence in the country within forty minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well watered with never failing Springs, and divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland within one fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing several large manufacturing establishments; among which are the Neponset Man. Co., Kingsley's Iron, and Revere Copper works.

The buildings consist of a large two-story house and barn each of little or no value. If the said farm is not disposed of at private sale on or before SATURDAY, the 4th day of April next, it will be sold at Public Auction at nine o'clock A. M. on that day. Those who wish to examine said farm can do so by calling on Leonard Everett, Esq., near the premises. Further information will be given by addressing the Subscriber at the Transcript office, Worcester. Terms made easy.

JAMES H. EVERETT.

Worcester, Jan. 17.

Wood at Auction.
ON THURSDAY next, 22d inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold at public auction, in lots to suit purchasers, all the WOOD standing on the lot of land, (each side of the Railroad,) recently belonging to Daniel Greenleaf, Esq., and lying southerly of the house of Nathaniel M. Bean and adjacent premises.

Conditions at the time of sale.
Quincy, Jan. 17.

Notice.
PROPOSALS will be received by the subscribers until the 25th inst., for furnishing Stone and building 255 feet of good free Wall and foundation for the same, on the western side of the Burial Ground, said Wall to be eighteen inches thick, four feet high, and capped with stone not less than six feet in length. For further information, inquire of either of the undersigned.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSOM.

Quincy, Jan. 17.

Dissolution.
THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Pope & Pennington, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 22d of Nov. last.

OZIAS M. POPE,
JAMES T. PENNINGTON.

Quincy, Jan. 17.

Quincy Canal.
THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers stands adjourned to TUESDAY EVENING, the 21st inst., at half past six o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy.

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, Clerk.
Quincy, Jan. 17.

Insolvent Notice.
NORFOLK ss. Milton, Jan. 14th, 1846.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

OTIS ALLEN,
of Quincy, in said County, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master
SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. J., Messenger.
Jan. 17.

In Insolvency.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

SILVANUS THAYER, Jr.,
of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, Tender, an insolvent debtor; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Aston Prescott, Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Assignee.

Jan. 17.

Music and Dancing.
Dancing, in Quincy, would give notice that they have engaged Mr. J. Kendall, the unrivalled Cornet player, to play with their master on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 21, at French's Hall, Hancock House, Quincy. The lovers of Dancing are invited to attend on the above named evening.

E. THAYER,
W. G. PRESCOTT, } Managers
Quincy, Jan. 17.

Washing and Ironing
DONE in the neatest manner in the residence of Mr. John Davis, near Neponset Bridge, by Miss J. DAVIS.

TERMS—Transient, per dozen, 75 cents.
Three months do, 50 do.
Rough dry do, 31 do.
Dresses Excepted.

Reference can be given if necessary, as she has washed for a number of families in Neponset. Mr. Davis will take and return clothes within 1 mile of Neponset without extra charge.

Mr. Davis is lame of the palsy and unable to work, consequently dependent upon the labors of his wife.

P. S. The reduced terms apply to those only who give their whole family washing.

Quincy, Jan. 17.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLERS AND TUBES.

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LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES.
Breast Pipes and Shells, Bell Pans, Springes, etc., etc.
Day Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;
Ellis' Vulture Brand Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;
Atwood's Laundry Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTHACHE DROPS;
Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.
Quincy, Oct. 18. *tf*

Grocery Store and Restorator.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has established himself in business, in this town, at the cellar under the shop of Mr. F. F. Wallcut, which has been recently fitted up for the purpose, where the usual variety of a

GROCERY STORE,

will be found, of every quality, and sold by the retail at reasonable prices.

In connection, the best of

OYSTERS.

will also be kept and served up in various ways.

Also—May be found PIES, CAKES, CONFECTIONERY, NUTS, etc., etc.
As the subscriber desires to meet the wants of and to accommodate patrons, he hopes to receive a share of support commensurate with his efforts to serve and cater for the public.

PETER FOLSOM.

Quincy, May 10. *tf*

Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Oct. 18, A. D. 1845.

THE administrator of the estate of HIRAM A. SNOW, late of Randolph, in said County, Shomaker, deceased, having presented his account in his capacity of administrator,

Ordered, That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1846, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 3. *3w*

C. F. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11. *tf*

Wood, Coal, Lime, etc.

THE subscribers have received during the past week, one freight Pine and Hard Wood Slabs, landed at Jackson's Wharf. A quantity of Bridge-plate Coal, recommended as being better for Smith's use. Arrangements have been made to supply Smith's coal of a superior quality to those who may desire it.

Also—One freight first quality Maple and Oak WOOD, and a fresh lot of LIME, discharging this day at Canal Wharf. Another freight of Red Ash Coal on its passage. Persons wishing to purchase any of the above, are respectfully invited to call.

Office at the head of Quincy Canal or the home of C. A. Cummings.

CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN.

Quincy, Sept. 27. *tf*

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

Quincy, Nov. 15. *tf*

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Eates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of any thing in the Store line, to his vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wagers'. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment of the kind in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES

Boston, Dec. 13. *tf*

Thermometers,

WARRANTED. For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 3. *3w*

Boston Almanac for 1846,

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 13. *tf*

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office in Quincy, Jan. 1, 1846.

B
Lucas, Jacob
Lord, Lucinda A.
M
Murphy, Daniel
P
Pierce, William K.
Pierce, Isaac
Pierce, Zephaniah
R
Robins, James
Rogers, Jacob
S
Davis, Samuel or Benjamin
Davis, Moses
Day, Silas
Davis, Mrs. Sophia
Atwood's Laundry Bitters
Drury, Mrs. Ann A.
C
Carver, Charles William
Cross, Thaddeus W.

D
Davis, Samuel or Benjamin
Davis, Moses
Day, Silas
Davis, Mrs. Sophia
Atwood's Laundry Bitters
Drury, Mrs. Ann A.
F
Foster, Thomas W.
Freeman, Isaac
Frederick, George
Fisher, Edwin W.
G
Green, James
Gourly, Mary
H
Hunt, Folsom
Harnden, Esther
Hobart, Martha B.
Hammond, William
Harvey, Michael
K
Kempton, Francis G.
L
Linnell, Gould
Lannen, John

S
Smith, A. H.
Smith, David B.
Sargeant, William
Spear, Nathaniel
Smith, David E.
Severance, John H.
Stone, Samuel O.
T
Turner, James C.
Turner, C. W.
W
Welsh, Richard
Wilson, Charles
Wilson, Maria
Willet, Roland
Y
York, Thomas

DANIEL FRENCH, Postmaster.

Jan. 3. *3w*

List of Letters

Remaining in the Neponset Village Post Office, Jan. 1, 1846.

A
Atkinson, George A.
B
Beau, L. O.
C
Chaplin, Samuel
McCarthy, John
D
Dolan, John
Dunphy, Louis
Duffell, Elizabeth P.
E
Fish, Isaac H.
G
Gilson, Samuel H.
Gilson, Samuel
H
Hill, Amos A.
Hayward, John 2
I
Kennedy, Michael
L
Lucas, Diana C.
M
Marshall, Joseph
O
Olmstead, Bradley H.
P
Perry, Leonard
Porter, J.
Preston, Edward
R
Roach, Morris C.
Robinson, Mrs. Madeline
Romer, Ruth
Rich, Jedediah C.
S
Swan, Rebecca A. G.
Soale, Mary J.
Seavins, Mrs. Sarah L.
T
Thurston, Hiram T.
Thurston, H. T.
Twichel, John A.
Y
Young, Lucinda M. 2
W
Wass, Otis

O. PUTNAM BACON, Postmaster.

Jan. 10. *3w*

OPENING OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,

having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

—ALSO—

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars;
Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;
Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimpes, and other Trimmings for Dresses,) Muslins, Laces,
MOURNING GOODS,
Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets altered, cleaned, and pressed in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing their services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side.

Quincy, May 3. *tf*

Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors to the estate of

JAMES ARNOLD,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, butcher, deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from the twenty-ninth day of November last, are allowed said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that they will attend to that service at the house of Daniel Baxter, in said Quincy, on the FIRST TUESDAY of January, March and May next, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days, where creditors are requested to present and prove their claims.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Commissioners.

ELIJAH BAXTER, }

Quincy, Dec. 20. *8w*

Notice of Copartnership.

Quincy, 1st of January, 1846.

WE, the undersigned, have entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

Merchant Tailor and Clothing Business,

under the firm of

RUSSELL & Co.

Signal, JOHN McDONALD,

Jan. 3. *3w* JEAN RUSSELL.

THE FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1846,

by Robert B. Thomas, for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Traders supplied at the lowest cash prices.

Quincy, Oct. 25. *tf*

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Books of every large, medium, and additional size, constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, every quality and price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw top for Desks. Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Boards, Slates, Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hovey's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for

Carving, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macassar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court

Plaster, Hair Cases,

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8. *tf*

New Volumes.

AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage.

Subscribers the amount of Three Dollars will be entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

With the New Year commence new Volumes, offering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to subscribe.

Quincy, Dec. 27. *tf*

New Fall Goods.

NOW OPENING

BY

E. R. STOCKWELL,

55 Hanover St. BOSTON.

THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHIONABLE

SHAWLS

that can be found in almost any store in this city, comprising every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00.

We have made arrangements with the Importers in Boston and New York, to have direct from the Cottons, all of our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require.

We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS.

that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES, Ottomans Repts, M. D. Laine, Alpacaes of every quality, Alpines, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc.

CLOAK STUFFS,

of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Cottons, Bad Tickings, Linen, Denim, Ticking, etc., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 55 Hanover Street.

Boston, Sept. 6. *tf*

NEW PRINTS,

good styles, just received and for sale by

Quincy, Sept. 20. *tf*

BROWN'S ALMANAC, POCKET MEN

BRANDUM and ACCOUNT BOOK, for 1846

for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Nov. 1. *tf*

The Subscriber

WOULD return his sincere thanks to the liberal public, for the patronage he has received at their hands for the last ten years that he has carried on business, and is happy to inform them that he has got a

BETTER ASSORTMENT OF GOODS

THAN WAS EVER KEPT IN ANY

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

in any country town, and being well acquainted with the business of the surrounding neighborhood, and knowing that the inhabitants like

GOOD AND RICH GARMENTS.

has laid in a Stock that is NOT TO BE SURPASSED by any one in the business.

I have a good assortment of

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN & AMERICAN

Surout and Dress Coat Cloths,

A splendid assortment of Striped, Check and Plain

DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES,

Fancy and Plain VELVETS and SATINS,

and a great variety of Goods, suitable for the season, that will be made up

As Good, as Cheap, and as Fashionable,

as the wearer can wish for, with the best of TRIMMINGS.

As there are a good many common Clothes wanted in the neighborhood, I would inform that part of the community, that I have laid in a Larger Assortment of GOODS for this purpose than I have been in the habit of keeping.

I do not say that I will sell cheaper than any one else, because they that know me know better, and they likewise know that my Goods

Wear Longer and Better

than they generally get elsewhere. The reason is easily told, because they have

Good Trimmings and are Well Made,

and that with good stock is sure to wear well.

There is a great deal said about the ONE PRICE system. I would only repeat that I have always adopted that practice, and still continue it, and should be happy to wait on any one that will favor me with a call, AT MY OLD STAND,

OVER THE STORE OF

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr.

POETRY.

[By request.]
LINES

Written by the "Milford Bard" after having been solicited by one of his old bottle companions to take a glass of Brandy.

Thou hast a generous heart, I know,
As all men have who drink;
But wouldst thou to a world of woe,
My sinful spirit sink?

Ah! wouldst thou to my loathing lip
Lift up the accursed bowl;
And bid the Bard again to sip
Damnation to the soul?

Were I to touch the wine cup now,
It would its flame impart;
Despair would burn upon my brow,
And hell within my heart.

Oh! couldst thou hear my anguish'd sighs,
Both when I wake and sleep;
Thou'dst turn away with fearful eyes,
—Yes, turn away and weep.

The hopes of other years now flown,
Ambition blighted too;
All, all the later woes I've known,
Are now recalled by you.

Far better to this hapless heart,
A dagger's death were given;
Then rob me of that better part,
A sober hope of Heaven.

Beware the wine cup, Oh! my friend,
Beware, ill-fated love!
These evils down to hell would send
An angel from above.

When you shall lift the goblet up,
Oh! pause—its horrors scan!
Then dash to earth the damning cup,
And dare to be a man.

Think of your morning children's tears,
And all the painful past;
Think of the wretchedness and fears,
That must be thine at last.

Think of the loss of fortune, fame,
Of friends, and peace and pride;
Think of the dark and damning shame,
The grave can never hide.

In sackcloth and in ashes now,
I mourn my follies o'er;
And with repentant tears I vow,
I'll go and sin no more.

Ye jolly friends, I found in need,
And oft at midnight met;
If at the bar I do not plead,
Don't think that I forget.

WIT AT A PINCH.

A country girl one morning went
To market with her pig;
The little curl-tail not content,
Squeaked out a merry jig.

A gentleman, on passing by,
Laughed much, and jeering spoke,
"I wonder, Miss, your child will cry,
When wrapped up in your cloak."

"Why, sir," quite pert the girl replies,
"So had a breeding had he,
That ever and anon he cries,
When'er he sees his daddy."

DEATH

I come, I come, on the lightning's wing!
My home is the world's expense!
And none shall escape my dreaded sting,
Over dead men's bones I dance,
I blast the flower that hope hath reared,
And ride o'er the hearts to Love endeared;
I've triumphed o'er the mighty Past,
And the future shall own my power at last.

ANECDOTES.

There is a hymn in one of the New England Puritan Collections commencing, "Purge me with hyssop, make me clean," which was given out one Sunday morning. The precursor set the hymn to a wrong tune; a fact which he did not discover until he had twice or thrice endeavored to "execute the first sentence, 'Purge me with hyssop,' etc. At length, out of all patience an old maid, who led the treble, whined out: "Hadin't you better take some other garb, Mr. B—?"

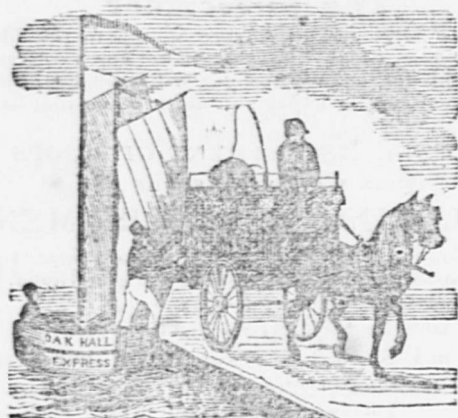
A negro who was very fond of a cigar, but whose pockets were too empty to purchase one, met a little boy on the Battery and accosted him thus:
"How dar you smoke a cigar? Frow it away dis instant, you little white rascal, or I'll tell your fader."
The terrified boy immediately threw down the cigar he was smoking and ran off. The negro quietly picked it up, and walked away smoking it with all the gusto imaginable.

A "hoosier" visited New York lately, with introductory letters, for the purpose of buying a considerable amount of goods. The jobbers were very courteous, but didn't exactly like to trade.
"What's the matter?" enquired the buyer.
"Nothing particular," was the reply, "only we don't much like this credit business."
"Well, but I don't ask but for thirty days."
"Very true, but you might die you know."
"Why, who die?—I efer heard of any body's dying in thirty days?"

A country carpenter having neglected to make a gallows that had been ordered to be erected by a certain day, the Judge himself went to the man, and said—
"Fellow, how came you to neglect making the gibbet that I ordered?"

Without intending any sarcasm, the man replied—
"I'm very sorry; for had I known that it was for your lordship, it should have been done immediately."

A political opponent of the eccentric John Randolph, wishing to draw him into a quarrel, met him boldly on the sidewalk with the remark, "I do not turn out for every vile scoundrel I meet."
"But I always do," said Randolph, with an expressive wave of the hand and suiting the action to the word.



HALF A
\$1,000,000
WORTH OF CLOTHING!
TO BE SOLD THIS YEAR, 1845.

"OAK HALL"
UNPARALLELED
IN THE ANNALS OF HISTORY AS TO
PRICES OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS!!!
—AND—
BRILLIANT CAREER
—AND—
UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS!!
Fall Campaign.

THIS TERRIFIC WHEEL IN FULL REVOLUTION!!
Country Traders, Look to This!!

An endless variety of every Quality, Style and Fashion of Ready Made Clothing, Rich Piece Goods, and Furnishing Goods, at

Extremely Low Prices.

BOYS' CLOTHING, in all its variety. "Oak Hall!" continues the "Grand Theatre of Attraction." A living panorama of human beings flock to this fashionable resort daily—and to meet the full anticipation of my numerous Friends and Customers, I have Fresh Manufactured a FIRST RATE STOCK of Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, adapted to this Fall and coming Winter, that will eclipse in brilliancy and astonish all. In quantity, almost surpasses belief. Together with an Immense Stock of

PIECE GOODS, of all qualities, grades and colors, of rich VESTINGS, VELVETS, SILKS, SATINS, etc. Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, etc. etc. etc. that will be sold by the yard, or manufactured to order at prices so low as to

Defy All Competition.

A half a million Dollars worth of Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods to be sold this year of our Lord, 1845. "Large amount," the reader exclaims. "True." Some may laugh—others may sneeze—and the remainder may turn up the whites of their eyes at what I am going to say, but it is my settled conviction—a conviction, mind you, that I have arrived at by the slowest imaginable degree of cognition, and due and deliberate calculation—that

THIS IS A LARGE COUNTRY we live in, and my customers are scattered over EVERY inhabitable part of the globe. The name of

"OAK HALL"

has been proclaimed from, and posted on, the WALLS of CANTON, and echoed back to Europe, and reach all over every inhabitable part of the globe. With all the powerful machinery I can bring to bear I have been able to reduce the price of this necessary article,

READY MADE CLOTHING, AT SO LOW A PRICE THAT I WILL Defy the World to Undersell.

By doing so IMMENSE a trade I am enabled to keep THAT TREMENDOUS WHEEL

in motion. SLOW and SURE is its revolution—clothing in its turn by thousands, until the end of the year its revolution completes a half a million dollars worth sold, and brings us in a new career for 1845.

Country Traders.

I would invite your attention to as SPLENDID a variety of Fashionable goods as were ever offered in this market, comprising the latest patterns and styles of French, English and American manufacture. You are invited to call, or send your orders by mail to that GREAT MARKET,

"OAK HALL."

A saving of some 20 per cent. can be made, and every particle constituting a Gentleman's Wardrobe can be found by the dozen, package, or ship load. Those living at a distance, preferring their clothes FASHIONABLY MADE at a First Rate

BOSTON HOUSE,

are informed that by post paid application they can receive a Prospectus, explanatory of my extensive business, directions for measuring, statement of prices, etc. etc. If three or four gentlemen club together, one of my travellers will be despatched to wait upon them. Re-collect all of this

Immense Stock of Goods Shall be closed up at prices so EXTREMELY LOW

as will astonish all, and set the world to WONDERING how it can be done. As my motto this year is

To Clothe the Public

at a SMALL EXPENSE, and make out that large amount,

HALF A MILLION DOLLARS!

FOR PRICES

see small advertisements in all the principal papers in the United States. Also, my Poetical Circular and Small Bills.

GEO. W. SIMMONS,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
Celebrated Clothing Establishment,
"OAK HALL BUILDING,"
32, 34, 36 and 38 Ann Street,
OPPOSITE MERCHANTS' ROW,

—ENTRANCE—
No. 32, WOODEN BUILDING.
REMEMBER—

Entire Oak Front, Diamond Windows.
Nov. 15. BOSTON. 3m

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice. JAMES EDWARDS.
Quincy, May 13. if

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.



HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.

MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS

TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the

in all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.

COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.

SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.

N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.—

MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.

In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.

OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.

Old CARRIAGES, Varished and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.

Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents. TABLES varished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts., and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.

All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Quincy, July 13. if

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBOONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Lains, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White, Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stocks, etc. etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1. if

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.

Quincy, March 20. if

Boarders Wanted.

FIVE or six good boarders can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.

MELVILL HOVEY.

Quincy, Jan. 11. if

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.

Inquire at Whitt & Adams' Store.

Quincy Point, Sept. 20. if

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7, \$9, to \$8 per thousand, the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting.

Inquire of ALBERT HERSEY.

Quincy Point, June 14. if

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.

Quincy, August 10. if

Blacksmithing.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that they still continue to occupy the Shop formerly belonging to Matthias Bartlett, on Hancock Street, where they will do all kinds of CARRIAGE WORK STEEL SPRINGS, made and repaired, at short notice.

Particular attention given to HORSE SHOEING and FARRIERING.

—ALSO—

LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS

promptly prepared, and put up in a faithful manner, on any building in this vicinity, and warranted to be as safe as any now in use.

HARRINGTON & MEARS.

Quincy, April 12. if

Mattresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 20. if

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses' MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 25. if

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

Quincy Point, July 1. if

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by

SETH ADAMS.

Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple

Quincy, April 20. if

Paper Hangings.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, April 10. if

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at

E. PACKARD'S.

Quincy, Nov. 1. if



The Great Remedy

FOR

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olossonian, or All-Healing Balm. It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of this evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor of a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would be commenced using the Olossonian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION. The cure was truly a wonderful one and places 'Olossonian or All-Healing Balm' at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

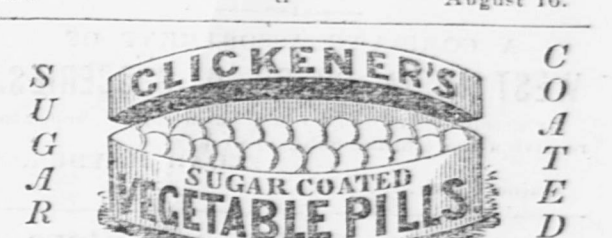
George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of summer. His cough became very troublesome. He began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He moved to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the 'Olossonian, or All-Healing Balm,' and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Luban, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward in a chair. His cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months. He commenced taking the Olossonian or All-Healing Balm, when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—it will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed Agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, do; Theater. if August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been once and again sought for, and which the public must at once acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever in the stomach. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow it without being informed that they were, he would believe them to be simply purgatives, and could be afterwards, unless by its great purgative effect, suspect that he had been taking medicine, and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils: first, the taste of the medicine, and secondly, the pain of the medicine. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a mingled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadulterated bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the body (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and the impurities of the blood are removed. This fact, as stated, is generally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine that, unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, until an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, renders them unable to resist the force of the cure. Still they had some excuse; for the medicine in almost all the forms, was nearly as disagreeable as it was beneficial. Now, however, the evil is completely removed; for CLICKENER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine, and impart no impurities to the system. The effect of the medicine which has ever been discovered is that it is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which is sure of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for which they do not fully possess.

Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. V. CLICKENER & Co., Chemists, at the wholesale and retail drug store, No. 79 and 81 Barclay street, New York. Price 5 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of Agents:

J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, R. F. Tolman, Dorchester; R. Ford, Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN (near of Stone Temple); GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy. if June 25.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves, Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc. etc. at very low prices.

Quincy, Nov. 1. if

QUINCY PATRIOT.

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JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary price. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, JR.	Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE,	"Stone Quarries."
ORIN P. BACON,	Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY,	Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY,	Arlington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER,	South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE,	Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT,	New York City.

MISCELLANY.

MARRYING A MECHANIC.

Old Squire Phillips sat in his great arm chair, looking into the fire as intently as though the white ashes that slowly gathered on the wood, and occasionally slipped off, leaving some fantastic figure traced on the red ground of the bright coal, had some important meaning treasured in the strange hieroglyphic that was thus unconsciously traced. Near him sat his only daughter, a fair girl of eighteen, in her well laced stays, long bodice, and ample hooped skirt, employed on some fine embroidery, designed to grace the cushion of one of a fine set of cherry frame chairs, made after the pattern very similar to those now in vogue, save that the needle-work of our great grandmothers supplied the place of shining haircloth. At her feet lay a large grey cat, which she occasionally stopped to caress, and as she did so, she never failed to steal a glance at the kind, but unusually serious visage of her father.

The room in which they were seated was furnished plainly, but substantially, and the uncarpeted floor looked as white as hands could make it, where it had escaped the sprinkling of sand, that Phillis, the colored servant who presided over every department of household labor, was sure to bestow in generous profusion. A small round table stood in the centre of the room, on which was a set of blue China tea-cups, little larger than those which now grace "the doll's cupboard," a platter of cold boiled beef and vegetables, a plate of brown bread, and a bowl of smoking bean-porridge.

Phillis was busy in making the necessary arrangements, and had taken down the tea-pot from the shelf, when Mr. Phillips turned round and insisted that, as Mrs. Phillips would not be home, tea should be omitted. He seldom drank it, and he intended that Fanny should now cure herself of the indulgence. Fanny looked up at the emphatic "now," and a deep crimson overshadowed her whole face as she encountered the penetrating gaze of her father. Phillis' announcement that supper was ready relieved her embarrassment for a moment, as she busied herself in putting away her balls of crewel; but when she seated herself at table opposite her father, and still saw, or rather felt, the same earnest glance turned on her, she found herself, from some unaccountable cause, so embarrassed that she could not swallow a mouthful of the substantial supper that he was discussing with such evident relish.

"What! no supper to-night, Fanny, for want of tea?" quoth the old man, half seriously and half playfully. "I'm thinking, my child, that you will do well to take lessons in self-denial while they are easier learned than when enforced by necessity."

Fanny looked up with an expression of childish wonder, and innocently inquired why it should be necessary to take such lessons. "But," she added, with unfeigned sincerity, "it was not the tea, father, indeed—it was not that took away my appetite."

"Perhaps not, my dear girl," said the old gentleman tenderly, "but I had reason for insisting that you should learn to practice self-denial, and I thought this a convenient opportunity to explain."

Fanny looked up timidly, but did not speak. After a long pause, her father kindly said, "I suppose you gave Charles permission to talk with me upon a certain subject, did you not?"

Fanny colored still deeper than before, and as she was speechless, the old man considered her silence a tacit acknowledgment.

"Well," continued he, "do you think that I could give my consent to such a marriage, Fanny?"

"And why not, dear father?" faintly faltered the young girl, turning suddenly as pale as she had been a few minutes before. "Is not Charles as steady, industrious and respectable

as any young man in the parish? Indeed, dear father, I thought you approved of him or?"

"You would not have loved him," added her father, filling out the sentence that she lacked words to complete.

"I hardly meant to say that," quivered the white lips of poor Fanny, "for I don't think I could help loving him; but I could not have thought of marrying him."

"My dear child, I do love and approve of Charles Lawton, for I think he is one of the finest young men I ever knew; but, my dear, do you think I would do such a man as he is, the injustice to sanction his marriage with such a woman as you are likely to be? He is worthy of a better wife."

The great drops stood in Fanny's blue eyes, as she turned her face away for a moment, and then brushing them away with her checked handkerchief, she ventured to say, "Father, if love, true and unchanging, can make a man happy, I can certainly make Charles so; for I know that I can love him, even in the deepest poverty, and he knows it too. He knows that I might have married a rich merchant, or a lawyer either, if I had chosen, instead of a mechanic who had nothing but his own honest industry to rely on."

"My child," said the old man, with evident emotion, "I do not doubt that you think you love Charles, and could love him under any circumstances; but think a moment of your qualifications to become the wife of a poor man. What could you do to make his home comfortable, and to assist him in acquiring a competence? I see that we have periled your happiness by bringing you up as we have done; but I cannot consent that a young man of Charles Lawton's prospects should be ruined by marrying a wife who could not even make bread."

"But," said the ignorant child "that would not be much; of course we should have a servant, and she would know how to do all such work. No gentleman thinks it necessary to do that. I suppose mother knows how to do all kinds of work, but I never saw her make bread. Surely that cannot be a serious objection."

"A servant of course," sighed the old man. "I see how it is, Fanny; you have very little idea of life, much less of the high import of love. Love seeketh not its own interest and ease, but the happiness of others. If you loved Charles consistently, you would seek to advance his interest in every possible way. You would not say, we shall have a servant of course, when your own cheerful, well applied strength would be sufficient to discharge all the labor that your small family would at first require. And then think how much pleasanter it would be to a young husband to sit down to the neat and well prepared meal furnished with the hands of his own wife, than to eat the careless cooking of a servant. I assure you, Fanny, that a young mechanic, just setting out in business for himself, will not be able to hire a servant, support her wastefulness, and the idleness and extravagance of a fashionable woman, and at the same time be an honest man. If he supports such a style of living, it must be at the expense of his honesty—yes, my child, of his very soul's salvation; for a dishonest man cannot be a Christian. Now do you think I would suffer you to become such a snare to Charles? No; I would sooner cut off my right hand, or pluck out my right eye."

The old man's voice was indicative of so much earnestness, and his face was so serious in its expression, that Fanny for some moments sat speechless. But at last affection prevailed over timidity, and she began once more to plead, if not for herself, at least for Charles. She was sure it would break his heart were her father to refuse his consent to their marriage. But still the old man seemed inexorable. He declared a broken heart better far than a violated conscience; and he was sure Fanny could not be other than a temptation to evil, with her present ideas of life, and her acquired capacities for the discharge of its duties. Thinking that she might imagine that he could be induced to furnish them the means of living in the indolence and ease that he feared she regarded as desirable, he told her that it would be a violation of long established principles for him to furnish a child, even an only child, with the means of living without labor.

"God," said he, gave you capacity to labor, and that capacity implies a design that you should. I know that your mother has spared no pains to teach you every branch of needle-work, and I am proud to wear the shirts that you have made; but her feeble health has prevented her teaching you the equally important arts of the kitchen. The reluctance she has felt to place you in the immediate society of Phillis, has prevented her insisting upon your acquiring the necessary knowledge of a housewife; and till now, we have not realized that you were utterly unfit to become the rational companion of a worthy, but poor and industrious man. I truly value your happiness, and I am satisfied that it would be greatly promoted by your marriage with Charles, were you qualified to fill the station that God designed a wife to fill; but I cannot, I repeat, consent that you should be instrumental in the ruin of one I so highly prize. Were I to waste upon you the property which God has entrusted to me for a higher purpose than selfish gratification, I should do you a lasting injury, for you would be tempted by it to live in idleness and extravagance, and at the same time, I should be rob-

bing God! Dear as you are to me, I cannot give my consent that you should marry Charles save on one condition.

"Name it," cried Fanny eagerly, as she began to breathe more freely, and the color once more rose to her cheeks.

"I fear," said her father, "you will think it a hard condition, but remember it is the only one."

"Tell me, dear father, and see if love does not make it easy."

"It will try the strength of your regard," said the old gentleman, less solemnly than he had before spoken. "It is on condition that you bind yourself apprentice to Phillis, and serve under her till she gives you an honorable discharge as an accomplished housewife, that I consent to your union to Charles Lawton. Will you comply with the terms, Fanny?"

Fanny looked up hopefully, and courageously said, "I'll try, father."

The old man rose from the table, and imprinted a kiss on the cheek of his child, telling her to be ready to take lessons on the following day. He then took his hat and walking stick, and went to escort his living wife home from the house of a sick friend, and Fanny was left to arrange her plans for the morrow.

Poor girl! she little dreamed that love was to cost her such self-denying labors; but it helped to lighten them in reality, as well as to make them less formidable in anticipation. On the following morning Fanny was up betimes, and arrayed in a suit of garments that well befitted "a maid of all work." Mr. Phillips declared he had never seen her look so neatly in any other dress; and old Phillis grinned and tittered when he introduced her to the kitchen, and told her she was to be entirely under her direction till she thought her fit for a housekeeper.

It was baking day, and the first lesson was in making bread. After showing her ignorance in various ways, much to the amusement of the shrewd servant, the bread was at last prepared for the oven. It was designed to bake it without pans, as was then the usual custom, and it constituted no small share of the baker's skill to be able to toss the loaves into the oven handsomely, with a great wooden bread shovel.

"Now, missy," said Phillis, "wet the bread shovel so the loaves will slide off easy."

Fanny wet the shovel, placed a loaf upon it, and made the attempt to land it at the back-side of the oven. Of course it did not go as directed, but a part fell in the middle of the oven and the rest stuck to the shovel.

"Te-he-he!" burst from Phillis. "Guess the silly girl won't wet it again."

Poor Fanny! her face looked red enough to bake the bread, but as she knew it would be quite useless to resent the trick that Phillis had played so successfully upon her, she only asked what was to be done next.

"Take a knife and scrape the shovel, and when you have washed it clean and dried it, then put on dry flour; guess missy find it won't stick."

The docile girl obeyed, and succeeded so well that Phillis condescended to praise her. But this was not the only lesson taught her by some luckless disaster, and the wet bread shovel was frequently a source of no small amusement to the faithful servant. But in spite of blistered fingers, sprained wrists and tired feet, she persevered till Phillis gave her a diploma, and she received her degree as housekeeper.

I shall not tell how frequently Charles looked in at the kitchen when business called him by the door, nor how many times he praised her beauty in her long checked apron, nor how often he told her that he considered this the surest proof of her disinterested love, because that is a matter that does not concern strangers. But I will tell you that she made him such a wife that he was not always a poor man, and that she never tempted him from his integrity by her extravagances.

When the King of England offered him a commission, he declared he would not dirty his pockets with it, and his wife never grudged the tea that was given to the fishes in Boston harbor. He became a man who was looked up to by his neighbors as an umpire in all differences, and a model for all to follow who sought to be useful and happy. And Fanny, to her latest years, was the cheerful, light hearted wife and friend, that her knowledge of business promised, for she was never annoyed by those luckless failures that young housekeepers are wont to suffer; and she often, in old age, related to her children and grand-children, the history of her first baking of bread.

A MATRIMONIAL EXECUTION.

This morning, April 1st, at half past eleven precisely, the unfortunate young man, Mr. Edward Pinckney, underwent the extreme penalty of infatuation, by expiating his attachment to Mary Ann Gale, in front of the altar railings of St. Mary's Church, Islington.

It will be in the recollection of all those friends of the parties who were at the Jones party, of Brixton, two years ago, that Mr. P. was there, and there first introduced to Mary Ann, to whom he instantly began to direct particular attentions, dancing with her no less than six sets that evening, and handing her things, at supper, in the most devoted manner. From that period commenced the intimacy between them which terminated in this morning's catastrophe.

Poor Pinckney had barely attained to his twenty-eighth year; but there is reason to believe, that, but for reasons of a pecuniary na-

ture, his single life would have earlier come to an untimely end. A change for the better, however, having occurred in his circumstances, the young lady's friends were induced to sanction his addresses, and thus to become accessories to the course for which he had just suffered.

The unhappy man passed the last night of his bachelor existence in his solitary chamber. From half past eight to ten he was busily engaged in writing letters. Shortly after ten o'clock his younger brother Henry, knocked at the door, when the doomed youth told him in a firm voice to come in. On being asked when he meant to go to bed, he replied, "Not yet." The question was then put to him, how he should sleep, to which his answer was, "I don't know." He then expressed a desire for a cigar and a glass of grog, which were supplied him. His brother, who sat down and partook of the like refreshment, now demanded if he would want any thing more that night. He said—"Nothing," in a firm voice. His affectionate brother then rose to leave, when the devoted one considerably advised him to take care of himself.

Precisely at a quarter of a minute to seven the next morning, the victim of Cupid having been called according to his desire, rose and promptly dressed himself. He had the self-control to shave himself without the slightest injury; for not even a scratch upon his chin appeared after the operation. It would seem that he had devoted a longer time to his toilet than usual.

The wretched individual was attired in a light blue dress coat, with frosted metal buttons, and white waistcoat, nankeen trousers, with patent leather boots. He wore round his neck a variegated satin scarf, which partially concealed the corazza in his bosom. In front of the scarf was inserted a breastpin of very conspicuous dimensions. Having descended the staircase with a quick step, he entered the apartment where his brother and a few friends were awaiting him. He shook hands cordially with all present, and on being asked how he had slept, answered, "Very well," and, to the further demands as to his state of mind, he said "he felt happy."

One of the party having hereupon suggested that it would be as well to take some thing before the melancholy ceremony was gone through, he exclaimed, with some emphasis, "Decidedly."

Breakfast was accordingly served, when he ate the whole of a French roll, a large round of toast, two sausages, and three new laid eggs, which he washed down with two great breakfast cups of tea. In reply to an expression of astonishment on the part of a person present, at his appetite, he declared he never felt it heartier in his life.

Having inquired the time, and ascertained that it was ten minutes to eleven, he remarked, that "it would soon be over." His brother then inquired if he could do anything for him, when he said he should like a glass of ale. Having drunk this he appeared satisfied.

The fatal moment now approaching, he devoted the remaining brief portion of his time to distribute among his friends those little articles which he would soon no longer want. To one he gave his cigar case, to another his tobacco stopper; and charged his brother Henry with his latch key, with instructions to deliver it after all was over, with due solemnity, to his landlady.

The clock at length struck eleven, and at the same moment he was informed that a cab was at the door. He merely said, "I am ready," and allowed himself to be conducted to the vehicle, into which he got in with his brother, his friends following in two others.

Arrived at the tragical spot, a short but anxious delay of some seconds took place, after which they were joined by the lady, with her friends. Little was said on either side; but Miss Gale, with her customary decorum, shed tears. Pinckney endeavored to preserve a composure; but a slight twitching of his mouth and eyebrows proclaimed his inward agitation.

The ill starred bachelor having submitted quietly to have a large white bow pinned to his button hole, now walked side by side with Miss Gale, with a firm step to the altar. He surveyed the imposing preparation with calmness, and gazed, unmoved, on the clergyman, who, assisted by the clerk, was waiting behind the railings.

All requisite preliminaries having now been settled, and the prescribed melancholy formalities gone through, the usual question was put; "Wilt thou have this woman for thy wife?" to which the rash youth replied, in a distinct voice, "I will." He then put the fatal ring upon Miss Gale's finger;—the hymenial noose was adjusted; and the poor fellow was launched into—matrimony.—*London Punch.*

RUM AND ITS RESULTS. It is stated that the present number of distilleries in the United States, is ten thousand four hundred; these distil more than forty-one millions of gallons annually. At twenty cents per gallon, the value of the above would be over eight million of dollars. As the result of this sale, it is estimated that there are four millions of quarels—half a million of assaults and batteries—one hundred thousand thefts—eight hundred suicides, and about one hundred murders—all in a single year.

SHERRY WINE. Sherry is so much the most important of the wines made in Spain, that the wines made in that country has rela-

ted almost wholly to this variety. The name is derived from Xeres, a town in the centre of the wine district. This is a small town near Gibraltar, but deemed one of the richest in Spain in relation to its population, owing to the vast trade carried on in wine. A few years ago, there was said to be a Scotch firm at Xeres who dealt largely in wine, and whose cellars at that place were enormous, the extreme length of the largest being more than three hundred feet, and the breadth two hundred. Their ordinary stock kept on hand, was stated at four thousand butts, kept in casks of various sizes, holding from one to four butts each. Many other firms possess ranges of wine cellars, nearly or quite as large; and indeed the cellars constitute the principle buildings of Xeres.

The lowest priced sherries are often brought from Malaga, which produces a wine, not in fact sherry at all; but they are sent to Xeres, and there "doctored" so as to pass for the wines of that district. All such wines have brandy added to them, to increase the strength. There is even a still further system of compounding different liquors together, to make up the saleable sherry; for there is a very dry kind of sherry of a very light color, which is used to reduce the color of sherries when too high; in the same manner as boiled wine is used to lighten the color when, too pale.

BURIED TREASURE. A singular case of a removal of the deposits happened some time since in the town of Beverly. An aged lady of that place was desirous of possessing a lot of land which had been contracted for by two of her grandchildren, but who readily gave it up as it joined the old lady's farm. As the time approached for payment, she was reminded that if she wished to secure the purchase, the money must be forthcoming. She requested her grandsons to take her to her farmhouse, which they did. She then called for a crowbar, and pointing to the side of the old chimney she directed them to remove the bricks. The young men set themselves diligently to work, and on digging away the bricks and mortar found a hoard containing eleven hundred dollars, in hard money! The old lady then declared that she placed the money there and plastered it up with her own hands at the time of the Revolutionary war. During all this period of sixty-one years she retained the secret in her own breast, proving beyond all cavil that some women can keep a secret, and a long time too.

Had she let it accumulate at compound interest she would have had the pretty little sum of thirty thousand dollars. The simple interest would have amounted to \$4,026.

WASHINGTON. Why was he great? Because he was firm in performing what he considered his duty. No entreaties could move, no threats could frighten him from performing it, however unpleasant. The case of Andre is an illustration.

Why was he patriotic? Because he sacrificed every thing for his country. Self in consideration with it was but a secondary object; he was ever ready to plead for her rights, and to stretch forth his strong arm in her defence.

Why was he good? Because he was a christian. Who but a christian would retire alone in the depths of winter, to the solitary wilds of the hills around Valley Forge, and pour out his soul in earnest supplication to the Throne of Grace, in behalf of his suffering country? Who but a christian would treat those in his power with delicacy, and even deferential respect? Washington's treatment of Cornwallis and his army, is an example. All that is great, noble, generous, and good, was exemplified in Washington.

ABOUT DISCOURAGED. "Well, I am about discouraged. I have tried and tried to get an honest living, but cannot succeed, and now I am at a loss what to do." Poor fellow! you deserve our pity for your lack of persevering industry, if nothing more. You have not managed right, if you have tried as often as you say—this we know. Good habits, coupled with energy, never led a man down the hill of despondency. For awhile, we grant, the best of men may see dark prospects before them, but these soon vanish.

What have you done with your money? Look back on the past and tell us. Have you not squandered it away—a great part of it at least—for trifles? Have you not been altogether too careless of your loose change? Add up the thousand sixpences and coppers that have slipped through your fingers, and you will see a catalogue of folly that you little dream of. No wonder, then, that you are half discouraged. Who would not be, if he had debts to pay and squandered the very money due his creditors, on parties of pleasure—in attending places of amusement, and in purchasing a thousand useless articles, to gratify pride and vitiated taste? Live as you ought—begin a new life—save what you earn, and be economical in all things, and, our word for it, you will never again hang your head in discouragement.

A LONG BEARD. The longest beard recorded in history was that of John Mayo, painter to the Emperor Charles V. Though he was a tall man, it is said that his beard was of a length he could tread upon it. He was very vain of his beard, and usually fastened it with a ribbon to his button-hole; and sometimes he would untie it, by the command of the Emperor, who took great delight in seeing the wind blow it in the faces of his courtiers.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 24, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 53, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

A little of the "Rhino" is much needed at this Office; will those indelible step up and plank the "dust"? and thus keep the wheel in motion.

REWARD OF PERSISTENCE. The old adage that "practice makes perfect," is often verified in this country by those whose taste for an art or science leads them to explore all its hidden mysteries and draw out those truths which before lay dormant and unknown. But seldom have we realized in so sensible a manner the truth of the above motto as while we were examining and admiring a variety of Family Records which were designed and executed by that artist, R. Gilbert, who is known to us all as a successful teacher of writing. We hesitate not in saying that they are seldom equalled in this country. The bold designs and masterly strokes of the pen are peculiarly original as he seldom copies. In an age like this, when humbug and pretension are the order of the day, true excellence, whether it be found in the arts or sciences, should meet with a reward suitable to its meritorious requirements. Although this is not always the case, still we are satisfied that as a general rule, the good sense of the public will reward that excellence which is worthy of it, and if perseverance and industry accompanied by a generous effort to benefit mankind at large as well as himself, are worthy of encouragement, we hesitate not in saying that the above named artist will reap a reward in the end.

COUNTY TREASURER'S REPORT. The following statement exhibits the receipts and expenditures of the County of Norfolk, from January 1st, 1845, to January 1st, 1846.

RECEIVED AS FOLLOWS:—
Balance of County Tax, \$16,006 68
Amount received of E. W. Sampson, Clerk, one-third of costs, 152 63
From J. N. E. Mann, jailor, one-third of costs, 32 50
Out-laned, one-third of costs, 1 89
From the State Treasurer, pauper amount, 260 00

Whole amount of County Tax for 1845, \$16,453 70
Dedham, Jan. 24, 1846.

PAID AS FOLLOWS:—
Jailors, \$3,032 58
Keeper of Jail and House of Correction, 2,223 05
Sheriff and his Deputies, 754 33
Clerk of the Courts, 283 10
Coroners, 10 50
Constables, for serving venires, 167 78
Crier, 106 00
Damages and construction of Roads, 973 40
Stationery, Books, etc., 329 15
Fuel, 355 04
County and Special Commissioners, 931 12
Examiners, 22 80
Overseers of the House of Correction, 36 00
Physician to Jail and House of Correction, 30 00
Repairs of County Buildings, 589 89
Miscellaneous, 287 65
Criminal Prosecutions, 1,404 26
Treasurer, 400 00

JOHN BULLARD, County Treasurer.
Dedham, Jan. 24, 1846.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. As yet the General Court has not done much business of interest, having been engaged in its preliminary organization. The Committees are now appointed in both branches, the Message of the Governor appropriately referred, as well as a large number of petitions, one-half of which relate to railroads.

Among the orders of inquiry submitted were these—
That a select committee inquire into the expediency of so altering the Constitution, that on the years of the election for the electors of President and Vice President, the annual State election shall take place on the same day;

That the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of so altering the laws that a plurality shall elect in all cases;

The committee on railways, that all railroads hereafter chartered, be required to be constructed over or under the public roads which they may cross.

Among the petitions presented, is one signed by a Traverse Jury of Norfolk county and Chief Justice Wells, that there be established an institution for juvenile offenders in this country.

FOREIGN NEWS. The steamer Hibernia arrived at Boston on Friday morning. The news is not so important a character as was anticipated. It confirms, however, the rumor that the Peel ministry had resigned; Lord John Russell was solicited by the Queen to form a new one, which he attempted but failed, whereupon Sir Robert Peel was invited to again assume the place he had vacated, and was busily engaged in forming a ministry.

The English papers are moderate in tone with respect to the President's Message on the Oregon subject, and this is probably owing to the attention directed to the resignation and formation of a ministry. The next arrival may bring us the discussion on Oregon, etc., that will indicate the course the English government intends to maintain.

ALBERT J. TIRRELL. This individual, arrested in New Orleans as the supposed murderer of Mrs. Maria A. Beckford, in Boston, several weeks since, is now on his return, in charge of the officers who went after him.

Capt John Youenes, of New Orleans, has petitioned the Common Council of Boston, for the reward offered for the apprehension of the above named individual.

PROSPERITY OF MASSACHUSETTS. By the returns of the assessors of the various cities and towns of Massachusetts, made to the Legislature, it is found that the produce of the manufactures of the State, for the last year, amounted to ninety million of dollars; of the whale, cod, and mackerel fisheries, eleven million nine hundred thousand dollars; and of agricultural products twenty-three million dollars; making a grand total of one hundred and twenty-three million nine hundred thousand dollars. In the manufacturing products are included the vessels built.

The amount of articles produced in other States, consumed in Massachusetts, is estimated at forty-two million dollars.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT. The Peak family are to give a concert this evening, in this place, at the Town Hall. Their performances are warmly praised by the public journals, and, indeed, we have heard their former entertainments, in this town, mentioned in the highest terms of praise, by those who attended. Call and hear them to-night.

RECEPTION AT HOME. On the arrival of C. J. McNulty, late Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, at Mount Vernon, (Ohio,) after his trial on the charge of embezzling the public moneys and acquittal, at Washington, (D. C.) he received a salute of thirty-six rounds, and was escorted to the Court House, where he returned his thanks for the popular demonstration in a lengthy speech.

"THE FLAG OF OUR UNION." This is the title of a new hebdomadal, of large dimensions, published at F. Gleason's, No. 112 Tremont Row, Boston. It is designed as a literary and miscellaneous publication, and is to be embellished with engravings. The first number makes a truly splendid appearance, and commands itself to the public patronage. Terms, two dollars per annum, payable in advance.

CONGRESS. Since our last paper, the Oregon question has been further debated in the House, but the death of Hon. William Taylor, a member from Virginia, led to an adjournment of several days. In the Senate a bill has been introduced to repeal the duty on salt, and the granting of certain bounties to fishing vessels, which was read and referred.

Much of the time of the Senate has been spent on executive business with closed doors.

POSTPONEMENT. The auction sale of wood, which was advertised for last Thursday, has been adjourned to next Tuesday, as will be observed by the advertisement.

"THE BRANDED HAND." It is announced in the Boston Liberator that Capt. Jonathan Walker will lecture in this town, on Monday evening, February ninth, on the subject of slavery. A call is made upon those interested in the cause here, to make the necessary arrangements.

The Boston Ploughman says there is a girl in Leominster, (Mass.) only twelve years of age, who weighs upwards of three hundred pounds. Her parents are not above the middle size.

The Governor of Illinois has refused to permit the State militia to execute the warrants against the Twelve Elders of the Mormon Church, for counterfeiting United States coin, until demanded by the President of the United States.

The French and English continue hostilities against the Republic of Buenos Ayres. Their forces are under the command of an Italian outlaw. They have recently pillaged the city of Gualeguaychu, and committed barbarities unknown in civilized warfare. The Boston Times truly remarks, that it is time that this foreign interference was checked.

A general convention of the friends of Peace is to be held in Providence, (R. I.) on Tuesday and Wednesday next.

Reuben Rowley, of Wrentham, who stated that he was robbed, last summer, on board a New York steamer, of twenty-eight thousand dollars, and who had been confined, for some time past, in the State Lunatic Asylum, at Worcester, on the suspicion of insanity, made his escape from that institution on Friday morning of last week. A few days after he was found at his home, in Wrentham, and re-conducted to the hospital.

The New York Board of Aldermen have been greeted with a Message from the Mayor, referring to the threatening aspect of our foreign relations, and recommending that the city be fortified. The Message, together with a resolution on the same subject, was referred to a Special Committee.

An application has been made to the Massachusetts Legislature, by Newell A. Thompson, and E. M. P. Wells, and others, for the incorporation of a Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, with power to hold real estate to the value of one hundred thousand dollars.

The annual meeting of the New England Fourier Society, will be held in Boston on Tuesday next at ten o'clock in the forenoon. A general attendance of the friends of Association is earnestly requested.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will be held in Boston on Wednesday next.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

A man recently lost two thousand one hundred dollars in one of the "respectable" gambling hells in New York city.

The farms of Belgium rarely exceed five acres, which support a family comfortably. Barley and hops are prominent articles of production—of breweries there are about three thousand.

A jury of inquest, in Ohio, lately sat upon the case of a man drowned while in a state of intoxication, and brought in a verdict as follows: "Died from mixing too much water with his liquor."

Moses Y. Beach, of the New York Sun is estimated to be worth three hundred thousand dollars; James G. Bennett, of the Herald, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and Augustus Cavena, a hair dresser, one hundred thousand dollars.

The highest subscription to the Jackson Equestrian Statue, is that of Hon. Marcus Morton, who gave one hundred dollars.

In 1750 a celebrated naturalist followed a butterfly nine miles before he could catch him.

An iron house, eighty-two by fifty feet, has been erected at Philadelphia, for some manufacturing purpose. The walls and floors are of cast iron, the rafters of wrought bars, and the roof of plate.

Thirty-four of the most distinguished poets have lived, on an average, forty-eight and a half years.

In round numbers, fourteen thousand persons have been supported or relieved as paupers in the Commonwealth, the past year, at the enormous cost of more than three hundred thousand dollars.

The annual convention of the Liberty Party in Massachusetts, will be held in Boston, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to take measures for the extension of their principles, the furtherance of their objects, to nominate the liberty candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, for the year, ensuing, and to transact such other business as the interests of the party may require.

Were an editor an angel, and were he to wield a quill from Gabriel's pinion, clarified in the oil of eternal love, and dipped in the ink of sanctified humility and kindness, yet he could not please all his readers!

Mrs. Van Valkenburg, who was lately convicted before the Circuit Court in Fulton county, (N. Y.) of having murdered her husband, by administering poison, is sentenced to be hanged this day, (January twenty-fourth.) Application has been made in vain for a commutation of punishment.

A new daily newspaper has made its appearance in Boston. It is edited by Eliza Wright, Jr., and is called the "Chronotype," to be issued at noon. It is devoted to the typewriter.

Eleven thousand of the ladies of Philadelphia have petitioned the Legislature, that the question of granting tavern licenses may be left to a vote of the people in their several districts.

The House of Representatives of Pennsylvania have passed resolutions declaring our title to Oregon good to the parallel of fifty-four degrees forty minutes.

The special election in the First Congressional District of Louisiana, in place of Hon. John Slidell, resigned, resulted in the choice, by a large majority, of Emile La Sere, (dem.)

Rumors are afloat that Great Britain, France, and Spain, have been plotting to erect Mexico into a kingdom, and place upon the throne a son of Louis Philippe.

At a town meeting in Cambridge, called for the purpose of considering the expediency of applying to the Legislature for a city charter, it was voted, by a large majority of those present, to petition for a charter, and a committee of nine were chosen to draw a bill.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives of Indiana, by a vote of sixty-three to twenty, that gives to the jury, in cases of capital crimes, a discretionary power of finding that the prisoner be placed at solitary confinement in the State Prison for life, or that he be hung.

A Vermont was recently done out of one dollar and seventy-five cents, in New York city, by some sharpers, who met him as he left the boat, and charged him a dollar for his entrance into the city, and seventy-five cents more for coming through the big gate of the Park. After that they demanded fifty cents of him, for some other thing, but the countryman refused to shell over, and indignantly asked them if they thought he was green.

The "Protestant Telegraph and European Intelligence" is the title of a new weekly paper, just started in Boston, by Messrs. Dow & Browne. The paper is a handsome quarto sheet, and is intended to be the organ of foreign born Protestants. It is published at one dollar a volume of twenty-six numbers.

One half hour before breakfast, every morning, is time enough to make a great man of him before he is forty, if the youth will only improve it right. Every man, however hurried in business, can most always find time to eat three meals a day. Every mind should be fed as often, and then there will be time enough to get rich in besides, if you have that desire.

It has been decided by the General Court of Virginia, at its present session, that the mere inability of a jury to agree, was not such a necessity as warranted their discharge; and in the case before them in which a jury, on a criminal trial, had been so discharged, the prisoner was ordered to be freed from custody.

It is said that the Grand Jury of the United States District Court, sitting at Springfield, (Ill.) have found twelve indictments, most of them against the leading men in the Mormon Church, for counterfeiting the coin of the United States.

Monday, the second day of February, is appointed for the eighth trial in the ninth Congressional District of this State.

Education is not merely the learning which lingers in the brain. It is the discipline of the mind and the heart—developing their capacities, strengthening their powers, and training them to practical usefulness.

Children should be learned to think—to discriminate—to feel the conscious power of cultivated intellect, and the purifying and elevating influence of moral principle.

We want in high public stations more men who have been trained to maturity amid the scenes of ordinary life.

A strange story is told the plot of which is located in Charleston; a husband told his wife he was going to the theatre, but returned sooner than was expected; on retiring to bed his wife complained of being unwell, and desired him to get her a little brandy; he dressed himself and went out after the liquor; when he came to pay for it, as he supposed with a 'quarter,' the dealer gave him \$4.75 in change; on searching his pockets he found about two hundred dollars in gold—and then ascertained that he had got into the wrong pantalons!

The elevated and honorable station occupied now by that most valuable of medical preparations called the Health Restorative, has by its remarkable virtues, solely been obtained. The diseases so promptly cured by it, are above all others the most virulent and abhorring. To see the tender and beloved object of our cares suffering under their influence and drawing near to expected death, is surely the most heart-rending of all spectacles. The benign visit of the Restorative calms the storm of affliction, and raises the star of hope, and when this remedy has fulfilled its office the cure is effected, and we can in reality see, feel, and embrace those who before we had in mind well nigh given up as near to death.

NOTICES.

To the Lovers of Sacred Music.

The singers to the paper proposing meetings for improvement in singing, and all others favorable to that object, are requested to meet at the Hall known as the Temperance Reading Room, TO-MORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, to make suitable arrangements. A full attendance is desired.

The Union Meeting of the two boards of Officers of the Washington and Total Abstinence Societies, will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, over Mr. Gill's Bookstore, next MONDAY EVENING, at half past six o'clock. T. KELLOGG, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock. T. KELLOGG, Sec.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock. All persons are invited to attend.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSON.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption. The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Bichon of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that relief in vain, from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balm has cured and will cure, the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchanan's Hungarian Balm of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

Sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health. Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.
Agents—A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Whiton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

MARRIED.

In Dorchester, 15th inst., Mr. David A. F. Beale to Mrs. Susanna Briggs, both of Stoughton.
In Pawtucket, R. I. 12th inst., Mr. John C. Dodge, Jr., of Dodgeville, Mass., to Miss Elizabeth D., daughter of Pardon Jenks, Esq., of Pawtucket.
In Boston, 15th inst., by Rev. Dr. Vinton, Mr. Edwin H. Savil, formerly of this town, to Miss Eleanor A. Forrester.
In Cohasset, 14th inst., by Rev. Mr. Babcock, Mr. William Creed to Miss Sarah Jane Kent.

DIED.

In Dorchester, 15th inst., Mary, widow of Mr. Be's Hery, aged 72; 12th inst., Mrs. Lois W., wife of Mr. John F. Pierce, aged 47; 3d inst., Joanna, daughter of the late Edward Foster.
In Roxbury, 14th inst., Mr. George & Blaisdel, aged 32.

Notice.

Messrs HARVEY FIELD and NATHANIEL WILD hereby forbid all persons from cutting Wood from the Hunt Lot who have not paid according to the terms of sale.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

House for Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale his House, with one fourth of an acre of Land, situated on South Street, and near Quincy Point. The house has been built about two years, contains six rooms on the first floor, and a large attic. Attached to the house is a convenient Shed and other outbuildings. Inquire on the premises.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 4w
WILLIAM HAYDEN.

The Peake Family,
ASSISTED BY
J. R. HECTOR,
Formerly of the Rainer Family,
WILL GIVE A
MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT,
AT THE TOWN HALL IN QUINCY,
This evening, Jan. 24th,
Commencing at 7 1/4 o'clock.
For particulars see Programmes. Tickets 12 1/2 cents each, to be had at the door.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Cape Lost.
LOST, somewhere near School Street, a black Alpaca CLOAK CAPE, trimmed with fringe; whoever finds it will oblige the owner by leaving it at THIS OFFICE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Sale of Wood Postponed.
ON account of the severe cold on Thursday last, the sale of WOOD standing on land recently belonging to Daniel Greenleaf, Esq., lying southerly of the house of Nathaniel M. Bean, was postponed to TUESDAY next, at two o'clock in the afternoon. Conditions at the time of sale.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

New Books.
MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D.
Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.
Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.
The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.
Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition.
New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Straw and Florence Bonnets
Selling at Cost.
THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of
STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,
will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w
S. S. MARSH.

Notice of Removal.
JOHN RUSSELL,
TAILOR,
WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at
RUSSELL & Co's
Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,
In Mr. Souther's new Block,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.
N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

—ALSO—
A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible PROFIT.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Books, Books at Auction.
TO be sold at public auction, at W. M. FRENCH'S FURNITURE ROOM, on
SATURDAY EVENING next,
to be continued every Saturday evening until further notice,
A LARGE COLLECTION OF
New, Valuable, Standard and Miscellaneous BOOKS.

In the various Departments of Literature, comprising a splendid and extensive assortment of several hundred Volumes, many of them CHOICE WORKS. There are a great many valuable Works, in fine bindings, and all warranted Perfect. Ladies and gents can examine them on each day of sale, and can have Books at private sale, at fair auction prices.
Sale to commence at six o'clock.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Great Bargains
CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE
QUINCY
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a LESS PRICE than ever before offered, or have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to
E. PACKARD.
N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailoring department, is without a rival. Cutting and making a garment. Quincy, Jan. 24.

Quincy Canal.
THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers stands adjourned to MONDAY EVENING, the 26th inst., at half past six o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy.
JOSHUA BRIGHAM, Clerk.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Notice.
PROPOSALS will be received by the subscribers until the 28th inst., for furnishing Stone and building 255 feet of good face Wall and foundation for the same, on the westerly side of the Burying Ground, said Wall to be eighteen inches thick, four feet high, and capped with stone not less than six feet in length. For further information, inquire of either of the undersigned.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSON.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 2w

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



IN the hope to obtain relief where it seems denied to the sick, we lay hold on straws like drowning men. Thus it is that thousands are the quicker hurried on to the yawning grave in consequence of catching these false floats that are not able to sustain them, and they sink. Remember, then, while in apparent health, that if you are taken sick with predisposing symptoms of diseased lungs, or with a marked attack of real Cough, Cold, Liver Complaint, Consumption, or Pain in the Chest and Side, that you can find relief and cure by the prompt use of Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative. Give it your confidence, use it fairly and in accordance with the prescribed directions and your help is certain without even a shadow of doubt, by the favor of Heaven. Permit no whims of friends or relatives to keep you from the determination of using the Restorative. In spite of all opposition obtain some of it, and secretly even if you must, but boldly if you can, use it faithfully and honestly with justice to your own case, and to the credit of the medicine. The result will warrant to reach and even exceed our best anticipations. We plead with the sick to try this remedy; we are anxious that all should share in its happy effects, and we are urged to it solely by the promptings of the philanthropic motive of aiding the suffering. Never give up your case as hopeless while Mr. Brinckerhoff's Restorative is yet untried—in that we confidently predict a banishment or even a pre-emption of Consumptive disease. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
508 Broome Street, New York.
AGENTS.
Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple, Washington Street.
BRAINTREE, JUDSON STODDARD.
Weymouth, ELI THAYER.
Jan. 24.

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.
C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Washing and Ironing

DONE in the neatest manner at the residence of Mr. John Davis, near Neponset Bridge, by Mrs. J. DAVIS.
TERMS—Transient, per dozen, 75 cents.
Three months do, 50 do.
Rough dry do, 31 do.
Dresses Excepted.
Reference can be given if necessary, as she has washed for a number of families in Neponset.
Mr. Davis will take and return clothes within three miles of Neponset without extra charge.
Mr. Davis is lame of the palsy and unable to work, consequently dependent upon the labors of his wife.
P. S. The reduced terms apply to those only who give their whole family washing.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3w

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Pope & Penniman, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 23d of Nov. last.
OZIAS M. POPE,
JAMES T. PENNIMAN.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3w

In Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of
SILVANUS THAYER, JR.,
of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be holden at the Office of Aaron Prescott, Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.
By order of said Master in Chancery.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Assignee.
Jan. 17. 2w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, Jan. 14th, 1846.
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

OTIS ALLEN,

of Quincy, in said County, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.
The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of Assignees.
By order of said Master.
SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. Jff., Messenger.
Jan. 17. 2w

Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors to the estate of

JAMES ARNOLD,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, butcher, deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from the twenty-ninth day of November last, are allowed said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that they will attend to that service at the house of Daniel Baxter, in said Quincy, on the FIRST TUESDAY of January, March and May next, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days, where creditors are requested to present and prove their claims.
DANIEL BAXTER,

House for Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale his
House, with one fourth of an acre of
Land, situated on South Street, and near
Quincy Point. The house has been built
about two years, contains six rooms on the first floor,
and a large attic. Attached to the house is a conven-
ient shed and other outbuildings. Inquire on the
premises.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 4w
WILLIAM HAYDEN.

The Peake Family,
ANNOUNCED BY
J. R. HECTOR,
Formerly of the Rainer Family,
WILL GIVE A
MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT,
AT THE TOWN HALL IN QUINCY,
This evening, Jan. 24th,
Commencing at 7 1/4 o'clock.
For particulars see Programme. Tickets 12 1/2
cents each, to be had at the door.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Cape Lost.
LOST, somewhere near School Street, a black
Alpacas CLOAK CA, trimmed with fringe;
whoever finds it will oblige the owner by leaving it
at THIS OFFICE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Sale of Wood Postponed.
ON account of the severe cold on Thursday last,
the sale of WOOD standing on land recently
belonging to Daniel Greenleaf, Esq., lying southerly
of the house of Nathaniel M. Bean, was postponed to
TUESDAY next, at two o'clock in the afternoon.
Conditions at the time of sale.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

New Books.
MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his
brother, John Ware, M. D.
Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects,
by Henry Ward Beecher.
Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and
Suffering.
The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious develop-
ment of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.
Dances of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Re-
vised edition.
New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New
York. First and Second Series.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Straw and Florence Bonnets
Selling at Cost.
THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remain-
der of her old stock of
STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,
will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply
themselves cheap.
S. S. MARSH.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Notice of Removal.
JOHN RUSSELL,
TAILOR,
WOULD inform his former friends and the
public, that he has removed from his old stand
at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at
RUSSELL & Co's
Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,
In Mr. South's new Block,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.
N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on
hand a good assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.
—ALSO—
A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS,
VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of
which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible
PROFIT.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Books, Books at Auction.
TO be sold at public auction, at W. M. FRENCH'S
FURNITURE ROOM, on
SATURDAY EVENING next,
to be continued every Saturday evening until
further notice,
A LARGE COLLECTION OF
New, Valuable, Standard and Miscel-
laneous BOOKS,
In the various Departments of Literature, compris-
ing a splendid and extensive assortment of several
hundred Volumes, many of them CHOICE WORKS.
There are a great many valuable Works, in fine
bindings, and all warranted Perfect. Ladies and
gentlemen can examine them on every day of the week, and can
have Books at private sale, at fair auction prices.
Sale to commence at six o'clock.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Great Bargains
CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE
QUINCY
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE.
THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings
this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a
LESS PRICE than ever before, should call and have them
Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style,
can be accommodated at short notice by applying to
E. PACKARD.
N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailor-
ing department, is without a rival at Cutting and
making a garment.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Quincy Canal.
THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quincy Canal
are hereby notified, that their annual meeting
for the choice of Officers stands adjourned to MON-
DAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at half past six
o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy.
JOSEPH BRIGHAM, Clerk.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1w

Notice.
PROPOSALS will be received by the subscribers
until the 25th inst., for furnishing Stone and
building 255 feet of good face Wall and foundation for
the same, on the westerly side of the Burying Ground,
said Wall to be eighteen inches thick, four feet high,
and capped with stone not less than six feet in length,
For further information, inquire of either of the
undersigned.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSON.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 2w

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



IN the hope to obtain relief where it seems denied to
the sick, we lay hold on straws like drowning
men. Thus it is that thousands are the quicker hur-
ried on to the yawning grave in consequence of
catching those false floes that are not able to sustain
them, and they sink. Remember, then, while in ap-
parent health, that if you are taken sick with pre-
disposing symptoms of diseased lungs, or with a marked
attack of real Cough, Cold, Liver Complaint, Con-
sumption, or Pain in the Chest and Side, that you can
find relief and cure by the prompt use of Brinckerhoff's
Health Restorative. Give it your confidence, use it
fearly and in accordance with the prescribed directions
and your help is certain without even a shadow of
doubt, by the favor of Heaven. Permit no whims of
friends or relatives to keep you from the determina-
tion of using the Restorative. In spite of all opposi-
tion obtain some of it, and secretly even if you must,
but boldly if you can, use it faithfully and honestly
with justice to your own case, and to the credit of the
medicine. The result we will warrant to reach and
even exceed our best anticipations. We plead with
the sick to try this remedy, we are anxious that all
should share in its happy effects, and we are urged to
it solely by the promptings of the philanthropic mo-
tive of aiding the sufferer. Never give up your case
as hopeless while Mr. Brinckerhoff's Restorative is
yet untried—in that we confidently predict a banish-
ment or even a pre-emption of Consumptive disease.
The following certificate is from Dr. Clifton, the well
known New York chemist.
"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C.
Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it
does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic prepa-
ration, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed
of vegetable matter entirely."
JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
508 Broome Street, New York.
AGENTS.
Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple,
Washington Street.
BRAINERD, JULIAN STODDARD.
Weymouth, ELI THAYER.
Jan. 24. 5w

NOTICE.
I hereby notify the public that HORACE EV-
ERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that
I have no connection with him, nor have any
thing to do with any pills which he may offer to
the public, called the Health Restorative
Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.
C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Washing and Ironing
DONE in the neatest manner at the residence of
Mr. John Davis, near Noneset Bridge, by Mrs.
J. Davis.
TERMS—Transient, per dozen, 75 cents.
Three months do. 50 do.
Rough dry 31 do.
Dresses Excepted.
Reference can be given if necessary, as she has
washed for a number of families in Noneset.
Mr. Davis will take and return clothes within three
miles of Noneset without extra charge.
Mr. Davis is lame of the palsy and unable to work,
consequently dependent upon the labors of his wife.
P. S. The reduced terms apply to those only who
give their whole family washing.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3w

Dissolution.
THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between
the subscribers, under the firm of Pope & Pen-
niman, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 23d
of Nov. last.
OZIAS M. POPE,
JAMES T. PENNIMAN.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3w

In Insolvency.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has
been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of
SELYANUS THAYER, JR.,
of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, Trader,
an insolvent debtor; and that said debtor will be
examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transac-
tions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his
allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolv-
ency, to be holden at the Office of Aaron Prescott,
Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND
MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the
afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove
their claims against his estate.
By order of said Master in Chancery,
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Assignee.
Jan. 17. 2w

Insolvent Notice.
NORFOLK ss. Milton, Jan. 14th, 1846.
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in
Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the es-
tate of
OTIS ALLEN,
of Quincy, in said County, Blacksmith, an insolvent
debtor, the payment of debts and the delivery of
property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any
property by him, are forbidden by law.
The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to
appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the
office of said Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said
County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of
debts and the choice of an Assignee of Assignees.
By order of said Master
SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. J., Messenger.
Jan. 17. 2w

Commissioners' Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have
been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Prob-
ate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to re-
ceive and examine the claims of the creditors to the
estate of
JAMES ARNOLD,
late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, butcher,
deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from
the twenty-ninth day of November last, are allowed
said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and
that they will attend to that service at the house of
Daniel Baxter, in said Quincy, on the FIRST TUES-
DAY of January, March and May next, from two to
five o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days,
where creditors are requested to present and prove
their claims.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Commissioners.
ELIJAH BAXTER, }
Quincy, Dec. 29. 8w

C. P. Hinds,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 46 Court Street, Boston.
May 11. 1f

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.
HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be
found, all the articles usually comprising an
Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her
variety of
MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick,
which she offers for sale at fair prices.

**LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE
BOTTLES AND TUBES.**
Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.
Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, etc.
Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Hammer's COUGH CANDY.
Howard's Canker Syrup;
Ellis' Volturnus Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters
Aywood's Juvenile Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTH ACHE DROPS;
Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.
The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.
Quincy, Oct. 18. 1f

List of Letters
Remaining in the Noneset Village Post Office,
Jan. 1, 1846.
A O
Atkinson, George A. Olmstead, Bradley H.
B P
Beau, L. O. Perry, Leonard
C P
Chaplin, Samuel Preston, Edward
D R
Dolan, John Roach, Morris C.
Dunlap, Louisa Robinson, Mrs. Madeline
Duffell, Elizabeth P. Rich, Jedediah C.
F S
Fish, Isaac H. Swan, Rebecca A. G.
G Soule, Mary J.
Gibson, Samuel H. Scavins, Mrs. Sarah L.
H Hill, Amos A. Thurston, Hiram T.
Hayward, John 2 Thurston, H. T.
Kennedy, K Twitchell, John A.
L Michael Y
Lucas, Diana P. Young, Lucinda M. 2
M Wass, Otis
Marshall, Joseph O. PUTNAM BACON, Postmaster.
Jan. 10. 3w

**OPENING OF
Spring and Summer Goods.**
THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends,
and the public generally, to her new stock of
Rich and Fashionable
STRAW BONNETS,
having made such arrangements with the manufac-
turers as will warrant her in saying that her present as-
sortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses
that of any previous season. In addition to the above
splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be
seen a new and beautiful style of
SUMMER RIBBONS,
which having been selected with great care, cannot
but give perfect satisfaction.
—ALSO—
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
FANCY BONNETS
made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, to-
gether with the usual assortment of
Millinery and Fashionable Articles,
CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:
Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars;
Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;
Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimpes, and other Trimmings
for Dresses), Muslins, Laces,
MOURNING GOODS.
Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANSED AND PRESSED in
the best manner, as usual, at short notice.
She would also give notice to those wishing Dress-
es made, that she has a young lady with her who will
attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be
happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at
their own houses or at this establishment.
N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the
Store of
S. S. MARSH,
a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same
building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the
south side. Quincy, May 3. 1f

Eates' Air Tight Cook Stove
DEPOT,
42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.
THE subscriber would invite the attention of all
those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his
vast assortment of
**COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP
STOVES.**
Special attention is solicited to his assortment of
AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,
viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's.
These three in connection with others in store, make
the best assortment to be found in the city.
Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the
popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE
in all its branches.
All who are about commencing house-keeping, as
well as those who would replenish their present stock,
would find it to their advantage to call as above.
REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,
42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.
L. STETSON BATES.
Boston, Dec. 13. 1f

Boston Almanac for 1846,
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Dec. 13. 1f
THE FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1846,
by Robert B. Thomas, for sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Traders supplied at the lowest cash prices.
Quincy, Oct. 25. 1f

The Quincy Bookstore.
HAVING received alterations and improvements,
intended not only to add to its attractiveness,
but also to conduce to the convenience and gratifica-
tion of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF
GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to
which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and
Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by
stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly sup-
plied.

BLANK BOOKS.
The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, togeth-
er with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen
in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WAT-
ER-PROOF. Should any book be ordered which may not
be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprie-
tor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pat-
tern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.
In this department the most perfect satisfaction will
be given. A very large assortment, including, as
are constantly made of new works, which, with a
great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and
Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents
as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous.
Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works,
if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest
notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.
Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and
elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings,
and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. At-
tention is particularly requested to this collection.
They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will
be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.
American, English and French Letter, Drawing and
Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and
price. Foolscap and Pax Paper. Steel Pens from the
best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Col-
ors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand
Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top
for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tis-
sue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber,
Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible
Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with
other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be
sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good as-
sortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.
Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Dover's,
Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, va-
rious sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be of-
fered for sale but such as is known to be of good qual-
ity, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail,
at the lowest market prices.
Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for mak-
ing a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other
Ink Powder.

SLATES,
Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made
with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality.
Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low
rates.

Brushes and Combs.
Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good
assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and
Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.
A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and
Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books,
Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.
Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for
Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.
Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macas-
sar and Anique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Pow-
der, Shaving Cream, Court
Plaster, Cigar Cases,
Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of
articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this
opportunity to present his acknowledgments to the
whole liberality has contributed to its support, and
solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,
Hancock Street, Quincy.
Nov. 8. 1f

New Volumes.
AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIOD-
ICALS will be furnished at subscription prices,
free of postage.
Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be
entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LI-
BRARY.
With the New Year commence new Volumes, of-
fering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to
subscribe. Quincy, Dec. 27. 1f

New Fall Goods.
NOW OPENING
BY
E. R. STOCKWELL,
53 Hanover St., BOSTON.
THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHION-
ABLE
SHAWLS
that can be found in almost any store in this city, com-
prising every kind and quality, from the Highland
for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00.
We have made arrangements with the Importers in
Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly
adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of
new Shawls such as the coming season may require.
We are also now receiving by the Steamers and
Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS,
that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES,
Ortonians, Repts, M. D'Alaine, Alpaca of every
quality, Alpaca, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white
Goods, etc.
—ALSO—
CLOAK STUFFS,
of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter
Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers,
Hosiery, Gloves, etc., all of which will be sold at the
lowest prices, at 56 Hanover Street.
Boston, Sept. 6. 1f

NEW PRINTS, good styles, just received and
for sale by
J. BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 20. 1f

**BROWN'S ALMANAC, POCKET MEM-
ORANDUM AND ACCOUNT BOOK,** for 1846
for sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

The Subscriber
WOULD return his sincere thanks to the liberal
public, for the patronage he has received at
his hands for the last ten years that he has carried
on business, and is happy to inform them that he has
got a
BETTER ASSORTMENT OF GOODS
THAN WAS EVER KEPT IN ANY
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
in any country town, and being well acquainted with
the business of the surrounding neighborhood, and
knowing that the Inhabitants like
GOOD AND RICH GARMENTS,
has laid in a Stock that is NOT TO BE SURPASSED BY
any one in the business.

I have a good assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN & AMERICAN
Surtout and Dress Coat Cloths,
A splendid assortment of Striped, Check and Plain
DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES,
Fancy and Plain VELVETS and SATINS,
and a great variety of Goods, suitable for the season,
that will be made up
As Good, as Cheap, and as Fashionable,
as the wearer can wish for, with the BEST OF TRIM-
MINGS.

As there are a good many common Clothes wanted
in the neighborhood, I would inform that part of the
community, that I have laid in a Large Assortment of
GOODS for that purpose than I have been in the hab-
it of keeping.

I do not say that I will sell cheaper than any one
else, because they that know me know better, and they
likewise know that my Goods

Wear Longer and Better
than they generally get elsewhere. The reason is
easily told, because they have
Good Trimmings and are Well Made,
and that with good stock is sure to wear well.

There is a great deal said about the ONE PRICE
system; I would only repeat that I have always adopted
that practice, and still continue it, and should be
happy to wait on any one that will favor me with a
call, AT MY OLD STAND,
OVER THE STORE OF
JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr.,
ALFRED SHOWELL.
Railway, Milton, Nov. 22. 3m

New Coal and Wood Wharf.
THE subscriber having established himself at the
Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point,
directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to
supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds
of
COAL AND WOOD,
AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
—ALSO—
BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at REDUCED PRICES,
delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.
Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly at-
tended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation
that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to
those who have ordered, that I will WARRANT it as
good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring
coal dealer or any other dealer.
EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy Point, Aug. 23. 1f

Planing and Sawing.
THE subscriber, having taken the Shop of Henry
G. Pratt, adjoining Mr. Williams' Tavern,
would respectfully inform the public that he will be
ready, at all times, to execute the above work.
CHARLES H. EDWARDS.
Quincy, April 12. 1f

Quincy Baggage Wagon.
THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus
Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon,
continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All
orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular at-
tention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.
Orders may be left with him at his residence in
School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In
Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins',
South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard
to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes
to receive a liberal patronage.
JOSHUA FISHER
Quincy, Nov. 11. 1f

Fall and Winter Goods.
"Let another man praise thee and not thine own
mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."
A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a
variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which
will be sold at low prices, viz:
MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal
Blue; Alpacaes, M. de Laines, PRINTS;
Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of
domestic Flannels, Cottons, Varn, etc.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather
SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspend-
ers, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin
SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen
BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.
Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do.; Slippers.
A good assortment of ready made
SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS,
FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.
Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,
which can be made into any style of garment to suit
the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy
DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS,
AND OF
VESTINGS,
EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would
find it to their advantage to give us an early call.
E. PACKARD.
Quincy, Oct. 4. 1f

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the cit-
izens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store
near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends
to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds
of
PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES and FRUITS.
—ALSO—
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.
By careful attention to his business, he hopes to
receive a share of the public patronage.
ELIJAH HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 15. 1f

Wood, Coal, Lime, etc.
THE subscribers have received during the past
week, one freight Hard Pine, landed at Quincy
Canal Wharf, one freight Pine and Hard Wood Slabs,
landed at Jackson's Wharf. A quantity of Bridge-
port Coal, recommended as being superior, is now
on hand. Arrangements have been made to supply Smith's
coal of a superior quality to those who may desire it.
Also—One freight first quality Maple and Oak
WOOD, and a fresh lot of LIME, discharging this day
at Canal Wharf. Another freight of Red Ash Coal
on its passage. Persons wishing to purchase any of the
above, are respectfully invited to call.
Office at the head of Quincy Canal or the house of
C. A. Cummings.
CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN.
Quincy, Sept. 27. 1f

Grocery Store and Restorator.
THE subscriber respectfully announces to the pub-
lic, that he has established himself in business,
in this town, at the cellar under the shop of Mr. Fran-
cis Williams, which has been recently fitted up for
the purpose, where the usual variety of a
GROCERY STORE,
will be found, of every quality, and sold by the retail
at reasonable prices.
In connection, the best of
OYSTERS,
will also be kept and served up in various ways.
Also—May be found PIES, CAKES, CONFECTION-
ERY, NUTS, etc., etc.
As the subscriber desires to meet the wants of and
to accommodate patrons, he hopes to receive a share
of support commensurate with his efforts to serve and
enter for the public.
PETER FOLSON.
Quincy, May 10. 1f

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,
IMPORTER, Wholesale and
Retail dealer in Fine Watches,
Watch Trimmings, Materials,
Tools,
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Gilt, and gilt paper,
Machine Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware,
Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks.
Watches repaired by experienced and faithful
workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washing-
ton Street, Boston. 1f Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select
Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears,
Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for
sale by the subscriber at his nursery in
Braintree.
BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6. 1f

House for Sale.
FOR SALE, in this town, a commodi-
ous dwelling house, pleasantly situat-
ed, on Hancock Street, only a few rods
from the Old Colony Rail Road Depot.
The house contains, on the first floor, four square
rooms, one bed room, and a large sink room,
and wood house attached, four chambers, two bed rooms,
also two finished sleeping rooms in the attic. This
house is thoroughly built, contains every convenience,
a plenty of good water, a carriage house and stable.
There are on the premises about sixty superior young
fruit and ornamental trees, of the choicest kinds, with
grapes, currants, shrubbery, flowers, etc.
The above residence offers one of the best opportu-
nities for a gentleman desiring a handsome home, and
residence. Stages pass to and from the city almost
hourly. In the immediate neighborhood are good
schools, church, etc. For further particulars inquire
at the Hancock House, or on the premises.
EBENEZER UNDERWOOD, JR.
Quincy, Jan. 10. 1f

To Let.
A SMALL, neat two story DWELLING
HOUSE, situated in Noneset Village.
For terms of rent, etc., inquire of
JOHN SPEAR, JR.
Noneset, Jan. 10. 3w

To Let.
ONE half of a House in Quincy, near
Noneset Bridge. For further particu-
lars inquire on the premises of
JOHN DAVIS.
Quincy, Jan. 10. 3w

A Farm for Sale.
A VALUABLE FARM of
110 acres of excellent
Land, pleasantly situated in
the centre of Canton, Norfolk
County, 14 miles south of Boston, and
within ten or fifteen minutes walk of the Canton Dep-
ot, on the Boston and Providence Railroad; and
some from the South Canton Depot, on the Stoughton
Branch Railroad. The Cuts run several times a day
on each of these roads to and from Boston, on the
latter an early train to, and a late train from the city;
which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing
business in the city, who are desirous of securing to
themselves a Summer residence in the country within
forty minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well
watered with never failing Springs, and divided into
Mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice
fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland within one
fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing
several large manufacturing establishments; among
which are the Noneset Man Co., Kingsley's Iron,
and Revere Copper works.
The buildings consist of a large two story house and
barn each of little or no value. If the said

POETRY.

TO AN ABSENT PARTNER.

If thou wert by my side, my love!
How fast would evening fall,
In green Bengal's palmy grove,
Listening the nightingale.

If thou, my love! wert by my side,
My babies at my knee,
How gay would our pinnace glide
O'er Gunga's mimic sea!

I miss thee at the dawning grey,
When on our deck reclined,
In careless ease my limbs I lay,
And woo the cooler wind.

I miss thee when by Gunga's stream
My twilight steps I guide,
But most beneath the lamp's pale beam,
I miss thee from my side.

I spread my books, my pencil try,
The lingering noon to cheer,
But miss thy kind approving eye,
Thy meek attentive ear.

But when of morn and eve the star
Beholds me on my knee,
I feel, though thou art distant far,
Thy prayers ascend for me.

Then on! then on! where duty leads
My course be onward still,
O'er broad Hindostan's sultry meads,
O'er bleak Amurrah's hill.

That course, nor Delhi's kindly gates,
Nor wild Malwah detain,
Forswear the bliss you both await
By yonder western main.

Thy towers, Bombay, gleam bright, they say,
Across the dark blue sea,
But ne'er were hearts so light and gay
As then shall meet in thee.

A PUZZLE.

Inscription on a chamber stove, in the shape of an urn, invented by Dr. Franklin, and so contrived that the flame, instead of ascending, descended:

L. I.
Keen, Ew, tons uh, Lime,

Lyah, O' ar, Di,

O' as um, mit bef, O' reu N.

At, Ta, in, Edne, W.—r—E.

Gi, O' us, of, Se, Ion, Cex, P.

Lo! R. "Dan, D—l

Hepa, L. Mo. fphi, los, O!

Th, yg, Al,

N'de I tha, S. par, K. T.

Hath, ec Au, G. H. ffo, M.

t, He, S, K. i. e. shed, I, spie,

Y' da Nun, pa; R.

Al, Le, L'd, Wo! nd, Eda, N.

D. wes, Aw, wi, Th, d, El.

Igh, Ta, N? D Su, R.

Pr, I Seth, ath, Is, r, O! De,

Oul, dpro, tecto, Sf, R. O?

Mt, Hu, n, dero, h, Ha,

D. H. Eb, e; Ew!

U. S.

Et, O! pors, U. sh, Epa, th.

W. H. ich, Hst, Al, Ent,

S. D. sig, N'd wha, tabir,

U. o! O! Pp, Ra, Isch,

Ad, b, E, end, Uet,

O! thiet, Each, era, N. dfr, i, e.

N. D. O! f. Ma, N. kin,

D! Buttoc, O!

V.

Et, P. ol, It, i. call, A, mewa,

Si, nh, I mad, Egr, Adi,

nga, M. bit! I. O: na, S. pa,

r, K. W. hic, Hf, R. omfu,

Cif, ere, a, mean, dkin,

Di, Edi, Heb, La,

Zcofs, ed, I, tion.

L.

E. tea, N. do, rhen, wri, T-on,

H. I. sur, nh, Er, el, i, est,

Heren, O! W. N. Edin, vento,

R. Who? sef, La, me: O!

T. H. esk, Esso; Ug,

H. T. tob. urab, Uin, verte,

D. D. Es, cen, dst, Ot;

Hec, Ent, R.—e.

ANECDOTES.

"What are you staring at, sir, may I ask?" said an imperialist mustached "hoosier," to a "hoosier" on a Mississippi steamboat, who had been watching him as he sat watching a mouse, some fifteen minutes.

"I thought so," exclaimed the "hoosier" the moment the other spoke, "I said you'd get a mouse, and I only wanted to be certain about it to ask you to 'liquor.' Shanger, what if you drink? or had you rather fight? I don't care which, myself."

This odd pair were soon touching glasses at the bar.

"I should like to know which way the wind is?" "Well, get up and light the candle and look in our straw bed."

"In our straw bed? What do you mean?"

"Yes, don't straw show which way the wind blows?"

"Go to sleep old woman!"

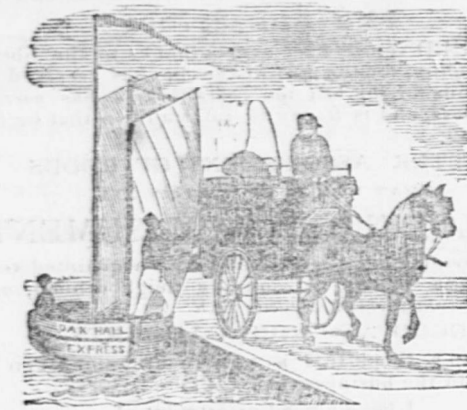
A tailor, while travelling on the Lakes, was asked by a Yankee, where he lived, what his business was, etc., to which he replied that he lived in Toledo, and that his profession was "sitting on the smooth side of poverty, and jerking out the cords of affliction."

Two travellers having been robbed in a woods and tied to trees at some distance from each other, one of them in despair exclaimed,

"Oh! I'm undone!"

"Are you?" said the other, "then I wish you'd come and undo me."

"Tintion!" exclaimed an Irish sergeant to his platoon; "front face, and tind to the rowle call!—As many o'ye as is priant! I say 'here,' and as many o'ye as is priant! 'I say 'abint,' sure."



HALF A
\$1,000,000
WORTH OF CLOTHING!
TO BE SOLD THIS YEAR, 1845.

"OAK HALL"
UNPARALLELED
IN THE ANNALS OF HISTORY AS TO
PRICES OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS!!!

BRILLIANT CAREER
—AND—
UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS!!
Fall Campaign.

THIS TERRIFIC WHEEL IN FULL REVOLUTION!!
Country Traders, Look to This!!

An endless variety of every Quality, Style and Fashion of Ready Made Clothing, Rich Piece Goods, and Furnishing Goods, at
Extremely Low Prices.

BOYS' CLOTHING, in all its variety. "Oak Hall" continues the "Grand Theatre of Attraction." A living panorama of human beings flock to this fashionable resort daily—and to meet the full anticipation of my numerous Friends and Customers, I have Fresh Manufactured a FIRST RATE STOCK of Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, adapted to this Fall and coming Winter, that will eclipse in brilliancy and astonish all. In quantity, almost surpasses belief. Together with an Immense Stock of
PIECE GOODS,
of all qualities, grades and colors, of rich VESTINGS, VELVETS, SILKS, SATINS, etc. Cloths, Cassimeres, Doonskins, etc. etc. etc. that will be sold by the yard, or manufactured to order at prices so low as to

Defy All Competition.
A half a million Dollars worth of Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods to be sold this year of our Lord, 1845. "Large amount," the reader exclaims. "True." Some may laugh—others may sneeze—and the remainder may turn up the whites of their eyes at what I am going to say, but it is my settled conviction—a conviction, mind you, that I have arrived at by the slowest imaginable degree of cogitation, and due and deliberate calculation—that
THIS IS A LARGE COUNTRY

we live in, and my customers are scattered over EVERY INHABITANT part of the globe. The name of
"OAK HALL"
has been proclaimed from, and posted on, the WALLS of CANTON, and echoed back to Europe, and reach out all over every inhabitable part of the globe.

With all the powerful machinery I can bring to bear I have been able to reduce the price of this necessary article,

READY MADE CLOTHING,
AT SO LOW A PRICE THAT I WILL
Defy the World to Undersell.

By doing so IMMENSE a trade I am enabled to keep THAT TREMENDOUS WHEEL
in motion. SLOW and EURE is its revolution—clothing in its turn by thousands, until the end of the year its revolution completes a half a million dollars worth sold, and brings us in a new career for 1846.

Country Traders.
I would invite your attention to as SPLENDID a variety of Fashionable goods as were ever offered in this market, comprising the latest patterns and styles of French, English and American manufacture. You are invited to call, or send your orders by mail to that GREAT MARKET,
"OAK HALL."

A saving of some 20 per cent. can be made, and every particle constituting a Gentleman's Wardrobe can be found by the dozen, package, or ship load. Those living at a distance, preferring their clothes FASHIONABLY MADE at a First Rate

BOSTON HOUSE,
are informed that by post paid application they can receive a Prospectus, explanatory of my system of business, directions for measuring, statement of prices, etc. etc. If three or four gentlemen club together, one of my travellers will be despatched to wait upon them. Re-collect all of this

Immense Stock of Goods
Shall be closed up at prices so
EXTREMELY LOW
as will astonish all, and set the world to WONDERING how it can be done. As my motto this year is
To Clothe the Public
at a SMALL EXPENSE, and make out that large amount,
HALF A MILLION DOLLARS!

FOR PRICES
see small advertisements in all the principal papers in the United States. Also, my Poetical Circular and Small Bills.

GEO. W. SIMMONS,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
Celebrated Clothing Establishment,
"OAK HALL BUILDING,"
32, 34, 36 and 38 Ann Street,
OPPOSITE MERCHANTS' ROW,
—ENTRANCE—
No. 32, WOODEN BUILDING.
REMEMBER!!
Entire Oak Front, Diamond Windows.
Nov. 15. BOSTON. 3m

Cow Hide Boots.
THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS. REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice. JAMES EDWARDS.
Quincy, May 13. if

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.
COACH, CHAISE & SIGN
PAINTING;
GILDING & GRAINING.
MELVILL HOVEY
TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the
in all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.
COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.
SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.
N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.,—MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.
In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.
OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.
OLD CARRIAGES Varished and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.
Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents. TABLES varished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts., and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.
All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.
Quincy, July 13. if

New Goods! New Goods!!
GEORGE NEWCOMB,
WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.
He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS: Plain and Corded CASSIMERES, SATINETTS; GAMBOONS AND VESTS;
American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laines, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White, Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper, Lawes, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stocks, etc. etc.
He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.
N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.
Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.
All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.
JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 20. if

Boards Wanted.
FIVE or six good boards can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.
MELVILL HOVEY.
Quincy, Jan. 11. if

Wood! Wood!!
80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams' Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20. if

Eastern Brick.
60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7.50 to \$8 per thousand, the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting.
Inquire of
ALBERT HERSEY.
Quincy Point, June 14. if

G. Ware Gay, N. B.,
RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.
Quincy, August 10. if

QUINCY PATRIOT.

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RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.

Quincy, August 10. if

Blacksmithing.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that they still continue to occupy the Shop formerly belonging to Matthias Bartlett, on Hancock Street, where they will do all kinds of CARRIAGE WORK.

STEEL SPRINGS, made and repaired, at short notice.

Particular attention given to HORSE SHOEING and FARRIERING.

—ALSO—

LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS

promptly prepared, and put up in a faithful manner, on any building in this vicinity, and warranted to be as secure as any now in use.

HARRINGTON & MEARS.

Quincy, April 12. if

Mattresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 20. if

Huffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses' MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 25. if

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

Quincy Point, July 1. if

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by

SETH ADAMS.

Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple

Quincy, April 20. if

Paper Hangings.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, April 10. if

Huffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at

E. PACKARD'S.

Quincy, Nov. 1. if

QUINCY PATRIOT.

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GILDING & GRAINING.

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N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.

Quincy, March 20. if

Boards Wanted.

FIVE or six good boards can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.

MELVILL HOVEY.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

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JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and to request to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, JR. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
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SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
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MISCELLANY.

A TALE OF SORROW.

A man of standing and property, named Major William W., of Connecticut, was blessed with a family of kind, intelligent, obedient sons. Two of them—the oldest—early received each his portion, and took their several ways to distant portions of the country, intent upon establishing themselves in the world, and carving out their own fortunes. They were each possessed of an excellent common school education; and were well calculated to "make their way in the world."

They departed with a father's and mother's blessing upon them, and were remembered, with tears and earnest, hopeful supplications before the throne of mercy, ere their first day's journey was ended.

A period of nine years rolled rapidly by, and among the innumerable changes wrought during that time, was the removal of Major W. from the "land of steady habits" to the "far West."

He was a man of sterling character; a true New Englander; intelligent, persevering, honest, shrewd, and withal a little ambitious. The Major dabbled much in politics, and being a good practical writer and speaker, soon revolutionized the county in which he was settled. Gratitude and political power rewarded him first with a seat in the Legislature, and second with a sheriffship.

A better sheriff than Major W.—that county had never been favored with. During the first year of his administration the salutary effects of his perseverance and good counsels were seen and felt.

During the second year of his official life, a notorious vagabond, known through the county as Bill Winchester, alias Caulkins, alias Ford, and half a dozen other assumed names, after a long course of petty crimes, repeated convictions and escapes, was at length charged with the perpetration of a foul murder. A widow who resided a mile or two from the county town, and who was reported wealthy, was found early one morning in June lying upon the floor of her barn, a few rods from her house, with her throat cut, and her body awfully mangled with an axe.

It was known that Winchester had been at the house late the evening previous, and that he declared he would lodge there that night. Soon as the murder was discovered, search was made for him, and he could nowhere be found. Suspicion naturally settled upon him, and the hue and cry was given.

Sheriff W. sent out his deputies and a strong posse, and accidentally receiving information which led him to believe the murderer had fled down the Mississippi, he instantly set out alone in hot pursuit. He traced what he believed to be the "trail" of the miscreant down as far as St. Louis, and there lost it entirely, and gave up the chase as fruitless. As he was preparing to return, he was taken suddenly ill of a fever, and for many weeks lay in a half-delirious and very critical state. At the end of that time he began to convalesce, and ere long recovered so far as to be able to return home.

During his absence, Winchester had been apprehended, tried, convicted—upon proof so positive, that the jury found a verdict of "Guilty of wilful murder," without leaving their box—and sentenced to the ignominious death of the scaffold.

Major W. reached home on the day appointed for the execution. Being yet feeble he begged to be relieved from the painful duty of hanging the poor wretch, and it accordingly fell upon one of his deputies.

The hour fixed upon for the dreadful murder which the law had legalized came round. At that moment a messenger arrived to inform Major W.—that the deputy had fallen upon the scaffold in an apoplectic fit, and that the execu-

tion stayed his arrival. There was no alternative. The sheriff, though weak, and totally unfit for the terrible task, felt it to be his duty to promptly obey the summons.

In a few moments a rolling, heavy hum, and an unusual commotion in the ranks of the thousands gathered to behold the shameful death of a fellow creature, gave evidence of the arrival of the sheriff. The culprit was dressed for the grave, the fatal rope encircled his neck, the cap drawn over his face by the deputy before the fit took him, at his request, remained as it had been adjusted. A brief prayer was offered up to God in behalf of the poor wretch, whose last minute had come. The clergyman and the sheriff then took him by the hand and bade him farewell. All things were ready. The vast crowd were hushed in breathless silence. With a sudden movement the sheriff cut the cord, the drop fell, and the murderer was hanging by the neck, between the heavens and the earth.

A few convulsive struggles, and all was over—justice was satisfied. The multitude dispersed to their homes—but the tragedy had not yet reached its close.

After hanging the usual length of time, the body was cut down, to be delivered to the physicians—for friends the dead man had none—no, not one. The sheriff remained to assist in this last ceremony. One removed the shoes, and another the long gown, and the sheriff himself pried off the cap. The body was then lying face downward. A moment after it was turned over, and in the livid, distorted, ghastly features presented to view, Sheriff W.—recognized the countenance of his own son!—his eldest, his best beloved, his long lost son!

One long minute he stood, with straining eyes and uplifted hands, speechless as the form he gazed upon. Then, with a groan of utter agony, he fell upon the body, crying out, "My son! oh, my son! my son!"

He never spoke again—death came to his relief.

The son was indeed the murderer. Bad company had led him astray after he left his home in Connecticut. He soon squandered his money, and with that went his friends. Want stared him in the face. Hunger pinched him sorely. Shame and pride stifled the half expressed desire to return, like the prodigal son, to his father's house, confess and repent. Temptation took him captive, and he became a petty larceny thief, then robber, burglar, counterfeit, and finally, after a long course of crime, closed the catalogue of his misdeeds with the capital crime of murder—murder committed for the sake of a few hundred dollars—as we have related.

The other son lived long to bless and comfort his grief stricken mother; but she never recovered entirely from the dread shock.

THE SOCIAL PARTY.

A few ladies met at Mrs. Tyler's for the purpose of enjoying a little social intercourse. The object was a good one, for we are all social beings, and should live not for our own pleasure only, but to do good, and give pleasure to those around us. And occasionally meetings for the indulgence of our social feelings, can be made to contribute much to our own as well as others' enjoyment, if we are careful to guard our hearts and bridle our tongues.

On the occasion mentioned, the ladies, after many common-place remarks, principally connected with meteorological subjects, became for a moment actually silent. With a design of breaking this silence, and setting their tongues in motion again, one of them, Mrs. Flumson, opened her mouth and made the not unusual inquiry—

"Have you heard the news, ladies?"

"No, no; what is it?" asked a dozen voices, or at least just as many voices as there were ladies present.

Why, they say Captain Smith is going to be married in a week or two."

"To what lady?" inquired the others.

"What one do you suppose? Come, try to guess."

And Mrs. Flumson took some delight in tantalizing the rest for a few minutes before she would answer the question which had been so unanimously proposed to her. At length she announced to them the solemn fact that it was reported that Capt. Smith was about to marry the widow Langford.

"The widow Langford!" exclaimed the ladies in great astonishment.

"Yes, such is the report," said Mrs. Flumson, "and I am inclined to believe it, for I have seen the Captain riding by our house, in the direction of the widow Langford's, twice lately."

"Well, all I can say is, that if it is so I hope neither of them will have cause to repent of their bargain," said Mrs. Colton, "though I am afraid that it has been a hasty business."

"Yes, that it certainly has," responded Mrs. Tyler, "and we shall doubtless have some evidence of that, before they have been married long. The widow Langford, you know, has a violent temper, and the poor Captain will feel some of the effects of it, sooner or later."

"Well, it will be just what he deserves," said Mrs. Lacon, "I should not pity him much—for he might wait at least two years after his wife's death, before he thinks of making proposals for another marriage."

"Yes, and then he might know something more than he does of the widow Langford's disposition and character, if he would take the pains to ask the opinion of any of his friends concerning her," said Mrs. Brown.

"But he would never do that," interposed Mrs. Briggs, "for the Captain has always been noted for having his own way in every thing. He is a very self-willed man—very."

"I wonder what will become of that strange mortal, the widow's maiden sister?" inquired Mrs. Colton.

"I do not know," replied Mrs. Flumson, "but if she goes to live with her sister, when she is married, I guess the Captain will have a pleasant time of it. What a disagreeable creature she is. I do not wonder that you call her a strange mortal, for she is the most singular being I ever saw."

"What a horrid taste she displays in her style of dress," said Mrs. Lacon. "Did you notice her bonnet last Sunday?"

"And did you notice her old fashioned cap," asked Mrs. Colton.

"And her broad collar," asked Mrs. Brown. "And the scanty skirt of her dress," inquired Mrs. Tyler.

"And her thick soled shoes," interposed Mrs. Flumson.

"I think it is a shame for any one so well off as she is, to dress in so unbecoming a manner," said Mrs. Brown.

"It certainly is a great shame," chimed in Mrs. Lacon.

"I wonder why she keeps that old carriage," said Mrs. Flumson. "It is certainly time she had a new one."

"Her horse looks older than her carriage," added Mrs. Tyler.

"Well, I hope the Captain will not be plagued with her, if he marries her sister," says Mrs. Colton, for I have always heard him spoken of as a good sort of a man."

"I know he is generally considered a good sort of a man," said Mrs. Flumson, "and I suppose he is good in some things, but—"

"But what! Mrs. Flumson," asked two or three voices.

"I do not think it best for me to tell all I know," replied the imperturbable Mrs. Flumson—and so she left the question unanswered.

In such "small talk" did these ladies pass away the afternoon. There was not one among them who did not heartily detest slander, gossiping, intermeddling and back-biting, and yet every one of them was really unconsciously indulging in some one or more of these practices. And so it was with many others; and if, by reading this short story, any of them shall be led to ask themselves how often they have unintentionally been found making similar fault-findings, and shall resolve to keep a watch over the door of their lips for the future, the object in writing it will be accomplished.

"HE WILL COME TO-MORROW."

I always ride on the outside of a stage coach, from choice, as well as from economy; because I love to see as much of the landscape as I possibly can; and I try to sit next to the coachman, because he knows not only to whom the seats belong, but can tell one interesting anecdotes of the owners themselves. So I am sure of being entertained on my journey, if so placed.

Well, I was so fortunate, on my last journey from London, to get my favorite seat, and it was next to an unusually pleasant driver. I found he was a family man; had a wife he seemed fond of, and one child, a little boy, whom he was afraid of loving; and as he saw that I sympathized in his feelings, he was the more disposed to gratify my curiosity. At length, after a very prosperous journey, we saw the church of C. in the distance, and were not long in reaching the inn.

When the coach was about to stop, my attention was drawn to an elderly woman, meekly, but neatly clad, who was looking up to the coach with an expression of anxious impatience in her eye, which forcibly interested me.

The coachman saw her also, and dashing away a tear, said, "Ah! poor soul! there she is again; and there she has been every day for years; and now that I am a parent myself, and an anxious one too, I feel the more for her."

This speech increased my interest in the poor woman, who, now that the coach had really stopped, and the passengers were getting down, drew quite close to the wheels, and looking up into the coachman's face, with an expression which evidently unmanned him, said, in a hurried voice, "Has he come to-day?"

"No, dear soul!" he replied, "but he will come to-morrow, you know!"

"Yes, yes," said she, "but he will come to-morrow!"

She then turned down the street, followed by a respectable young woman who shook her head mournfully at the driver as she turned away.

I could not stir till I had an explanation of what seemed so interesting; and I asked the coachman if I could speak a few words to him.

"I know what you want to ask," he replied, "and I will come to you at the inn, where the other coach starts from."

When he came we walked down the street together.

"You want to know about that poor woman," said he.

"Indeed I do."

"It is a sad story, sir. She and her husband, respectable little tradespeople, had one child, a fine boy, and his mother doted on him. When he was eighteen, he offended his father, who, in a violent passion, turned him out of door—notwithstanding his mother's tears and prayers. He enlisted and left C. with the soldiers. He sailed for the West Indies. His father did not long survive his de-

parture, and on his death bed, left him his blessing, and said the recollection of his harshness to him had broken his heart."

"Time went on; his mother only lived on the letters she received now and then from him. At last came a letter that he had been very sick and was ordered home."

"Oh I shall nurse him well again," said the poor mother. Another letter came announcing that he had landed, and should be at C. on such a day. That morning the poor mother came to the coach office, long before the arrival of the stage. It came, but she could not see her son on the outside; perhaps he was in the inside, and she ran eagerly forward to look in at the window; but he was not there. "Where is my son?" she cried to the driver, who had not as yet observed her. Now, sir, that driver was a good sort of a man enough, but he did not understand a parent's feelings, and so replied: "Your son! poor soul! he is not come indeed." "But he will come to-morrow, then," said the poor mother; "is there not a letter to say so?" "No," answered the driver, "your poor son will come no more! He fell off the coach, coming from Portsmouth to London, and was killed on the spot."

"A little boy then, was present at this scene, and never shall I forget the scream with which she repeated the word 'killed,' and then fell senseless on the ground. She was restored to life, but not to reason; and still expects to see him every day."

This hope, thought I, may be the merciful ordering of Providence for her relief.

"I, a little boy then, was present at this scene, and never shall I forget the scream with which she repeated the word 'killed,' and then fell senseless on the ground. She was restored to life, but not to reason; and still expects to see him every day."

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A KISS FOR A BLOW. A visitor once went into a school in Boston, where he saw a boy and girl on one seat, who were brother and sister. In a moment of thoughtless passion, the little boy struck his sister. The little girl was provoked, and raised her hand to return the blow. Her face showed that rage was working within, and her clenched fist was aimed at her brother, when her teacher caught her eye.

"Stop, my dear," said he, "you had better kiss your brother than strike him."

The look and the word reached her heart. Her hand dropped. She threw her arms around his neck and kissed him. The boy was moved. He could have stood against the blow, but he could not withstand a sister's kiss. He compared the provocation he had given her with the return she had made, and the tears rolled down his cheeks. This affected the sister, and with her little handkerchief she wiped away his tears. But the sight of her kindness only made him cry the faster—he was completely subdued.

The teacher then told the children always to return a kiss for a blow, and they would never get any more blows. If men and women, families and communities, would act on the same principle, this world would almost cease to be a vale of tears.

PEREVERT. Providence, we are told, helps them who help themselves. A true proverb, and worthy to be stamped on every heart. Passing on through life you will find many a stream that will cross your path—but don't sit down and mourn. If you can't wade across, throw in stones to stand upon, or get a dead tree from the forest, and you will soon make a bridge and be safe on the opposite side. To-day you are opposed in your project. Don't stop—don't go back—meet the opposer—persevere and you will conquer—Providence will assist you.

If you fail in business come out from under the stool of despondency and try again. Zounds! if you don't help yourself, you will do nothing, and be punched at by every beggar and every pauper on crutches, who passes along.

Your friends have died—bury them—but don't linger in the churchyard mourning because they are gone and you may go next. Up with you—throw off your tears and get to work and be happy—'tis the only way.

In fine, help yourselves in all places—at all times—and Providence will assist you, smile on you, and make life a scene of active enjoyment and real pleasure.

THE MIND. The mind is the man. It assimilates him to the angel and to God. 'Tis this alone, of all that pertains to him in a world of living death, that will survive the conflict with nature's last enemy, and shine forth in the cloudless lustre of the world of light and love. Riches take to themselves wings and fly away. The wreath of honor fades on the brow, and falls a worthless sprig of laurel at the feet. Even friendship fails, and the tenderest love yields to indifference, or rancorous hate. Friends themselves drop and die, leaving us to weep alone amid the fading recollections of our earliest and most enduring loves, till our bodies decay and perish, and the spirit, forced from its tenement, flies hence to worlds unseen. But the MIND—it never dies—and the wide circle of heaven's choicest blessings, whence it draws its aliment and bliss, instead of contracting as ages roll on, continually enlarges, while God and eternity endure.

VALUE OF THE OPIUM TRADE. The Emperor of China has offered England an annual tribute of one million five hundred thousand pounds sterling—about seven million of dollars—on condition that the culture of opium should be prohibited in the British possessions. He implored the English to have compassion upon his people, and save them from the demoralizing influences of the drug. The British authorities replied in substance—"Our profits on the opium trade amount to two million and a half of pounds sterling annually. We cannot relinquish it for less than that sum." The Emperor could not afford to pay the additional million, and his subjects are now reaping the fruits of his poverty and British cupidity.

IDEA OF DIVINITY. Banish all material ideas of a Deity, and do not let your imagination struggle to find its way upward to some material heaven with indefinite and idle conceptions of a monarch seated on a throne. The striking and beautiful metaphors of the Bible never were intended to give us this idea. God is a spirit, it says in its most emphatic tone. Where he acts, there only can we see him. He is in the wide spread omnipresent power which is everywhere employed—but which we can never see nor ever know, except so far as he shall manifest himself by his doings.

SUPERSTITIONS. Among the superstitions of the Seneca Indians, is one of singular beauty. When a maiden dies, they imprison a young bird until it first begins to try its powers of song, and loading it with kisses and caresses, they loose its bonds over her grave, in the belief that it will not fold its wings, neither close its eyes, until it has flown to the spirit land, and delivered its precious burden of affection to the loved and lost.

THE POOR. Don't forget the poor during this severe winter—you who have warm hearths and an abundance of the comforts of life.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balsam.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor of a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hiccup and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burton, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats, and was very much distressed. He appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—The cure was truly a wonderful one and places the Oleanian or All-Healing Balsam, at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to spit blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do nothing for him, and he was a settled and fixed Consumption. He removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being able to get on his feet, he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Mr. T. Laban, residing at 52 Pine Street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was most distressing throughout the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the Oleanian or All-Healing Balsam. He found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Handfuls of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And in response to having been superior to all others, viz: it does not constitute the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State Street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Haden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Turner, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.

CLICKER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PILLS.

A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long used, and sought for, and which has proved to be a true and acknowledged benefit to the human system. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever, or no internal ingredients. It acts on the system so powerfully, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be simply sugar, and thus the patient who takes them avoids the evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a purgative effect, which, in most persons, is more disagreeable than undiluted bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former need be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—is mostly lost; but when the slightest impurity of the system is indicated by constiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the body free from the blood which is formed in a healthy state, and purifies the blood from the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine that, unless the case is urgent, they procrastinate. In the case, until an impure constitution, at a fit of sickness, renders them fit for the fully of their conduct. Still they had some excuse; for heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was either so disgusting or so wasteful, that it was not worth the trouble of its use. Now, however, it is not only palatable, but it is so effectually removed, that it leaves no taste whatever of medicine—produces none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicines—while their speedy effect in removing all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any other medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are so described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is sure of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clicker's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold wholesale and

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. Editor—At the present day, when steam is all the go, and railways are springing up, as if by magic, around us, when all are availing themselves of the improved facilities for cheap traveling, and easy communication with their friends and neighbors, things of less moment are passed over in silence, which, if attended to, would result in much good to many of our most enterprising citizens.

Such is the case with the tolls on the Quincy Point bridge, they being nearly double in amount charged by any similar corporation. The tendency of this is not only to prevent that free egress and regress to and from Quincy and Weymouth, but it seriously injures the holders of real estate—reducing their property, in value, nearly one half—and cramps the business operations of every class in the community.

The shoe manufacturer, whose business operations require his attendance in Boston at least twice a week, pays some twenty dollars for the privilege of crossing this bridge, while at Newport only ten is demanded. Again, an individual in "Old Spain," wishing a few casks of lime or pounds of coal, goes over to the Point, and in addition to the original cost, and the retailer's profit on the article, is charged twelve and a half or twenty cents tolls. Another individual has wood to sell in Weymouth, and it is wanted by his neighbor at Quincy Point; he pays, in addition to the heavy price now demanded for the wood, twenty cents tolls on each cord, an amount equal to that paid by importers, on wood brought from the British Provinces. Is this right? No! Can it be remedied? We think it can, and should be, while all who differ from us are invited to call at the Oyster Saloon, in "Old Spain," and they shall be satisfied. D

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 31, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 53, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

A little of the "Rhino" is much needed at this Office; will those indebted step up and plunk the "dust"? and thus keep the wheel in motion.

WAR.

The news from England, by the Steamer of last week, has hushed all apprehension of war, and the loud clamors indulged in by some of our political presses against the Message of Mr. Polk, as provocative of a contest between this country and Great Britain, have all died away. Notwithstanding the alarms that were spread abroad, we cannot think that any intelligent citizen believed in the possibility that England would commence hostilities against us, merely because we expressed a desire to terminate a treaty existing between the two countries, which either party had a perfect right to do.

It was stipulated in the treaty that, by giving the year's notice, England or the United States might cease the joint occupancy of the Oregon territory. By giving the notice, we set up no title to that country. We merely go back to our original rights, and England claims under hers. If, under such circumstances, England had declared war upon us, she would have been a scold and a mockery to all the nations of the earth.

The leading English presses speak of this matter, as one to which they have no right to take offence, and although some of them claim Oregon, in part, as a British possession, they say that both countries have an equal right to terminate the treaty. They, indeed, indulge in some rude remarks upon Mr. Polk's statement of our rights to the whole of Oregon, and upon other parts of his Message—and what President's Message has not ever been the occasion of their capricious remarks?—yet due allowance should be made, when it is considered that they are the subjects of a monarchical power, with their rights invaded, their liberties destroyed, weighed down with taxes, and oppressed with poverty and crime, and without the power to throw off the galling yoke. With such grievances as these, it is natural that their hearts should be embittered, more especially when "they gaze o'er ocean far away," and behold, in the blue and hazy distance, a country flowing with milk and honey, where wealth and prosperity are seen in every city and hamlet, and where no slip-slod simpleton can rule over us by hereditary right.

Can it be possible, that there are American citizens, who would make the United States what England is—who would, by burdensome taxes, reduce the laborer to the condition of the English serf—who would, by vast monopolies, enable man to lord it over his fellow man, and destroy the fair fabric of human liberty, which our fathers have reared? Alas! we fear there are too many. They are around and about us. Some who hope to rise upon their country's ruin—more, the ignorant dupes of those who, under a false garb, are endeavoring to subject this country again to British rule.

A FAT PORKER. Mr. Gideon F. Sampson, of North Weymouth, has slaughtered, the past week, a mammoth hog, weighing six hundred and thirty pounds. It was sold to Holden, of the Boston Market, for seven cents per pound, affording the neat sum of forty-four dollars and ten cents, to reward the skill and persevering industry of the raiser. Mr. S. is well known, in that vicinity, for his skill and superior management in improving every thing that comes under his direction, while the nice and uniform arrangement of all his farming operations, render his method and example worthy the imitation of all who wish for success in husbandry.

EUROPEAN INTERFERENCE.

The most important event which has occurred during the present session of Congress, is the introduction of a resolution proposed by Mr. Allen, of Ohio, declaring the principles which will govern the United States, in regard to the interposition of European powers in the political affairs of independent American nations. England, and in fact other European Governments, maintain the dangerous doctrine that they have the right to interfere in all cases, when differences exist between the several independent governments of North and South America, in order to establish what they term a "balance of power." For example, England maintains the right to go to war with Mexico, because Mexico makes war upon the United States, and vice versa.

Against these, and other doctrines, so fatal to popular liberty and human rights, Mr. Allen contended with so much power and eloquence, that, notwithstanding the opposition of Mr. Calhoun and other distinguished Senators, he had leave granted to introduce the resolution, by a vote of twenty-six to twenty-one. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Allen has achieved a noble triumph. It was a manly, an American attempt to strike a blow at European interference with independent governments on this side of the broad Atlantic, and, despite the opposition of certain Senators, ever ready to sustain England in her most exorbitant usurpations—despite the unexpected position of Mr. Calhoun, whose course in this matter must have been the result of some private pique, as it is at war with all his previously expressed opinions—despite the howling of the pensioned advocates of British power—Mr. Allen has carried the resolution, by a triumphant majority, and has thus enrolled his name among those to whom every true hearted American owes a deep and a lasting debt of gratitude.

THE MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT, by the Pease Family, was exceedingly well attended, and the performances were received with much applause. Where all parts were executed so well, it would seem invidious to particularize; but we cannot forbear alluding to the masterly manner in which Mr. Hector poured forth his rich and well-attuned harmony. His voice is rich and melodious. The quartette, entitled "Bunker's Height," was an exquisite performance, which, united with the beauty and feeling of the words, excited much admiration. We annex the lines, as they are such as must be sympathized with by all.

"On Bunker's height, at deep midnight,
The band of heroes stood;
We may trace their toil on that holy soil
They moistened with their blood;
And all that day the fearful fray
Raged on that battle field,
And the foeman's dart pierced many a heart
That had been freedom's shield."

"On land and tide our country's pride,
Her flag to the breeze was given;
From its starry gleam, by hill and stream,
The foe was backward driven.
They have passed away like a quiet day,
Like a ripple on the deep;
That banner waves o'er the quiet graves
Where its brave defenders sleep."

VOCAL MUSIC. We notice efforts are being made in this town, to raise the standard of vocal music, to create a new interest in the subject, and a society has been formed for mutual improvement. This is a worthy object, and we hope all will unite in sustaining so praiseworthy a movement. The Society propose to hold weekly meetings for practice, and arrangements are making to render them pleasant and agreeable, as well as useful. We cordially hope that success will attend the "Social Singing Society." See notice of their first meeting, in another column.

WEYMOUTH AND BRAINTREE. A portion of the towns of Braintree and Weymouth have petitioned to the Legislature that they may be organized into a Fire Department. The enterprising and liberal citizens have subscribed about fifteen hundred dollars toward the purchase of an engine and the house is now in the process of erection. The engine will be finished about the first of March. It is to be of superior quality and we hope that in the hands of able firemen it will save much property from the ravages of fire.

MEXICO. It is now certain that Gen. Herrera's administration in Mexico has been overthrown by the revolt of Gen. Paredes aided by the troops and citizens generally.

The revolution was almost bloodless, only one regimental officer and one private soldier losing their lives. Paredes is said to have had fewer than eight thousand men under him, and his march was slow enough to enable Herrera to take every defensive precaution. The latter accordingly equipped about thirty thousand citizens to defend the city of Mexico, having also some twelve thousand regular troops belonging to its garrison. Upon Paredes' appearance, the regulars very coolly joined him, and the militia divested themselves of all signs of opposition to his course. No violent measures were pursued. President Herrera retired.

TEXAS. The President of Texas has issued his proclamation announcing the receipt of official intelligence of the passage, by Congress, and approved by the President of the United States, of the Joint Resolution for the admission of Texas into the Union; and directing the members of the Legislature elect, to assemble in regular biennial session at Austin, on the 15th of February next, and proceed to organize a State Government.

The daily consumption of Flour in the city of New York, and its vicinity, is estimated to be two thousand two hundred barrels.

AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON. In the Senate of the United States, Mr. Bagby of Alabama, introduced a resolution, increasing the term of the President and Vice President of the United States to six years, and rendering the President ineligible for more than one term, also, providing that no member of Congress shall be eligible during the term for which he was elected, or four years after; and that no member during his term shall be appointed to the head of an Executive Department.

The House, after a week's debate, accepted the report of the Committee of Elections on the memorial of William H. Brockenbrough, (dem.) claiming the seat now held by Edward C. Cabell, (whig) as the Representative from the State of Florida. It appears that the democratic candidate received a majority of all the votes cast, but a portion of them were not received in due season owing to bad roads and the irregularity of the mails, and consequently the certificate of election was given to his whig opponent by the Governor.

John Quincy Adams has given notice that he will introduce a bill into Congress for the abolition of the death penalty.

A bill to abolish public executions in capital cases has already been brought in by J. R. Ingersoll, pursuant to notice, read twice and committed.

The Oregon question has been debated in both Houses, and no action of a definite nature has yet occurred. T. H. Benton is rather opposed to giving the notice. The opinion is gaining ground that it will pass the Senate—no doubt of it in the House. The nomination of G. W. Woodward for a judge of the Supreme Court of the United States for Pennsylvania has been rejected by the Senate.

GENERAL COURT. Petitions for railroad charters and remonstrances against them, are presented daily in great numbers.

The death of Walter Cook, a representative from the town of Richmond, occurred the present week. He was over eighty years of age, and this visit was his first appearance in Boston.

A remonstrance has been presented and referred of certain inhabitants of Braintree, against the petition of Paul Pratt and others for a railroad from Colasset to Quincy.

The resolve to pay the County Commissioners of Norfolk for the support of two State papers, which was laid on the table, has been recommitted. The Committee on Elections have reported favorably on the petition of James M. Freeman, (dem.) for a seat in the House, from the town of Bellingham, after a hearing of all the parties.

The Committee on Towns have been instructed to report on the expediency of requiring every town in the State to provide an iron safe for the preservation of their records and other papers. [An excellent movement.]

The Committee on the Judiciary reported on an order respecting abolishing the Poll Tax, that it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

A petition has been presented and referred, for a law to compel County Commissioners to license one or more individuals in each town, to retail ardent spirits, provided the same be of sober life and good character, or that all laws on that subject may be repealed.

Another petition of Zachus L. Beal and seven others to be set off from Hingham to Colasset.

The bill ceding to the United States the jurisdiction of George's Lovell's and Governor's Islands, in Boston harbor, was, after a long discussion, recommitted.

A Village Ball is to come off at the Town Hall, in this place, next Thursday evening. Ten Managers have been chosen, Gates & Richard's Band engaged, and other arrangements are being made to render the affair one in which all who admire this way of enjoyment and pleasure, can participate with gratification.

Satan has a rail road running directly into his dominions. A rum bottle is the engine, and rum is the "steam" that drives it right ahead, a thousand miles per hour. Immense number of passengers are taken.

Information has been received by the department of State that the king of the Belgians has issued a decree for the admission of foreign flour of all kinds into Belgium, until the 1st of June, 1846.

Joseph Fiddler Ready, a teller in the Bank of British North America, Montreal, absconded a few days since, taking with him five thousand dollars the property of the bank. A reward of four hundred dollars being offered for his apprehension, set the police officers of our cities on the qui vive, and on Thursday noon last he was arrested in New York, and four thousand dollars found on his person. A man by the name of Charles Enfield has been arrested as an accomplice.

Education should be universal, reaching the humble hovel as well as the spacious mansion—thus bringing out the children of poor and the rich to drink together at the enlarged fountains of knowledge which should be open for all.

The charge for transmitting a communication of fifteen words to Boston from New York, by the Magnetic Telegraph, when completed, will be twenty-five cents.

Twenty-odd vessels, belonging to Cohasset, (Mass.) have taken upwards of seventeen thousand barrels of mackerel the last season. Cohasset ranks the third in the list of towns engaged in this business.

It has been suggested by a cotemporary that, at the close of the year, all borrowed articles should be returned. A regular overhauling should be made; a sort of domestic "account of stock" taken, and if any thing should be found belonging to others, it should be at once returned.

The snow storm of last week created a terrible disarrangement of the mails. The cars were detained two days on some of the routes.

If the gentleman who prepares the very able financial articles for the Boston Post, can find any matter in our columns worthy to be adopted by him, he will do us the favor to give the credit to the Patriot. We feel pleased that he should quote our remarks, but would rather prefer that he would not credit them to any other journal.

The London Morning Chronicle has sent a reporter to this country to report for that paper the proceedings of Congress.

When our space or time admits, we hasten to use it for all the good we may, while there is time for it. There surely can be no better deed than that of healing the sick. It has for its sanction and example the acts of the Saviour of mankind. Any earthly power that can be of use, we should use with confidence. Of all, there can be no greater benefit derived from medicine, than that from the Health Restorative of Mr. Brincherhoff. By it hundreds are raised to renewed life and strength.

NOTICES.

Rev. E. M. P. Wells will deliver an address before the Odd Fellows of Quincy, at the Town Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING next, Feb. 3d, commencing at seven o'clock.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to attend. Mr. Daniel Kimball, Editor of the Temperance Standard, will lecture before the Quincy Point Temperance Union on SUNDAY EVENING next, in Methodist Chapel, Quincy Point, commencing at half past six o'clock.

B. F. SHERBURNE, Secretary. Mr. Joseph G. Clark, of New York, will deliver an address before the Ladies Seamen's Friend Society, in Rev. Mr. Allen's Meeting-house, next SUNDAY EVENING, (Feb. 1st,) at half past six o'clock. A collection will be taken to aid the Society.

L. A. NIGHTINGALE, Secretary. The "Social Singing Society" will hold their first meeting for practice, in the Temperance Reading Room, TO-MORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock. Singers in Quincy and vicinity are respectfully invited to unite with the Society.

C. BARKER, Secretary. A meeting of the Officers of the Washington Total Abstinence Society will be held in the Temperance Reading Room next MONDAY EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock. T. KELLOGG, Sec.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock. All persons are invited to attend.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary. The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town Hall, on TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present on said days.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, LEVI G. FOLSOM.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption. The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALSAM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buchan of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the cure of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balsam has cured every case, the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchan's Hungarian Balsam of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

Sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health. Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

AGENTS—A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Whitton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

MARRIED.

In this town, 29th inst., by Rev. Dr. Clark, Mr. Sylvanus Rowe, Miss Eliza B. S. Adams. In East Abington, (N. H.) Mr. Phineas G. Sanborn of this town, to Miss Elizabeth Hoyt of S. Braintree, by Rev. Mr. Waite, Mr. A. A. Gilman to Miss Eliza J. Stevens.

DIED.

In Scituate, 24th inst., Mr. Simeon Whitney of Duxbury, who was somewhat celebrated as an artist.

Notice

I hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and style of

T. & N. H. WHITE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. THOMAS WHITE, NATHAN H. WHITE. Quincy, January 1st, 1846.

MR. NATHANIEL WHITE of Quincy, is hereby authorized and empowered to settle and adjust all the outstanding claims and demands of and against the late firm of T. & N. H. WHITE. THOMAS WHITE, NATHAN H. WHITE. Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of ALBION DEARBORN. Quincy, Jan. 31. 2w

Now's the time, Ladies.

Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.

RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street. Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as

BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c. 2m Quincy, Jan. 31.

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers and known as the firm of JACKSON & PARK, is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

The accounts in Boston will be settled by Dr. Jackson and those in Quincy by Dr. Park. JOSEPH JACKSON, HORATIO N. PARK. 3w* Boston, Jan. 24, 1846.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Jan. 30, 1846. ARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the estate of FREDERICK W. URANN,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees. A. E. DEBOLS, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. Jan. 31. 2w*

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the goods and estate of

WARREN HUNT.

late of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, shoemaker, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

EUNICE HUNT, Administratrix. Randolph, Jan. 31. 3w

Rail Road Petition and Order.

To the Hon. the Senate and the Hon. the House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of Weymouth Landing, in the County of Norfolk, respectfully represent that a Railroad from East Weymouth to Quincy, commencing at a point near the Post Office at East Weymouth, and running to a point near the head of navigation on Monaquip River in Braintree and through the Common to a point in Quincy near the Town House, then to intersect the Old Colony Railroad, is required by public exigency; that said route will appear from inspection of the Engineer's report to be feasible, and that satisfactory evidence will be offered to show that the travel and freight which would pass over the same would be fully adequate to maintain the same. They therefore pray that your Honorable body would incorporate them into a body politic, possessing all the powers and privileges and subject to all the liabilities of Railroad Corporations, for the purpose aforesaid.

As in duty bound will ever pray CHRISTOPHER WEBB & others. Weymouth, Jan. 10th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN HOUSE OF REPS. Jan. 24, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition to be read thereon, to be served on the Town Clerks of Weymouth, Braintree and Quincy, and on the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation, and published twice in the Quincy Patriot and six times in the Boston Atlas and Boston Post; said service to be ten days at least, and said publication three days, at least, before the sixteenth day of February, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

In House of Representatives, sent up for concurrence.

CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk.

IN SENATE, January 24, 1846.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

A true Copy—Attest. CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate. Jan. 31. 2w

Notice.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

THE undersigned, Selectmen of the Town of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, and State of Massachusetts, respectfully represent that the said Town has, by information obtained from persons skilled in propagating oysters, ascertained satisfactorily that oysters can be propagated successfully in Weymouth Back River, (so called,) and also, that the inhabitants of said town, at their last annual meeting, voted as follows:

That the Selectmen, be authorized to apply to the Legislature, in behalf of the Town, for the purpose of propagating and taking oysters, and protection of the same, in the Weymouth Back River.

We, therefore, petition your honorable body, to enact such laws as may be necessary, to grant and secure to said Town the sole right to plant oysters in said Back River, and to take and sell the same.

JAMES TORREY, BENJ. F. WHITE, NATHAN CANTERBURY, } Selectmen of Weymouth, January 5th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Jan. 28, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition, with this order thereon, to be served upon the Clerk of the Town of Hingham, and published in a week for two weeks successively, in a newspaper called the Hingham Patriot, published in Hingham, in the Quincy Aurora and Quincy Patriot, published in Quincy, the last publication to be four days, at least, before the seventeenth day of February, that all persons interested may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence. CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk. Concurred. CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk. A true copy—Attest. CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate. Jan. 31. 2w

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts against the Town of Quincy, are requested to present them for settlement on or before SATURDAY, the 14th of February, and all persons indebted to the Town are requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or before that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse, are requested to pay the same to THOMAS CHANDLER, (keeper of the Almshouse,) on or before the 14th of February, as all accounts must be settled by that time. BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Selectmen of Quincy, LEVI G. FOLSOM, } Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w

In Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SILVANUS THAYER, Jr.,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Aston Prescott, Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery. FISHER K. KINGSBURY, Assignee. Jan. 31. 2w

New Books.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D. Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher. Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering. The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb. Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition. New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Jan. 24. 2w

Straw and Florence Bonnets

Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,

will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap. S. S. MARSH. Quincy, Jan. 24. 2w

Notice of Removal.

JOHN RUSSELL, TAILOR.

WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's

Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,

In Mr. Souther's new Block,

Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.

N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

Now's the time, Ladies.

Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.

RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage Bonnets, CHAPERAIN L'YER, together with a variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street. Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c.

Quincy, Jan. 31. 2m

Bisolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers and known as the firm of JACKSON & PARK,

is this day by mutual consent dissolved. The accounts in Boston will be settled by Dr. Jackson and those in Quincy by Dr. Park.

JOSEPH JACKSON. HORATIO N. PARK. Boston, Jan. 24, 1846. 3w*

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Jan. 30, 1846.

AARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

FREDERICK W. URANN,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

A. E. DeBols, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. Jan. 31. 2w*

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the goods and estate of

WARREN HUNT,

late of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, shoemaker, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

EUNICE HUNT, Administratrix. Randolph, Jan. 31. 3w

Rail Road Petition and Grder.

To the Hon. the Senate and the Hon. the House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of Weymouth Landing, in the County of Norfolk, respectfully represent that a Railroad from East Weymouth to Quincy, commencing at a point near the Post Office at East Weymouth, and running in a direct line to the head of navigation on Monmouth River in Braintree and through the Common to a point in Quincy near the Town House, then to intersect the Old Colony Railroad, is required by public exigency; and that said route will appear from inspection of the Engineer's report to be feasible, and that satisfactory evidence will be offered to show that the travel and freight which would pass over the same would be fully adequate to maintain the same. They therefore pray that your honorable body would incorporate them into a body politic, possessing all the powers and privileges and subject to all the liabilities of Railroad Corporations, for the purpose aforesaid.

As in duty bound will ever pray

CHRISTOPHER WEBB & others. Weymouth, Jan. 12th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In House of Reps. Jan. 24, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition with the Order thereon, to be served on the Town Clerk of Weymouth, Braintree and Quincy, and on the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation, and published twice in the Quincy Patriot and six times in the Boston Atlas and Boston Post; said service to be ten days, at least, and said publication three days, at least, before the sixteenth day of February, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

In House of Representatives, sent up for concurrence.

CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk.

In SENATE, January 24, 1846.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

A true Copy—Attest

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate. Jan. 31. 2w

Notice.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

THE undersigned, Selectmen of the Town of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, and State of Massachusetts, respectfully represent that the said Town has, by information obtained from persons skilled in propagating oysters, ascertained satisfactorily that oysters can be propagated successfully in Weymouth Back River, (so called) and also, that the inhabitants of said town, at their last annual meeting, voted as follows:

That the Selectmen be authorized to apply to the Legislature, in behalf of the Town, for the purpose of propagating and taking oysters, and protection of the same, in the Weymouth Back River.

We, therefore, petition your honorable body, to enact such laws as may be necessary, to grant and secure to said Town the sole right to plant oysters in said Back River, and to take and sell the same.

JAMES TORREY, } Selectmen

BENJ. P. WHITE, } of Weymouth.

NATHAN ANTERBURY, } Weymouth. Weymouth, January 5th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In SENATE, Jan. 28, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition, with this order thereon, to be served upon the Clerk of the Town of Hingham, and published once a week for two weeks successively, in a newspaper called the Hingham Patriot, published in Hingham, in the Quincy Patriot and Quincy Patriot, published in Quincy, the last publication to be four days, at least, before the sixteenth day of February, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, Jan. 28, 1846.

Concurred.

CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk.

A true copy—Attest

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate. Jan. 31. 2w

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts against the Town of Quincy, are requested to present them for settlement on or before SATURDAY, the 14th of February, and all persons indebted to the Town are requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or before that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse, are requested to pay the same to THOMAS CHANDLER, (keeper of the Almshouse,) on or before the 14th of February, as all accounts must be settled by that time. BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Selectmen

JOSEPH V. ROBERTSON, } of Quincy.

LEVI G. FOLSON, } Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w

In Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

SILVANUS THAYER, JR.,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Aaron Prescott, Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Assignee. Jan. 31. 2w

New Books.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D.

Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.

Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.

The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.

Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition.

New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.

For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Straw and Florence Bonnets

Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,

will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap. S. S. MARSH. Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Notice of Removal.

JOHN RUSSELL,

TAILOR,

WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's

Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,

In Mr. Souther's new Block,

Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.

N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

—ALSO—

A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible

PROFIT. Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Books, Books at Auction.

TO be sold at public auction, at W. M. FRENCH'S FURNITURE ROOM, on

SATURDAY EVENING next,

to be continued every Saturday evening until further notice.

A LARGE COLLECTION OF

New, Valuable, Standard and Miscellaneous BOOKS.

In the various Departments of Literature, comprising a splendid and extensive assortment of several hundred Volumes, many of them CHOICE WORKS. There are a great many valuable Works, in fine bindings, and all Warranted Perfect. Ladies and gentlemen examine them on each day of sale, and can have books at private sale, at fair auction prices.

Sale to commence at six o'clock.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Great Bargains

CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE

QUINCY

CLOTH AND CLOTHING

WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a LESS PRICE than ever before offered, may have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to

E. PACKARD.

N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailoring department, is without a rival at Cutting and making a garment. Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors to the estate of

JAMES ARNOLD.

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, butcher, deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from the twenty-ninth day of November last, are allowed said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that they will attend to that service at the house of Daniel Baxter, in said Quincy, on the FIRST TUESDAY of January, March and May next, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days, where creditors are requested to present and prove their claims.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Commissioners.

ELIJAH BAXTER, } Quincy, Dec. 30. 3w

Boston Almanac for 1846,

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 13. 1f

THE FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1846,

by Robert B. Thomas, for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Traders supplied at the lowest cash prices. Quincy, Oct. 25. 1f

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES,

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;

Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;

FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffat's Medicines;

Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;

Ellis' Voltenburg Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dyott's TOOTH ACHE DROPS;

Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. 1f

OPENING OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,

having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

—ALSO—

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Mitts, Collars;

Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;

Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimpes, and other Trimmings for Dresses), Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grace Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANSED and PRESSED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to their business promptly, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side. Quincy, May 3. 1f

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of anything in the Stove line, to his vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Day's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

In all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES. Boston, Dec. 13. 1f

New Fall Goods.

NOW OPENING

BY

E. R. STOCKWELL,

56 Hanover St., BOSTON.

THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHIONABLE

SHAWLS

that can be found in almost any store in this city, comprising every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00.

We have made arrangements with the Importers in Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require.

We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES, Ottomans, Repps, M. de Laines, Alpaccas of every quality, Alpines, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc.

—ALSO—

CLOAK STUFFS,

of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 56 Hanover Street.

Boston, Sept. 6. 1f

Dissolution.

THE Co partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Pope & Penniman, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 22d of Nov. last.

OZIAS M. POPE.

JAMES T. PENNIMAN. Quincy, Jan. 17. 3w

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to render it the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and warranted to be of the first quality. They may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled in any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a large assortment of juvenile books, are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colored Pencils. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Boards, Mottos, Water-colors, Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Plover's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macassar and Arctique Oil, Oil of Myrror, Tooth Powder, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledged merits to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

'Thank you, sir; you are the very man
like to see—wish I had twenty bills again
you.' Exit.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 6.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Five Cents.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVERLY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

MISCELLANY.

NEWSPAPER COLLECTING.

The weather being fine, my spirits good, and my pockets low, I set out at half past one with a handful of bills—not bank bills, but newspaper bills, which for the most part are far less current. Made my debut at a druggist's shop. Saluted the owner with my best bow and an extra smile. 'Here is your bill, Mr. Druggist, can you pay it now?' 'Pretty close shaving this.'

'I've a sir, middling close, sir, but knew you were anxious to pay it.' Two bows. A punctual man always likes to see his bill.' Another bow.

Druggist plumps the cash. 'Thank you, sir.' Two smiles, another bow, and exit.

Next called upon a taverner. 'How do you do, Mr. Landlord?' Two bows. 'Fine weather this—beautiful travelling—must bring a great deal of custom to the hotels.' Three smiles. 'A harvest for the tavern keepers, no doubt. Must fill their pockets with cash. Ahem! can you pay this little bill, sir?' 'Heh! what is this, sir?'

Newspapers, sir? 'What, again? you are a hard set.' 'Yes, sir, rather hard set—obliged to call very often; know very well that punctual men like to see their bills often.' Two smiles and a bow. 'You have a fine stand for business here—fine house—good accommodations—bar well filled—must make money like dust.'

Taverner pulls out his money drawer. 'There is no man in the world that gets ready money like a tavern keeper.' Two bows and a smile. 'I like of all men in the world to present him a bill, for I know he's always ready to pay the cash.' Another bow.

He turns over the change, counts out the cash—receives three bows—and in a tangent I am off.

Next fall in with a lawyer. Thought I had come to ask advice. Fingers began to itch for the fee. Looked wide and prepared to be oracular. Soon found he had got a wrong idea of the case—especially, when producing the ominous paper I said. 'Here is your bill, Mr. Capias, can you pay it now?' Five bows, each succeeding one more profound than the last.

'My bill, ha? Takes the bill and examines it with legal particularity. Turns it upside down, looks into it, upon it, and throughout—reads it sideways, endwise and frontwise—finds it perfect in all its forms. 'As you say, this is my bill, and—' but—nevertheless—notwithstanding—'at present—to-morrow—or next day—'

'To-morrow never comes, Mr. Capias, and next day is still farther off.' 'Call again, and—'

'Procrastination is the thief of time. Ahem! I have a case to argue this afternoon.'

'That argues nothing in the present case.'

'Another day—'

'Is but a fool to the present time. I delight to present a bill to a man of your profession who handles the fee before he opens his mouth. Lawyers are proverbial for requiring the ready money, and therefore I call upon them with right good will to plump the cash—which I am sure you will do, Mr. Capias, and not give me cause to write, "judgment reserved." Three bows and as many smiles.

Pulls out the money—delivers it—and leaving him to argue his cause, I made my bow, and exit.

Next looked in upon a carrier. Will you pay this small bill, sir? 'I will, sir.'

Draws out the long leather purse and counts out the chink.

'Thank you, sir; you are the very man I like to see—wish I had twenty bills against you.' Exit.

Next bore down upon a sea captain. 'I have brought along your bill for papers, Capt. Hawser.'

'Ay, ay, sir—how much is it?'

'Three dollars.'

'Is that all? Make it six and I will pay you.'

'Thank you, thank you, Captain, I'll make it nine, if you insist upon it.'

'Avast there, my friend—this will keep the old woman in papers till I come back from the West Indies. She likes your paper vastly—it is her chart, and if I didn't leave it for her, she wouldn't know how the land lies.'

Next looked in upon a doctor. Thought I had come for physic. Hoped I was well, and secretly wished I was sick. Gave me his hand and indistinctly as it were, extended his forefinger to my pulse. Looked in my left hand and thought I appeared billious. Assured him I knew he was correct, and wished he would prescribe. Examined the case and thought a little *agua mixabilis* would cure it. Did not myself like the prescription. Assured him I knew something of the case, and that, in my opinion, a small quantity of *pulvis argenti*, or silver dust, would be more efficacious. Looked blank at this questioning of his professional skill. Not being inclined, however, to dispute my judgment, made out the prescription accordingly.

Next made an entry at the Custom House. Felt sure of success. Knew very well that Uncle Sam is a punctual paymaster. Was not disappointed—my clearance richer in cash by three dollars.

Directed my steps to the counting house of a dealer in wool. Thought I should find the golden fleece, and thought rightly. Dealers in wool are warm fellows, and feel for the backs of their fellow creatures.

'How are you, Mr. Editor?'

'Very well, I thank you; how are you, Mr. Saxony?'

'Right well. Why have you not brought your bill?'

'Here it is, sir.'

'Good—I've been wanting to see it this long while. Began to think you were neglecting me.'

'Hope I shall never give you cause to think so.' Received the ready rhino and made off.

Next proceeded to a cabinet maker's. Got my money in the twinkling of a bed-post. Contentiously raised his work—never saw so fine tables in my life.

Popped in to see a miller. Not willing to have the printer want for the staff of life. Forked out the ready with his mealy fingers.

Hoped we should continue to grind out the news for him. Praised the quality of his meal—thought the public could not get along without so useful an individual.

Boarded the captain of a steamboat—showed him my papers. He said they were correct—drew out the shill from the locker—and I was off again in a tangent.

Looked in upon a merchant's clerk—saw by the smile on his face that he wanted to see me. Laid down the cash—and what more would you have?

In short, called upon subscribers of all grades and professions, and found them, with few exceptions, very much 'in the vein'—the golden vein, the punctual vein. But this was an uncommonly fortunate half day's work, and it is recorded for the honor of those prompt persons herein mentioned, as well as for the encouragement of all such as may hereafter be presented with a newspaper bill.

THE RECONCILIATION.

'Well, I think it's very likely; but don't tease me any more. Your brother has married a poor girl, one whom I forbade him to marry, and I won't forgive him if they starve together.'

This speech was addressed to a lovely girl, scarcely eighteen—beautiful as the lily that hides itself beneath the dark waters. She was parting the silvery locks of her father's high, handsome forehead, of which her own was a miniature, and pleading the cause of her delinquent brother, who had married in opposition to her father's will, and consequently been disinherited. Mr. Wheatley was a rich old gentleman, a resident of Boston. He was a fat, good natured old fellow, somewhat given to nirth and wine, and sat in his arm chair from morning until night, smoking his pipe, and reading the newspapers. Sometimes a story of his own exploits in our revolutionary battles, filled up a passing hour. He had two children, the disobedient son, and the beautiful girl before spoken of. The fond girl went on pleading—

'Dear father, do forgive him; you don't know what a beautiful girl he has married, and—'

'I think it's likely,' said the old man; 'but don't tease me, and open the door a little, this playroom smokes so.'

'Well,' continued Ellen, 'won't you just see her now? she is so good; and the little boy, he looks so innocent.'

'What did you say?' interrupted the father. 'A boy! have I a grandchild? Why, Ellen, I never knew that before! but I think it's very likely. Well, now give me your chocolate, and then go to your music lesson.'

Ellen left him. The old man's heart began to relent.

'Well, he soliloquized, 'Charles was always a good boy, a little wild or so at College, but I indulged him—and he was always good to his old father, for all he disobeyed me by marrying this poor girl; yet as my old friend and

fellow soldier, Tom Bonner, used to say, we must forgive. Poor Tom! I would give all the old shoes that I have got, to know what ever became of him. If I but find him or one of his children! Heaven grant they are not suffering! This plaguy smoky room, how my eyes water! If I did but know who this poor girl was, that my Charles has married; but I have never enquired her name; I'll find out and—'

Ellen led into the room a beautiful boy, about two years old. His curly hair and rosy cheeks could not but make one love him.

'That—that is Charles' boy,' said Ellen, throwing one of her arms round her father's neck, while with the other she placed the child on his knee. The child looked tenderly up into his face, and lisped out—

'Grand-pa, what makes you cry so?'

The old man clasped the child to his bosom, kissed him again and again. After the emotion had a little subsided, he bade the child tell his name.

'Thomas Bonner Wheatley,' said the boy, 'I was named after grand-pa.'

'What do I hear,' said the old man, 'Thomas Bonner your grand-father?'

'Yes,' lisped the boy, 'and he lives with me at—'

'Get me my cane,' said the old man, 'and come Ellen; be quick child.'

They started on at a quick pace, which soon brought them to the poor though neat lodgings of his son. There he beheld his old friend Thomas Bonner, seated in one corner, weaving baskets, while his swathed limbs showed how unable he was to perform the necessary task.

His lovely daughter, the wife of Charles, was preparing their frugal meal, and Charles was out seeking employment to support his family.

'It's all my fault,' sobbed the old man, as he embraced his friend, who was petrified with amazement.

'Come,' said Mr. Wheatley, 'come all of you home with me, we will all live together, there is plenty of room in my house for us all.'

By this time Charles had come. He asked his father's forgiveness, which was freely given, and Ellen was almost mad with joy.

'O, how happy we shall be!' she exclaimed, 'and father will love our little Thomas so, and so he'll be your pet, won't he, father?'

'Ah,' said the old man, 'I think it's very likely.'

CALIFORNIA.

As the present condition and future destiny of this territory is attracting a curious interest in almost every quarter, a short description of it may not be uninteresting to our readers.

California is divided into two provinces, upper and lower, extending from Oregon south to Cape Lucas. The Governor General has usually been appointed by the President of Mexico, who forms the head of the government.

Both provinces are divided into districts, resembling our Congressional districts, each choosing a certain number of delegates to represent them at the capital. This body of delegates choose from their own number one from each district, to represent them in Congress at the city of Mexico.

Upper California is composed of four districts and twenty-one Mission establishments, containing twenty-three thousand inhabitants, including whites, mixed-bloods, and Indians, and two hundred and fifty thousand cattle. The residents are rather dissolute than otherwise, having imbibed the vices of those whites who have deserted from ships, etc., and whose love of ease and dissipation led them to seek it where they could have uninterrupted sway.

The soil of California is variable, like that of the United States. Some portion of it is extremely fertile, and produces heavy crops of wheat, corn, vegetables, etc. The climate is delightful. Raising cattle is the principal business of the inhabitants. Horses are abundant and very cheap, costing only from two to three dollars. They kill annually some eight or ten thousand heads of cattle (for their hides, ty-two thousand heads of cattle, and export of which they use about one-half, and the remainder. Hides are used in California for almost every purpose—sacks for tallow, bridles for horses, in lieu of nails for building houses, fences, carts, traces, beds, doors, chairs, etc., etc.

Deer are plenty, sea otter skins, fur seal skins, reindeer hides and tallow, goat skins, etc., are to be had in great abundance. With proper laws and regulations for the government of the people, and the introduction of the mechanical trades amongst them, the country would be a valuable one. The productions of the soil are abundant, the climate healthy, and trade which might be carried on by well-directed efforts, highly valuable.

STARTING IN THE WORLD. Many an unwise parent labors hard and lives sparingly all his life for the purpose of leaving enough to give his children a start in the world, as it is called. Setting a young man adrift with money left him by his relatives, is like tying bladders under the arm of one who cannot swim, ten chances to one he will lose his bladders and go to the bottom. Teach him to swim and he will never need the bladders. Give your child a sound education, and you have done enough for him. See to it that his morals are pure, his mind cultivated, and his whole nature made subservient to laws which govern man, and you have given what will be of more value than the wealth of the Indies. You have given him a start which no misfortune can deprive him of. The earlier you teach him to depend on his own resources, the better.

'LET GO MY HAIR.'

An old pastor once stated that in the whole course of fifty years preaching, he never laughed but three times in the pulpit, during the exercise of the Sabbath. On one of these occasions the following extraordinary occurrence took place.

The pews of the church were those old-fashioned square ones, so that people in different pews often set back to back, merely separated by a low railing for a division.

Now it fell out one Sabbath that two old deacons, in two contiguous pews, had fallen into profound meditations—closing their eyes and throwing back their heads, until their long queues dangling therefrom had met together—and were quietly reposing for the benefit of the aforesaid internal meditations. There were some wicket people present, who scandalously insinuated that the two deacons were asleep, but I looked upon it as a mere persecution for righteousness sake.

However, there was an awfully depraved young man in the third pew, that cornered upon the two were the deacons were meditating, and what does the sacrilegious sinner do? He takes the dangling queues aforesaid, and ties them closely and firmly together. And then, as if that were not enough to send him to perdition, he takes a pin, and cruelly sticks it into one of the deacons.

Well, the deacon jumped of course, like a stuck pig, and the jump gave a horrid twitch upon the queues of both heads.

'Let go my hair!' cried deacon number one.

'Let go my hair!' cried deacon number two.

'Was now twitch and twitch! hit and hit; but the conclusion must be left to the reader's imagination.'

REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION. Indigestion arises by rejecting too large a portion of the phosphates of lime and magnesia contained in the brain in making our bread.

The remedy for this complaint is to boil half a pint of white wheat three hours, in a quart of water, or a little more if necessary, and drink half a pint of the liquid twice or thrice in a week.

To make wholesome Bread. Six ounces of bran boiled one hour and a half in five pints of water; strain the liquid from the bran, and dilute it with water sufficient to make the bread.

Two ounces of salt.

Five pounds of good flour.

Two table-spoonsful of yeast.

In baking a larger quantity each article must be proportionably increased.

RECIPE FOR WEAK EYES. When washing yourself in the morning, dip your face into the water, open your eyes and keep them under the water as long as you can hold your breath. This strengthens the eye and cleanses it from the rheum, which deadens the sight and considerably affects the ball. By doing this every morning, aged people may preserve or recover their eyesight.

It is related of a gentleman who followed the method detailed above, that although he had worn spectacles twenty-five years, yet, at the age of seventy, he was enabled to see without them, and to read with ease. This remedy is as simple as it is efficacious.

WATER RUNNING UP HILL. Dr. Smith, in a lecture on geology, mentioned a curious circumstance connected with the Mississippi river. It runs from north to south, and its mouth is actually four miles higher than its source, a result due to the centrifugal motion of the earth.

Thirteen miles is the difference between the equatorial and polar radius; and the river, in two thousand miles, has to rise one-third of this distance—it being the height of the equator above the pole. If this centrifugal force were continued, the river would flow back, and the ocean would overflow the land.

DRESS OF MIND. On Sunday morning, what a dressing there is and what a stir to appear gay and pleasing! It is quite sufficient for the great purpose of our existence, to wash the outside of the platter. Curly may be arranged and splendid garments displayed, and yet the mind poisoned with conceit, troubled with rivalry, and kept on the torture by ignorance and vanity. Windsor soap does not wash out the stain of the heart, nor Cologne water throw a fragrance over an impure mind.

INDIAN COURTESHIP. Mr. Catlin, in one of his lectures, exhibited a Winnebago Courting Flute, which he said was used by the Indian lover, in wooing the dark-eyed maid of the wilderness. For hours he had heard the simple sounds of this Courting Flute, and he had seen the patient lovers, sitting under a tree by the bank of a river or in front of a hedge, and never has he heard a word exchanged between the seemingly happy pair. Many marriages take place solely by the charms of this flute, as he knows it to be a fact, that a single word has never been spoken, by either party, during the whole period from courtship to marriage.

AN EPOCH IN LIFE. When a young mother ventures to bestow the first tender whacking upon her first born, and then bursts into tears at her own barbarous cruelty—the brat all the while bellowing "like all Moses."

The subject of Capital Punishment is now before the Legislatures of the following States, viz: Ohio, Indiana, Alabama, Tennessee and Massachusetts.

COW IN A RUM JUG. 'Cow in a rum jug!' ejaculates a toper, on reading the caption of this paragraph. 'How will you make that out, sir? Toads are sometimes found in solid rocks I know, for I have seen 'em, but I never found a cow in a rum or any other jug, and I've looked into a great many.'

That may all be; but, friend, if you never found a cow in a rum jug, did you never lose one there! Now just take that jug down from the cupboard—empty it of rum—rinse it well with pure water—replace it on the shelf—drop into it daily the six cent and the ten cent pieces that were formerly dropped into the rum-seller's till for that 'good creature' that has so often filled it, and in the course of four or five months will be found in it 'as good a cow as ever came into a teetotaler's house for thirty dollars!'

For the Quincy Patriot.

VACCINE DISEASE.

As much alarm exists in our community at the present moment by reason of the spread of the small pox in Boston, I presume the following remarks on its preventative means, cannot fail to be interesting to the readers of your paper. Many years ago it was known in England, that the eruption on the teats and udders of cows, was communicated to the milkers, and that persons so infected, never had the small pox. This induced Dr. Jenner to investigate the subject, and forty-seven years ago he announced to the world, that the disease of the cow just alluded to, when conveyed into the human system, and from thence by inoculation from one person to another, was a preventative against the small pox. Experience has proved the truth of his remark. The third day from inoculation a small red spot resembling a flea bite appears at the point of inoculation; on the fifth and sixth matter is formed in the pustule; on the eighth the pustule is fully formed; on the sixteenth the scab is thrown off.

Some of the phenomena of the vaccine disease. First there is rarely more than the pustule made by inoculation;—it is only transmitted by inoculation. Its inoculation will supersede the small pox many days after casual infection. If a person be inoculated by the knee and small pox, at the same time, both go through their regular course, but slower and less perfect. After the ninth day from inoculation the small pox, as a general rule, is even excluded from the system.

Rules for inoculation. The matter should not be taken later than the ninth day, and then from the most healthy subjects, particularly from children. The fluid should be clear—one puncture is enough; there never should be more than two, one on each arm. Matter for future use should be preserved on pointed quills, and be kept in a cool place, and used within one week if possible.

The chicken pox is known from the small pox by the eruption coming on the third day after the febrile attack. On the second or third day from the appearance of the pimples, they are filled with a colorless or yellowish fluid. On the fifth day the eruption goes off leaving no scar which is not the case in small pox.

The small pox is a contagious eruptive disease, occurring but once during life. It has been known to exist nearly two thousand years. Physicians make two kinds; the distinct, when the pimples are apart from each other; confluent, when the pustules or pimples run together. The last is the most dangerous form. Medical men divide the small pox into four stages or periods, viz: 1st, the febrile or fever stage; 2d, eruptive; 3d, maturative, and 4th, the scabbing or going off stage. The disease probably appears from nine to fourteen days after exposure, and when the disease is of a mild or benign character, the patient is attacked with the usual symptoms of fever, vomiting, drowsiness and slight convulsions. 'On the third day generally there appears first on the face, and afterwards on the body, until the fifth day, small red spots; as the eruption comes on, the fever somewhat abates; about the fifth or sixth day the spots have grown into pimples surrounded by a rose colored base, having upon the summit a small vesicle containing a colorless fluid. When the pustules are numerous the face swells, the throat is sore, the eyes are closed and a spitting occurs. About the eighth or ninth day the pustules are fully formed containing opaque matter; about the eleventh day the swelling of the face subsides and fall upon the feet; the pustules soon after break, discharge their matter and form a dry scab which soon falls off leaving pits or marks upon the skin in proportion to the severity of the symptoms; by the seventeenth day all symptoms usually depart.'

For the Quincy Patriot.

WHAT I LIKE TO SEE!

I like to see a lady, when setting before the fire, in company with gentlemen, place her dress so that all of the front of her petticoat may be seen. It looks so modest.

I like to see a lady, when passing a respectable gentleman in the street, keep her eyes fixed on the ground a few rods in front of her with a steady gaze. It looks so intellectual.

I like to see a lady, when in company with a gentleman, give assent to every expressed opinion of his (whether it be in accordance with common sense or not) by saying yes. It indicates a mind so independent.

I like to see a lady presume to question the propriety of every assertion made by a gentleman, and then, to avoid argument, plead female privileges. It looks so reasonable.

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For the Quincy Patriot.

WHY NOT ADVERTISE?

Mr. Editor—I have seen by the papers, that the receipts on the Old Colony Rail-Road are much larger than was expected, and that from present prospects, the stock will be very profitable to the proprietors. If this be the case, cannot the company afford to advertise in the Quincy papers? It would certainly be very convenient for a large number of people in this vicinity, to have the time of arrivals and departures of the cars, published in our village papers.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 7, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 53, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in these cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

We notice that a strong effort is making in our Legislature to abolish the penalty of death as a punishment for crime. For our own part, we have always believed with the author of Paul Clifford, "that the worst use you can put a man to, is to hang him," and we, therefore, feel a strong desire that the efforts of the philanthropist and Christian will prevail, and that this relic of a barbarous age, will be banished from our statute books.

It is a singular fact, but one which is no less singular than true, that whenever the penalty of death for the commission of a crime has been abolished, a sufficient evidence that, by depriving the criminal of life, instead of lessening the amount of crime, does in fact increase it. Most crimes which are punishable by death, are the result of violent anger or sudden passion, which is beyond the control of him in whose breast it springs. And is it to be believed that the fear of the law, in a mind thus excited, ever arrested the uplifted arm? No. A man may pause when he is about to commit a sinful act—he may desist indeed from it, but that pause is seldom, perhaps never, from the fear of punishment, but rather from those principles of morality—those better feelings that are implanted in the bosom even of "the vilest wretch on earth," who, as Maturin very beautifully says—

"Doth cherish in some corner of his head
Some thought that makes that heart a sanctuary."
And it is to these better feelings we look for that stronger power to withhold the hand from the commission of sin.

The purpose of punishment is rather to reform than to destroy. And in order to make mankind better, a system of reward should be adopted with the criminal, and not that savage policy which binds the victim to the stake, and deprives him even of hope.

Imprisonment gives to the criminal an opportunity to reflect upon his past errors. In the solitude of his cell, his mind will go back to the scenes and the home of his childhood—he will recall to his memory the watchful care of a father and a mother's tender devotedness. In such an hour his heart will be open to repentance; he will then feel how deeply he has erred, and knowing too that his incarceration will depend upon his good conduct, and ever having in view, through the dark and hazy distance, the dim, to him, though undying taper of HOPE, he will, in time, be fitted to emerge from his prison house, a better and a wiser man.

How different is it with him condemned to die—to be judicially murdered, because for a single moment he had not the moral firmness to resist the commission of crime—because for an instant the light of reason was eclipsed. For him there is no chance of reform—no kindly hand can be extended to lead him from his evil path. He has sinned, and the edict has gone forth—he must die; for him there is no hope.

There cannot be a doubt that, for society—for the suppression of crime—the penalty of death should be abolished. Laws are made for punishment and prevention of crime, and both can be fully effected by imprisonment. But when the laws go farther, and take away life, they lose their object and intent, and become, in the hands of public officers, nothing more nor less than—judicial revenge.

CONGRESS. The proceedings of Congress mostly relate to the Oregon question. There is undoubtedly a large majority in favor of giving to England notice of our desire to terminate the existing treaty. It has been asked, if there is a majority in favor of the notice, why it should be discussed any longer. The question has been answered, and we think satisfactorily, by Mr. Owen, of Indiana. He said—

Edmund Burke, when a member of the British Parliament, was once asked, why ministers, when, in any case, they had a well ascertained majority, did not press the question at once without the trouble of discussing its merits. "That has been tried," was his reply, "but it would not do. The minister who should persevere in it would soon have to go out."

THE OREGON QUESTION—PEACE. The Committee of the London Peace Society has memorialized Sir Robert Peel in favor of settling this question by peaceful, rather than by other means, whatever provocation the British Government may receive to adopt a warlike tone and policy. They earnestly deprecate war between the two nations, and urge the propriety of settling the dispute by arbitration.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS. The principal part of the proceedings of our Legislature, have been the receiving and acting upon Rail Road petitions. There has been a very large number of charters asked, all of which will probably be granted, except those which interfere with other corporations.

There has been a petition presented, from the Lowell operatives, in relation to the hours which shall be devoted to labor. We trust that the subject will receive the careful attention of our lawmakers, as it is one which interest the working classes. Continuous labor reduces the laborer to a mere manufacturing machine. A portion of every day should be devoted to literary employment and intellectual cultivation.

MEXICO. Since our last we have had various war reports, but we have strong doubts whether the news received of the loud talk of the Mexicans, amounts to any thing more than idle gasconade. It was rumored that our Minister, Mr. Shidell, has not been received by that government, but this report wants confirmation. It appears that there is a revolution in that country, but these revolutions are of so frequent occurrence, that they excite scarce a passing remark. If the United States shall be obliged to commence hostilities against Mexico, she will have the consolation of knowing that Great Britain led the way in becoming humbled before our conquering arms.

LECTURE ON ODD-FELLOWSHIP.—Rev. E. M. P. Wells, of Boston, delivered an address on Odd Fellowship, in the Town Hall, before a very large and highly respectable audience, on Tuesday evening last. It was a fine argument in favor of the Institution, showing that its secrets belong to itself, and are no more deserving of condemnation than those of a family, or Brotherly Benefit Society. The argument was clear, well expressed, and commended itself to the good sense of all present.

ENGLISH NAVY. The following list gives the number of war vessels, of the English navy, which were in commission on the first of January last, and also the number of steam vessels of war built in the year 1845:

Line of battle ships at sea, and ready for sea in every respect, *twelve*, carrying from 80 to 120 guns each.

Line of battle ships and frigates, in commission as ordinary guard ships and receiving ships but unfit for service at sea, *thirteen*.

Frigates at sea and fitting out at several ports, *thirty-two*, carrying from 26 to 50 guns each.

Corvettes, brigs, and cutters, *eighty-three*, carrying from 2 to 24 guns each.

Steam frigates, steam sloops and ordinary steamers, *ninety-five*, carrying from 1 to 12 guns each.

Armored troop ships, *five*, carrying from 10 to 26 guns each.

Discovery ships, *three*.

Total, of all classes, in commission, *two hundred and forty-five*.

Steam ships launched in 1845. Steam frigates—

The Terrible, 800 horse power; the Avenger 600 do.; the Birkenhead 500 do.;—steam sloops—

The Inflexible, Dragon, Centaur, Bulldog, Fury, and Trident, of from 500 to 600 horse power each; the Spitfire, Bloodhound, Jackall, Lizard, and Harpy, of from 120 to 160 horse power each;—steam tenders—

Weepet, and Fairy.

Four Frigates, one Corvette, and one Brig, carrying from 20 to 50 guns each, were also launched the same year.

FRIGHTFUL EFFECT OF THE POTATO ROT. We have been informed, says a Dublin paper, that an entire family have been admitted into one of the hospitals, being in a state of dangerous illness, produced by eating diseased potatoes.

MURKIN IN FRUIT. A great proportion of the apples in the London market are affected, so as to prevent their keeping. The same has been noticed very extensively in the "soft fruits," and it is a matter of extensive experience in household economy, that preserves will not this season keep their usual period.

A NEW MODE OF GENERATING STEAM. A French engineer, now in London, has discovered an exceedingly simple means of curtailing the quantity of coal hitherto required in the generation of steam. His principle, for which he has taken out a patent, is that of putting whale, or other fish oil into the boiler, unmixed, or with more or less water; when the oil is at a temperature producing steam, water is thrown in, and steam is produced as fast as required by the machine, without the oil passing off in vapor, or decomposing. Various experiments have been made, and the saving in fuel is stated at from forty to fifty per cent.

SCIENCE. We regret to learn that an inmate of the Insane Hospital at Worcester, Mr. George Blanchard of Weymouth, committed suicide on the 1st inst. He found on old gun, which had been secured in a back building of the Asylum, which he used to do the deed, killing himself instantly. It is thought that the news of the death of his sister, who drowned herself at Weymouth Landing a short time since, increased the malady under which he labored and caused him to commit the act.

SUPREME COURT. The annual term for this Court commences at Dedham on the 17th inst. A capital trial is assigned for this term and a full bench will be present.

JURORS. Messrs. Joseph W. Robertson and Samuel Curtis have been drawn as Jurymen from this town to the Supreme Court.

NO CHOICE. The eighth trial in the ninth Congressional District, on Monday last, resulted in no choice of a Member of Congress.

THE JOURNAL OF HEALTH AND MONTHLY MISCELLANY.

The February number of this work has made its appearance, enlarged to thirty-six pages. It embraces a variety of articles, most of which have reference to the preservation of health. It is edited and published by W. M. Cornell, M. D., No. 12 Franklin street, Boston, at one dollar a year.

The articles of the January number of this work were quoted into many of the weekly and daily papers, especially the one from the pen of Dr. Channing. There seems to be a want of such a paper, and we think the desideratum will be well supplied.

The following are the contents of the February number: Remarks on Consumption—"My Own Times, or 'his Fifty Years Since,'" by Dr. Walter Channing—"The Beard"—The Sanguinaria Canadensis, or Common Bloodroot—"On the Treatment of Warts and Corns"—Physicians' Prescription in Latin—Snailpox and Vaccination—Poetry—New Publications—Notices, etc.

ALBERT J. TIRRELL. The officers having this unfortunate man in charge, arrived in Boston during the present week and he was committed to Leverett Street jail. The Grand Jury having found a true bill for murder and arson against him, he will be arraigned to plead in a few days. His trial will probably take place in March.

Rev. John H. Morrison was installed as pastor of the Unitarian Society in Milton, on the 28th ult. Rev. Mr. Lunt of this town, made the Prayer.

A barn in East Weymouth, belonging to Mrs. Bates, containing two tons of hay, was burnt on Monday evening last. An alarm was given here.

It is proposed in Congress to issue gold dollars for circulation. Mistakes might occur by passing them as silver coin, in the night; they'd be very convenient, however—if one could only get them.

Fourteen alarms of fire were given in Boston on Wednesday night, caused by incendiaries. A reward has been offered by the city for the detection of the rogues.

James G. Bennett, editor of the New York Herald, was cow-hided in the streets of that city, one day last week.

The Village Ball on Thursday night, at the Town Hall, was a spirited affair—so those who say who participated. Probably others think so too.

The number of acres of land in Oregon, between forty-nine and fifty-four degrees and forty minutes north, is 104,649,000—it would make 2,992,800 farms, and support more than twelve million of inhabitants.

The English steam frigate Terrible, of eighteen hundred tons burthen, and eight hundred horse power, said to be the largest man-of-war steamship in the world, has just been put in commission.

A Mr. Twichell, of Worcester, who ran one of the New York expresses, upon the receipt of the late news from England, between Worcester and Hartford, by horse power, performed the distance (sixty miles) in three hours and twenty minutes!

Some of the most distinguished medical practitioners of England, now write their prescriptions in plain English, which every apothecary's boy can understand.

At a late term of the Court of Common Pleas for Worcester county, a young woman, of Milbury, obtained fifteen hundred dollars against a man and his wife, of Sutton, for words spoken by the latter against the chastity of the plaintiff.

The clerks of the New York police paid four hundred and thirty-two dollars for cartage of drunk men to the Tombs, during the year past.

Maryland has expended, according to the report of the State Treasurer, the sum of one hundred and forty-seven thousand dollars in transporting free people of color to Liberia.

There was a time in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, when rum and brandy were sold by the ounce by apothecaries, as a medicine; and a tea spoonful was considered a dose.

The editors of the State of Indiana have met in convention, and passed resolutions highly creditable to themselves. We should like to see a similar convention in Massachusetts.

The colored people of Boston have obtained a charter from England, and formed a lodge called the "Bay State Lodge of the United Order of Odd Fellows."

Hon. Samuel Hoar drew from the treasury two hundred and sixty nine dollars, as compensation for his mission to Charleston, (S. C.) and Hon. Henry Hubbard three hundred and sixty dollars for his trip to New Orleans, (La.)

Hon. Robert Rantoul, Jr., in his oration lately before the Massachusetts Society for the Abolition of Capital Punishment, as we learn from the Prisoner's Friend, stated some facts which will be new to most readers. For instance, it was stated that all distinguished lawyers in France had petitioned for the total abolition of the death penalty. This must be convincing evidence that capital punishment opposers are not all Non-Resistants, as the enemies of the cause would fain have us believe.

A very serious fire occurred in Philadelphia on Sunday night, destroying a great amount of property. Several persons were badly injured. Loss one hundred and twenty thousand dollars; insurance eighty-six thousand dollars.

We entertain the notion that if we would wish to exult for any cause, it should be more especially on occasion rather of public than of our individual welfare. We think this is the case when considering of the wonderful curative properties which exist in all their force and virtue in Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative. Surely it is joyous to witness its power over disease, triumphing wherever it is used, and restoring the sick even when near to the last.

I don't say as how missus drinks, but I do know that the bottle in the dark closet don't keep full all the time.

NOTICES.

A meeting of the Directors of the Quincy Charitable Society will be held on MONDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 9th,) at half past six o'clock, at the house of Mr. Eliza Marsh.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TOMORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room. Singers are requested to bring the Carmina Sacra.

The Officers of the Washington and Total Abstinence Societies in Quincy, are hereby notified that a meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

Have we sufficient evidence of the final holiness and happiness of all mankind?

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

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The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

To be Let.

THE STORE now occupied by Mr. Wyman Ab-
ercrombie.
Possession given immediately. Enquire at
THIS OFFICE.

Quincy, Feb. 7, 1846.

Now's the time, Ladies.
Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring
Goods.

RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage
Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together
with a variety of
FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street.
Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as
BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS,
&c. &c.

Quincy, Jan. 31, 1846.

Dissolution.
THE Copartnership heretofore existing between
the subscribers and known as the firm of

JACKSON & PARK,
is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
The accounts in Boston will be settled by Dr. Jack-
son and those in Quincy by Dr. Park.

JOSEPH JACKSON,
HORATIO N. PARK.

Notice
IS hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore
existing between the subscribers, under the name
and style of

T. & N. H. WHITE,
is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

THOMAS WHITE,
NATHAN H. WHITE.

MR. NATHANIEL WHITE of Quincy, is her-
eby authorized, and empowered to settle and ad-
just all the outstanding claims and demands of and
against the late firm of T. & N. H. WHITE.

Prime Eastern Hay.
50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part
of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale
at the Wharf of

ALBION DEARBORN.

Rail Road Petition and Order.
To the Hon. the Senate and the Hon. the
House of Representatives in General Court
assembled:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of Weymouth Land-
ing in the County of Norfolk, respectfully re-
quest that a Railroad be authorized from Quincy
to Weymouth, and running to a point near the head of
navigation on Monaquit River in Braintree and
through the Common to a point in Quincy near the
Town House, then to intersect the "Old Colony Rail-
road," required by public exigency; that said route
will appear from inspection of the Engineer's report
to be feasible, and that satisfactory evidence will be
offered to show that the travel and freight which
would pass over the same would be fully adequate to
maintain the same. They therefore pray that your
Honorable body would incorporate them into a body
possessing all the powers and privileges and
subject to all the liabilities of Railroad Corporations,
for the purpose aforesaid.

As in duty bound will ever pray
CHRISTOPHER WEBB & others.
Weymouth, Jan. 19th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
IN HOUSE OF REPS. JAN. 24, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the Peti-
tioners cause an attested copy of their Petition
with this Order thereon, to be served upon the Town
Clerks of Weymouth, Braintree and Quincy, and on
the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation,
times in the Boston Atlas and Boston Post; said ser-
vice to be ten days, at least, and said publication three
days, at least, before the sixteenth day of February,
that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew
cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Peti-
tion should not be granted.

In House of Representatives, sent up for concur-
rence.

CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk.

IN SENATE, January 24, 1846.

Concurred.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

Notice.
To the Honorable Senate and House of Repre-
sentatives in General Court assembled:

THE undersigned, Selectmen of the Town of Wey-
mouth, in the County of Norfolk, and State of
Massachusetts, respectfully represent that the said
Town has, by information obtained from persons
skilled in propagating oysters, obtained from persons
skilled in propagating oysters, successfully in Wey-
mouth Back River, (so called,) and also, that the in-
habitants of said town, at their last annual meeting,
voted as follows:

That the Selectmen be authorized to apply to the
Legislature, in behalf of the Town, for the purpose
of propagating and taking oysters, and protection of the
same, in the Weymouth Back River.

We, therefore, petition your honorable body, to
enact such laws as may be necessary, to grant and se-
cure to said Town the sole right to plant oysters in
said Back River, and to take and sell the same.

JAMES TORREY,
BENJ. F. WHITE,
NATHAN CANTERBURY, } Selectmen
Weymouth, January 5th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
IN SENATE, Jan. 28, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the Peti-
tioners cause an attested copy of their Petition
with this Order thereon, to be served upon the Town
Clerks of Weymouth, Braintree and Quincy, and on
the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation,
times in the Boston Atlas and Boston Post; said ser-
vice to be ten days, at least, and said publication three
days, at least, before the sixteenth day of February,
that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew
cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Peti-
tion should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, Jan. 28, 1846.
Concurred.

A true copy—Attest:
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.
Jan. 31, 1846.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts against
the Town of Quincy, are requested to present
for settlement on or before SATURDAY, the 15th
February, and all persons indebted to the Town
requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or
before that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse, are re-
quested to pay the same to THOMAS CHANDLER
(keeper of the Almshouse,) on or before the 15th
February, as all accounts must be settled by that
date.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }
LEVI G. FOLSOM, }
Quincy, Jan. 31, 1846.

New Books.
MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by
his brother, John Ware, M. D.

Lectures to Young Men on various important
jects, by Henry Ward Beecher.

Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick
Suffering.

The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious de-
velopment of Christian Character, by Harvey Newell.
Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin.
vised edition.

New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from
York. First and Second Series.

For sale at the
Quincy, Jan. 24, 1846.

Straw and Florence Bonnet
Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the ren-
der of her old stock of
STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS
will offer good bargains to those wishing to pur-
chase themselves cheap.

Notice of Removal.
JOHN RUSSELL,
TAILOR.

WOULD intimate to his former friends and
public, that he has removed from his old
at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's
Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,

In Mr. South's new Block,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.

us drinks, but I do know
closest don't keep full all
C. E. S.
of the Quincy Charita-
MONDAY EVENING
six o'clock, at the house
S. A. BENT, Secretary.
of Singing Society" stands
EVENING, at half past
room.
ring the Carmina Sacra.
BARKER, Secretary.
tion and Total Absti-
are hereby notified that a
ed" will be held at the
next MONDAY EVE-
Secretary of the Board.
ree Union Lyceum will
month, on MONDAY
o'clock.
UCCESS.
e of the final business
e present and partici-
O. FOYE, Secretary.
e Meeting will be held
noon, THIS EVENING,
T. KELLOGG, Sec.
therby give notice that
their room in the New
TRDAY each month
to five o'clock in the
ing business with the
on said days.
T. H. NEWCOMB,
T. W. ROBERTSON,
FOLSOM.
H REMEDY
n, and Consumption.
dy for Colds, Coughs,
N, is the BENGAL
covered by the celebra-
England, and introduced
the immediate superi-

To be Let,

THE STORE now occupied by Mr. Wyman Ab-
ercombe.
Possession given immediately. Enquire at
THIS OFFICE.
Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

Now's the time, Ladies.

Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring
Goods.

RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage
Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together
with a variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUNETT'S, Hancock Street.
Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as
BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS,
&c. &c.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 2m

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between
the subscribers and known as the firm of
JACKSON & PARK,
is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

The accounts in Boston will be settled by Dr. Jack-
son and those in Quincy by Dr. Park.
JOSEPH JACKSON,
HORATIO N. PARK.
Boston, Jan. 24, 1846. 3m

Notice

I hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore
existing between the subscribers, under the name
and style of

T. & N. H. WHITE,

THOMAS WHITE,

NATHAN H. WHITE.

Quincy, January 1st, 1846.

MR. NATHANIEL WHITE of Quincy, is here-
by authorized and empowered to settle and ad-
just all the outstanding claims and demands of and
against the late firm of T. & N. H. WHITE.
THOMAS WHITE,
NATHAN H. WHITE.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 3m

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part
of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale
at the Wharf of ALBION DEARBORN.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 1f

Rail Road Petition and Order.

To the Hon. the Senate and the Hon. the
House of Representatives in General Court
assembled:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of Weymouth Land-
ing in the County of Norfolk, respectfully re-
present that a Railroad from East Weymouth to Quincy,
commencing at a point near the Post Office at East
Weymouth, and running to a point near the head of
navigation on Monmouth River in Braintree and
through the Common to a point in Quincy, near the
Town House, then to intersect the Old Colony Rail-
road, is required by public exigency; that said route
will appear from inspection of the Engineer's report
to be feasible, and that satisfactory evidence will be
offered to show that the travel and freight which
would pass over the same would be fully adequate to
maintain the same. They therefore pray that your
Honorable body would incorporate in a body
polite, possessing all the powers and privileges
subject to all the liabilities of Railroad Corporations,
for the purpose aforesaid.

As an entry bound will ever prevail
CHRISTOPHER WEBB & others.
Weymouth, Jan. 19th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In House of Reps. Jan. 24, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the Peti-
tioners cause an attested copy of their Petition
with this Order thereon, to be served upon the Town
Clerks of Weymouth, Braintree and Quincy, and on
the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation,
times in the Boston Atlas and Boston Post; said ser-
vice to be ten days, at least, and said publication three
days, at least, before the sixteenth day of February;
that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew
cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Peti-
tion should not be granted.

In House of Representatives, sent up for concur-
rence.
CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk.

In SENATE, January 24, 1846.

Concurred.
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.
A true Copy—Attest:
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.
Jan. 31. 2m

Notice.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Repre-
sentatives in General Court assembled:

THE undersigned, Selectmen of the Town of Wey-
mouth, in the County of Norfolk, and State of
Massachusetts, respectfully represent that the said
Town has, by information obtained from persons
skilled in propagating oysters, ascertained satisfactorily
that systems can be propagated successfully in Wey-
mouth Back River, (so called), and also, that the in-
habitants of said town, at their last annual meeting,
voted as follows:

That the Selectmen be authorized to apply to the
Legislature, in behalf of the Town, for the purpose of
propagating and taking oysters, and protection of the
same, in the Weymouth Back River.

We, therefore, petition your honorable body, to
enact such laws as may be necessary, to grant and se-
cure to said Town the sole right to plant oysters in
said Back River, and to take and sell the same.

JAMES YORKER, } Selectmen
BENJ. F. WHITE, }
NATHAN CANTERBURY, } Weymouth.
Weymouth, January 5th, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
In SENATE, Jan. 28, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the Peti-
tioners cause an attested copy of their Petition,
with this order thereon, to be served upon the Clerk
of the Town of Hingham, and published once a week
for two weeks successively, in a newspaper called the
Hingham Patriot, published in Hingham, in the Quincy
Atlas and Quincy Patriot, published in Quincy, the
last publication to be four days, at least, before the
last day of February, that all persons interest-
ed may then appear, and shew cause, if any they
have, why the prayer of said petition should not be
granted.

Sent down for concurrence.
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, Jan. 28, 1846.
Concurred.
CHARLES W. STORY, Clerk.
A true copy—Attest:
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.
Jan. 31. 2m

Notice.

ALL persons having indebted accounts against the
Town of Quincy, are requested to present them
for settlement on or before SATURDAY, the 14th of
February, and all persons indebted to the Town are
requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or be-
fore that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse, are request-
ed to pay the same to THOMAS CHANDLER,
(keeper of the Almshouse), on or before the 14th of
February, as all accounts must be settled by that time.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } Quincy.
LEVI G. FOLSOM, }
Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w

New Books.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his
brother, John Ware, M. D.
Lectures to Young Men on various important sub-
jects, by Henry Ward Beecher.
Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and
Suffering.
The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious devel-
opment of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.
Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Re-
vised edition.
New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New
York. First and Second Series.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Straw and Florence Bonnets

Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remain-
der of her old stock of
STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,
will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply
themselves cheap.
S. S. MARSH.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Notice of Removal.

JOHN RUSSELL,
TAILOR,

WOULD intimate to his former friends and the
public, that he has removed from his old stand
at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's
Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,
In Mr. Souther's new Block,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.

N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on
hand a good assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doekings.

—ALSO—
A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS,
VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of
which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible
PROFIT.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Great Bargains
CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE
QUINCY
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of
Broadcloth, Cassimeres, Doekings and Vestings
this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a
LESS PRICE than ever before offered, or have them
Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style,
can be accommodated at short notice by applying to
E. PACKARD.
N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tail-
oring department, is without a rival at Cutting and
making a garment. 1f Quincy, Jan. 24.

Books, Books at Auction.

TO be sold at public auction, at W. M. FRENCH'S
FURNITURE ROOM, on
SATURDAY EVENING next,
to be continued every Saturday evening until
further notice.

A LARGE COLLECTION OF
New, Valuable, Standard and Miscel-
laneous BOOKS.

In the various Departments of Literature, compris-
ing a splendid and extensive assortment of several
hundred Volumes, many of them CHOICE WORKS.
There are a great many valuable Works, in fine
bindings, and all Warranted Perfect. Ladies and
gents can examine them on each day of sale, and can
have Books at private sale, at four shilling prices.
Sale to commence at six o'clock.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Jan. 30, 1846.
ARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chan-
cery has issued a Warrant against the estate of
FREDERICK W. URANN,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an
insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the deli-
very of property to him or to his assigns, and the trans-
fer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.
The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to
appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the
office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, in said
County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next,
at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of
debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

A. E. DuBois, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
Jan. 31. 2m

In Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has
been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of
SILVANUS THAYER, JR.,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an
insolvent debtor; and that said debtor will be ex-
amined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transac-
tions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his
allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolv-
ency, to be holden at the Office of Aaron Prescott,
Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND
MONDAY of February next, at two o'clock in the
afternoon, and that creditors may present and prove
their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Assignee.
Jan. 31. 2m

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has
been duly appointed administratrix of the goods
and estate of

WARREN HUNT,
late of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, shoemaker,
deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons
having demands upon the estate of the said deceased,
are required to exhibit the same, and all persons in-
debted thereto to make payment to

ELNICE HUNT, Administratrix.
Randolph, Jan. 31. 3w

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be
found, all the articles usually comprising an
Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her
variety of

MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick,
which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE
BOTTLES AND TUBES,
Breast Pipes and Shells, Bad Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;
Ellis' Volturnus Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters
Atwood's Scurvy Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS;
Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. 1f

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends,
and the public generally, to her new stock of
Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,
having made such arrangements with the manufac-
turers as will warrant her in saying that her present as-
sortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses
that of any previous season. In addition to the above,
splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be
seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,
which having been selected with great care, cannot
but give perfect satisfaction.

—ALSO—
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS
made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, to-
gether with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,
CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Gaiters, Mitts, Collars;
Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;
Cravats, (Paris Cord), Gimpes, and other Trimmings
for Dresses), Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grace Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANSED and PRESSED in
the best manner, as usual, at short notice.
She would also give notice to those wishing Dress-
es made, that she has a young lady with her who will
attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be
happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at
their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the
Store of

S. S. MARSH,
a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same
building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the
south side. 1f Quincy, May 3.

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove
DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all
those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his
vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP
STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of
AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,
viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's.
These three in connection with others in store, make
the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the
popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE
in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as
well as those who would like to see a new assortment
would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,
42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.
L. STETSON BATES.
Boston, Dec. 13. 1f

New Fall Goods.

NOW OPENING
BY
E. R. STOCKWELL,
56 Hanover St. BOSTON.

THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHION-
ABLE

SHAWLS
that can be found in almost any store in this city, com-
prising every kind and quality, from the Highland
for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00.

We have made arrangements with the importers in
Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly
adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of
new Shawls such as the coming season may require.
We are also now receiving by the Steamers and
Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS,
that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES,
Ottoman Repts, M. D. Laines, Alpacaes of every
quality, Alpacaes, Alpacaes, Alpacaes, Alpacaes, Alpacaes,
Goods, etc.

—ALSO—
CLOAK STUFFS,
of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter
Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers,
Hosiery, Gloves, etc., all of which will be sold at the
lowest prices, at 56 Hanover Street.
Boston, Sept. 6. 1f

THE FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1846,
by Robert B. Thomas, for sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Traders supplied at the lowest cash prices.
Quincy, Oct. 25. 1f

Boston Almanac for 1846,
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 13. 1f

QUINCY PATRIOT.

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements,
intended not only to add to its attractiveness,
but also to conduce to the convenience and gratifica-
tion of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF
GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to
which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and
Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by
stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly sup-
plied.

BLANK BOOKS,
The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, togeth-
er with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen
in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WAX-
RATED. Should any book be ordered which may not
be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprie-
tor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pat-
tern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.
In this department the most perfect satisfaction will
be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions
are constantly made of new works, which, with a
great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and
Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents
as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,
Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works,
if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest
notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.
Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and
elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings,
and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. At-
tention is particularly requested to this collection.
They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will
be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.
American, English and French Letter, Drawing and
Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and
price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the
best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Col-
ors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand
Boxes. Bonnet Papers, Inkstands, plain and screw-top
for Desks. Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tis-
sue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber,
Drawing Blocks, Mottos, Wafers and Stamps. Indelible
Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, and
other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be
sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good as-
signment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.
Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Paver's,
Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, vari-
ous sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be of-
fered for sale but such as is known to be of good qual-
ity, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail,
at the lowest market price.

Walkeon's British Ink Powder, celebrated for mak-
ing a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other
Ink Powder.

SLATES.
Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made
with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality.
Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low
rates.

Brushes and Combs.
Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good
assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and
Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.
A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and
Pocket Books, Ladies' Pocket Books,
Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.
Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for
Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.
Cologne and Lavender Water, Baffalo, Bear, Macas-
sar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Pow-
der, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court
Plaster, Cigar Cases,
Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of
articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this
opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all
whose liberality has contributed to its support, and
solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,
Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8. 1f

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own
mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."
A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a vari-
ety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which
will be sold at low prices, viz:—

MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal
Blue; Alpacaes, M. de Laines, PRINTS;
Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of
domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather
SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.
Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspend-
ers, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin
SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen
BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.
Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do; Slippers.
A good assortment of ready made
SACK COATS, PANTS AND VESTS,
FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,
which can be made into any style of garment to suit
the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy
DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS,
AND OF

VESTINGS,
EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would
find it to their advantage to give us early call.
E. PACKARD.
Quincy, Oct. 4. 1f

New Volumes.

AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIOD-
ICALS will be furnished at subscription prices;
free of postage.

Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be
entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LI-
BRARY.

With the New Year commence new Volumes, of-
fering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to
subscribe. 1f Quincy, Dec. 27.

BROWN'S ALMANAC, POCKET MEN
ORANDUM and ACCOUNT BOOK, for 1846
for sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.

IN the hope to obtain relief where it seems denied to
the sick, we lay hold on straws like drowning
men. Thus it is that thousands are the quicker hur-
ried to the yawning grave in consequence of
catching those false floats that are not able to sustain
them, and they sink. Remember, then, while in ap-
parent health, that if you are taken sick with predis-
posing symptoms of diseased lungs, or with a marked
attack of real Cough, Cold, Liver Complaint, Con-
sumption, or Pain in the Chest and Side, that you can
find relief and cure by the prompt use of Brinckerhoff's
Health Restorative. Give it your confidence, use it
fairly and in accordance with the prescribed directions
and your help is certain without even a shadow of
doubt, by the favor of Heaven. Permit no whims of
friends or relatives to keep you from the determina-
tion of using the Restorative. In spite of all opposi-
tion obtain some of it, and secretly even if you must,
but boldly if you can, use it faithfully and honestly
with justice to your own case, and to the credit of the
medicine. The result we will warrant to reach and
exceed our best anticipations. We plead with the
sick to try this remedy; we are anxious that all
should share in its happy effects, and we are urged to
it solely by the promptings of the philanthropic mo-
tive of aiding the sufferer. Never give up your case
as hopeless while Mr. Brinckerhoff's Restorative is
yet untried—in that we confidently predict a banish-
ment or even a pre-Tomb visitation from Consumptive disease.
The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well
known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C.
Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it
does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic prepa-
ration, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed
of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
538 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS.
Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple,
Washington Street.
Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD.
Jan. 24. 1f

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that HORACE EV-
ERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that
I have no connection with him, nor have any
thing to do with any pills which he may offer
to the public, called the Health Restorative
Pills

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE DREAM.

I read, reflected, then I went to sleep,
And as I slept my fancies 'way did creep
From scenes on earth, witnessed by mortal eye,
To scenes which changed from real to scenes on high.
Of men I dreamt, two living side by side,
One lived meek the other lived in pride;
The one of pride off boasted as he trod,
That not his friend, but he lived for his God.
He lived in pride and lofty was his head,
And merely prayed and loved his God, he said,
While the man of meekness ever in virtue trod,
Although he said but homage did to God.
His homage was not prayer but goodness did
To man through life until he closed his lid;
While he of pride said he was in virtue's path
Though never check'd his pride nor check'd his wrath.
Grim death soon came; his spirit winged from earth,
And put to end all pleasure, pride and mirth;
He winged above, in judgment he was set,
But not long there when lo! his friend he met.
Jehovah then the proud man took in hand,
And questioned close his doings in the land;
The man replied, to thee each night I prayed,
And from my door the poor man oft I bade.
Jehovah then the proud man's "friend" did take
Into his hands, his doings to debate;
The man replied, to thee I never have prayed,
But at my door the needy ne'er forbade.
Man! thy work is just he said, thou ne'er did bend,
While vanity has been that of thy friend;
Proud man, go back, and teach the world to be
As wise as him whose spirit rests by me. L. H. S.

For the Quincy Patriot.

GIVE ME THE WILD NOTES.

Let scholars with study bewilder their brains
To wring out magnificent college taught strains,
And pester their muse till she sleeps o'er her harp,
A strain and a nod then a trill and a gasp,
Be't mine, when I woo her, my passion to show
By catching and kissing and then let her go.

These wonderful poems, exquisitely fine,
Tho' guarded each measured grammatical line,
Yet make no impression that sticks to the head,
Tho' polished like silver are worthless as lead;
So strict to the rule and the plummet confined,
Deficient in naught save the image of mind.

Give me the wild notes like the hughle—the wail
That moans like the forest when swept by the gale;
The words that gush freely and warm from the heart,
Untrammelled of their beauties by fashion and art,
Rough nature's wild notes at the free center's door,
The music that thrills through the hearts of the poor.
F. M. ADLINGTON, Weymouth.

GIVE A TRIFLE.

It is a trifle—give a trifle
To help the poor along;
'Tis not the amount—it is the will
That makes the virtue strong.
"I have but little," never say,
"It will be of no avail to give,"
A penny if you give to day,
Will make the dying live.

It is the spirit—not the gold
Upon the waters cast—
That will return a hundred fold,
To cheer and bless at last.
Then give a trifle cheerfully,
From out thy little store;
With interest 'twill come to thee,
When thou wilt need it more.

THE FAULTS OF MAN.

A thousand faults in man we find—
Merit in him we seldom meet:
Man's inconstant and unkind;
Man is false and indiscreet;
Man's capricious, jealous, free,
Vain, insincere, and trifling, too,
Yet still the women all agree
For want of better—he must do!

ANECDOTES.

"Ma aunt Joe Smashes a courting Mr. Meley?"
"No; what makes you think so?"
"Why, always when he comes near her she sorter
leans up to him like a sick kitten to a hot brick."

An Irish merchant was accosted in his counting
house by a countryman, who needed charity. Money
having been given to him, he said:
"You haven't got such a thing as a pair of cold
trowsers, have you?"
"No my man," said the merchant, "I don't keep my
wardrobe in my counting house."
"Where do you live?" rejoined Pat, "and I'll call
in the morning for the cold pair you've got on."

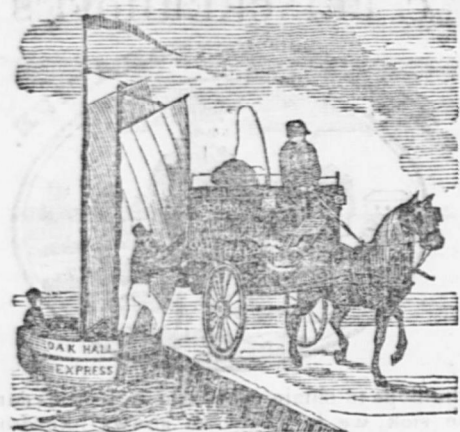
A nervous man imagined himself very sick, and
reports were in the neighborhood that he was given
over by the doctor. He was observed, early in the
day, making rapid strides through the streets. His
alarmed neighbors met him; "How are you my
friend?" "Sick very?" "Where now?" "After some
one to set up with me tonight, I am so plagued for
good watchers, that I can depend upon no one."

Sherridan made his appearance one day in a pair of
new boots; these attracting the notice of some of his
friends, "Now guess," said he, "how I came by these
boots?" Many probable guesses then took place.
"No!" said Sherridan, "no, you've not hit it, nor ever
will—I bought them, and paid for them!"

A certain Baron had a son who, at the age of eleven
or twelve years, rose to the rank of Major. One morn-
ing his mother hearing a noise in the nursery, rang
the bell to know what was the cause of it. "It is
only," said the servant, "the Major crying for his
porridge."

A woman lately carried her boy to be christened,
telling the minister his name was Acts—being asked
the reason for so odd a name, she said her husband
and herself were religious folk, that having named
four other boys for the evangelists, they intended to
continue with the Apostles.

"Ah, John, my uncle has been in New York and
yourn hasn't." "Well, what of that?" "My uncle has
been in jail, and yours has not."



HALF A
\$1,000,000
WORTH OF CLOTHING!
TO BE SOLD THIS YEAR, 1845.

"OAK HALL"
UNPARALLELED
IN THE ANNALS OF HISTORY AS TO
PIECES OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS!!!

BRILLIANT CAREER
AND
UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS!!
Fall Campaign.
THIS TERRIFIC WHEEL IN FULL REVOLUTION!!
Country Traders, Look to This!!

An endless variety of every Quality, Style and
Fashion of Ready Made Clothing, Rich Piece Goods,
and Furnishing Goods, at
Extremely Low Prices.

BOYS' CLOTHING, in all its variety. "Oak
Hall" continues the "Grand Theatre of Attraction." A
living panorama of human beings flock to this fash-
ionable resort daily—and to meet the full anticipation
of my numerous Friends and Customers, I have Fresh
Manufactured a FIRST RATE STOCK of Ready
Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, adapted to this
Fall and coming Winter, that will eclipse in brilliancy
and astonish all. In quantity, almost surpasses belief
Together with an Immense Stock of

PIECE GOODS,
of all qualities, grades and colors, of rich VESTINGS,
VELVETS, SILKS, SATINS, etc. Cloths, Cassi-
meres, Doeskins, etc. etc, that will be sold by the
yard, or manufactured to order at prices so low as to

Defy All Competition.
A half a million Dollars worth of Ready Made
Clothing and Furnishing Goods to be sold this year of
our Lord, 1845. "Large amount," the reader ex-
claims. "True." Some may laugh—others may
sneeze—and the remainder may turn up the whites of
their eyes at what I am going to say, but it is my set-
tled conviction—a conviction mind you that I have
arrived at by the slowest imaginable degree of cogitation,
and due and deliberate calculation—that

THIS IS A LARGE COUNTRY
we live in, and my customers are scattered over EVERY
inhabitable part of the globe. The name of

"OAK HALL,"
has been proclaimed from, and posted on, the WALLS
of CANTON, and echoed back to Europe, and reached
all over every inhabitable part of the globe.
With all the powerful machinery I can bring to bear
I have been able to reduce the price of this necessary
article.

READY MADE CLOTHING,
AT SO LOW A PRICE THAT I WILL

Defy the World to Undersell.
By doing so IMMENSE a trade I am enabled to keep
THAT TREMENDOUS WHEEL
in motion. SLOW AND SURE is its revolution—clothing
in its turn by thousands, until the end of the year
its revolution completes a half a million dollars worth
sold, and brings us in a new career for 1846.

Country Traders.
I would invite your attention to as SPLENDID a
variety of Fashionable goods as were ever offered in
this market, comprising the latest patterns and styles
of French, English and American manufacture. You
are invited to call, or send your orders by mail to that
GREAT MARKET.

"OAK HALL."
A saving of some 20 per cent. can be made, and every
particle constituting a Gentleman's Wardrobe can
be found by the dozen, package, or ship load. Those
living at a distance, preferring their clothes FASHION-
ABLY MADE at a First Rate

BOSTON HOUSE,
are informed that by post paid application they can re-
ceive a Prospectus, explanatory of my system of busi-
ness, directions for measuring, statement of prices, etc.
etc. If three or four gentlemen club together, one of my
travellers will be despatched to wait upon them. Re-
collect all of this

Immense Stock of Goods
Shall be closed up at prices so
EXTREMELY LOW
as will astonish all, and set the world to WONDER-
ING how it can be done. As my motto this year is

To Clothe the Public
at a SMALL EXPENSE, and make out that
large amount.

HALF A MILLION DOLLARS!
FOR PRICES
see small advertisements in all the principal papers in
the United States. Also, my Poetical Circular
and Small Bills.

GEO. W. SIMMONS,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
Celebrated Clothing Establishment,
"OAK HALL BUILDING,"
32, 34, 36 and 38 Ann Street,
OPPOSITE MERCHANTS' ROW,

REMEMBER
No. 32, WOODEN BUILDING.
Entire Oak Front, Diamond Windows.
Nov. 15. BOSTON. 3m

Cow Hide Boots.
THE subscriber still continues his business at the
old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School
Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on
hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's
BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short
notice. JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.



MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS

TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still con-
tinues the
all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.
COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.
SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.
N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.—
MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.
In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE
TRIMMING in their various branches.
OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.
Old CARRIAGES, Varished and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.
Old FURNITURE Varished and made to look as well as new. Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30
cents. TABLES varished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts., and all other kinds of Furniture in propor-
tion to the above prices.
All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.
Quincy, March 13.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his
splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for
sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or
vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of
BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSI-
MERES; SATINETTS; GAMBRUONS AND
VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Lains,
Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Mushins; White;
Maided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White,
Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings
and Shirts; Tickings, Crash, Diaper
Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs,
Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses'
Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's
PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at
short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a gen-
eral assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND
GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved
credit. Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a
lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality,
which they will keep constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 29.

Boarders Wanted.

FIVE or six good boarders can be accommodated in
the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding
and washing included at \$2.25 per week.
MELVILL HOVEY.
Quincy, Jan. 11.

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now land-
ing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams' Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK, at \$6, \$7, 50
to \$8 per thousand, the prices va-
rying according to the quality selected. A liberal
discount made for carting. Inquire of
ALBERT HERSEY.
Quincy Point, June 14.

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.
Quincy, August 10.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus
Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon,
continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All
orders for Carrying promptly executed. Particular at-
tention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.
Orders may be left with him at his residence in
School Street, and at either of the Stores in Town. In
Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins',
South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard
to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes
to receive a liberal encouragement.
JOSHUA FISHER
Quincy, Nov. 11

Mattresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of
CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of ex-
tra size and of superior quality, by
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 29.

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses
MUFFS, of various sizes, and qualities, and of
the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received
and for sale as low as Boston prices, by
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 25.

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the
State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in
Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against
Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furni-
ture, Machinery and other property.
GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by
SETH ADAMS.
Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham
& Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple
Quincy, April 20.

Paper Hangings.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received
fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a
good assortment of
PAPER HANGINGS,
which will be sold as low as Boston prices.
Quincy, April 19.

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought
at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at
E. PACKARD'S.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

New Prints, good styles, just received and

for sale by J. BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spit-
ting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing,
Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in
the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and va-
rious affections of the Stomach and
Liver.

Folger's Olossonian, or All-Healing Balsam.

IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Con-
sumption than of any other disease. It is estimated
that in the United States over THIRTY THOU-
SAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this
deadly scourge. The cause of the evil is generally
overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or
a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimpor-
tant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and Night Sweats
follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL?
Here it is. The experience of more than twenty
years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are re-
joicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George
W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered
under the effects of a severe cold for more than a
year, and in the month of August, when his Cough
had reduced him so much that he feared he would die,
he commenced using the Olossonian. He raised blood
at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest,
and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His
appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be
rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use
of this remedy that by the month of November he
left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being
permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—
The cure was truly a wonderful one and places the
"Olossonian" or "All-Healing Balsam" at the head of
the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful dis-
ease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York)
was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the
summer. His cough became very troublesome and
he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe
pain in the chest and his breathing became so short
that he could not walk any distance without stop-
ping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low.
He was under the care of several physicians in Brook-
lyn, who told him they could do no good, as his dis-
ease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He re-
moved to this city to die among his friends. He was
by this time so weak that he could not walk without
assistance. Although his friends had now given up
all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced
using the "Olossonian, or All-Healing Balsam," and
in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to re-
sume his business.

Mr. T. Laban, residing at 52 Pine street, was se-
verely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having
taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter.
In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably
well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his
Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get
up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning for-
ward on a chair. His cough was most distressing
through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried
almost everything without relief. He never had a
good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced
taking the Olossonian, or All-Healing Balsam, when
he found immediate relief, and before using half a
bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly
as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the ef-
ficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a prop-
erty superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate
the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of
the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—
It will allay the Pain, your side and chest—put to
flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet sleep,
rest and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there
is no medicine in the world that will cure you so
speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable
symptoms which strike the mind and drive you to
give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and
speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co.
State street, Boston; and by the following appointed
agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D.
Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A.
Torrey, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer,
do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorches-
ter.

August 16.

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and
plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be
found at JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 20.

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLLEN

GOODS, which, together with their former Stock,

enables them to offer to the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and
French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS,
TWEEDS, GAMBRUONS, &c. of the most desir-
able and fashionable colors and styles.

SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS,
all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices
in order to make any garment for gentlemen's or boys'
wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston
ready made.

All wishing to treat themselves to new Clothes the
present season, will do well to call and look before
purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISH-
ING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves,
Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc., at very low prices.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

Grocery Store and Restorator.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the pub-
lic, that he has established himself in business,
in this town, at the cellar under the shop of Mr. Francis
Williams, which has been recently fitted up for
the purpose, where the usual variety of a

GROCERY STORE,

will be found, of every quality, and sold by the retail

at reasonable prices.

In connection, the best of

OYSTERS,

will also be kept and served up in various ways.

Also—May be found PIES, CAKES, CONFECTIONERY, NUTS, etc., etc.

As the subscriber desires to meet the wants of and to accommodate patrons, he hopes to receive a share of support commensurate with his efforts to serve and cater for the public.

PETER FOLSON.

Quincy, May 10.

Published every

NUMBER 7.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dol-
lars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six
months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration
of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped
previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the
option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish
their papers discontinued, they will give notice to
that effect and at the time their subscription expires.
Every subscriber will be held responsible for the pay-
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at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where-
soever he may have directed it, until legally notified to
the contrary.

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Single copies of the paper, Five CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

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pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

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GEORGE H. LOCKE, "Stone Quarries."
ORIN P. BACON, "Dorchester."
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

MISCELLANY.

THE POOR MECHANIC.

"I must be the poor mechanic, my poor Mary."
said Henry Wilmott, as he entered the
apartment of his fair young wife, a day or two
after their happy bridal, clad in his coarse
though neat and clean working apparel; "and
am I the less dear to you, my sweet wife, for
this faded jacket and these coarse gray
pants?"

"Oh, no, no," said the young bride, fondly
flinging herself into the extended arms of her
husband, her eyes already filling with tears,
"you are dear, doubly dear to me, for the many
sacrifices you have and still make for the
poor though devoted wife of your bosom. But,
Henry," she continued, "I sometimes fear that
you will repent the course you have taken; I
fear that you will sometimes reproach yourself
for wedding the obscure orphan, and joining
your fate with one who has nothing to bring
you but the love of a true and devoted heart."

"And that love and heart, my dear Mary,
I would not exchange for the broad universe,
even were it a rich and solid Chrysolite;
yours, my Mary, is a love more precious than
gold; your heart and soul, so pure, so devoted,
commands all my noble powers, and inspires
within me an energy to meet undauntedly the
storms of the future with courage and cheerfulness.
Talk not to me of sacrifices, dearest
wife, when your love is to me what the brand,
steady blaze of the towering light-house, to the
misguided mariner on the dark, tempestu-
ous ocean; you are mine, my own sweet wife,
and I would not exchange the bliss even of this
single moment, for all the gold of the wealthy
East."

"Perhaps not, Henry, but this is only the
dawning of our wedded life; dark clouds may
gather around and obscure the light which now
gladdens our youthful hearts. Storms may
burst upon us in all their relentless fury; the
ills and cares of life may crowd in upon us in
rapid succession, and friend after friend turn
away and forsake us in the day of trial and ad-
versity."

"But your love, my Mary, will still be the
same, unchangeable and pure, and I shall
scarcely realize the dark storms of life, while
my rugged pathway is lighted by the love of
one so good and gentle as thyself," and he
looked into her clear blue eyes with an intensi-
ty as if to read the inmost recesses of her pure
and ardent breast, as he continued, "and we
shall scarce fail to be happy, so long as love
and truth is the firm groundwork of our enjoy-
ment;" and he imprinted another fond kiss
upon her fair white brow, and hastened with
a firmer nerve and lighter breast to his daily
toil.

Just one year previous to his

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 7.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

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"Perhaps not, Henry, but this is only the dawn of our wedded life; dark clouds may gather around and obscure the light which now gladdens our youthful hearts. Storms may burst upon us in all their relentless fury; the ills and cares of life may crowd in upon us in rapid succession, and friend after friend turn away and forsake us in the day of trial and adversity."

"But your love, my Mary, will still be the same, unchangeable and pure, and I shall scarcely realize the dark storms of life, while my rugged pathway is lighted by the love of one so good and gentle as thyself," and he looked into her clear blue eyes with an intensity as if to read the inmost recesses of her pure and ardent breast, as he continued, "and we shall scarce fail to be happy, so long as love and truth is the firm groundwork of our enjoyment," and he imprinted another fond kiss upon her fair white brow, and hastened with a firmer nerve and lighter breast to his daily toil.

Just one year previous to his marriage had Henry Wilmott first seen his lovely and beautiful bride. The sweet pensiveness and deep thoughtfulness upon her fair young brow, made an almost instantaneous impression on his heart in her favor; her clear large eyes were bright with youthful lustre, and there was beauty in the rich crimson that hovered around her dimpled cheek, giving a magic power to the pensiveness that played upon her countenance; her voice was music deep and thrilling to the heart of Wilmott, and her step and gestures light, free and graceful, as the fairy's tread, and to him she seemed an image to be worn forever next his warm and throbbing heart—a creature worthy of the love and true devotion of his heart and soul. And he did not know, for her irresistible charms insensibly won his warmest, purest affections, and he was happy only in her presence; and as he watched her graceful step, her witching smile, and detected the half-concealed sigh, which rose only to her lips, he fondly wished that their future might be one. And his love was returned in all the depths of its truthfulness and purity by the young, confiding girl, and pure and holy

were the plights of those two fond and trusting hearts.

Wilmott had just completed his minority when he pledged his hand, his heart, his all, to the fair orphan, and no provision had as yet been made by his father for his future welfare. Henry had been a dutiful son during his minority, and when he had attained an age in which he should act for himself, he desired of his parents his portion, that he might commence a life of business on his own responsibility, at the same time making them acquainted with his attachment to the poor orphan, the beautiful Mary Linden.

His father was an extensive landholder, and a stern, rigid, cold-hearted man of the world; he knew little of the finer sensibilities of the heart, and still less of the felicity of pure, trusting and devoted love; he cared little for the well being and happiness of others, save only when it was intimately connected with his own personal interests. Henry was his eldest son, and many had been the schemes that worldly man had planned for additional wealth, through his dutiful and kind-hearted boy; but a union with Mary Linden would frustrate all those well-devised plans; for she was poor—and so poor, that in all the wide world she had scarcely a place to lay her head. Mr. Wilmott therefore sternly and deliberately gave his son his choice; to remain with him, and become his partner in business, or take Miss Linden as his bride, and go out forever, a portionless outcast, from his childhood's home, to seek with her his fortune, or die in the endeavor. No words of remonstrance were uttered by Henry; but when a few more weeks had passed away, he had conveyed his beautiful bride to a distant town, until he could make arrangements for the future. Their bridal was a lovely one, but the clearest sky and brightest sun looked down upon them, that ever decked with light and smiles the groves and glens of his native home.

Months passed away, and Henry was happy with his beautiful and devoted wife, for she was everything that was affectionate and pure, everything that was loveable and gentle, and Henry felt that his happiness had increased a thousand fold under the sweet, soothing influence of her companionship; they sometimes felt the blighting pangs of poverty, although, perhaps, not yet in its bitterest and lowest degradation, and sometimes the cold, heartless sneers of the world would float over them, borne along by the vile and poisonous breath of busy slanderers. But what cared they for the contempt and sneers of the world, or the slanderer's tongue, so long as the love which had in truthfulness been garnered up in their young hearts, spread its soft, soothing halo around their path, and lighted with smiles and cheerfulness their peaceful and quiet fireside. They lived only in each other's society, and hope pointed them to a future of happiness and prosperity. They struggled hard and perseveringly against the strong current of misfortune and adversity, for more than one year, not allowing themselves to be discouraged or disheartened by the finger of scorn, or the sneers of the world. But time is its changes, and so do the affairs and prospects of men.

It was late on a cold, stormy winter's evening, that Henry Wilmott entered with a faltering step and saddened brow, the home where all his heart's best and purest affections centered. She who was the light of that home, and the joy of his breast, was feebly reclining upon a low couch; yet as he entered, a smile played around that beautiful, pallid lip, and the light of love beamed forth from those clear eyes, a kind and cordial welcome to the weary and care-worn husband. He hid his face in the pillow beside her, and sobbed aloud from the fullness of his agonized heart; and deep and fearful indeed were the heavings of that noble and manly breast.

"Henry, dear Henry, what is the matter?" asked his fond and loving wife, with tender and anxious earnestness; "Are you ill? You have worked too long and late, in your anxiety to procure a few comforts for me; your forehead is burning like a raging fever, and your temples throbbing, almost to bursting." And she parted the rich brown hair from his burning brow, and kissed away the tears that ran in torrents down his flushed and careworn cheeks.

"I am not ill, as you suppose, my dearest Mary, but my heart is sick, and almost dead within me. I am discouraged, and success is something that I shall never, never realize."

"Talk not thus, dear Henry; you are young—the world is before you—press onward manfully, and falter not, though every thing looks dark and drear around you, and success will eventually crown your honest efforts."

Ten long years have passed away, made up of joys and sorrows, of crushed and blighted hopes to some, and to others they have brought the dawning of a blissful, tranquil, happy life; the wheel of fortune is still revolving, and many that ten years ago were placed on a fair and lofty eminence, are now crushed, in hopeless gloom and gloom, beneath its powerful weight, and many that then lay desparingly beneath misfortune's blight, have soared far away on the bright wings of prosperity, to bask in the light and bliss of opulence and wealth. But where is the poor mechanic, Henry Wilmott, and his devoted wife? The humble dwelling which they occupied ten years before has long since been vacated, and they and their misfortunes are almost forgotten by their rich, benevolent neighbors, and even the wealthy capital-

ist, who supplied him with work at half price, has quite forgotten the name of Henry Wilmott.

Just go with me a few miles from the wealthy metropolis, and follow the windings of that broad and beautiful stream. Do you see, far away in the distance, that rich and fertile landscape, here and there shaded by the dark foliage of a giant oak or stately elm? See how proudly those noble heights tower in lofty grandeur above that quiet lake, which seems to sleep so smilingly beneath their protecting strength; see how carelessly the flocks and herds recline upon its cool, refreshing banks, beneath the verdure of those graceful elms;—and further on, almost hidden by the clustering vine and fragrant shrubs, stands a neat, white cottage; the blinds are open to emit the sweet, pure air, that comes laden with rich fragrance from the mountain's brow; three lovely children are sporting upon the soft green sward in front of the house with the old, shaggy, Newfoundland dog, that takes upon himself the responsibility of protector. See that roguish, laughing boy, with full, round cheeks and pouting lip, his sunny ringlets sporting in the breeze, revealing a broad, high, intelligent brow; observe the restless glances from his joyous eye, and the light, nervous movements of his chubby form; in him are portrayed, in striking colors, the true and perfect semblance of his noble father, and in those sweet, young sisters, beauteous and bright as the morning flower, you might see the beauties and graces of the mother, just unfolding to view. But let us take a stroll over these beautiful grounds before we rest in the quiet cottage which seems so temptingly to invite us.

It is autumn, and the broad fields are waving in their rich and golden beauty before the gentle breeze, and smilingly basking in the ripening harvest, beneath the warm and genial sunlight; the sickle is plied with cheerful industry, and soon the rich and golden harvest is to be garnered up for man and brute. The golden fruit hangs temptingly from the drooping branches, which are groaning beneath the insupportable weight of their burden, contrasting strangely with the light song of the merry harvesters, so clearly floating along those quiet dells.

"This truly is a lovely landscape, and happy must be the master and owner of these fertile grounds."

Yes, and he is indeed so, and thrice happy, from the drear misfortunes which had befallen him in days gone by.

"Misfortunes, did you say?"

Aye, truly did I; but come, let us enter this home of peace and plenty, and gain an introduction to its hospitable occupants, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilmott. You doubtless recollect the poor mechanic, and since he has arisen to affluence and ease, will not, of course, object to a further acquaintance. Yes, this home of peace and plenty is that of Henry Wilmott and his youthful bride; those fertile grounds, laden with the rich and golden harvest, are the effects of untiring, persevering industry, and those lovely children the pledges of their mutual, true and holy love.

When we left Henry ten years since, we left him poor and disheartened, though manfully striving to struggle against the strong current of misfortune and adversity, and often, instead of advancing, he found himself borne farther along its dark, frowning waters. The eye of the world looked coldly upon him, for he was amongst strangers, and far away from his childhood's home, and he shrank from beneath their cold, suspicious gaze; and truly did he learn by bitter experience, that the wretched are unwelcome everywhere. His wife was feeble, and ill able to bear the keen and bitter shafts which were daily pointed at their already wounded hearts. Henry would have yielded in despair, had not the endearing solace of his loved companion cheered and sustained his sinking spirits, and awakened within him the noble energies of his heart and soul. Her mind, strengthened by misfortunes and the rough contact with the world, was vigorous in the performance of every duty, and Henry, even in the darkest hour of trial and adversity, blessed the day that made him a poor mechanic, for her sake.

"Try again, Henry," she would say, with a cheerful voice, "and despise not the day of small things, and I know you will, you must, eventually succeed in accomplishing something worthy of your noble purposes. And he did try again; he adopted that as his motto; he wore it on his breast, and neither the frowns of the world or adverse storms could wrest it from him. He became a day laborer, and although his income was small, yet by perseverance and strict economy, he at last found himself gradually ascending the hill of prosperity. When five long years of untiring industry had passed away, he purchased a small tract of land, and built that commodious cottage which you have seen and admired, and every successive year has made an addition of a few acres to his well conducted farm, until he has become an independent and influential man; and report says, that his wealth is far superior to that of his money-loving, match-breaking father; and even the old gentleman himself begins to think that Henry did not make so bad a bargain, after all; for he has visited them since they have become the favored ones of prosperity, and learned something of the lovely virtues that won the heart and hand of his trusty boy.

Henry is still enjoying the freshness and beauty of early manhood, and his noble brow

no longer clouded by blighted hopes and adverse frowns, still wears the same serene and placid smile of other days, and his charming wife has lost none of the rich and glowing bloom that won his youthful fancy; and there is not, in all the wide world, a home that can boast of purer happiness or truer hearts, than that of Henry Wilmott. The dark, drear storm has passed away, and the sky above them is cloudless and serene. But never, in all their prosperity, do they forget the poor, the unfortunate and crushed in spirit; and while they give bountifully from their abundance, they fail not to add a cheering smile and encouraging word, and place before them the never-failing motto, "Try again."

And where is he who claims that motto as his guiding star, that ever failed in the accomplishment and pursuit of a cherished object. Should any whose eyes perchance may scan these lines, be doomed to struggle with the storms of life and frowns of fate, and feel that the door of success is already and forever closed to them, then, in the darkest hour, and roughest contact with the cold and callous world, remember the Poor Mechanic, and despise not the day of small things, but "try again."—*Odd Fellow.*

EFFECTS OF PERSEVERANCE.

In the Fall of the year 1830, a young man just out of his time, landed at Whitehall, (N. Y.) to seek employment as a journeyman printer. He was poor and friendless, and after three months spent in seeking work, was about ready to give up all hope of success; but resolving still to persevere, he at length obtained employment in a weekly newspaper office in New York city, at eight dollars per week.

He continued in that situation till the Spring of 1832, when he procured a press and a few types, on credit, and opened a small card printing establishment. He had no sooner commenced business in this small way for himself, than the Cholera, that awful scourge, appeared in the city. Business was at a stand, and he was therefore compelled to close his office, and go to work as a journeyman, in order to procure bread for his little family.

When the Cholera had subsided, nothing daunted by so unpromising a beginning, the persevering young man re-opened his little office, and obtained, occasionally, a job or two of work. His first attempt at publicity was "The World at one View," a geographical chart, of which he published three or four thousand copies. Finding that this chart would not sell, he used them for waste paper, until a friend suggested to him that he ought to advertise. Acting upon this hint, he sent an advertisement to the papers, headed, "The World for twelve and a half cents!"

The caption took well. His little office was soon crowded with customers, to buy the WORLD for the small sum of twelve and a half cents. This sheet was followed by another called the "New Family Receipt Book," which by similar efforts, met with similar success, and altogether, about thirty thousand of these useful sheets were sold.

Encouraged by his success, he conceived an enterprise of still greater importance—the publication of three beautiful volumes, entitled "Pictorial Illustrations of the Bible." In the Fall of 1840 the work appeared, and owing to its intrinsic value, the beauty of its illustrations and binding, with the great publicity given it by advertising, it met with an almost unprecedented sale.

This young journeyman printer, whose history has been given, is no other than ROBERT SEARS, the well known author, writer, compiler, printer, publisher, and bookseller, of the three beautiful volumes of the Pictorial Illustrations of the Bible, which succeeded each other at intervals of about six months, and of which, by the expenditure of about five thousand dollars in advertising, the vast number of thirty thousand copies were sold in eighteen months; and numerous other pictorial works, all of which have met with great popularity and large sales.

In addition to his other business, Mr. Sears is now the editor and proprietor of "Sears' New Family Magazine"—a most valuable periodical publication, which has already obtained an almost unprecedented circulation. How striking an illustration is afforded in the uphill progress in this friendless journeyman printer, of the truth of the adage—"LABOR OMNIS VINCIT."

THE GOOD WIFE. She commandeth her husband in an equal matter, by constant obeying him.

She never crosseth her husband in the springtime of his anger, but stays till it be ebbing water. Surely men, contrary to iron, are worse to be wrought upon when they are hot.

Her clothes are rather comely than costly, and she makes plain cloth to be velvet by her handsome wearing it.

Her husband's secrets she will not divulge; especially she is careful to conceal his infirmities.

In her husband's absence she is wife and deputy husband, which makes her double the files of her diligence. At his return he finds all things so well, that he wonders to see himself at home when he was abroad.

Her children, though many in number, are none in noise, steering them with a look which she listeth.

The heaviest work of her servants she maketh light, by orderly and seasonably enjoying it. In her husband's sickness she feels more grief than she shows.

ABSTRACT OF PAUPER RETURNS. The Secretary of the Commonwealth has furnished the members of the Legislature with an abstract of the returns of the Overseers of the Poor in this State, for the year ending Nov. 1, 1845. Eleven towns made no returns. The whole number of persons relieved or supported as paupers during the year, was fourteen thousand one hundred and sixty-one, of which six thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven were State paupers, and three thousand five hundred and eighty-two were foreigners.

The average weekly cost, throughout the State for the support of paupers in almshouses, was eighty-seven and three-tenths cents, and the average cost of supporting the same out of the house, has been eighty-two and six-tenths cents per week.

The net amount of expense of supporting and relieving paupers, including interest on the cost of almshouse establishments, was \$301,360 47, of which the State paid \$50,168 59. The estimated value of labor performed by paupers in almshouses was \$21,691 33.

The number of persons relieved in almshouses was six thousand five hundred and seventy-nine, and of those entirely supported in almshouses four thousand two hundred and twenty-seven. The number of insane was six hundred and nineteen, of idiots three hundred and eighty-five, and the paupers probably made so by intemperance, was six thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine.

INTREPIDITY OF THE JEWS. On a late occasion, the Emperor of Russia was reviewing his fleet, when two sailors particularly excited his attention, both by the pericision which they performed several difficult manœuvres, and by the agility and daring which they displayed. The men however were Jews, and there is an ukas forbidding Jews to wear an epaulette. The Admiral of the fleet, who stood by, knowing that they were Jews, stated the difficulty to his imperial Majesty. "Pshaw!" cried the Emperor, "that does not signify in the least—they shall immediately embrace the Greek religion, of course." When this determination was communicated to the two young men, knowing that remonstrance or refusal would be in vain, they requested the Emperor's permission to exhibit still more of their manœuvres, as he had not seen all they could do. This being granted, they ascended the top-mast, embraced and locked in each others arms, threw themselves into the sea, and disappeared forever.

ADVERTISEMENT. Wanted for the annoyance of the public, a few more of those villainous characters called gossips, to be eternally troubling themselves about every one's business except their own—ever ready at all times and places with a stock of impudent falsehoods and tales of petty scandal—making matrimonial engagements between young gentlemen and ladies without their knowledge or consent; and disgusting every member of decent society with their "gross insinuations" and unwarrantable suspicions that some one either is or will be in love.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE BIRD AND THE CAGE.

It is often urged as a reason for deferring matrimony, that we should get the cage and then the bird. I shall not, at present, decide whether it is better to get the cage or the bird first. It is certain we all must have a place of residence, and it will afford us happiness in proportion as it is adapted to our convenience and wants, and in proportion to the repair in which it is kept. The adaptation and convenience, depend on the architect; the repairs on the landlord.

We all have a house in which we are personally interested.—I mean "the house I live in"; built by the great architect of the universe, and which, with the tenant, is the masterpiece of creation. This stately edifice, beautiful in all its parts, is adapted to the comfort and happiness of its inmate. Being fearfully and wonderfully made "of the most delicate materials, with all the parts depending on each, and each on the whole, and the whole on the happiness of the tenant, he must be thoroughly acquainted with the form, the superstructure, the nice dependencies and relations, and every minutia of the whole house; and he must act in reference to these relations and dependencies, or his house will become impaired and he suffer in proportion to his neglect or ignorance.

For the Quincy Patriot.

TOTAL ABSTINENCE.

MR. EDITOR.—The total abstinence movement (usually called Washingtonian) is a great conservative principle, and guards the rights and liberties of the people at large, and it should be viewed in this light. So long as men are sober, they are in a condition to exercise their reasoning faculties and form a judgment in regard to their own peculiar situations in life, and take a survey of the circumstances surrounding them, and stand ready, as each event occurs, to seize upon it at the favorable moment, and turn it to their own advantage; and where individuals thus uprightly and by honest means rise in the world, they are benefiting society at large, by their examples of perseverance, industry and enterprise if nothing more. Every friend of liberty and the welfare of society, then, should help sustain the movement by giving aid to those actively engaged in carrying it on.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE GOOD WIFE.

She commandeth her husband in an equal matter, by constant obeying him.

She never crosseth her husband in the springtime of his anger, but stays till it be ebbing water. Surely men, contrary to iron, are worse to be wrought upon when they are hot.

Her clothes are rather comely than costly, and she makes plain cloth to be velvet by her handsome wearing it.

Her husband's secrets she will not divulge; especially she is careful to conceal his infirmities.

In her husband's absence she is wife and deputy husband, which makes her double the files of her diligence. At his return he finds all things so well, that he wonders to see himself at home when he was abroad.

Her children, though many in number, are none in noise, steering them with a look which she listeth.

The heaviest work of her servants she maketh light, by orderly and seasonably enjoying it. In her husband's sickness she feels more grief than she shows.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 14, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 53, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

OREGON.

The debate on the Oregon question, as to notifying Great Britain of the abrogation of the treaty subsisting between that country and the United States, has terminated in the House, and the resolution of notice was passed by the very decisive vote of one hundred and sixty-three in the affirmative, to fifty-four in the negative. We give the form of the resolutions which passed in the House.

Resolved, That the President of the United States cause notice to be given to the Government of Great Britain, that the convention between the United States of America and Great Britain, relating to the territory of the North West Coast, West of the Stony or Rocky Mountains, of the sixth day of August, 1827, signed at London, shall be annulled and abrogated, twelve months after giving said notice.

Resolved, That the notice herein authorized to be given, is not intended to interfere with the right and discretion of the proper authorities of the two contracting parties, to renew or pursue negotiations for an amicable settlement of the controversy respecting the Oregon territory.

Great sensation was experienced when the vote was known to be large in favor of the notice, and the galleries of the House, which were filled to overflowing, vented their feelings in applause, which however was stifled immediately. The Speaker, upon any acclamation, generally orders the galleries to be cleared, unless silence follows his orders—and as in this case the applause was but a spontaneous burst of joy, and being instantly suppressed, the audience remained.

Hon. John Q. Adams addressed the House in favor of the notice, and was listened to with marked attention. He cited the twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth verses of the first chapter of Genesis, and the eighth verse of the second Psalm, among other authorities shewing our title to Oregon. He then drew a vivid and happy contrast of the different motives and purposes which actuate the two contending parties in seeking possession of Oregon. "The United States want it," said he, "because, first of all, it belongs to them—they want it, to carry thither the standard of civilization and Christian freedom—they want it, to extend the area of human happiness, and to obey the divine behest to multiply, replenish and subdue the earth—but England claims it, not for any of these elevated, and sublime, and sacred purposes, but merely to glut the avarice of the Hudson's Bay company!—merely to afford a wider field to her speculating far and fortune hunters!—she seeks Oregon because she there finds the bear, and the wild boar, and the buffalo, and that even the untamed beasts of the forest may continue to be rendered tributary to her passion for empire and money."

Mr. Adams was the only Representative from Massachusetts that sustained the American side of the question—all the rest voting against the notice.

We cannot otherwise than incline to the opinion that the bold and manly position taken by the President and the House, will have more effect in preserving peace between this country and Great Britain, than the wavering policy of those who are in a constant tremor lest they should do something that would offend the crowned heads of Europe.

It will be perceived that the resolution of notice was not altogether a party measure, for although a large portion of the democrats voted in favor, yet the whigs were equally divided on the subject—to wit:

IN FAVOR.	AGAINST IT.
Democrats, 121	Democrats, 16
Whigs, 37	Whigs, 37
Natives, 5	Natives, 1
163	54

It will be seen that the House of Representatives have acted in this matter with firmness and decision, and with a clear view of the best welfare of their country. The Senate have now to pass upon this question. It is to them all eyes are turned with interest and with hope. If they falter in their course—if they hesitate in their duty, then will England feed on the expectation of depriving us of a rightful portion of our territory and by such a wavering policy they may succeed; but if on the other hand the Senate shall promptly concur with the House and pass the resolution unchanged, we shall retain our territory. The difficulty between the nations will be at rest—and over both will float the white banner of perpetual peace.

GENERAL COURT. In the House, multitudes of petitions in favor and against granting railroad charters, are now daily presented.

Much debate has been had on the bill providing that in certain cases, Members of Congress should be elected by a plurality instead of a majority of votes. It was however indefinitely postponed by a very decisive vote.

The bill to incorporate the Wachusett House, at Princeton, was amended to the effect that intoxicating drinks should not be sold on the premises.

YUCATAN. This Department of the Republic of Mexico has again declared its independence, or what is equivalent thereto. It has recalled its delegates from the General Congress.

QUINCY AURORA. We perceive that our neighbor of the Aurora has discontinued its further publication. We feel the full force of his remarks when he says that the great facilities of intercourse with the metropolis takes away a large portion of the support of a country press, which in addition to the postage law induces persons to subscribe for a Boston paper, entertaining the too prevalent idea that being published in the city its value is enhanced. The industry, ability and perseverance of its editor ought to have commanded far better support than he has received. We annex a portion of his closing remarks:

This is the last number of the Quincy Aurora that we shall issue. We need not mention in detail the various considerations that have influenced us in coming to this conclusion. It is enough to say that our patronage from the beginning has not been sufficient to make the paper what we wished to make it, or to yield us an adequate compensation for our time and labor. Additions, it is true, have been made to our list of subscribers from year to year, but three years' experience has fully convinced us that no paper of the kind which we would be willing to edit can be fairly supported in this place.

The new postage law has already operated to the injury of all country papers within thirty miles of the city; and the railroad which is now in operation through our borders, is rapidly merging Quincy into Boston, so far as relates to news and business. We, therefore, regard the prospect as far from encouraging to the further continuance of our labors here, and shall proceed to settle up, and close the business of our office.

We have no wish to indulge in any comments or reflections upon the past. Under the influence of party collisions, we may have said, in more instances than one, what might better have been left unsaid. We have never had a disposition to assail any one wantonly; and we know not that any quarrel exists between us and any one now.

GYMNASTICS. The idea of attempting to descend a flight of stairs in any other way than upon the feet, is perfectly absurd. It is true that it gives the performer an opportunity to show great agility and skill in regard to the manner of lighting at the bottom—but at the same time it subjects him to the inconvenience of keeping close quarters for a week or more.

FATAL DUEL. Another of those barbarous murders, called "affairs of honor," occurred recently, almost under the very eaves of the Capitol of the United States. Two "gentlemen" (fools?) belonging to North Carolina—Thomas F. Jones and Dr. Daniel Johnson—fought at Bladensburg, (Md.); the challenge having been given by the former, on account of some suspicions affecting his (Jones') wife. Johnson was hit on the first fire, (not having fired himself), and died protesting his innocence of the charge against him.

LOUISIANA. The first State election under the new Constitution lately took place. The democratic candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, are elected by considerable majorities, and both branches of the Legislature are democratic.

Among the hymenial records of the festive season, is one in the Knoxville (Tenn.) Register, which is quite novel. Mr. Frederick Pulse, aged one hundred and two years, married Miss Dorcas Mauvout, aged thirty-four. How long does the happy groom expect his pulse to beat?

A petition was recently presented to the Ohio Legislature, praying that a certain person named, be divorced from his wife, and that she be given to petitioner, in pursuance of a previous contract of marriage!

The Buenos Ayrean government, has issued a decree, directing its officers, civil and military, to wear mourning in honor of the memory of Gen. Andrew Jackson.

A very large anti-capital-punishment meeting, was lately held at Brooklyn, (N. Y.). The meeting was addressed by Freeman Hunt, Esq., among others, who made a powerful argument in favor of the abolition of the death penalty; and his remarks were listened to with profound attention and greeted with frequent applause.

An exchange paper advertises a patent medicine which, to be effectual, must be taken internally, externally and effectually.

There is a man in Baltimore who thinks he must be proof against saltpetre, as he stands a blowing up from his wife every day.

Gen. Rosas, President of the Argentine Confederation, has issued a proclamation, declaring war upon any and all the vessels that have entered upon the expedition up the Parana river, and his intention of treating the captains and crews as pirates. The English and French will thus have to be on their guard.

One of the editors of the Christian Herald, who has resided in Boston the past year, says that in that city there are three theatres, two hundred gambling establishments, not less than six hundred houses of ill-fame, and two thousand places where intoxicating drinks are sold.

Some miscreants at Washington, (D. C.), have defaced the figure of Columbus and the statue of Washington; an arm was broken off of the latter and the letters of the Latin inscription were also defaced.

When we are governed by custom, by example, by fashion of others—this is nothing less than making mankind our God. For whatever you take as your chief rule in life, and the leading governor and director of your conduct, that is your God. It is to you what God should be—it is in God's place—it is this you remember, when you should "remember your Creator."

Thomas Riley, whose case was on trial in Boston, a few days since, for arson, has been acquitted. He still stands indicted for larceny.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

At a large meeting of the Overseers of Harvard College, held in Boston recently, the nomination of Hon. Edward Everett, as President of that Institution, was unanimously confirmed.

The appointment of Hon. Robert Rantoul, Jr. as District Attorney for this State, has been confirmed by the Senate.

Texas has been divided into thirty-five counties. Austin is the capital; it has a population of about fifteen hundred.

The Legislature of Virginia have passed resolutions, by a unanimous vote in both branches, in favor of the retrocession of Alexandria (D. C.) to the State of Virginia.

The Legislature of Tennessee have established a new county of "Crocket," in honor of, and to perpetuate, the name of David Crockett, one of Tennessee's distinguished sons.

Fifteen hundred applications have been made for the offices in the two mounted regiments, which Congress has passed a law to raise. It is an undeniable fact, that officers could be promptly obtained for an army of five hundred thousand men.

The Legislature of Iowa Territory, at its late session, passed an act authorizing the people to elect delegates to meet in May next, to form a State Constitution. This is the third trial, and it may be successful.

The rumor of a duel between Thomas F. Marshall and Cassius M. Clay, was all gammon.

Five hundred thousand dollars are being spent in military preparations, in various parts of the British North American Provinces.

A forger, said to be the owner of property valued at thirty thousand dollars, has been sentenced to nine years' imprisonment in the penitentiary in Philadelphia.

When a man stops his newspaper on account of pecuniary forebodings, he is considered about as gone a case as if he should conclude to stop his daily bread for fear he should come to poverty.

The rum and whiskey party has at last achieved a victory in the Tennessee Legislature. The law of 1837, which prohibited the retail traffic in liquor, and which has stood unaltered through eight years, has at length been supplanted by an act which authorizes any person to retail who will pay a specified tax, give specified bonds, and take specified oaths.

Maj. M. M. Noah, of New York city, has been held to bail, in the sum of one thousand dollars, for an alleged libel on James Gordon Bennett, of the New York Herald. The damages are laid at ten thousand dollars.

The appropriate stimuli to healthful action in the human frame, and the other necessary effects, to be produced to afford a perfect restoration to health is produced most rapidly and surely, in Brinkerhoff's Restorative, in cases of diseased Chest and Lungs. The full recorded attestation of gentlemen of the Medical Faculty, in full practice, is convincing testimony of this fact. With such power it is reasonable to suppose, that a feeling of safety may be had in its use; we think this demonstrable by the most respectable of witnesses.

NOTICES.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TO-MORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.

Members can obtain their new books (the Choral) at Gill's Bookstore and there are requested call and get them previous to the meeting.

C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Annual Meeting of the Young Men's Washington Total Abstinence Society, for the choice of Officers, will be held SATURDAY (this) EVENING, at half past six o'clock, at the Temperance Reading Room.

N. B. A punctual attendance is requested.

CHARLES E. RHODES, Secretary.

The Officers of the Quincy Total Abstinence Society, are hereby reminded that their meeting stands adjourned to MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

M. W. SULLIVAN, Secretary.

Mr. Daniel Kimball of Boston, Editor of the Temperance Standard, will lecture before the Quincy Point Temperance Union, next SUNDAY EVENING, in the Methodist Chapel, Quincy Point, to commence at half past six o'clock.

B. F. SHERBURNE, Secretary.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.

Have we sufficient evidence of the final holiness and happiness of all mankind?

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Court House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, LEVI G. FOLSOM.

MARRIED.

In this town, 5th inst., by Rev. J. M. Spear of Boston, Mr. George Quincy Leonard to Miss Huldah Jane Dantvert; by Rev. Mr. Bailey of Dorchester, Mr. George Rhodes of Providence, (R. I.) to Mrs. Delia Rich of Taunton.

In Hingham, 4th inst., Mr. Joseph A. Newhall to Miss Lucy Ann, daughter of Marshall Lincoln, Esq.

DIED.

In this town, 7th inst., child of Mr. James Gibson, aged 7 years.

In Boston, 9th inst., Arthur, youngest son of Hon. Charles F. and Mrs. Abby B. Adams, aged 4 years and 6 months.

Books at Auction.

WILL be sold at auction, at W. M. French's Furniture Room, THIS EVENING, a large collection of New, Valuable, Standard and Miscellaneous

BOOKS

In the various Department of Literature, Comprising a splendid assortment many of them CHOICE WORKS.

There are many valuable works in fine bindings, and all warranted perfect.

THOMAS ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, Feb. 14.

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

OTIS ALLEN,

of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present, and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Master in Chancery,

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

Feb. 14.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Feb. 4, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate,

has issued a Warrant against the estate of

JOSEPH TOWER, J. R.,

of Randolph, in said County, Boot & Shoe Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of his estate, debts, business and affairs, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

E. A. DuBois, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Feb. 14.

To the Hon. the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, February, 1846:

YOUR Petitioners, citizens of Dorchester and Milton, respectfully represent that a Branch Railroad from some convenient point at or near Belknap Square and the Granite Quarries of Quincy and Milton, thence passing near the westerly margin of Milton Hill, thence westerly of Dorchester and Milton Lock or Mills Village, near the Factories of the Dorchester Cotton and Iron Factory Corporation, thence southeasterly of Spurr's Hill, (so called,) thence near Neponset Village, to some convenient junction with the Old Colony Railroad, southerly of the Harrison Square Depot in Dorchester, is of public convenience and necessity, and will be sustained by the trade, commerce and travel of Dorchester and Milton, the Quarries of Quincy, and the Factories of the Neponset. They therefore pray that they may be incorporated, with the usual powers to locate, construct and maintain said Road, with leave to transfer their rights and franchise to the Old Colony Railroad Corporation, with authority to said Old Colony Railroad Corporation to receive and hold the same, and to convey a majority in interest of the stockholders of the two corporations respectively shall elect so to do; and in such event with authority to the Old Colony Railroad Corporation to increase their capital stock to an amount adequate for said purposes.

And as in duty bound will ever pray,

JOHN M. FORBES, and others.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Feb. 10, 1846.

ON the petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the petitioners cause an attested copy of their petition, with this order thereon, to be served on the Town Clerk of the Towns of Milton, Dorchester and Quincy, and on the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation, and publish the same in the Quincy Patriot once, and four times in the Boston Atlas and Boston Post, the last publication to be two days, at least, before the 20th day of February current, that all persons interested may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Feb. 11, 1846.

Concurred.

CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy—Attest.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

Feb. 14.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in General Court assembled:

THE UNDERSIGNED, inhabitants of Dorchester and Milton, in the County of Norfolk, respectfully represent that public convenience and necessity require that a Railroad should be built from the Old Colony Road, at a point not far from the northerly end of Neponset Bridge, in said Dorchester, passing through said same along the banks of said river, crossing the same near part of its course, and finally terminating at the Upper Mills (so called) in said Dorchester; said route is convenient and direct—and a Railroad built thereon and thereover will be a great accommodation to the inhabitants of said towns, will be of little, and cannot injure any individual in the whole Commonwealth. The truth of the above statements will be demonstrated by the surveys, reports and other documents accompanying this petition.

The undersigned therefore ask to be incorporated with the necessary powers to construct and manage said Railroad—also, with liberty to assign their charter to said Old Colony Railroad—and as in duty bound will ever pray.

WILLIAM RICHARDSON, and others.

Dorchester, Feb. 5, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Feb. 11, 1846.

ON the petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the petitioners cause an attested copy of their petition, with this order thereon, to be published two successive days in the Boston Post, and once in the Quincy Patriot, and to be served on the Town Clerks of Dorchester and Milton, and on the Clerk of the Old Colony Railroad Corporation; said publications and said service to be two days, at least, before the twentieth day of February inst., that all persons interested may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHAS. CALHOUN, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Feb. 12, 1846.

Concurred.

CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy—Attest.

CHAS. CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

Feb. 14.

Town Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy.

YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the second day of March next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.
2. To determine whether the Town will choose to elect by ballot, viz: Town Clerk, Town Treasurer, three Selectmen and Assessors, five General School-Committeemen and two Constables by balloting for them on a general ticket.
3. To choose all such Town Officers for the ensuing year as the law directs.
4. To hear and act on the Report of the Auditors of Accounts relative to the receipts and expenditures of the Town the past municipal year.
5. To raise such sums of money for defraying the necessary expenses of the Town the ensuing year as may be thought proper.
6. To determine upon the sum of money the Town will raise for the support of Schooling the ensuing year, and in what manner it shall be appropriated.
7. To know what method the Town will adopt for repairing the Highways the ensuing year.
8. To know if the Town will restrain nest cattle and horses from going at large in the Highways the year ensuing.
9. To know what method the Town will adopt for improving the Town's land the ensuing year.
10. To know what compensation the Town will make the Town Clerk and Town Treasurer for their services, in their respective offices, the past year.
11. To give in their votes for a County Treasurer.
12. To know if the Town will authorize the several School Districts to choose their Prudential Committees, and that they select and contract with the Teachers.
13. To know what compensation the Town will allow the Members and Stewards of the several Engines for their services the past year.
14. To know if the Town will allow their Town Hall and Lyceum Room to be opened for temperance meetings, free of expense, when applied for by three legal voters of the Town, if not previously engaged.
15. To know if the Town will abate to Mr. Joseph S. Beale certain taxes assessed on real estate in Milton (as he says) occupied by him from 1835 to 1840.
16. To know if the Town will purchase a Bell for the Granite Engine House.
17. To know if the Town will accept and build a road laid out by the Selectmen on petition of Adam Curtis and others, commencing on land of John Newcomb and running to the Braintree and Weymouth Turnpike.
18. To know if the Town will accept and build a road laid out by the Selectmen, on petition of Noah Curtis and others, commencing at the foot of Copeland Street and running to Franklin Avenue, so called.
19. To choose any Committee, or hear and act on the report of any Committee, the Town may think proper.

Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Town Clerk, on or before the time appointed for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seal, at Quincy, this fourteenth day of February in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-six.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Selectmen of Quincy.

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, of Quincy.

LEVI G. FOLSOM, of Quincy.

Quincy, February 14th, 1846.

NORFOLK ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant,

I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the town of Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

A true copy.

LEWIS BASS, Constable.

Quincy, Feb. 14.

Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Feb. 10, A. D. 1846.

AN Instrument purporting to be the last Will of

JOHN N. P. A. Y.

late of Quincy, in said County, Boot Manufacturer, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Lewis G. Pray, the person therein named as Executor.

Ordered, That the said Lewis G. Pray notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the FOURTEENTH DAY of March A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 14.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. Feb. 7th, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate,

has issued a Warrant against the estate of

EDWARD W. WILDER,

of Braintree, in said County, Housewright, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of his estate, debts, business and affairs, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

Feb. 14.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is this day, Feb 5th, 1846, dissolved by mutual consent.

The liabilities and claims of said firm will be adjusted by either of the subscribers.

GEORGE NEWCOMB.
WILLIAM GODDARD.

Quincy, Feb. 7.

Hair Oils, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are:

Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils (Sands' pure); present them Bandoline, Paris Oil; Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules Haue's Lustral; Deleter's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fals's Cyprion Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philcome; Pomatums; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gourand's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soap, etc. etc.

Quincy, Feb. 7.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts against the Town of Quincy, are requested to settle them for settlement on or before SATURDAY, the 14th of February, and all persons indebted to the Town are requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or before that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse, are requested to pay the same to THOMAS CHANDLER, (keeper of the Almshouse), on or before the 14th of February, as all accounts must be settled by that time.

BYRANT B. NEWCOMB, }
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }
LEVI G. FOLSON, }
Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w

Notice.

IS hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and style of

T. & N. H. WHITE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

THOMAS WHITE.
NATHAN H. WHITE.

Quincy, January 1st, 1846.

MR. NATHANIEL WHITE of Quincy, is hereby authorized and empowered to settle and adjust all the outstanding claims and demands of and against the late firm of T. & N. H. WHITE.

THOMAS WHITE.
NATHAN H. WHITE.

Quincy, Jan. 31.

Now's the time, Ladies.

Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.

RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Egey Cottage Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street.

Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c.

Quincy, Jan. 31. 2m

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers and known as the firm of

JACKSON & PARK, is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

The accounts in Boston will be settled by Dr. Jackson and those in Quincy by Dr. Park.

JOSEPH JACKSON.
HORATIO N. PARK.

Boston, Jan. 24, 1846.

New Books.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D.

Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.

Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.

The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.

Dances of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition.

New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.

For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 24.

Straw and Florence Bonnets

Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS, will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap.

S. S. MARSH.

Quincy, Jan. 24.

Notice of Removal.

JOHN RUSSELL,

TAILOR,

WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's

Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,

In Mr. Souther's new Block,

Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.

A. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

—ALSO—

A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible

PROFIT.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Great Bargains

CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE

QUINCY

CLOTH AND CLOTHING

WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a LESS PRICE than elsewhere offered, or have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to

E. PACKARD.

N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailoring department, is without a rival at Cutting and making a garment.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple,

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES.

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc. etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Baiting; Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin; FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines; Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup; Ellis's Volturnburg Bitters; Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters; Dyott's TOOTH ACHES DROPS; Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. 1f

OPENING OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,

having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

—ALSO—

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars; Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins; Cravats, (Paris Cord), Gimps, and other Trimmings for Dresses; Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side.

Quincy, May 3.

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of any thing in the Store line, to his vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES.

Boston, Dec. 13. 1f

New Fall Goods.

NOW OPENING

E. R. STOCKWELL,

55 Hanover St., BOSTON.

THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHIONABLE

SHAWLS

that can be found in almost any store in this city, comprising every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00.

We have made arrangements with the importers in Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require.

We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES, Ottomans, Repts, M. D. Laine, Alpaca, of every quality, Alpines, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc.

—ALSO—

CLOAK STUFFS,

of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, etc. all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 55 Hanover Street.

Boston, Sept. 6. 1f

THE FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1846, by Robert B. Thomas, for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Traders supplied at the lowest cash prices.

Quincy, Oct. 25. 1f

Boston Almanac for 1846, JUST RECEIVED AT THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 13. 1f

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc. can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc. presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Post Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Valuers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Plover's, Corbin & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Hair Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macassar and Antique Oil, Oil Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soap, Shaving Cream, Tooth Paste, Hair Cream, etc.

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8. 1f

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."

A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal Blue Alpaca; M. de Laine; PRINTS;

Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspenders, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black SATIN SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.

Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do; Slippers.

A good assortment of ready made

SACK COATS, PANTS AND VESTS,

FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,

which can be made into any style of garment to suit the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy

DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS,

AND OF

VESTINGS,

EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

Quincy, Oct. 4. 1f

New Volumes.

AT the QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage.

Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

With the New Year commence new Volumes, offering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to subscribe.

Quincy, Dec. 27. 1f

BROWN'S ALMANAC, POCKET MEMORANDUM and ACCOUNT BOOK, for 1846 for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



IN the hope to obtain relief where it seemed denied, the sick, we lay hold on straws like drowning men. Thus it is that thousands are the quicker hurried on to the yawning grave in consequence of catching those false floats that are not able to sustain them, and they sink. Remember, then, while in apparent health, that if you are taken sick with predisposing symptoms of diseased lungs, or with a marked attack of real Cough, Cold, Liver Complaint, Consumption, or Pain in the Chest and Side, that you can find relief and cure by the prompt use of Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative. Give it your confidence, use it fairly and in accordance with the prescribed directions and your help is certain without even a shadow of doubt, by the favor of Heaven. Permit no whims of friends or relatives to keep you from the determination of using the Restorative. In spite of all opposition obtain some of it, and secretly even if you must, but boldly if you can, use it faithfully and honestly with justice to your own case, and to the credit of the medicine. The result will warrant to reach and even exceed our best anticipations. We plead with the sick to try this remedy; we are anxious that all should share in its happy effects, and we are urged to it solely by the promptings of the philanthropic motive of aiding the sufferer. Never give up your case as hopeless while Mr. Brinckerhoff's Restorative is yet untried—in that we confidently predict a banishment or even a pre-emption of Consumptive disease. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

508 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS.

Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple, Washington Street.

Brinckerhoff, J. D. STODDARD.

Weymouth, ELI THAYER.

Jan. 24. 5w

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE LAST INDIAN WARRIOR.
War-Eagle down to rest had couched,
His features moved as 'lone he slept;
'Revenge' of kindred firmly vouched,
Such murmurs through his bosom crept.

He hears a sound—he springs erect;
To his ear the dreadful war-cry came;
His eye discerned the dreadful spec,
And wild shrieks mingled with the flame.

His painted mace he firmly grasped,
In blood of foes embroidered his hand;
His well-aimed blows fell on then fast,
And many a white man kissed the sand.

Undaunted stood and bravely fell,
By the fury of his pale faced foe,
Who wildly shrieked th' triumphant 'yell,'
'Twas here the last Indian warrior goes.

Soon all was still; the pale-faced moon
Its bright and silvery rays shed
Upon his form which met its doom—
From which life's faintest rays had fled.

All friends before him victims fell,
To the ruthless white man's bloody hand;
Each year more distant came the yell
Of that great, warlike forest band.

But few short days had passed since he,
His last, and dearest friend saw fall,
And left beneath the forest tree,
To hear no more the warrior's call.

War-Eagle 'lone was left to mourn,
His tribe, his kindred gone before;
Who by the whites to earth were borne,
From toilsome life to death's bright shore.

His form was left the wild wolf's prey,
Who soon began his howl and feast;
But that proud spirit winged away,
Which dwelled within his noble breast.

Randolph, Jan. 30th, 1846. L. H. S.

For the Quincy Patriot.

I'M NOT A NON-RESISTANT.
I'm not a non-resistant, I
Could for my children smite,
And tho' I'm not quarrelsome
For freedom I would fight;
And shame to his coward heart,
Can beat supinely calm,
While weak confiding woman claims
Protection from his arm.

I would not an offender be,
Nor tempt Jehovah's rod,
But battling for the rights of man,
With me is serving God;
Nor will I doubt th' approving word,
Let but my cause be good,
If to the hit my reeking sword
Is dyed with tyrant's blood.

I ask not for a better cause
Than freedom's, 'tis our own.
The right we claim from nature's laws
To beat th' oppressor down,
And he who busily claims that right
Is but a coward knave,
Who would not for his freedom fight,
Deserves to be a slave.

F. M. ADLINGTON, Weymouth.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE TIME FOR REST.
The sun is fast declining,
The light fades in the sky;
The stars of heaven are shining,
The time for rest is nigh.
The birds to their nests have flown,
And darkness fills the sky;
The laborer to his home has gone,
The time for rest is nigh.

The glorious moon shines bright,
The stars now fill the sky,
And give the earth their trembling light,
The time for rest is nigh.
The damps of night are falling,
And nature, oh! how drear,
The whip-poor-will is calling,
The time for rest is nigh.

FRANK.

ANECDOTES.

A preacher speaking from 'What is a man profited if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?' said that many lose their souls by being too charitable. Seeing the congregation astonished beyond measure, at this saying, he very eloquently repeated it, and then proceeded to explain his meaning. 'Many people,' said he, 'attend the meeting, hear the sermon, and when it is over, they proceed to divide it among the congregation: this part was for that man, that part for that woman; such denunciations were for such persons; these threats for you sinners—and so,' continued the shrewd Preacher, 'they give away the whole sermon, and keep none for themselves?'

Said Bill to Richard, 'did you ever hear how tough hided I am?' 'I never did,' replied Dick—a fellow who had common folks. 'I reckon 'tis, too—why, I'll bet you drinks Dick, that you may take a cowl as you like, and won't even flinch. 'I Done—I'll take that bet. If I don't make you squirm like a half skinned eel, the first cut, I'm sadly mistaken.' 'You take the bet then?' 'I do.' 'Well, wait till I go up stairs and bring down your bear-skin, and—' 'O, ho! your bear-skin? No, no—I mean—' 'I don't care what you meant—it's a fair bet fairly won. My bear-skin is my bear-skin, and I want nothing else.' 'I'll give in,' said Richard, looking foolish and flabbergasted—'let's adjourn to the White Mug, and say no more about it.'

At the battle of New Orleans, a heavy-moulded militia captain, with a grievous face, accused his soldiers of having nick-named him 'Pewter-foot.' 'The sneaky fellows,' said Gen. Jackson to him, 'have served me in the same way, and call me 'Old Hickory'; now, if you like my nick-name better than yours, I am willing to change with you.' 'Pewter-foot' went back quite comforted.

'William,' said a music teacher, 'what quarter note is that?' 'De knave—hind quarter, I guess!' said the young reprobate.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.



HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.

MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS
TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the
all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.
COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.
SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.
N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.—
MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.
In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.
OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.
Old CARRIAGES, Varished and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.
Old FURNITURE Varished and made to look as well as new. Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents. TABLES varished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts., and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.
All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.
Quincy, July 13.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.
He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBROONS AND VESTINGS.
American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laine, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White; Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.
Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.
He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES AND BROGANS.
N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.
Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.
All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL RANTER & Co., a lot of FINE BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 25.

Boarders Wanted.

FIVE or six good boarders can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.
MELVILL HOVEY.
Quincy, Jan. 11.

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7.50 to \$8 per thousand, the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting.
ALBERT HERSEY.
Quincy Point, June 14.

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.
Quincy, August 10.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.
Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.
By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.
JOSHUA FISHER.
Quincy, Nov. 11.

Matresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 29.

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses' MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 25.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.
GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Paper Hanging.

DONE in a neat and durable style, by
SETH ADAMS.
Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple.
Quincy, April 20.

Paper Hangings.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of
PAPER HANGINGS,
which will be sold as low as Boston prices.
Quincy, April 19.

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at
E. PACKARD'S.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

NEW PRINTS, good styles, just received and for sale by
J. FISHER & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 20.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast, Stomach, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balm.
IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.
Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

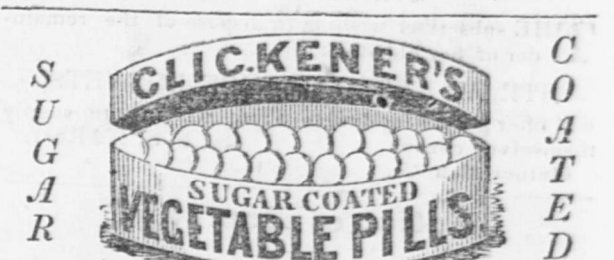
Read the following case of CONSUMPTION—The cure was truly a wonderful one and places the 'Oleanian or All-Healing Balm,' at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing was so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the 'Oleanian or All-Healing Balm,' and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Laban, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing which could be suggested, but no good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the Oleanian or All-Healing Balm, when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of your sleep—number and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:
Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torry, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dryden, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Glendon, Dorchester.
August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been once used and acknowledged to be a most valuable remedy, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever, its internal ingredients. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to take it without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be simple lumps of pure sugar, or could be afterwards, unless by its great purgative effect, suspect that he had been taking medicine, for these pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels; and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and a mingled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadulterated bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former may be thoroughly removed before the latter is introduced to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—to rectify it; but when the slightest design, it admonishes us that impurities are gathered in the system, from which the blood is formed; for their removal, a purgative effect must be the result. This fact, as stated, is a universal law; but people have such an aversion to medicine that, unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, until an impaired constitution is the result. It is a most effectual remedy for CLICKENER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine—produce none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicine—while their speedy effect in removing all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any other medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is anxious to receive, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not justly possess.
Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. V. Warehous, No. 70 and 81 Barclay street, New York. Price: 5 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of Agents:
J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torry, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dryden, R. Glendon, R. F. Tolman, Dorchester; R. Ford, Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN (near the Stone Temple); GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy.
June 26.

Published every

NUMBER 1.

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MISCELLANY.

THE LOAF OF BREAD.

"Buy my matches—oh! do buy them, sir," said a plaintive voice.

The person addressed, clad in a heavy overcoat, was breasting the sharp wind of a December day, his throat was muffled up, leaving only a portion of the mouth discernable, but his dress bespoke one in comfortable circumstances.

"I don't want your matches, my lad," said he.

"But do buy them—six boxes for a fig."

"Get out of the way," said the man sharply, for the lad had stopped the path.

"Oh! do buy some," said the boy, detaining him by the skirt of his coat, "mother 's sick, and I've had nothing to eat to-day. Do buy a fig's worth."

The man hesitated. The natural impulses of his heart were for good; but he was one accustomed to think the world to be worse than it was.

"Pshaw!" he said, "that is the old story; get out of the way, you young scamp, or I'll have you arrested."

The boy meekly drew back, but a tear froze on his cheek in that bitter blast, though the rich man saw it not, for he had hurried on.

It was getting late, and the streets would have been pitch dark, but for the lamps which, at long intervals, lit up the night. Few were abroad in that wintry weather, and so the boy stood shivering at his post a long while before a second passenger came by. Poor fellow! he was thin clad, and his lips were blue with cold; yet he kept his station, vainly offering his matches, but finding no buyers.

Ten o'clock struck, and with the tears falling fast, he turned his footsteps towards the cellar in which he lived. He had been out all day, and sold nothing, nor had a morsel of food crossed his mouth since the night before. But he thought more of his sick mother than of himself. The little capital had been exhausted in the purchase of the matches, and they had not a cent remaining.

He paused, for at that instant the light from a baker's shop streamed across the street. The baker was just shutting up; his back was turned, the door was invitingly opened, and within reach lay a pile of loaves. A sudden impulse seized the boy. An hour previous he had vainly begged at the same shop, and that man had roughly ordered him away. He had never stolen before, but now an irresistible temptation seized him. Should his mother starve, when a single loaf might save her. He rushed in, grasped the prize, and dashed down the street.

"Hillo!—stop thief!" said the baker, turning around just in time to see the act.

The boy heard the cry, and trembled all over; fear lent speed to his feet, and he ran swiftly on, now and then looking back to see if his pursuers gained on him.

"Stop thief! stop thief! stop thief!!!" was the cry that rung from as many pursuers, as looking from their shops, they caught sight of the fugitive, and joined in the chase.

The boy's heart beat wildly; he mechanically turned his steps to the cellar where he lived. The narrow alley, in which it was, opened into the street just ahead, and he strove desperately to gain it. The watchmen's notes were now heard, in front, behind, all around; like a hunted stag, panting and frightened, he gained the end of the alley, and dashed into a dark thoroughfare. But, at the instant, a man sprang out of the corner house, and seized the fugitive.

"Ah! you young thief—you were nearly off were you?—come along—I am a magistrate—you shall go to jail," and with these words he dragged the culprit into his office.

The boy burst into tears.

"Oh! sir," he said, "let me go. I only

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stole a loaf of bread, and I wouldn't have done it, but we are starving. Mother and I haven't eaten anything to-day, and mother is sick. I never stole before. Let me go and I'll never do it again."

The magistrate's office was now full of people, the baker being among the number. The boy was sobbing piteously. The magistrate ordered lights, for hitherto the room had been dark.

"The young villain—so early in crime—these match boys should all be sent to the house of refuge," said one.

"I have seen the rascal prowling about my door for the last hour," said the baker.

"Stop crying," said one of the watchmen, giving the boy a violent shake; "you're done for young 'un—so no whimpering."

The glare of the lights that were now brought in, fell full on the face of the magistrate, who had taken his seat, and then shot their brilliant glare across the group of spectators, until it rested on the weeping child.

At that sight the magistrate started. He got up and looked over his desk more closely at the boy.

"The lad really seems in want," said he with a kinder tone, leaving his chair and advancing to the culprit, whose hand he took. "Are you not the little match boy I met to-night?"

The lad looked up, and the recognition was mutual.

"Oh! yes, sir—and what I told you was true. Mother lives just up the alley—No. 16, in the cellar. You may go there and see. Do not send me to jail. It will break her heart. Indeed—indeed, I didn't mean to steal—but we are starving."

"This must be inquired into. Good God, I thought the child was a cheat. But his lips are blue—he is shivering—here, my boy, eat that."

He broke off a piece of the loaf as he spoke, and gave it to the lad, who devoured it with an avidity that convinced every one of the truth of his story. In a minute a watchman came in, who said he had been to the cellar the child named; a sick woman was really there, in a state of great destitution. She was sobbing for her absent boy, who ought, she said, to have been at home long since.

"Heaven forbid we should punish the child, then," said the magistrate fervently. "How fortunately he was arrested by me; it saved him from the prison—for no one else would have believed his story. Gentlemen, I will see to the boy's wants. I suppose you dismiss your complaint," he added, turning to the baker.

"Oh! yes, sir," he said, "he is welcome to the loaf. I wouldn't have refused any one who really was in want; but there are so many cheats about."

"Ah! there it is," said the magistrate, with self-reproach; "we think all beggars are deceivers, and never trouble ourselves to inquire into the truth of their story. Had I done so for this boy, he had not stolen your loaf."

The magistrate kept his word to the lad. Immediate relief was administered to the mother's necessities and his; and, subsequently, regular employment obtained for each. They are now comfortable, happy and trustworthy. Would it have been so if the boy had been sent to jail?

Reader! This is no fancy sketch. Such incidents occur almost daily in our great cities. "Go thou and do likewise."

THE LIFE OF A NEWSPAPER.

WRITTEN BY ITSELF.

My life is shortly told. My first impression was the sensation of a tremendous, but short, squeeze, which instantly awoke me into life and thought. I was now spread out to the light, and a glow of intelligence completely pervaded me. My ideas were at first new, multifarious and confused; notions, politics, courts, wars, speeches, merchandise, fightings, feasts, deaths, marriages, ditties, etc. etc., made up all my thoughts which were various and mixed. I lay in a silent state of wonder and great amazement.

I soon found that I was but one of a very large family, that was ushered into this curious world on the same day. Our whole family was laid in regular order in a pile; my situation, being one of the first born, particularly uneasy, damp and uncomfortable. I had a silent, intuitive, longing wish to get into the world, which was at last gratified.

Morning came, and I was carefully folded and laid, Moses like, in a basket, by a boy, who was called the carrier, and borne into the street. The said carrier, I soon found, was an object of interest and desire. He was soon accosted by an elderly looking man, with threadbare, rusty breeches—

"Have you a spare paper, this morning, my boy?"

"No, sir," was the short reply, and he trudged on with us muttering, "Not as you know on, old grips—you are the same chap that promised me some coppers for the papers the other morning, and hasn't paid me yet;—you are too stingy to take the paper; you won't get another from me, I guess!"

My brethren were now fast leaving me, being deposited at their proper destination; at length my turn came, and I was tucked into the crevice of a shop-door. The first sample of the kind was not at all alluring.

I had not been long in my new situation, when a reluctantly early comer, swinging a key in his hand, wistfully eyed me—and, casting a

look about him, feloniously seized me, and thrust me into his pocket. My rightful owner—by virtue of advancing pay—being in sight, hailed and arrested the pilferer, and with threats compelled him to relinquish his prize. He entered his store, and I soon found that I was the first object of his attention.

After hastily drying me by the fire, in which process I narrowly escaped conflagration, he ran his eyes over me, and fixed them on sales at auction, advertisements, etc. I was then more particularly examined and dismissed with condemnation.

"Nothing but foreign news—Congress—Cabinet—love stories, and accidents by flood and field. A newspaper should be a commercial report—one side at least should be devoted to prices current."

I was then pettishly thrown upon the counter, but was soon in requisition. A boy came with a—"Please to lend me your paper for a very few minutes, just to look at the ship-news!"

The request was reluctantly granted, with something about the plague of borrowing, and a determination to stop it.

I was soon borne to a neighboring house. The good old lady, whose husband was at sea, eagerly sought the ship-news, but was disappointed in her search.

"How negligent and careless these printers are," said she, "not a word of intelligence of the Wind Bird; they print of Poland and poetry, and fill their papers with advertisements, and that is all they care about."

Miss now took her turn. She sought the stories, poetry and marriages, which in half an hour were all devoured with a "wonder that they put any thing else in the paper."

An elderly lady now took me, who, adjusting her spectacles, surveyed me a little, and declared me a terrible uninteresting paper: hardly a column of deaths, and not more than fifteen or twenty murders and accidents.

In this way I passed through all the hands of the family, and after being well soiled and somewhat torn by the little ones, was sent home. For three whole days I got no rest, and was continually borrowed and abused. At the end of this period I was supplanted by a new face, and was then discarded and thrown aside, like all servants when they have become useless.

I was, however, again resuscitated, and employed as a wrapper to some merchandise, and sent into the country. There I again became the object of interest, went the rounds of the neighborhood, and was a "nine days wonder."

I am now quietly hanging up, in a shattered condition, in a farmer's kitchen, from which I have written this brief memoir. I have seen much of the world, learned that mankind are unreasonable and ungrateful, and that in a world of great variety of tastes and wishes, it is impossible to please all.

THE PEACHES.

A farmer bought five peaches, the finest that were to be found. But this was the first time that his children had seen any fruit of this kind. So they admired and greatly rejoiced over the beautiful apples with rosy pulps. The father gave one to each of his four sons, and the fifth to their mother.

In the evening, as the children were about to retire to sleep, the father enquired, "Well, boys, how did the apples taste?"

Excellent, dear father, said the eldest. It is a beautiful fruit, so juicy and so pleasant. I have carefully preserved the stone, and will cultivate a tree for myself.

Well done! said the father; this is husbandry to provide for the future, and is becoming to a farmer!

I ate mine, exclaimed the youngest, and threw away the stone, and mother gave me half of her's. O, that tasted so sweet, and melted in my mouth.

You, said the father, have not acted very prudently, but in a natural and child-like manner. There is still time enough in your life to practice wisdom.

Then the second began: I picked up the stone which my little brother threw away, and cracked it open. It contained a kernel that tasted as good as a nut. But my peach I sold, and got for it money enough to buy twelve, when I go to the city.

The father patted him on the head, saying, "That was indeed prudent, but—it was not natural for a child. May Heaven preserve you from being a merchant."

And you, Edmund? inquired the father. Frankly and ingeniously Edmund replied: I carried my peach to George, the son of my neighbor, who is sick with a fever. He refused to take it. But I laid it on the bed and came away.

Now, said the father, who has made the best use of his peach?

All exclaimed, Brother Edmund!

But Edmund was silent. And his mother embraced him with a tear standing in her eye.

AMUSEMENT IN SPAIN. The cruel amusement called the bull-fight, is still kept up in Spain. One was recently had, in which eight bulls were killed, thirteen horses disemboweled and the ribs of one man broken. The Queen of the country was present, and expressed herself highly delighted. The income was about five thousand dollars, which is to be appropriated to the erection of a meeting-house. We hope they will not insult God by attempting to dedicate that house to him.

TIME'S CHANGES. Those good old times have nearly passed away, when minister's of God's holy word were chosen by a people for life. When the same happy pair over whom he pronounced the nuptial benediction, were those he had blessed at the baptismal font; and, when called upon to perform the last sad office over the remains of the grey-haired elder, the friend with whom he had passed on life's pilgrimage, side by side, he was now placing in the tomb; and that when he himself should be called upon to pass through the "dark valley," strangers would not surround the bed of death, but the hand of affection smooth his dying pillow, close his weary eyelids, and lay him gently down to rest from his labors.

But now the case is widely different. That cord of sympathy, which once united the hearts of the clergyman and his people, vibrates but feebly; comparatively they are strangers; their joys and sorrows no longer mutual; more external form than heart-felt; and in many cases, it would seem but the bond of self-interest, which confines the shepherd to his flock. Hardly has he made himself acquainted with the names of the parishioners, hardly has the circuit of pastoral visits been performed, when (should he by chance be a tolerable speaker,) he may receive a call from some more wealthy society; and with all due respect to the several clergy he is observed, in nine cases out of ten, the call receives an affirmative response, and the parish is left to work out its own salvation.

THE RUSSIAN DROSHKA. Of all the open vehicles in the large towns in Europe, the Russian droshka is, without doubt, the most elegant, convenient and preferable. Neither the Parisian cabriolet, the London chaise, the Vienna coupe, nor the Neapolitan corricolo, afford that quick, convenient and dangerous mounting and alighting as the droshka, which is at the same time more secure than any against over-setting. Horses, vehicles, and harness are always kept in such neatness and cleanliness that no trace of the usual Russian mud is perceptible on them.

Though the vehicle is quite open, the rider is, nevertheless, perfectly sheltered against being splashed with the abundance of mud on the road, while his legs rest upon steps laid out with bright brass plates. The only protection the droshka does not afford, is from rain and cold, against which the passenger must look for other remedies, such as a cloak, cap or umbrella.

As soon as you alight, a feather, fringed with fine blue cloth, is thrown over the seat, to shelter it from the rain.

Only one horse is put to the axletrees. Another horse is but loosely tied to its side, which gallops with his head turned sideways, while the former goes in a sharp trot. Such is Russian etiquette. Those who are not used to it, find this double movement quite ridiculous, and we have heard some, not unwitely, compare these two horses with a philosopher and a clown.

COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS. Some people affect to sneer at a country newspaper, as unworthy of notice, and much less of support. They "never read them," they read only city papers. A word in your ear, friend! Whence do the city papers get their news from the different parts of the country? You must not expect to find in the columns of a village paper, published but once a week, all the stirring, every-day-life news, which is afforded by a city daily. And you must remember that all do not read "only city papers," and that it is necessary for the public interests of a county, and the private advantages of individuals, that country newspapers should be supported. Let there be no newspapers published in the State, but those of Boston, and the deprivation would soon shew the importance of a country press.

CORSETS. A Philadelphia physician, in a letter to a young lady on wearing corsets, has the following remarks:—"I anticipate the happy period when the fairest portion of the fair creation will step forth unencumbered with slabs of walnut and tiers of whalebone. The constitution of our females are most excellent, to withstand, in any tolerable degree, the indications of the corset eight hours every day. No other animal could survive it. Take the honest ox, and enclose his sides with hoop-poles, put an open plank beneath him, and gird the whole with a bed-cord, and demand of him labor. He would labor indeed, but it would be for breath."

A WHISPER TO A WIFE. Study your husband's temper and character; and be it your pride and pleasure to conform to his wishes. Check at once the first advances to contradiction, even of the most trivial nature. Beware of the first dispute.

Whatever might have been concealed as a defect from the lover, must with greater diligence be concealed from the husband. The most intimate and tender familiarity cannot surely be supposed to exclude decorum.

Let your husband be dearer and of more consequence to you than any other human being; and have no hesitation in confessing those feelings to him.

CURE FOR SLANDER. Take of good nature an ounce, of an herb called by the Indians, "Mind your own business," one ounce; mix these with a little charity for failing, and two or three sprigs of "Keep your tongue within your teeth." Simmer them together in a vessel called "Circumspection," for a short time, and it will be fit for use.

FRANKLIN ON PRAYER. When the American Convention were framing their constitution, Dr. Franklin asked them, how it happened that, while groping in the dark, to find political truth, they had not once thought of humbly applying to the Father of light to illumine their understanding. "I have lived, sir," said he, "a long time, and the longer I live the more convincing proofs I see of this truth, that God governs in the affairs of men. And, if a sparrow cannot fall to the ground without his notice, is it probable that an empire can rise without his aid? We have been assured, sir, in the sacred writings, that except the Lord build the house, they labor in vain that build it. I firmly believe this; and I also believe that without his concurring aid we shall succeed in this political building no better than the builders of Babel. We shall be divided by our little partial local interest; our projects will be confounded; and we ourselves shall become a reproach and a by word down to future ages. He then moved, that prayers should be performed in that assembly every morning before they proceeded to business.

TO CURE A BURN. A Quakeress preacher in New York, was so successful in curing burns, that many of the lower classes supposed her possessed of the power of working miracles. The following is the recipe for the medicine:

Take one ounce of bee's wax, with four ounces of Burgundy pitch, simmered together in an earthen vessel, in as much sweet oil as will soften them into the consistency of salve when cool. Stir the liquid when taken from the fire till quite cool. Keep it from the air in a tight box or jar. When used, spread it thinly on a cloth, and apply it to the part injured. Open the burn with a needle to let out the water till it heals.

THE THUMB. "If other proof were wanting," said Newton, "the thumb would convince me of the existence of God." The thumb represents will, energy, and rectitude. At Rome, they cut off the thumbs of cowards, *pollex truncatus*, whence comes the word poltroon! The Romans lifted the thumb to condemn the Gladiator to death. A small thumb indicates little genius for men—little virtue among women; a large thumb, a great thinker—a master of himself.

For the Quincy Patriot.
TEXAS AND OREGON.
SOUTH WEYMOUTH, Dec. 27, 1845.

MR. EDITOR—The question is frequently asked, among the "bone and sinew,"—the real masses—what will Congress do with Texas and Oregon? Why, sir, in regard to Texas, it is a reformed fact that she has been invited, by a majority of the freemen of this Republic, to associate with her, on the same principles of equity and justice that attended the admission of any State, since the formation of our National Government.

In a late number of your paper, I noticed a long string of resolutions, from a gentleman of your place, at a "respectable meeting," held thereat, denouncing, in bold and pointed language, the annexation of Texas as a great national calamity, not to be endured by the pure in heart north of the Potomac.

Now, Mr. Editor, I would ask those gentlemanly censors, who reside within the pale of the landing of our Pilgrim Fathers, if it is expediency, patriotism, or the promptings of brotherly love, that causes this outbreak of malignity against our brethren of the South, aforesaid? Did the gentlemen in Quincy, who figured so valorously in the resolutions referred to, at once suppose that their disunion declamations, and vindictive declarations, would result beneficially to our own Commonwealth or the National Union? Do we not hold that ours is a country adapted to every condition and state of society? Different sections have different interests, and different interests require different laws. We here, in New England, enjoy many privileges unknown to the Great West, the South, or even Texas. Should we, on this account, raise the self-satisfied boast, "Are we not more perfect than thou?" Are the philanthropists and patriots of the present day, more disinterested, more earnest for the greatest good of the greatest number, than were those illustrious saviors of our country, Washington, Jefferson, Monroe, and Jackson? Is all the sanctity, purity, and justice, of law and equal rights, confined to the limits of Massachusetts, or the Northern States?

If we wish to convince our Southern friends to abolish slavery, we must first convince them we are their friends; we must convince them of our sympathy towards them; we must convince them that free labor is a luxury, and superior to slave labor; we must convince them that their civil and pecuniary interest requires the abolition of slavery; we must convince them that the interests of the North and the South are, live or die, sink or swim, emphatically one—"The Union, it must be preserved."

In regard to Oregon, so far as my knowledge extends, the people are ready and willing to put on their armor, and march to the battlefield, if need be. Oregon, and the whole of Oregon is our watchword. If the British lion, inflated by conquests of late, in China, and elsewhere, attempts to gorge its unnatural appetite with a junk of Oregon, which of right belongs to us, she will find, to her sorrow, that she has "caught a Tartar."

E. J.

ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF QUINCY.

The Committee chosen at the Anti-Slavery meeting, held in Lyceum Hall, December eighth, with instructions to act in regard to the great question of Human Rights as time and circumstances may require, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have organized under the name of the Quincy Union Anti-Slavery Committee, and have chosen one of their number as Treasurer, Dea. George Baxter, to whom donations can be given by any and all so disposed, to aid in this great work of Constitutional and Moral Reform.

Texas has become annexed with all its iniquities. The manner of annexation we believe to be unconstitutional—the principle involved unjust. The Constitution of Texas is anti-republican. The great American declaration, that all men are born free and equal, is not recognized. The free people of the North are required in new and unequivocal terms to sanction the system of Slavery. As Freemen, we should detest it, and should not fold our arms and cease to act—should not join with those, who from interest, from fear, from love of ease, or from some other unallowable motive, cry for peace. Have we read the history of the American revolution in vain? Was it for this that our Fathers endangered and risked all they possessed; aye, and their lives too? Was it for this that they bequeathed to us such rich legacies? Was it for this that they, through a mistaken expediency, permitted the foul blot of Slavery to remain as a dark spot upon the bright effulgence of their political sun? Did they desire their children to cherish that evil, to nourish its growth, till like Aaron's rod it swallowed up, or darkened the whole? We answer, emphatically, no! And we ought to blush to own ourselves Americans, if we remain passive after beholding a subject embracing in its nature such important constitutional questions, such great fundamental principles, passed over and hurried through the Halls of Legislation, in such a hasty, summary manner, as the proceedings of Congress show in regard to Texas. We deserve to be ruled by a Russian Autocrat, if we submit in silence, when our prayers and petitions are spurned and trampled under foot. Did not our fathers' griefs move bitterly on account of the neglect of the mother country? Did not the Deputations of America exclaim: "We have petitioned; we have remonstrated; we have supplicated; we have prostrated ourselves before the throne. Our petitions have been slighted; our remonstrances have produced additional violence and insult; our supplications have been disregarded; and we have been spurned with contempt from the foot of the throne." How applicable is this language to the recent action of Congress. Thousands and tens of thousands of the people have petitioned and supplicated Congress; their petitions have been slighted; their remonstrances have been disregarded; and they have been spurned with contempt from the foot of the throne. In vain after these things can we submit in silence. We ought not, we should not indulge any such hope.

The question may be asked, what can be done? This is the point, in view of the facts, to which we would invite your particular attention. What can be done! Much can be done, and among other measures we would suggest—

First. That the facts, as exhibited in the history of the past, going to show the political bearings of Slavery in our government, its corrupting influences upon our free institutions, its demoralizing effects upon the public mind, can be collected and published in cheap form, and scattered broadcast throughout the land.

Second. The people can meet in public meetings and discuss the subject by means of lectures, addresses and debates.

Let these suggestions be carried into practice in all the free States of the Union, and a great change would be effected in the public mind. The whole press would assume a more independent and manly tone; its editorials would breathe the spirit of freedom. Every pulpit would proclaim the whole truth, and not be silent in relation to the sin of Slavery, because it is known to exist in high places. The statesman would watch with a jealous eye, and be ever ready to sound the alarm whenever any encroachment or infringement was attempted upon our constitutional rights. The people themselves would unite with the same unanimity in defence of freedom, as the South ever have and now do to sustain their peculiar institutions. They would consider it of more importance to preserve the Constitution, and to support the great truths of the Declaration, than to sustain their party for the gratification of aspiring demagogues. The general apathy that now prevails at the North, would be shaken off, and the people would rise in their majesty, and restore the Constitution to its virgin purity, as designed and contemplated by its venerable founders.

Fellow citizens of Quincy, shall we do our part to circulate the facts, and to enlighten the public mind to bring about the desirable change? Shall we do what we can to stay the onward progress of Slavery; to restore the right of petition? Shall we be silent, or shall we continue to speak and act on this great question of Human Rights? We would recommend action. Action should be the watchword; peaceful, moral action. It has effected great changes in the public mind, in relation to other subjects; it may, it will in relation to this, let parties unite upon this great question, and their motto be, Action! Action!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,
GEORGE CLAPP,
GEORGE BAXTER,
THOMAS HARDWICK,
CHARLES A. CUMMINGS,
HENRY BARKER,
WILLIAM D. GRAY.

Quincy, Dec. 24th, 1845.

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Boston, Jan. 2d, 1846.

For several days past, the city has been unusually lively, owing in some measure, doubtless, to the good sleighing in and around Boston. But alas! the snow is leaving us rapidly here, and even now the streets are in better condition for wheels than runners. The sleighing in Boston is about "done up."

This beautiful city is a most desirable winter residence; every thing is so gay and lively. There is, all told of us bipeds, at the present moment, within the confines of "Boston proper," one hundred and twenty-five thousand souls, and increasing, seemingly in a geometrical ratio, very fast.

Business is good, money easy, and the metropolis very sanitary in health. Fashionable parties and balls, come off in all circles continually, and some of them very expensive. Four theatres are in operation, but I should think poorly patronized. Pelby, of the National, poor fellow, they say bids fair to soon shuffle off this mortal coil.

John B. Gough has revived again, and will outlive calumny, and resume his former position as a star of magnitude in the temperance cause. The

Supreme Court, at Washington, grasps this mighty question, before them, in a few weeks. Senator Davis, and Asahel Huntington, Esq., against the sale of rum; Senator Webster and Hon. B. F. Hall, in favor of its traffic. Mark me, friend Green, the decision of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in favor of the licence laws, will be triumphantly sustained by the high court of judicature at Washington. The day of reckoning will soon arrive, and all dealers in the retail of alcoholic drinks will be called upon to shut up shop, *adams* or *adams*. The fashion of rum-drinking will soon pass away.

The State Legislature comes together next Wednesday, and being largely whig in both branches, will have every thing in their own way. It will be a working session, doubtless, for petitions for rail roads are asked without number. Let them grant all their prayers for rail roads, until the mania for them restores itself again to a healthy condition, or in other words, till the evil cures itself.

We are looking to Washington daily for news of interest; and not only there, but to Europe, to witness the effect of the late extraordinary Message of the President, upon the governments there, especially of France and England. "Dressed in the plainest and simplest language," (says the New York Herald, a neutral paper,) the Message is considered one of the most judicious and startling documents of the age, and is termed the greatest document of the century." It has placed Mr. Polk in the first rank of statesmen, and will render him as popular with the people, as was Jackson in his palmy days.

The whole of Oregon or none, to the fifty-fourth degree, is the language of the President, Congress, and the people. The annexation of Texas, is destined to grow in popular favor, as the administration progresses in its quaternary period, and if war with England comes, the President will be no longer the president of a party, but of the people. Whigs and democrats will stand by him, should England dare to war with our nation. The moment she does, she loses every foot of territory in North America. But more anon.

For the Quincy Patriot.

MORTALITY IN QUINCY.

MR. EDITOR.—The following short statistical account may be the most serviceable and curious to know the effects of climate on mortality:

The number of deaths in Quincy, the past year, is sixty-nine; and estimating the population of the town at four thousand, there will have occurred one death out of every fifty-eight of the inhabitants. In looking over the records of past years, I find that, in the year 1800, one out of every sixty of the inhabitants died, which is considered a common proportion in the most healthy farming districts of our country. In the year 1801, one of every forty-eight of the inhabitants died, showing that some epidemic prevailed, and that epidemic appears to have been the dysentery. In the year 1803, one in twenty-nine of the inhabitants died; that year also the dysentery was peculiarly fatal. In the year 1825, one of every fifty of the inhabitants died; the prevalent disease of that year was fever. In 1841, one in fifty-four died. In 1842, one in eighty. In 1844, one in sixty-three. Showing, from the records of forty-five years that dysentery is decidedly the most fatal disease of our climate; next to dysentery is the cholera of infants. Typhoid fever holds the third rank in the list of the destroyers of the hopes of man.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 59, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

NEW YEAR.

Another year has sped its course on the rapid car of Time. Friends who commenced with us are now no more, and even relatives, dear to us above all other earthly considerations, have been gathered to the home of God. These warnings speak in a language to be prepared for all the changes of life. A few short days of probation and we shall be gathered to that bourne from whence no pilgrim has yet returned. Reader, this is the destiny which awaits the whole human family. With these considerations, let us all commence the new year with intentions for virtue, health, happiness, peace and prosperity.

Under all these changes, it is our purpose to serve our patrons to the best of our humble abilities, laboring to make the Patriot acceptable to our present subscribers and endeavoring to enhance its value that additional friends may be annexed to our list to cheer us in the journey of life now opening with bright and animating prospects and which bid us God speed.

We cordially wish each and every one of our readers a joyous, happy and prosperous new year, trusting that they will continue with us through another annual journey if life be spared, and our efforts shall be to interest, amuse and instruct, and to give them their money's worth.

CONGRESSIONAL. During the holidays, not much business has been transacted in either branch. Mr. Calhoun has interposed relative to Oregon and other matters, and appears to aim at pacific measures, even if a portion of Oregon be given to England. This course may meet with acceptance from a majority of the Senators, but the honor of the country, if this should be the case, will be enslaved at the shrine of monarchy. It is to be hoped that no compromise will be made—our rights should be firmly maintained, and come weal or woe, let America meet the enemies of republican institutions upon honorable and patriotic grounds.

ANTI-SLAVERY CONVENTION. A quarterly meeting of the Plymouth County Anti-Slavery Society, is notified to be held in the Universalist Meeting-house, in Hanson, on Wednesday, the seventh instant, at half past nine o'clock in the forenoon.

PLYMOUTH CELEBRATION. The editors of the Plymouth Rock justly rebuke the managers of the Pilgrim Society, for their treatment to the Standish Guards, a beautifully equipped and well-drilled military company of that town, at the late celebration. This company has performed escort duty at every celebration of the Society for many years, but on the present occasion, although the company was out, it being their anniversary, no invitation of the kind was given, and the company was treated with marked neglect.

Their remarks touching the arrangements of the day, are also to the point and well-timed. Things should be so managed as to make the event one in which the citizens generally of Plymouth can participate, and the maxim, "encourage your own," should be more rigidly observed in the preparations.

APPOINTMENT. George M. Bartlett, of this town, we are gratified to learn, has been selected as Cashier of the Union Bank of Weymouth and Braintree. His experience under the guidance of his father, of the Quincy Stone Bank, a most excellent officer, and his own natural gifts, will make him one of the most faithful and judicious cashiers, which that institution could have secured; and his own courteousness and vivacity cannot fail to render him popular with all who may transact business at that Bank.

AN APPETITE. Occasion favored us to enjoy a repast from a saddle of mutton, which was served in a manner to please the taste of the most delicate lover of exquisite rarities, at the Hancock House, in this town, a short time since. Give us but good eating, and all other dainties may vanish. We have received attention, and indeed visitors also award praise for the order, neatness and delicacy, with which the landlord of the Hancock caters for his patrons—even the epicureans of Boston pronounce his entertainments superior to any which they receive, any where within a dozen miles of the city.

BARRE GAZETTE. Col. Walter A. Bryant, the editor and publisher of the Barre (Mass.) Gazette, has lately given his paper quite a prepossessing appearance, in regard to new type, etc. In editorial tact and labor, he stands in the front ranks of the profession, and no doubt the value of his paper will be greatly increased, by the materials to be gained from a seat in the State Legislature, which his townsmen so justly conferred upon him at the last election.

IMPROVEMENT. The Daily Transcript, a beautifully executed and well conducted sheet, published at Worcester (Mass.) has been materially improved in its mechanical appearance with the new year; and as to its editorial management, it will vie with the best managed journals in the State. Success attend our old friend, in his labors on the second volume.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT. It is announced in the Boston Liberator, that Addison Davis, of Lynn, will lecture in this town, in favor of the abolition of capital punishment, and friends to the reform are requested to make proper arrangements for the address.

A NEW WORK. Rev. William M. Cornell, M. D., late of this town, has sent us a number of his work. It is very neat in appearance and well managed. It is superfluous for us to speak of the editor—he is well qualified for the enterprise undertaken. A few extracts from other journals, will speak of the estimation in which his labors are held:—

The Monthly Miscellany, and Journal of Health, edited by W. M. Cornell, M. D., is a new periodical, commencing the first of the new year. It is designed to furnish useful information on the important subject of health, and on a variety of topics of interest connected with literature and morals. The first number gives good promise in regard to its future character.—Christian Watchman.

Our friend W. M. Cornell, M. D., has become editor of a new monthly, under the name of "Monthly Miscellany and Journal of Health," which must commend itself equally to the profession and the public in general. The first number contains a lecture by Walter Channing, M. D., with a large amount of miscellaneous matter alike valuable and interesting. The style of the magazine is very tasteful, and the price is only one dollar a year.—Christian Reflector.

OLD COLONY RAILROAD. At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Corporation, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors for the year ensuing, viz: Nathan Carruth, John Sever, Uriel Crocker, J. H. Loud, I. L. Hedge, William Thomas, and Josiah Quincy, Jr. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Nathan Carruth was chosen President, in place of Col. Sever, who declined a re-election; J. H. Loud, Clerk, and Addison Gilmore, Treasurer.

LIST OF DEATHS. We have had no time to correct the list of deaths in this town which has been published, and therefore must defer our account until next week, when we hope to give as accurate an one as all the circumstances will admit.

NINTH DISTRICT. The recent trial to elect a member of Congress from this District of the State has again resulted in no choice. There has been a great falling off of the vote since the last election, and each candidate has lost a proportionate share.

CALEB J. McNULTY. This individual, late Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, has been tried on one complaint for embezzling the public funds and acquitted. The prosecuting officer has annulled the other counts, and he has been discharged from custody.

ROXBURY. This town, in pursuance of a recommendation of a majority of a committee chosen at a previous meeting to consider the subject, have voted to apply to the Legislature for a city charter.

The Cape Town Gazette speaks of the annexation of Natal, a territory on the southern coast of Africa—a territory more than half as large as the whole of Oregon—to the British colony at the Cape of Good Hope, as likely to become a very prosperous affair.

No friend to his country would object to the acquisition of Cuba if procured by treaty, purchase, etc. He, who frowns upon the proposal of its annexation, and tries to stigmatize efforts for its connection with this Union, deserves the execration of every friend to the well-being and future prosperity of our happy country.

Henry Clapp, Jr., editor of the Lynn Pioneer, has been convicted of a libel upon Aaron Lummus, a Justice of the Peace, in Lynn.

The name of the newspaper called "The Hangman," has been changed to that of "Prisoner's Friend," at the commencement of the new year, and is to be continued by the present editors, Messrs. C. & J. M. Spear.

The present population of Americans in Oregon, is now from six to seven thousand, and from the preparations that are now in progress, among the people of the United States, in forming emigrating companies, it is thought the population will be next year double what it is now.

The President of the United States has signed the bill for the admission of Texas. The confederacy now numbers twenty-eight States.

The Ohio House of Representatives have passed resolutions unanimously, requesting their Senators and Representatives not to vote for an increased rate of postage.

Among the legacies of the late Oliver Smith of Hatfield, (Mass.), are three hundred and sixty thousand dollars in eight towns, viz: Northampton, Hadley, Amherst, Hatfield, Deerfield, Williamsburg, Greenfield and Whately, as a permanent fund for the benefit of orphan children, and children of the poorer classes. The fund is to be managed by trustees.

In six States—New York, Ohio, Alabama, Indiana, Illinois, and Michigan—the increase of population in five years, is 885,573. If the ratio of increase be the same through the country, the aggregate population in the United States is, at this moment, not far from twenty millions.

The appointment of Hon. Levi Woodbury, to be a Judge of the Supreme Court, made by the President of the United States during the recess of Congress, has been unanimously confirmed.

A suit, in which property to the amount of more than half a million of dollars is involved, is now before the United States Supreme Court at Washington, (D. C.) It has been in litigation since 1824, in England and this country, and is a contest for the large fortune of a Mr. Aspeden, who died twenty-four years ago in London. There are two sets of heirs claiming the estate.

Four persons, out of a family of eight, have recently died in London, (Eng.) in a most mysterious and extraordinary manner. There has been a most fatal discharge from their nostrils, large swellings throughout the necks, and whilst laboring under the disease the patients displayed a most extraordinary appetite, eating rump-steaks in considerable quantities.

Every mile of railway takes eight acres of good land. The eighteen hundred miles existing, in Great Britain, and the twenty thousand miles impending, will require the snug quantity of one hundred and fourteen thousand acres, a large quantity to be converted from its original use, in a kingdom of dense population, and limited superficies, like Great Britain.

Ole Bull is said to have cleared eighty thousand dollars for fiddling, throughout Uncle Sam's dominions, during the last two years. Nothing goes down so well, in this country, as a foreign danseuse or fiddler!

The population of Russia is sixty-two millions, yet there is less wealth and strength than in the United States. This vast empire is governed without the law of Capital Punishment. It was abolished, a century ago, by the empress Elizabeth.

It is stated that the wagons that are to convey the Mormons to California, will number five thousand, and will form a line of twenty-five miles long! In the front is to be a press and types, from which will be issued, every morning, a paper, to be sent to the rear guard, to inform them of what is going on in the van!

About one hundred and thirty years ago, an eccentric individual, in England, on making his will, imposed a condition that his property should be put at interest and accumulate until the year of our Lord, 1848, and then fall to the heir. At the present, this fortune is about sixty millions of dollars! The heir prospective, is said to be a young man of about twenty-five years of age. Parliament tried to set aside the will at the time, but failed; they however passed an act that no such will should be legal thenceforward.

The day is not far distant when it will be generally understood that alcohol, in whatever form or dose, always does a certain amount of injury. That it always resists digestion, renders the system more liable to disease, disturbs the healthy and vigorous operations of the mind, causes peevishness, fretfulness, discontent, hypochondriasis, and weakness of the nerves, is less favorable in enabling one to undergo protracted and severe exertion, mental or physical, or resist exposure to cold or fatigue, will, through the improvements of the day, soon be well understood.

The Legislature of South Carolina has appropriated thirty thousand dollars for the purchase of food for the suffering districts in the upper country, where the failure of the crops has caused the greatest distress.

It is estimated that there are ten million dollars worth of hogs in the State of Ohio. Kentucky, it was estimated, turned out ninety thousand hogs the last year.

The imperious necessity of adequate means to resist the frightful and devastating inroads of Consumption and its attendant diseases, induce us to frequently bring forward our pen to notice that admirable preparation of Herbs, Mr. Brinkerhoff's Health Restorative. It is a part of the interest we feel in the public welfare, that induces us to speak of it. Our exchange papers we find do also contribute their aid in noticing this invaluable remedy, and continually urge their readers to use it first and above all things else.

NOTICES.

The thirteenth Social Convention of the Washingtonians of Norfolk County, will be held at the Lyceum Room in Quincy, FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 9th, commencing at six o'clock.

Daniel Allen, Jr., and other eloquent speakers and friends of temperance have engaged to be present and address the meeting.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

E. THOMPSON, President.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

T. KELLOGG, Secretary.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

All persons are invited to attend.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
LEVI G. FOLSON.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption. The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buchan, of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balm has cured and will cure, the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchan's Hungarian Balm of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

Sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health.

Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the Agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

AGENTS—A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Whitten, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by

Quincy, March 1 1y

MARRIED.

In Weymouth, on Christmas Eve, by Rev. J. Perkins of Braintree, Mr. Levi W. Hobart of Braintree, to Miss Betsey Binney of Weymouth; Mr. Silas Binney, Jr. of Weymouth, to Miss Frances Hanks of Newbury, (N. C.)

In Holden, 24th ult., Mr. Thomas R. Foster to Miss Sarah J. Fales; 25th, Mr. Charles Knowlton to Miss Maria L. Bullard.

In South Boston, 23d ult., Mr. John K. Pike to Miss Mary A. Glover.

DIED.

In Philadelphia, 13th ult., Mrs. Mary E. wife of Charles M. Wolcott, Esq. and daughter of Hon. S. G. Goodrich of Roxbury, aged 27.

In Milton, 19th ult., Mrs. Mary, wife of Mr. Edward Capen, aged 99.

In East Randolph, 28th ult., Relief, widow of James Kingman, aged 90.

Thermometers, WARRANTED. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Notice of Copartnership. QUINCY, 1st of January, 1846.

WE, the undersigned, have entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

Merchant Tailor and Clothing Business, under the firm of

RUSSELL & Co.

Signed, JOHN McDONALD, JEAN RUSSELL.

Jan. 3. 3w

Insolvent Notice. NORFOLK ss. Randolph, Dec. 31, 1845.

ARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery has issued a Warrant against the estate of

SYLVANUS THAYER, JR., of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

A. E. DuBOIS, Dep. Sheriff.

Jan. 3. 2w

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office in Quincy, Jan. 1, 1846.

B	Lucas, Jacob
O'Burne, Rev. P.	Lord, Lucinda A.
Bell, A. K.	M
Braden, John	Murphy, Daniel
Bachelder, Daniel E.	P
Bursley, George	Pierce, William K.
Bean, Cyrus B.	Pierce, Isaac
C	Pierce, Zephaniah
Carver, Charles William	R
Cross, Thaddeus W.	Robins, James
D	Regors, Jacob
Davis, Samuel or Benjamin	Rowell, Harriet
Davis, Moses	Richardson, George L.
Day, Silas	Royan, Prince
Davis, Mrs. Sophia	Rowell, William
Drury, Mrs. Ann A.	Ryan, Catherine
F	Rowell, Isiah
Foster, Thomas W.	S
Freeman, Isaac	Smith, A. H.
Frederick, George	Smith, David B.
Fisher, Edwin W.	Sargeant, William
G	Spear, Nathaniel
Green, James	Smith, David E.
Gourly, Mary	Severance, John H.
H	Stone, Samuel O.
Hunt, Folsom	T
Harnden, Esther	Turner, James C.
Hobart, Martha B.	Turner, C. W.
Hammond, William	W
Harvey, Michael	Welsh, Richard
K	Wilson, Charles
Kempton, Francis G.	Wilson, Maria
L	Willet, Roland
Linnell, Gould	Y
Lannan, John	York, Thomas

Jan. 3. 3w

Quincy Canal.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers and the transacting of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, the 13th inst., at half past six o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM, Clerk.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 2w

Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Oct. 18, J. D. 1845.

TUE administrator of the estate of HIRAM S. SNOW, late of Randolph, in said County, Shoemaker, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance,

Ordered, That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held on at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1846, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 3. 2w

New Volumes.

AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage.

The Legislature of South Carolina has appropriated thirty thousand dollars for the purchase of food for the suffering districts in the upper country, where the failure of the crops has caused the greatest distress.

It is estimated that there are ten million dollars worth of hogs in the State of Ohio. Kentucky, it was estimated, turned out ninety thousand hogs the last year.

The imperious necessity of adequate means to resist the frightful and devastating inroads of Consumption and its attendant diseases, induce us to frequently bring forward our pen to notice that admirable preparation of Herbs, Mr. Brinkerhoff's Health Restorative. It is a part of the interest we feel in the public welfare, that induces us to speak of it. Our exchange papers we find do also contribute their aid in noticing this invaluable remedy, and continually urge their readers to use it first and above all things else.

NOTICES.

The thirteenth Social Convention of the Washington of Norfolk County, will be held at the Lyceum Room in Quincy, FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 9th, commencing at six o'clock.

Daniel Allen, Jr., and other eloquent speakers and friends of temperance have engaged to be present and address the meeting.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

E. THOMPSON, President.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

T. KELLOGG, Secretary.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

All persons are invited to attend.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last SATURDAY in each month until further notice, from five to seven o'clock in the afternoon.

All persons having business with the Town are requested to be present on said days.

FRANK B. NEWCOMB,

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,

LEVI G. TOLSON.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption.

The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Boush, of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate supervision of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable.

The Hungarian Balm has cured and will cure, the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchanan's Hungarian Balm of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

It is sold in large bottles at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health.

Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEY, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

Agents—A. E. Dulois, Randolph; R. Whiton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by

Miss E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 1

ly

MARRIED.

In Weymouth, on Christmas Eve, by Rev. J. Perkins of Braintree, Mr. Levi W. Hobbart of Braintree, to Miss Betsey Binney of Weymouth; Mr. Silas Binney, Jr. of Weymouth, to Miss Frances Banks of Newbury (N. C.)

In Holden, 24th ult., Mr. Thomas R. Foster to Miss Sarah J. Fales; 25th, Mr. Charles Knowlton to Miss Maria L. Ballard.

In South Boston, 23d ult., Mr. John K. Pike to Miss Mary A. Glover.

DIED.

In Philadelphia, 13th ult., Mrs. Mary E., wife of Charles M. Wolcott, Esq. and daughter of Hon. S. G. Goodrich of Roxbury, aged 27.

In Milton, 19th ult., Mrs. Mary, wife of Mr. Edward Capen, aged 90.

In East Randolph, 25th ult., Relief, widow of James Kingman, aged 90.

Thermometers,

WARRANTED. For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 3.

3w

Notice of Copartnership.

Quincy, 1st of January, 1846.

WE, the undersigned, have entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

Merchant Tailor and Clothing Business,

under the firm of

RUSSELL & Co.

Signed, JOHN McDONALD,

JEAN RUSSELL.

Jan. 3.

3w

Insolvent Notice.

Norfolk ss. Randolph, Dec. 31, 1845.

AARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery has issued a Warrant against the estate of

SYLVANUS THAYER, Jr.,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

A. E. DEBOIS, Dep. Sheriff.

Jan. 3.

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List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office in Quincy, Jan. 1, 1846.

B. Lucas, Jacob

O'Brien, Rev. P.

Bell, A. K.

Braden, John

Bachelder, Daniel E.

Bursley, George

Bean, Cyrus B.

Carver, Charles William

Cross, Thaddeus W.

Davis, Samuel or Benjamin

Davis, Moses

Day, Elias

Davis, Mrs. Sophia

Drury, Mrs. Ann A.

Foster, Thomas W.

Freeman, Isaac

Frederick, George

Fisher, Edwin W.

Green, James

Gourly, Mary

Hunt, Folson

Harnden, Esther

Hobart, Maris B.

Hammond, William

Harvey, Michael

Kempston, Francis G.

Linnell, Gould

Lannan, John

Smith, A. H.

Smith, David B.

Sergeant, William

Spear, Nathaniel

Smith, David E.

Severance, John H.

Stone, Samuel O.

Turner, James C.

Turner, C. W.

Welsh, Richard

Wilson, Charles

Wilson, Maria

Willet, Roland

York, Thomas

DANIEL FRENCH, Postmaster.

Jan. 3.

3w

Quincy Canal.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers and the transacting of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, the 13th inst., at half past six o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM, Clerk.

Quincy, Jan. 3.

2w

Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Oct. 18, A. D. 1845.

THE administrator of the estate of HIRAM SNOW, late of Randolph, in said County, Shoemaker, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance,

Ordered, That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1846, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LILLAND, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 3.

3w

New Volumes.

AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage.

Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

With the New Year commence new Volumes, offering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to subscribe.

Quincy, Dec. 27.

if

PHYSICAL EDUCATION and the PRESERVATION OF HEALTH, by JAMES C. WARD, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in Harvard University.

For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 27.

3w

Winter has Come.

FOR sale a new HORSE SLED. Apply to

GEORGE W. KENISON.

Quincy, Dec. 27.

if

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

PURSUANT to a license from the Court of Probate for the County of Norfolk, will be sold at public auction, on

MONDAY, the 5th day of January, 1846,

at two o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate of Mary Simpson, late of Dorchester, deceased, as will produce the sum of one thousand and eighty six dollars and seventy-five cents.

Said Real Estate consists of about half an acre of LAND with the Buildings thereon, situated at Neponset Village in said Dorchester.

Sale to be on the premises.

OTIS WRIGHT, Executor.

O. PUTNAM BACON, Auctioneer.

Dorchester, Dec. 20.

3w

Carriages at Auction.

WILL be sold, immediately after the sale of the above Real Estate, one new Covered Wagon, custom made, ironed, painted and finished every way in the best manner and warranted in every particular.

Also—One other Covered Wagon, custom made, ironed and finished in the most thorough manner and warranted.

Sale positive. Terms—Cash.

O. PUTNAM BACON, Act.

Dorchester, Jan. 3.

1w

Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors to the estate of

JAMES ARNOLD.

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, butcher, deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from the twenty-ninth day of November last, are allowed said creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that they will attend to that service at the house of Daniel Baxter, in said Quincy, on the FIRST TUESDAY of January, March and May next, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days, where creditors are requested to present and prove their claims.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Commissioners.

ELIJAH BAXTER, }

Quincy, Dec. 20.

8w

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

8w

Boston Almanac for 1846,

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 13.

if

QUINCY PATRIOT.

For the Quincy Patriot.

INFORMATION GIVEN.

FRIEND GREEN—I perceive, by the columns of your time-honored paper, that a friend of mine has called—by way of advertising—for a few more of those villainous characters, called Gossips. I afford me pleasure to give my friend any information concerning their whereabouts, and, in so doing, I am led to exclaim, in the words of the *Razor Strop man*,—"a few more left, and all of the same sort." They may be found (that is, providing they are not out on duty) not many miles from "Tattle Hill," at the north end.

Accept my best wishes and my respects,
STONE HAMMER.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 21, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 53, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

LATER FROM EUROPE. The steamship *Cambria*, which sailed from Liverpool, on the fourth instant, arrived at Boston on Wednesday evening, after a pleasant passage, considering the season of the year, of a little more than fourteen days.

Among the passengers in the steamer were Mr. Bache, bearer of despatches from Mr. McLane to Mr. Buchanan, and Mr. Ponsbury, from the English government to Mr. Packenham.

Parliament was in session, and Sir Robert Peel had presented his project for free-trade and the abrogation of the corn laws. The discussion of the subject was postponed to the ninth of February.

The cotton and corn markets had not altered materially.

Parliament was opened on the twenty-second of January, by a speech from the Queen in person. She thus alludes to the Oregon question:

"I regret that the conflicting claims of Great Britain and the United States in respect to the territory on the North Western Coast of America, although they have been made the subject of repeated negotiation, still remain unsettled. You may be assured that no effort consistent with national honor shall be wanting on my part to bring this question to an early and peaceful termination."

The speech goes on to state that some increase of the naval and military establishments will be proposed, speaks favorably of the repeal of prohibitory and relaxation of protective duties, and suggests the expediency of a further relaxation of these laws.

From Ireland there is nothing of general interest. The repeal agitation is unabated.

The news from France is not important.

NEW ISWICH (N. H.) ACADEMY. We are indebted to a friend for a notice of the condition of the above named institution, and from what we learn of it, can cheerfully recommend it to the confidence of the public. The location presents to the student many advantages which a nearer proximity to the city does not possess. The next term commences on the twenty-fifth of this month, and the whole expense of board and tuition will not exceed one hundred dollars per year. The Principal is E. A. Lawrence, Esq., who is highly spoken of as a teacher and a gentleman.

URSULINE CONVENT. The Legislature refused to take up the question of reimbursing the owners of the Charlestown Convent, destroyed by a mob, by a vote of one hundred and ten to fifty-seven. It is a deep and damning disgrace to our State, says the Boston Times, that the Legislature should thus give the go-by to this subject year after year.

CHARLES T. TORREY. A petition has been presented to the Governor of Maryland, for the pardon of this individual, (now confined in the Penitentiary, for abducting slaves), predicated on his increasing ill-health. It is proposed that he shall pay for the slaves, be pardoned, and leave the State. He admits, it is said, that he acted wrong, and desires to be forgiven. His wife has also petitioned in his behalf.

THE MINTS. The President has transmitted to Congress a report from Mr. Patterson, the director of the mints. The whole coinage for the year, at the three mints in operation, amounted to \$5,668,595, comprising \$3,756,447 in gold, \$1,873,200 in silver, and \$93,948 in copper coins.

UNITED STATES REVENUE. The receipts into the Treasury for the fourth quarter of 1845, were from Customs \$4,137,200; Public Lands, \$830,000; Miscellaneous, \$31,500; total, \$4,998,700. The expenditures for the same period were \$5,703,810.

TEXAS FINANCES. There is now in the Treasury of that republic over one hundred thousand dollars, and the Collector at Galveston estimates that a sum equal to this will be forwarded to the Treasury at the close of the present quarter. Should the United States Government liquidate all expenses incurred by Texas on account of the measure of annexation, it is estimated that there will be in the Treasury, at the expiration of the term of President Jones, about three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

GREAT COFFEE MARKET. Upwards of eight thousand bags of Rio Coffee were sold in Baltimore last week. The entire import of thirty-three thousand bags had been sold in a few weeks.

THE NEWS BY THE CAMBRIA. We give in another column a short sketch of the news brought by the *Cambria*, and we cannot forbear making a few comments upon it, fraught as it is with circumstances and events so favorable to the growth of American productions and the increase of American industry. The address of Sir Robert Peel, the prime minister of Great Britain, developing the new policy of that government in relation to the reduction of the tariff on all articles of human sustenance, (has filled with joy the hearts of the starving millions of England, and is a source of great satisfaction to the philanthropist in every portion of the globe. Sir Robert Peel was formerly the advocate of high protective duties, but he now candidly admits that within three years his opinions have been decidedly changed. He says that during that period, he has watched, day by day, the effect of the relaxation of duties on all the social interests of the country, and the consequence was that he thought that his former arguments were no longer tenable. Influenced by his experience, the prime minister, representing the government of England, now proposes a great reduction of duties on all articles of food and clothing in the belief that by this measure, great relief will be given to the laborer and a great impulse will be given to the manufacturing and commercial interest of the country. Many of the articles on which a reduction of duties is proposed, are the productions of the United States, and while the free or low duty admission of these articles into England will enable people to supply themselves with much which heretofore they have been denied, it will at the same time give to our agriculturists and farmers a market for their productions, and will in some respects enhance their value.

Upon a full view of the news brought by this arrival, we feel confident that the Oregon question will never involve the parties in difficulties, for both countries will derive too great benefit from the continuance of our peaceful relations to allow the question of North-western territory to embroil them in war.

SNOW STORMS. The recent storm commenced in Washington, (D. C.) about three o'clock on Saturday afternoon. Two hours afterward it reached Philadelphia, and continued without intermission until noon of Sunday. At New York it commenced about sunset, on Saturday, and in Boston about sunrise, the next morning. Thus being twelve hours on its way from Washington to Boston.

Yesterday the storm was nearly equal to the one on Sunday last, and probably the travelling more impeded. We learn that last evening, on the Old Colony Railroad, three of the four engines attached to a train, in endeavouring to force a passage through the snow drifts, were thrown off the track. This accident occurred nearly opposite the house of Capt. Josiah Bass, in this town. No material injury done. Vigorous efforts are being made to resume the regular trips.

TERRIBLE SHIPWRECK. The loss of the packet ship *John Minton*, was a most melancholy affair. She struck on Sunday morning last, near Squam Beach, (N. J.), and heeled over. Five seamen and one steerage passenger succeeded in getting to the beach in one of the boats. The remainder of the crew and passengers, about twenty-five in number, were lost. Their cries, previous to the vessels going to pieces, were heard on the beach, and are described as heart-rending.

PROGRESS OF WISCONSIN. The Legislature of this Territory have granted a city charter to Milwaukee; population of the place over ten thousand. Milwaukee has four common and nine select schools, eleven churches, ten mills and factories, a daily paper, plenty of excellent mechanics and laborers, and lots of pretty women. The population of Wisconsin in 1840 was about thirty thousand souls; its present population is estimated at one hundred and twenty thousand.

A DISINTERESTED MAN. Rev. Samuel L. Southard has declined the call to be assistant minister of Trinity Church, New York city. As the salary and perquisites realize about five thousand dollars per annum, and he is at present only in the receipt of seventeen hundred, the circumstance has excited no little surprise.

CONGRESS. The Senate is principally engaged on the Oregon question. Senator Hannegan, of Indiana, has spoken in favor of giving the notice; and Mr. Colquitt, of Georgia, followed on the same side of the question. Other business, of no general importance, has been transacted.

The House appear to take matters with perfect ease, since they took the vote with reference to the Oregon dispute.

ALBERT J. TIRRELL. This individual was arraigned in Boston on Monday morning last, and his trial fixed for the fourth Tuesday in March. He pleaded "not guilty" to the indictments read, which charge him of murder and arson. Rufus Choate and A. Merrill are counsel for the prisoner.

TEMPERANCE. We have received an address on this subject by Rev. F. A. Whitney of Brighton, which we shall notice more fully in the next number.

LEGISLATIVE. We have glanced over the proceedings of the General Court and cannot find any thing of general interest. Railroad petitions and other papers are daily presented, and indeed they appear to be the principal part of the business thus far under consideration.

SUPREME COURT. This judicial tribunal is now holding a regular session at Dedham. Among the cases the following have been tried:

Peter Conner was acquitted by the jury on the charge of having murdered John Welch, in Roxbury, by stabbing him with a knife, in an affray about ten months ago, and he was forthwith discharged from custody.

The case of F. A. Kingsbury vs. the Inhabitants of the Centre School District of Quincy, was decided in favor of the plaintiff—the judge directing the jury to return a verdict to that effect for two hundred and sixteen dollars, eighty cents. The defendants raised points of law, upon which the Court will probably give opinions at the ensuing October term.

YUCATAN. The New Orleans Bulletin publishes the manifesto issued by the Legislative Assembly of Yucatan, declaring that province separate from Mexico. The declaration alleges that Mexico disregards and annuls her stipulations with that province, made in 1843, when they had resisted the central government, and announces that if the union be not accepted under the compact of 1843, they will be at liberty to declare their independence.

AUCTIONEER. Ebenezer Adams has been duly appointed an Auctioneer by the Selectmen of this town. His tact and knowledge must contribute to render him an efficient agent in the sale of property.

SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE. At Exeter, (N. H.) on Thursday morning last, the thermometer was eighteen degrees below zero.

Hon. Thomas F. Marshall, while laboring under depression of spirits, violated his pledge; but immediately repenting of his error, he went before the Temperance committee and renewed his pledge.

The British Government, having resolved to increase the navy, a number of districts have been selected where rendezvous are established for entering volunteers.

The Supreme Court of this State has just granted a divorce from bed and board to Julia Cassidy, of Boston, wife of Edwin Cassidy. The goods and chattles, contained in a schedule, were assigned to the libellant for her own use, and also the exclusive right to a certain leasehold.

Alabama has five times as much good pine timber as the State of Maine. It is harder and more compact than Northern pine.

A hundred men were nine hours in clearing the railroad track of snow, between Taunton and New Bedford, assisted by three steam engines.

Counterfeit one hundred dollar bills, upon the Suffolk Bank, Boston, manufactured at the West, have made their appearance.

Upwards of five hundred thousand dollars have been lost by the Insurance offices in Boston, in the last three months, on marine risks alone, to say nothing about what has been lost by fires in the city.

The Ladies of the Rev. Dr. Putnam's society in Roxbury, have presented Mrs. Putnam with a tea service of plate, which cost seven hundred dollars. They had better "feed the hungry and clothe the naked."

The cottage in which the ill-fated Charlotte Temple breathed her last, was destroyed in New York, last week. For many years this building has been kept up by props.

It has been estimated by some London statistician, that there are in that city full five thousand men who would murder a man for the purpose of obtaining a shilling, were they sure of escaping punishment.

The use of diseased potatoes, in Ireland, by the destitute poor, is becoming, as was expected, a frightful source of fever and disease.

Land can be purchased on James river, in sight of the city of Richmond, (Va.) for from three to fifteen dollars per acre, with improvements. The reason for this cheapness is accounted to the effects of slavery.

There are fifteen societies of Shakers in the United States, comprising about seven thousand members. Pigs' hoofs, neatly scraped, are recommended as an excellent substitute for tortoise-shell combs.

Commodore Moore, late of the Texas Navy, is about to be placed at the head of the list of Commanders in the United States Navy.

A lawyer in Bedford, (N. H.) has prosecuted the towns in Hillsborough county, in that State, to the amount of about twenty thousand dollars, for not erecting guide boards at the corners of the roads.

The late storm on Cape Cod was very severe. The snow fell in immense quantities, and blocked the roads in every direction.

It is said that in Illinois the Circuit Judges are so poorly paid that they are compelled, when on the circuit, to swap horses and gamble, in order to support their families.

The last convulsions from Pensacola, (Florida), state that all the vessels of war at that place were preparing for sea, and would leave as soon as possible for Vera Cruz, (Mexico.)

All the wild horses and cattle found in South America, originally came from the stock landed by the Spaniards. The natives at first supposed the horse and rider to be one animal.

The Liberty party of Massachusetts have called a Convention, to meet in Boston, on Wednesday next.

It is proposed to establish railway communication between England and France, by means of a tunnel, in cast iron, to be sunk in the bottom of the sea.

On a single square mile, or rather pressing on it by its own gravity, there is about thirteen thousand millions pounds of oxygen gas.

Free discussion is indispensable to the freedom and welfare of mankind. Let the mind, and tongue, and pen, and press, be free.

We are creatures of tradition, of imitation, of custom, of education, to an extent not less deplorable than it is astonishing.

Whatever cannot bear the test of the closest scrutiny, has no claim to human respect or confidence.

Mock not him with the phantom of equal rights and impartial laws, whose only inheritance is heart-devouring care and hopeless toil.

One hundred and fifty-thousand, one hundred and forty-six acres of public lands in Maine, have been disposed of during the year 1845. The quantity of land remaining in Maine, belonging to Massachusetts, is estimated at two millions and a half acres.

Two eminent lawyers of New York, received lately the princely fee of twenty thousand dollars from one of their clients.

Count Joseph Napoleon Bonaparte is in Washington city.

The inveterate prejudice heretofore shown by most persons against medicines, which do not arise under the sanction of the medical colleges, is now rapidly passing away. At the commencement of the sale of Mr. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative, every case where it was used faithfully, closed with such overpowering attestations as to its merit, that it was impossible to resist its influence.

The estimation in which it is now held, precludes the possibility of its being ranked with empirical remedies, the production of money-getting jugglers or traffickers in the miseries of their fellow-beings.

NOTICES.

The friends of Temperance and Liberty are requested to meet at the Temperance Reading Room, next THURSDAY EVENING, 26th inst, at 7 o'clock, to select candidates for Town Officers for the ensuing year, without regard to political principles. A punctual attendance is desirable.

Per Order.

The democrats of Quincy are requested to meet at the Lyceum Hall, on SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 22nd inst, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of selecting candidates for Town Officers, and for the transaction of other necessary business.

Per order of the Town Committee.

The Officers of the Washington and Total Abstinence Societies in Quincy, are hereby notified that a meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at half past six o'clock.

The Officers of the Young Men's Washington and Total Abstinence Societies are requested to unite with the Union Board.

Important business will come before the meeting.

J. W. BARTON, Secretary of the Board.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TO-MORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.

Members can obtain their new books (the Choral) at Gil's Bookstore, and they are requested to call and them previous to the meeting.

C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at seven o'clock.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

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BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, LEVI G. FOLSON.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption. The great and only remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN-BALSAM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buchan, of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balm has cured and will cure, the most desperate cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchan's Hungarian Balm of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

Sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health. Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

Agents—A. E. Dulles, of Randolph; R. Whiton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 1

MARRIED.

In Boston, 19th inst., by Rev. Mr. Winslow, Mr. William H. Horton to Miss Mary M. Bowes.

DIED.

In this town, 17th inst. Mrs. Elizabeth J. wife of Mr. Robert B. Chamberlain, aged 33 years, 8 months. On the 18th inst. Mrs. Lucy, wife of Mr. John Greenleaf, aged 72 years.

Parish Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To Francis Williams, Constable of the Town of Quincy. Greeting:

YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in the Town of Quincy, qualified by law to vote in Parish Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the ninth day of March next, at two o'clock, P. M., to act upon the following articles, viz:

- 1st. To choose a Moderator.
- 2d. To choose all Parish Officers as the law directs.
- 3d. To raise such sum or sums of money as may be deemed expedient for parochial purposes.
- 4th. To know what disposal the Parish will make of the money raised the past year for the support of a Singing School.
- 5th. To determine what compensation the Parish will allow their Clerk and Treasurer for their services the past year.
- 6th. To choose any Committee, or hear and act upon the report of any Committee, and to transact any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Parish Clerk, on or before the time prefixed for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals at Quincy, this twentieth day of February, A. D. 1846.

THOMAS J. NIGHTINGALE, Parish Assessors.

SAMUEL CURTIS, ELIJAH BAXTER,

Quincy, Feb. 21st, 1846.

NORFOLK SS. By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable.

Feb. 21.

For Sale Cheap.

IF applied for soon—a small Farm in Braintree, a short distance from the Railroad Depot, with a good House, Barn, and Out-buildings, all in good repair, with a fine young Orchard, and two or three acres of Land. For further particulars, apply to Mr. JOHN BEATH, on the premises, or NATH'L TRACY, State Street, Boston.

Quincy, Feb. 21st, 1846.

Social Assemblies.

A COURSE of weekly Social Assemblies, six to the course, will come off at the Hancock House, commencing on FRIDAY EVENING next, and held on Friday evening of each week.

Dancing will commence at seven o'clock.

Tickets to the course, \$3.

AUGUSTUS STEVENS, } Managers.

JOSEPH T. FRENCH, } Quincy, Feb. 21.

4w

To Let.

THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store, on Washington Street.

Also—a Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business.

Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENISON.

Quincy, Feb. 21.

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that EPHRAIM LINCOLN, of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, Merchant, an insolvent debtor, will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the dwelling house of Sherman Leland, Esq. Judge of Probate, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present, and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Judge of Probate.

EZRA FENNIMAN, Assignee.

Feb. 21.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK SS. Feb. 18th, 1846. **NOTICE** is hereby given, that NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, one of the Masters in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

EDWARD D. DAMON, of Quincy, in said County, Stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to the said Damon, or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Damon will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of claims and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. J. Messenger.

Feb. 21.

Insolvency Notice.

NORFOLK SS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of

FREDERICK W. URANN, of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor. The second meeting of the creditors of said Urann will be held at the Office of Aaron Prescott, Esq., Master in Chancery within and for said County of Norfolk, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and said insolvent will then and there be examined on oath, relative to his estate, and the transactions of his business.

Dated this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1846.

R. N. PEIRCE, Assignee.

No. 35 Court St., Boston.

Feb. 21.

LETTERS TO YOUNG MEN, founded on the History of Joseph. By William B. Sprague, D. D. of Albany.

Poetry for Home and School, Part Second.

Warren on the Preservation of Health. New edition. For sale at the

Quincy, Feb. 21.

3w

THE CHORAL, a collection of Church Music, adapted to the worship of all denominations. By B. F. Baker and J. B. Woodbury. For sale at the Quincy, Feb. 21.

3w

Notice

IS hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and style of

T. & N. H. WHITE,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

THOMAS WHITE.

NATHAN H. WHITE.

Quincy, January 1st, 1846.

Parish Meeting.

Parish Meeting.
To Francis Williams, Constable of the Town of Quincy.

Greeting:
S. YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified by the laws of the State, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the ninth day of March next, at two o'clock, P. M., to act upon the following articles, viz:

- 1st. To choose a Moderator.
- 2d. To choose all Parish Officers as the law directs.
- 3d. To raise such sum of money as may be deemed expedient for parochial purposes.
- 4th. To know what disposal the Parish will make of the money raised the past year for the support of a singing school.
- 5th. To determine what compensation the Parish will allow their Clerk and Treasurer for their services a past year.
- 6th. To choose any Committee, or hear and act upon the report of any Committee, and to transact any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Parish Clerk, on or before the time prefixed for said meeting.

Given under my hands and seals at Quincy, this twentieth day of February, A. D. 1846.

THOMAS J. NIGHTINGALE, Parish Assessors.

QUINCY, FEB. 21st, 1846.

NORFOLK SS. By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable.

Feb. 21. 3w

For Sale Cheap.

I applied for soon a small Farm in Braintree, a short distance from the Railroad Depot, with a good House, Barn, and Out-buildings, all in good repair, with a fine young Orchard and two or three acres of Land. For further particulars, apply to Mr. JOHN BEATH, on the premises, or NATH L. TRACY, State Street, Boston.

Feb. 21. 6w

Social Assemblies.

A COURSE of weekly Social Assemblies, six to the course, will come off at the Hancock House, commencing on FRIDAY EVENING next, and held on Friday evening of each week.

Dancing will commence at seven o'clock.

Tickets to the course, \$3.

AUGUSTUS STEVENS, Managers.

JOSEPH T. FRENCH, Quincy, Feb. 21. 4w

To Let.

THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store, on Washington Street, is now available for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business.

Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENISON.

Quincy, Feb. 21. 1f

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that EPHRAIM LINCOLN of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, Merchant, an insolvent debtor, will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, at a Court of Insolvency, to be holden at the dwelling house of Sherman Leland, Esq. Judge of Probate, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present, and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Judge of Probate.

EZRA PENNINGTON, Assignee.

Feb. 21. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK SS. Feb. 18th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, one of the Masters in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

EDWARD DAMON,

of Quincy, in said County, Stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to the said Damon, or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Damon will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of claims and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master in Chancery

SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. ff., Messenger.

Feb. 21. 2w

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of

FREDERICK W. URANN,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor. The second meeting of the creditors of said Urann will be held at the Office of Aaron Prescott, Esq. Master in Chancery within and said County of Norfolk, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and said insolvent will then and there be examined on oath, relative to his estate, and the transactions of his business.

Dated this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1846.

R. N. PEIRCE, Assignee.

No. 35 Court St., Boston.

Feb. 21. 2w

LETTERS TO YOUNG MEN, founded on the History of Joseph. By William B. Spague, D. D. of Albany.

Poetry for Home and School, Part Second.

Watch on the Preservation of Health. New edition. For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

THE CHORAL, a collection of Church Music, adapted to the worship of all denominations. By B. F. Baker and E. B. Woodbury. For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Notice.

I hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and style of

T. & N. H. WHITE,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

THOMAS WHITE.

NATHAN H. WHITE.

Quincy, January 31st, 1846.

MR. NATHANIEL WHITE of Quincy, is hereby authorized and empowered to settle and adjust all the outstanding claims and demands of and against the late firm of T. & N. H. WHITE.

THOMAS WHITE.

NATHAN H. WHITE.

Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w



Boy Wanted.

AT THE HARNESS BUSINESS, a strong, healthy, active lad.

Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

THE JOURNAL OF HEALTH and MONTHLY MISCELLANY, edited by Wm. M. CORNELL, N. D.

Published monthly, \$1 a year, payable in advance.

Subscriptions received at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Books at Auction.

WILL be sold at auction, at W. M. French's Furniture Room, THIS EVENING, a large collection of New, Valuable, Standard and Miscellaneous

BOOKS

In the various Department of Literature, Comprising a splendid assortment many of them CHOICE WORKS.

There are many valuable works in fine bindings, and all warranted perfect.

THOMAS ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, Feb. 21. 1w

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

OTIS ALLEN,

of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, business and affairs, and that the master of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be holden at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq. Master in Chancery, in Milton, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present, and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

Feb. 14. 2w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK SS. Feb. 4, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

JOSEPH TOWER, JR.,

of Randolph, in said County, Boot & Shoe Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the dwelling house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

By order of the Judge of Probate.

E. A. DEBOS, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Feb. 14. 2w

Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Feb. 10, A. D. 1846.

AN Instrument purporting to be the last will of

JOHN PRAY,

late of Quincy, in said County, Boot Manufacturer, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Lewis G. Pray, the person therein named as Executor.

Ordered, That the said Lewis G. Pray notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the FOURTEENTH DAY of March A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 14. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK SS. Feb. 7th, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

EDWARD W. WILDER,

of Braintree, in said County, Housewright, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of debts and delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

Feb. 14. 2w

To be Let.

THE STORE now occupied by Mr. Wyman Abner.

Possession given immediately. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

Quincy Market House.

THE subscribers announce to the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that they have taken rooms in Southern's new Building, corner of Washington and Coddington Streets, and have opened a

MARKET-HOUSE,

where they will keep a constant supply of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES, FRUIT, &c.

An abundant and choice selection of all articles in their line may be found at the "Quincy Market-House," and the best market affords can be had at all hours of the day or evening.

A share of public patronage is solicited.

HAYDEN & CREHORE.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is this day, Feb. 5th, 1846, dissolved by mutual consent.

The liabilities and claims of said firm will be adjusted by either of the subscribers.

GEORGE NEWCOMB.

WILLIAM GODDARD.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 3w

Straw and Florence Bonnets.

Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,

will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap.

S. S. MARSH.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Town Meeting.

NORFOLK SS. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy.

Greeting:

[L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the second day of March next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.
2. To determine whether the Town will choose their Town Officers such as they are accustomed to elect by ballot, viz: Town Clerk, Town Treasurer, three Selectmen and Assessors, five General School-Committeemen and two Constables by balloting for them on a general ticket.
3. To choose all such Town Officers for the ensuing year as the law directs.
4. To hear and act on the Report of the Auditors of Accounts relative to the receipts and expenditures of the Town the past municipal year.
5. To raise such sums of money for defraying the necessary expenses of the Town the ensuing year as may be thought proper.
6. To determine upon the sum of money the Town will raise for the support of Schooling the ensuing year, and in what manner it shall be appropriated.
7. To know what method the Town will adopt for repairing the Highways the ensuing year.
8. To know if the Town will restrain neat cattle and horses from going at large in the Highways the year ensuing.
9. To know what method the Town will adopt for improving the Town's land the ensuing year.
10. To know what compensation the Town will make the Town Clerk and Town Treasurer for their services, in their respective offices, the past year.
11. To give in their votes for a County Treasurer.
12. To know if the Town will authorize the several School Districts to choose their Prudential Committees, and that they select and contract with the Teachers.
13. To know what compensation the Town will allow the Members and Stewards of the several Engines for their services the past year.
14. To know if the Town will allow their Town Hall and Lyceum Room to be opened for temperance meetings, use of expense, when applied for by three legal voters of the Town, if not previously engaged.
15. To know if the Town will abate to Mr. Joseph S. Beale certain taxes assessed on real estate in Milton (as he says) occupied by him from 1835 to 1840.
16. To know if the Town will purchase a Bell for the Granite Engine House.
17. To know if the Town will accept and build a road laid out by the Selectmen on petition of Adam Curtis and others, commencing on land of John Newcomb and running to the Braintree and Weymouth Turnpike.
18. To know if the Town will accept and build a road laid out by the Selectmen on petition of Noah Curtis and others, commencing at the foot of Copeland Street and running to Franklin Avenue, so called.
19. To choose any Committee, or hear and act on the report of any Committee, the Town may think proper.

Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Town Clerk, on or before the time appointed for said meeting.

Given under the Seal of said Quincy, this fourteenth day of February in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-six.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Selectmen of Quincy.

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }

LEVI G. FOLSON, }

Quincy, February 14th, 1846.

NORFOLK SS.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the town of Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named. A true copy.

LEWIS BASS, Constable.

Quincy, Feb. 14. 3w

Hair Oils, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are

Buffalo and Columbian; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oil; (Sands' pure);

Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules Haue's Lustral;

Detter's Magic Hair Oil; Jannet's Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philicome; Pomatums;

French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Persian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gouard's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, etc.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

Now's the time, Ladies.

Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.

RUTLAND and FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street.

Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c.

Quincy, Jan. 31. 2w

New Books.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D.

Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.

Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.

The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.

Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition.

New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.

For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Notice of Removal.

JOHN RUSSELL,

TAILOR,

WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's

Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,

In Mr. Southern's new Block,

Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.

N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

—ALSO—

A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible

PROFIT.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple,

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES,

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;

Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;

FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;

Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;

Ellis' Volturnburg Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS;

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy,

VOLUME 10.

PREPARE FOR THE COMING ELECTION!

For the Quincy Patriot.

Friends of Temperance and Liberty: The day is near at hand when it becomes the duty of every well disposed citizen, who is a legal voter in town affairs, to repair to the ballot box, and there deposit his vote for men who exhibit their principles of morality and temperance boldly, and are fearlessly just; men who will not stop to enquire whether they shall offend this party or that party, or the "votaries of Bacchus," if they grant a reasonable request, made in behalf of the Temperance Societies of the town; men who will condescend to notice the petition of thirty legal voters, for even a less number, and insert an article in their town meeting warrant, which might disconcert some vicars of the license laws, while the ire of a certain clique of moderate drinkers would shower vengeance on their heads for such audacity; men who will use their best endeavors to perform all the duties incumbent on their respective offices, faithfully and impartially, so that the welfare of the citizens may be protected and improved; men who do not countenance or patronize such places as set before us, and our children, temptations which have a tendency to allure us, and them, from the paths of virtue, down the precipice of intemperance, degradation and vice;—in fine, to vote for men whose aim will be to promote the interest of the town, by practicing virtue, morality and temperance, as well as skillfully managing the financial concerns. Such men are an honor to the town.

Upon the choice of town officers, will depend all the issues immediately involved in the present Temperance and Liberty movements of this town. The opponents know it; and they are directing all their efforts to defeat us. Hence they will not scruple to resort to amalgamation of political parties, or any other means, to defeat the Temperance candidates. They are aware that, unless they elect their candidates, their glorious rum drinking "liberty" will be down for ever in this town. Success is their only hope.

Shall we be less active than they? Shall we not feel like making all honorable efforts to defeat them? Shall we not consign to oblivion all small questions, and make room for the great questions of human liberty and sobriety? "Union, conciliation, everything for principles," should be the motto of every Liberty and Temperance man. Come victory or defeat, we must be true to the great principles we have adopted. Let us not hazzard our success, by a sudden adherence to views of trifling consideration. May we sacrifice all personal feeling, for the cause of humanity and temperance, that we may go to the polls united. Let our choice of Moderator be centered upon a man who is sound on the great questions of human liberty and total abstinence from all that can intoxicate. Let us support for Selectmen and Assessors, men who regard the interest of the people, and the cause of freedom and humanity, above all the favors or behest of any clique or party under heaven.

Such men are George Marsh, Elijah Baxter, and William D. Gray—and they will be elected, if the friends of Temperance and Liberty are true to the cause of truth and justice.

Let the choice of General School Committee be based on the principles of judgment, education, virtue and morality. Men of such qualifications will ever have the interest and welfare of the rising generation in their view, and will select teachers competent to have the charge of our schools, while their own deportment and examples will accelerate the improvement of our children.

And now it remains for all who desire that this town may be preserved from the influence of the rum-traffickers and moderate drinkers, to repair to the polls on Monday next, and there vote the Temperance Ticket, remembering that "united we stand," and the victory shall be ours.

Quincy, Feb. 27. COLD WATER.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 28, 1846.

John A. Greep, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 59, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in these cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

DECLINATION. We have been requested by Mr. Levi G. Folsom, to inform his fellow citizens that he declines being considered a candidate for re-election to the office of Selectman and Assessor.

OLD COLONY RAILROAD. We learn that the passenger trains of this Road will commence running to their new Depot in Boston, corner of Albany and Beach streets, on Monday next.

FIRE IN BOSTON. The Howard Athenaeum, formerly the Miller Tabernacle, in Boston, was reduced to ashes on Monday night last, about twelve o'clock.

LICENSE LAW. The United States Supreme Court have put over to next December term, the case involving the constitutionality of the license law of Massachusetts.

MUNICIPAL NOMINATIONS. At a meeting of the friends of "Temperance and Liberty," held at the Temperance Reading Room, the following list of Town Officers was nominated:

For Moderator—George Marsh.
For Town Clerk—Charles Marsh.
For Town Treasurer—John Hardwick.
For Selectmen and Assessors—George Marsh, Elijah Baxter, William D. Gray.
For General School Committee—Rev. William Allen, Rev. S. A. Davis, Geo. Baxter, John A. B. Allen, William D. Gray.
For Constables—Abel Wright, Seth K. Bailey.

TO READERS. The length of the "Auditor's Report," and the press of advertisements excludes our usual variety of miscellany, etc, for which we beg the indulgence of our friends.

SANSET HOUSE. We learn from the Plymouth papers that the above named Hotel, situated near the Old Colony Railroad in their town, will be opened on the fourth of March next with a dinner and ball. It will be a great time.

CONGRESS. The Senate are still debating the Oregon notice, which will undoubtedly pass that body in a few days. The House are not engaged in any important business.

GENERAL COURT. Both branches of our State Legislature are engaged principally in the reception of petitions, etc., the introduction of orders, and other minor business. The committees will shortly report, and then probably some work will be done.

FIRE IN HINGHAM. The iron foundry near the steamboat landing, at Hingham, was consumed on night of the 20th inst. Thirty or forty hands are thrown out of employment by this occurrence. It was partly insured.

SPLENDID VALENTINE. A five hundred dollar Valentine was purchased in New York on the 14th as a present to a fair lady. Hidden amongst profuse ornament, was a gold pen and pencil—a ring of dazzling brilliants—a bracelet set with diamonds—all concealed from first sight by rare workmanship of fretted gold; while in its centre a magnificent gold watch, studded with precious stones, seemed to indicate that time was fleeting, and delicately to hint to the fair recipient, that the present must soon become the past, and hourly to remind her of a lover's impatience to be made happy.

One hundred and thirty convicts in the House of Correction at South Boston, are employed in making horn buttons, for Messrs. Haydens, of Haydensville, (Mass.)

It is currently rumored in military circles, that the English army is to be increased fourteen thousand men.

A young man died in New Jersey, from the effects of drinking twenty-one small glasses of brandy without leaving the bar—the fatal effect of a wager.

Twenty-one engineers from England, have commenced surveys of a military character on the Canadian frontier.

A man in Baltimore, who owed more money than he could pay, and who was bothered to death with duns and police officers, gave out that he had the small pox, and thus got clear of his tormentors.

One of the most singular branches of industry in Belgium, says a traveller, is the *frog-fishery*. The hind limbs are the only parts used. They are sold by the quart, like oysters, at a high price, and make a most delicious dish.

It has been remarked that a long nose never spoils a handsome face. Cause why—a handsome face never has a long nose.

Upwards of one hundred tons of fresh fish have been landed and sold on the Cape, during this winter.

Some one turns out a medical pun, by saying that mortification takes place when one pops the question and gets "no," in answer.

Charcoal, it is asserted, is an antidote for mineral poisons. It neutralizes even arsenic, according to the story.

Pittsburgh, Pa., turns out fifty-two thousand tons of manufactured iron, per annum.

When you hear a rumor which begins with "they say," put it down as two-thirds false, and the balance barely possible.

The Massachusetts Bible Society has placed in fifteen of the hotels in Boston six hundred and thirteen Bibles.

A new mode of covering roofs of houses has been introduced in Cincinnati. Cheap cloth, coated with tar, tallow and lime, is substituted for shingles, and is much cheaper.

A sugar establishment has just gone into operation in Portland, for the manufacture of sugar from molasses.

There are four thousand miles of railroads in this country.

A man in Philadelphia offers roasted potatoes for sale.

The Steamer Portland, Capt. Rogers, will leave Boston, March 5th, for the Penobscot waters. She will be the first boat of the season.

There are in the world about five hundred millions of Pagans, thirty millions of Jews, ninety-seven millions of Mahomedans, and two hundred million of Christians.

"When it freezes and blows, take care of your nose, that it doesn't get froze, and wrap up your toes in warm woolen hose." The above, we suppose, was written in prose, by some one who knows the effect of cold snows.

Because a person cannot pay his other debts, is a very poor reason why he should "pay the debt of nature."

Robert Rantoul, Jr., has been publishing a series of articles in the Boston Times. Mr. R. strikes hard blows against that ancient institution—the gallows.

While Mr. Toombs, a member of Congress from Georgia, was advocating the passage of the Oregon resolutions, on the floor of the House, and depicting the horrors that would follow submission to British aggression, a peace-maker arose and interrupted him with—

"Hark from the Toombs, a doleful sound."

The Speaker's call for order was lost amid a general uproar of convulsed laughter.

A commission is now setting in New York, to ascertain whether Jonathan Hunt, a bachelor of forty-seven, worth two million dollars, is sane or not. He commenced life a poor boy, and at the age of twenty-one was worth five thousand dollars. One of the charges against him is that he imagines he can sing and dance, while it is averred that neither is the case!

QUINCY PATRIOT.

The Free Masons of Pawtucket, (Mass.) have laid the corner-stone for a new hall, which is intended to be one of the largest in the place.

The Unicorn steamship is advertised to leave Liverpool for America, on the nineteenth of next month.

The Legislature of Mississippi has been petitioned to make a minor a man!

Twenty-two bodies have been recovered from the ship John Minturn, which was wrecked in the storm of last week, on the Jersey coast. Many of the corpses were robbed of money and other valuables.

The penalty for writing on newspapers has been carried into effect in New Jersey. A man in Plainfield has been fined five dollars for a violation of the Post Office laws. He wrote on the margin of a newspaper, and sent it out West. The person to whom it was sent refused to pay letter postage on it; it was sent back there, and the person sending it was obliged to pay five dollars for his attempt to diminish the revenue of the Post Office Department.

The United States Senate, in Executive Session, have confirmed Hon. W. A. Harris, late editor of the Washington Constitution, as Charge d'Affaires to Buenos Ayres.

An English paper contains an account of the flogging of a sailor boy in the British merchant service, upon whose lacerated back *virgil* was poured.

There is said to be a girl in Harwich, (Mass.) only eight years old, whose weight is two hundred and eight pounds!

The Royal Printing office of France possesses fonts of type in upwards of one hundred different languages.

Madame Costello, who has been on trial in New York, for procuring abortion, was convicted and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the Penitentiary, and fined two hundred and fifty dollars. Mason, her accomplice, was sentenced to four months imprisonment and fined two hundred and fifty dollars.

Public meetings have been held in three of the largest towns in England, in which addresses have been adopted, entreating the friends of Peace in this country to use their influence to prevent the two countries from being embroiled in war, upon the Oregon question.

An Irish correspondent of the London News, in view of the Oregon difficulties terminating in war between England and the United States, says that Ireland will remain perfectly neutral. He declares it would be almost impossible to obtain recruits in that country for the British army, as the people of Ireland sympathize with the United States.

The Leipzig Gazette says there are eighty descendants of Martin Luther now living in Germany.

The first lesson which that old patriarch of printers, Isaiah Thomas, used to teach his apprentices, was, when you drop a type, pick up two.

If there is anything that we dislike it is to see a young lady deforming herself by wearing a large bustle, or making herself ridiculous by the use of a "quizzing glass."

Prefer solid sense to wit; never study to be diverting, without being useful; let no jest intrude upon manners, nor any thing that offends modesty.

A poor fellow in the Insane Hospital at Worcester, is troubled with "Plaster of Paris women," who blow the hair off his head with "Chemistry winds." He is perfectly bald.

Willoughby Medical College, in Lake County, Ohio, contains 164 students. Henry H. Childs, M. D., of Pittsfield, late Lieutenant Governor of this Commonwealth, is one of the professors.

The Legislature of Indiana have abolished Capital Punishment, or have done that which is very near it,—passed a law authorizing juries to say in their verdict, whether the offenders shall suffer death or be imprisoned for life.

If we mistake not our position most egregiously, we can safely say there is no possibility within human foresight, of a failure to cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, Coughs, and Colds, &c., by making a use of Mr. Brinckerhoff's preparation. Youth, as well as middle-aged and aged persons, are benefited alike by its properties, disposing its healing, balmy virtues alike to all ages and to every condition of the disease. The remark is strengthened by the testimony of the most responsible individuals who are living, and are willing and desirous to be referred to.

A CARD.
The subscriber returns thanks to the Electors of Quincy for the office of Field-driver, with which they have honored him for the last three years, and takes this opportunity to decline a re-election.

Quincy, Feb. 25th, 1846. SETH CRANE.

MARRIED.

In this town, 26th inst. by Rev. Mr. Lunt, Mr. Edward B. Souther to Miss Sarah H. Adams.

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscribers having this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of

ABERCROMBIE & BENT,

would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glass Ware.

Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity. N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense.

WYMAN ABERCROMBIE, BENEFIZER BENT, Jr. Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1846.

NOTICES.

The Annual Meeting of the Young Men's Washington Total Abstinence Society, for the choice of Officers, stands adjourned to **TUESDAY-EVENING** next, at half past six o'clock, at the Temperance Reading Room.

N. B. A punctual attendance is requested. CHARLES E. RHODES, Secretary.

The Whigs of Quincy are requested to meet at the Town Hall, **THIS EVENING**, (Feb. 25th,) at seven o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Town Officers the year ensuing, and for the transaction of such other business as the occasion may require. Per order of the Town Committee.

A meeting of the Officers of the Washington Total Abstinence Society, will be held in the Temperance Reading Room next **MONDAY-EVENING**, at half past six o'clock. T. KELLOGG, Sec.

The Annual Meeting of the South School District, in the town of Quincy, will be held at the Grammar School Room, in said District, on **MONDAY-EVENING**, March 9th, at seven o'clock. EDWIN W. MARSH, Clerk.

The Washington Total Abstinence Society are reminded that their first Quarterly Meeting of the present year will be held in the Temperance Reading Room next **MONDAY-EVENING**, at seven o'clock. A full and prompt attendance is important. T. KELLOGG, Secretary.

The democrats of Quincy are requested to meet at the Lyceum Hall, on **SATURDAY-EVENING**, Feb. 28th inst, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of selecting candidates for Town Officers, and for the transaction of other necessary business. Per order of the Town Committee.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to **MONDAY-EVENING**, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room. C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, **THIS EVENING**, at seven o'clock. E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on **MONDAY-EVENING** next, at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.

Have we sufficient evidence of the final holiness and happiness of all mankind?

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at their room in the New Town House, the last **SATURDAY** in each month until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, LEVI G. FOLSON.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption.

The great and only remedy for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and CONSUMPTION, is the HUNGARIAN BALM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buchanan of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendence of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the case of pulmonary diseases, warrants the American agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians, as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balm has cured and will cure, the most desperate cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchanan's Hungarian Balm of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, pain in the side and chest, irritation and soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, night sweats, emaciation and general debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

Sold in large bottles, at \$1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health. Pamphlet containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidence, showing the unequalled merits of this Great English Remedy, may be obtained of the agents, gratuitously.

DAVID F. BRADLEE, sole Agent of the United States, 119 Court-street, Boston.

Agents: A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Whitton, Hingham; D. Brewer, Dorchester; S. Langley, & Bonney, Abington; and in Quincy by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Grain Store—Old Stand.

HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his store, at the corner of Cudington and Washington Streets,

CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, ETC., which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.

Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with

Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.

Quincy, Feb. 25. if

Centre District Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To the Clerk of the Centre School District in the Town of Quincy.

Greeting: [L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify the inhabitants of the Centre School District in the town of Quincy, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the Grammar School Room in said District, on **SATURDAY**, the seventh day of March ensuing, at ten o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.
2. To choose such District Officers as the law requires.
3. To choose any Committee and act on any Report when assembled.

Hereof fail not, and make return of this Warrant, with your doings thereon, at the time and place of holding said meeting.

Given under my hand and seal, at Quincy, this twenty-seventh day of February, A. D. 1846. CHARLES P. TIRRELL, Prudential Committee.

NORFOLK ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby warn the inhabitants of said District, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purpose therein named.

A true copy. Attest, WYMAN ABERCROMBIE, District Clerk. Quincy, Feb. 25th, 1846.

Whitney's Address.

AN Address on Temperance, delivered in the Town Hall, Brighton, Sunday evening, Dec. 21, 1845. By Frederick A. Whitney, Minister of the First Church. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of William Bowditch, as will pay the tax of six dollars and sixty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of Charles Gifford, as will pay the tax of nine dollars and twenty cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of John Hollis, as will pay the tax of two dollars and sixty-two cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of Enoch Lathrop, as will pay the tax of five dollars and forty-eight cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of David Loud, as will pay the tax of three dollars and fourteen cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

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WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of Elijah Penniman, as will pay the tax of five dollars and thirty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of Warren L. Wild, as will pay the tax of five dollars and twenty cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate formerly belonging to Ansel Stoddard, as will pay the tax of thirteen dollars, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate owned by Cyrus K. Pratt, and owned by Asa Hunt, of Weymouth, as will pay the tax of nine dollars and twenty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate belonging to the heirs of Samuel French, as will pay the tax of forty dollars and ninety-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of

ANN BLANCHARD.

late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, single woman, deceased, and has accepted said Office. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to NATHANIEL BLANCHARD, Adm'r.

Weymouth, Feb. 25. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. MILTON, Feb. 23d, 1846. NATH

Whitney's Address.

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WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of William Bowditch, as will pay the tax of six dollars and sixty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

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WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of John Harris, as will pay the tax of two dollars and sixty-two cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

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Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of David Lord, as will pay the tax of three dollars and fourteen cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

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WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., so much of the real estate of Eliza Penman, as will pay the tax of five dollars and thirty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

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C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



THE Proprietor desires to express the fact, that his medicine is even capable of more than carrying out what he recommends it for. As for instance he has heretofore not recommended it as a perfect cure in all cases of Consumption, and other diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Throat, Coughs and Colds, but persons who use it being the best judges of its merits, decide at once that it is the perfection of an effective medicinal preparation. Testimonials crowd in on the Proprietor, stating such rapid cures of the above diseases even when of the most aggravating character, that there is no withholding the natural inference that it exceeds in power, by the effect of its singularly happy vegetable combination, any of the mineral and dangerous nostrums devised by the hand of quackery. This medicine is Nature's grand specific in Lung complaints; it touches the seat of the disease, it proceeds at once to purify and deplete the lungs and chest of those humors and decayed parts which result from the action of disease, and when it has performed this part of its office, it commences to repair the ravages made in the vital, and strengthens and increases the action of the vessels so that the part is renewed sufficiently to perform its wonted duties, and the cure is effected. The Consumptive should know that to them delays are fraught with danger, and when a day wasted in an untried escape from death by an almost miraculous human intervention. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
508 Biome Street, New York.

Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple, Washington Street, Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD, Weymouth, ELI THAYER, Feb. 28. 4w

NOTICE. I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. C. BRINCKERHOFF.

To Let. A PART of a house in Quincy, suitable for a small family. Inquire of ELZA GLOVER. Feb. 28. 4w

To Let. ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next. For further information, enquire of GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of THOMAS ADAMS. Quincy, Feb. 28. 4w

Parish Meeting. Norfolk ss. To Francis Williams, Constable of the Town of Quincy. Greeting:

L. S. YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in the Town of Quincy, qualified by law to vote in Parish Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the ninth day of March next, at two o'clock, P. M., to act upon the following articles, viz:

1st. To choose a Moderator.
2d. To choose all Parish Officers as the law directs.
3d. To raise such sum or sums of money as may be deemed expedient for parochial purposes.
4th. To know what disposal the Parish will make of the money raised the past year for the support of a Singing School.
5th. To determine what compensation the Parish will allow their Clerk and Treasurer for their services the past year.
6th. To choose any Committees, or hear and act upon the report of any Committees, and to transact any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Parish Clerk, on or before the time prefixed for said meeting. Given under our hands and seals at Quincy, this twentieth day of February, A. D. 1846.

THOMAS J. NIGHTINGALE, Parish Assessors.
SAMUEL CURTIS,
ELIJAH BAXTER.

NORFOLK SS. By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named. FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable. Feb. 21. 3w

For Sale Cheap. IF applied for soon—a small Farm in Braintree, a short distance from the South and North Rivers, with a good House, Barn, and Out-buildings, all to good repair, with a fine young Orchard and two or three acres of Land. For further particulars, apply to Mr. JOHN BEATH, on the premises, or NATHL TRACY, State Street, Boston. Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Social Assemblies. A COURSE of weekly Social Assemblies, six to the course, will come off at the Hancock House, commencing on FRIDAY EVENING next, and held on Friday evening of each week. Dancing will commence at seven o'clock. Tickets to the course, \$3. AUGUSTUS STEVENS, Managers. JOSEPH T. FRENCH, Quincy, Feb. 21. 4w

To Let. THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store, on Washington Street. Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business. Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENISON. Quincy, Feb. 21. 4w



Boy Wanted. AT the HARNESS BUSINESS—a strong, healthy, active lad. T. KELLOGG. Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

THE JOURNAL OF HEALTH AND MONTHLY MISCELLANY, edited by Wm. M. CORNELL, M. D. Published monthly, \$1 a year, payable in advance. Subscriptions received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Insolvent Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that EPHRAIM LINCOLN of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, Merchant, an insolvent debtor, will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the dwelling house of Sherman Leland, Esq. Judge of Probate, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present, and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Judge of Probate. ELIZA PENNIMAN, Assignee. Feb. 21. 2w

In Insolvency. NORFOLK SS. Feb. 15th, 1846. NOTICE is hereby given, that NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, one of the Masters in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

EDWARD DAMON, of Quincy, in said County, Stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to the said Damon, or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Damon will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of claims and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master in Chancery. SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. J., Messenger. Feb. 21. 2w

Insolvency Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of FREDERICK W. URANN, of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, Trader, an insolvent debtor. The second meeting of the creditors of said Urann will be held at the Office of Aston Prescott, Esq., Master in Chancery within and said County of Norfolk, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and said insolvent will then and there be examined on oath, relative to his estate, and the transactions of his business.

Dated this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1846. R. N. PEIRCE, Assignee, No. 35 Court St., Boston. Feb. 21. 2w

LETTERS TO YOUNG MEN, founded on the History of Joseph. By William B. Sprague, D. D. of Albany. Poetry for Home and School, Part Second. Warren on the Preservation of Health. New edition. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Notice. COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Feb. 10, A. D. 1846. AN Instrument purporting to be the last Will of JOHN PRAY, late of Quincy, in said County, Boot Manufacturer, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Lewis G. Pray, the person therein named as Executor.

Ordered, That said Lewis G. Pray notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the FOURTEENTH DAY of March A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Feb. 14. 3w

To be Let. THE STORE now occupied by Mr. Wymah Abeyonbin. Possession given immediately. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. Quincy, Feb. 7. 4w

Quincy Market House. THE subscribers announce to the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that they have taken rooms in South's new Building, corner of Washington and Coddington Streets, and have opened a

MARKET-HOUSE, where they will keep a constant supply of PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES, FRUIT, &c.

An abundant and choice selection of all articles in their line may be found at the "Quincy Market House," and the best market affords can be had at all hours of the day or evening.

A share of public patronage is solicited. HAYDEN & CREHORE. Quincy, Feb. 7. 4w

Straw and Florence Bonnets. THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS, will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap. S. S. MARSH. Quincy, Jan. 24. 4w

Great Bargains. CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE QUINCY CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings, and for the purpose of disposing of the same at a LESS PRICE than ever before offered, or have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to E. PACKARD.

N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailor's department, is without a rival at Cutting and making a garment. Quincy, Jan. 24. 4w

Town Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy. Greeting:

[L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the second day of March next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.
2. To determine whether the Town will choose their Town Officers such as they are accustomed to elect by ballot, viz: Town Clerk, Town Treasurer, three Selectmen and Assessors, five General School-Committees and two Constables by balloting for them on a general ticket.
3. To choose all such Town Officers for the ensuing year as the law directs.
4. To hear and act on the Report of the Auditors of Accounts relative to the receipts and expenditures of the Town the past municipal year.
5. To raise such sums of money for defraying the necessary expenses of the Town the ensuing year as may be thought proper.

6. To determine upon the sum of money the Town will raise for the support of Schooling the ensuing year, and in what manner it shall be appropriated.
7. To know what method the Town will adopt for repairing the Highways the ensuing year.
8. To know if the Town will restrain neat cattle and horses from going at large in the Highways the year ensuing.

9. To know what method the Town will adopt for improving the Town's land the ensuing year.
10. To know what compensation the Town will make the Town Clerk and Town Treasurer for their services, in their respective offices, the past year.
11. To give in their votes for a County Treasurer.

12. To know if the Town will authorize the several School Districts to choose their Pupil Committee, and that they select and contract with the Teachers.
13. To know what compensation the Town will allow the Members and Stewards of the several Engines for their services the past year.

14. To know if the Town will allow their Town Hall and Lyceum Room to be opened for temperance meetings, free of expense, when applied for by three legal voters of the Town, if not previously engaged.
15. To know if the Town will vote to Mr. Joseph S. Beale certain taxes assessed on real estate in Milton (as he says) occupied by him from 1835 to 1840.

16. To know if the Town will purchase a Bell for the Granite Engine House.
17. To know if the Town will accept and build a road laid out by the Selectmen on petition of Adam Curtis and others, commencing on land of John Newcomb and running to the Braintree and Weymouth Turnpike.

18. To know if the Town will accept and build a road laid out by the Selectmen, on petition of Noah Curtis and others, commencing at the foot of Cepeland Street and running to Franklin Avenue, so called.
19. To choose any Committee, or hear and act on the report of any Committee, the Town may think proper.

Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Town Clerk, on or before the time appointed for said meeting. Given under our hands and seals, at Quincy, this fourteenth day of February in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-six.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Selectman
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, Quincy.
LEVI G. FOLSON, Quincy, February 14th, 1846.

NORFOLK, ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the town of Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named. A true copy. Attest: LEWIS BASS, Constable. Quincy, Feb. 14. 3w

Hair Oils, etc. MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils (Sands' pure); Bandoline, Paris Oil Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Jean Compound; Jules-Hugot's Lustrant; Odetter's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philomine; Pomades; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gouard's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, etc., etc. Quincy, Feb. 7. 4w

Now's the time, Ladies. Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods. RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a variety of FANCY GOODS AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street. Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c. Quincy, Jan. 31. 2w

New Books. MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D. Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher. Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering. The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb. Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition. New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Jan. 24. 4w

Notice of Removal. JOHN RUSSELL, TAILOR, WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's Cloth and Clothing Warehouse, In Mr. South's new Block, Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets. N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

—ALSO—A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold at CASH at the lowest possible PROFIT. Quincy, Jan. 24. 4w

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple. HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES, and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices. LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES, Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Springs, etc., etc. Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing; Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin; FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines; Hammer's COUGH CANDY. Howard's Canker Syrup; Ellis' Volturning Bitters; Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters; Dwyer's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS; Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours. Quincy, Oct. 18. 4w

OPENING OF Spring and Summer Goods. THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS, having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS, which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction. —ALSO—ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of Millinery and Fashionable Articles, CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Silks, Collars; Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins; Cravats, (Paris Crochet, Gimpes, and other Trimmings for Dresses,) Muslins, Laces, MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets, ALWAYS ON HAND. Straw Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of S. S. MARSH, a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side. Quincy, May 3.

Hates' Air Tight Cook Stove DEPOT, 42 and 44, Congress Street, BOSTON. THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of anything in the Stove line, to his vast assortment of COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES, viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in stock, make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use. KITCHEN FURNITURE in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above. REMEMBER THE NUMBERS, 42 & 44 Congress near Water Street. L. STETSON BATES Boston, Dec. 13. 4w

New Fall Goods. NOW OPENING BY E. R. STOCKWELL, 55 Hanover St., BOSTON. THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHIONABLE SHAWLS

that can be found in almost any store in this city, embracing every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00. We have made arrangements with the Importers in Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require.

We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable DRESS GOODS, that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES, Ottomans, Marked M. D. Laines, Alpacaes of every quality, Alpines, Afghanes, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc.

—ALSO—CLOAK STUFFS, of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Cottons, Red Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 56 Hanover Street. Boston, Sept. 6. 4w

Planing and Sawing. THE subscriber, having taken the Shop of Henry G. Pratt, adjoining Mr. Williams' Tannery, would respectfully inform the public that he will be ready, at all times, to execute the above work. CHARLES H. EDWARDS. Quincy, April 12. 4w

THE CHORAL, a collection of Church Music, adapted to the worship of all denominations. By E. F. Baker and I. B. Wadsworth. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Quincy & Boston Stage.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT. THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted.)

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doolittle's) Hotel, No. 3, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.

Books kept at the Stores of Messrs J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. SIMON GILLET, Driver and Proprietor. Quincy, Jan. 1. 4w

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston, IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools, RICH MANTEL CLOCKS, Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier Machie Wares.

Manufacturers of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen. Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

A LOOK AT THE FUTURE.

I looked into the future time,
With eyes of ancient seer,
And glancing on our southern clime,
I saw what all should fear.

I saw the sons of Africa
In swarming legions rise,
And 'towards the cities bend their way,
With vengeance in their eyes.

I saw the wild destroyers stand
On every crimson'd hearth,
And heard a cry that shook the land,
"Twas 'Liberty or death!'

I saw aloft the red fire glare,
And light the unifying sky,
While shrieking in their wild despair
The maids and matrons fly.

I saw the white oppressor kneel,
And humbly mercy crave;
They plead for what they did not feel
And never taught the slave.

Yet pitiously their claims they urge,
To win determined foes
To madness fired by slavery's scourge,
And all her countless woes.

In vain they now compassion crave,
Who pity ne'er have known;
In vain for mercy ask the slave,
To whom it ne'er was shown.

And now the dire effect is felt
In every aching throe;
The measure they to others dealt
Is meted to their foe.

That book which should have taught the mind
Compassion, has been sealed;
The only charm their rage to bind
To them was unrevoked.

I saw in desolations path
The sated mass move on;
Vengeance had paid her cup of wrath,
The Chevalier was gone.

F. M. ADLINGTON, Weymouth.

HOPE ON.

Hope on! how oft the darkest night
Precedes the fairest day!
Oh, guard thy soul from sorrow's blight—
Clouds may obscure the day-god's light,
Yet shines it still as clear and bright
When they have passed away.

Hope on! though disappointment's wings
Above thy path shall soar;
Though slender drive her ranking stings,
Though malice all her venom brings,
Though fostering darts detraction flings,
Still must the storm pass o'er.

If slave to poverty thou art,
Bear bravely with thy lot—
Though keen her galling chains may smart,
Strive still to rend their links apart.
Hope on! for the despairing heart
God surely loveth not.

Hope on! Hope on! though drear and dark,
Thy future may appear;
The sailor in his storm-tost bark,
Still guides the helm, and hopes to mark,
Amid the gloom some beacon spark,
His dangerous way to cheer.

Though wealth take wings, or friends forsake,
Be not by grief oppress;
Stern winter binds with ice the lake,
But genial spring its bands shall break;
Hope on! a firmer purpose take,
And leave to God the rest.

Lines written in a bible,
PRESENTED TO MY NEICE.
The word of God! Affection's gift!
Oh, make it e'er through life thy guide;
Mark well its precepts! they will lift
Thy heart to truth; they'll check the pride
That youth too oft lends far astray.
They lead to virtue's blest abode;
To happiness they point the way
And bliss that flows alone from good.

ANECDOTES.

A fellow was lately swigging at the bung-hole of a gallon keg, with all the ardor of one who really loved its contents. The keg, in reply to his drafts went *clug, clug*—on which an anxious expectant standing by, remarked, "Jim, you'd better stop; don't you hear the thunder?" "No," replied Jim, but I perceive the keg begins to *tighen*.

A young lady being severely censured by her mother because she had permitted a lover to give her a kiss, replied, "La, mother, if you will say no more about it, I will give it back to him to-morrow."

An English clergyman was tormented with a turbulent wife. By and by, she paid "the debt of nature," and her husband personally officiated at the funeral. His speech was devoted in part to "the thousand ills that flesh is heir to," and was concluded by a scripture quotation. Extending his right hand towards the grave, he said, "There the wicked cease from troubling,"—and then placing the same hand on his heart, he added—"and the weary are at rest."

Why is a boot like a mischievous boy's head in school? Because it needs a tap.

The Quincy Bookstore.

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and Warranted. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Paper Books, Alphabet Cards, and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparencies, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous.

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Paper, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, fukands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Board, Gold, Tissue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, and other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail, at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogen & Thompson's, Hoyer's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Bullock, Bear, Macassar and Antique Oil, Ox Murrow, Tooth Powder, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES. By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice. JAMES EDWARDS

Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite to Fall Street, is prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND, OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity. Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will warrant it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

Quincy Point, Aug. 23.

EDWIN WOOD.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.

MAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the

in all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.

COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.

Signs painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.

N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.—MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.

In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.

OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.

Old CARRIAGES, Variously and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.

Old FURNITURE Variously and Repaired, and made to look as well as new. Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents.

Tables varnished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts, and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.

All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Quincy, July 13.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTES; GAMERONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laines; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper, Lace, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk., Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.

Quincy, March 20.

Boards Wanted.

FIVE or six good boards can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.

Quincy, Jan. 11.

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.

Inquire at Whiton & Adams Store.

Quincy Point, Sept. 20.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19, \$20, \$21, \$22, \$23, \$24, \$25, \$26, \$27, \$28, \$29, \$30, \$31, \$32, \$33, \$34, \$35, \$36, \$37, \$38, \$39, \$40, \$41, \$42, \$43, \$44, \$45, \$46, \$47, \$48, \$49, \$50, \$51, \$52, \$53, \$54, \$55, \$56, \$57, \$58, \$59, \$60, \$61, \$62, \$63, \$64, \$65, \$66, \$67, \$68, \$69, \$70, \$71, \$72, \$73, \$74, \$75, \$76, \$77, \$78, \$79, \$80, \$81, \$82, \$83, \$84, \$85, \$86, \$87, \$88, \$89, \$90, \$91, \$92, \$93, \$94, \$95, \$96, \$97, \$98, \$99, \$100.

Quincy Point, June 14.

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET.

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.

Quincy, August 10.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Tupper his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal patronage.

JOSHUA FISHER

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Mattresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality.

Quincy, March 29.

Nuffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses' MUFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, Oct. 25.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by SETH ADAMS.

Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co. or at his residence near the Stone Temple

Quincy, April 20.

Paper Hangings.

JOSHUA FISHER & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS, which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, April 19.

Nuffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at E. PACKARD'S.

Quincy, Nov. 1.

NEW PRINTS, good styles, just received and for sale by J. BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.



MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS

MAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the

in all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.

COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.

Signs painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.

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All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Quincy, July 13.



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, nervous, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes a voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are doctored for months for some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Prince street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges; he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Howard, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Dr. Doring, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Atter, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the sorest of any known remedy.

Headache, Sea-sickness and indigestion, relieved in from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or travelling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the horrors and looseness of spirits. Mr. Knauth of the Sunday Mercury, has received the wonderful effects of these Plasters. Price only 12 1/2 cents. Caution is necessary to see that you get the genuine Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles attempted to be peddled off in place of them, by those who would trade with you for a shilling.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau street, New York.

Also, sold by Redding & Co., 5 State street, Boston; J. Babcock & Co., 20 D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. AYDEN, near the Stone Temple, Quincy.

June 28.

Hats and Caps.

JOSHUA FISHER & Co. have received, and for sale, a good assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys' Cloth Caps, which will be sold at low prices as can be bought in the City.

Quincy, May 25.

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.

JOSHUA FISHER & Co. have recently received large additions to their former stock, making a good assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.

Quincy, March 16.

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and plain, for boys wear, of good assortment may be found at JOSHUA FISHER & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.,

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSHUA FISHER & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLEN GOODS, which, together with their former Stock, enables them to offer to the

a very extensive assortment of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, TWEEDS, GAMERONS, &c. of the most desirable and fashionable colors and styles.

SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, all of which are sold at the lowest possible prices

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 10.

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VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two Dollars and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and request to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr.	Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE,	"Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON,	Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY,	Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVERLY,	Shelton.
SAMUEL A. TURNER,	South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE,	Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT,	New York City.

MISCELLANY.

THE JACK KNIFE.

A ship was driven out of her course, and cast away within sight of an unknown coast. All on board might have escaped in the boats, though rather crowded; but one of the passengers, on their refusing to admit his trunk in any boat, remained in the ship to unfasten it and get out his pocket-book, which contained notes to the amount of twenty thousand pounds. This, he thought would not detain him a moment, and he requested them to wait; but in the hurry and confusion of the moment, he could not immediately recollect what he had done with the key of the trunk. Having found it at last, and secured his money, he perceived, to his dismay, that every boat was out of sight while the ship was falling apart, and suddenly he found himself in the sea. Catching at some article that was floating past, he clung to it almost unconsciously, not relaxing his hold, even when his senses were failing him. Fortunately he was floated to land, and, when he revived, found himself lying on the beach. As soon as his strength returned, he ascended an eminence, but could see no sign of the wreck or of the boats, or of any human creature. But as he was leaning despondingly against a tree, he was suddenly started by being slapped on the shoulder, while a voice at his ear exclaimed, "What cheer my hearty?" Turning round he gladly recognized one of the crew, and inquired what had become of the rest.

"Why, I don't know, but I suppose they are safe by this time; but I have seen nothing of them."

"Were you not with them in the boats?"

"No; I stayed on board the last."

"And so did I, though I was not aware of your being on board; I hope you succeeded as well as I did in saving your property."

"I had nothing to save but my jack-knife and a plug of tobacco—both safe enough in my trousers' pocket."

"Then why did you not think of saving yourself at once?"

"No, I could not leave the ship as long as the planks held together. She can't say I was not true to the last. But come, comrade, let us see what kind of quarters we have got into."

They travelled some distance without any signs of a habitation. Necessity quickened their ingenuity; they were successful occasionally in catching fish, oysters, or birds, in all of which the sailor's jack-knife proved of invaluable service, in preparing the proper snares and weapons, in opening the oysters, cutting up and cleaning the fish or birds, and above all, in striking a light to make a fire for the purposes of cookery. Once, also, when they were attacked by a wild beast, the sailor, by a prompt use of his jack-knife, preserved their lives.

They had lived in this manner some months, when arriving at the opposite side of the island, they found it inhabited by savages, and were conducted to their king. The gentleman, anxious to conciliate his copper-skinned majesty, produced a five hundred pound bank note, and politely offered it to his acceptance. The king examined it with some curiosity, applied it to his nose and tongue, and being satisfied it was not good to eat, returned it with some contempt. The gentleman soon found that his twenty thousand pounds could not procure him the smallest consideration. The sailor, on the contrary, in a few days became a personage of great importance, from the many services he was enabled to render with his jack-knife, among a people where iron was unknown. They liberally supplied all his wants, and his rich friend was glad to profit by his bounty.

One day, as they were attending the king on an eminence overlooking the sea, they descried a distant sail evidently passing by the island. They kindled a bon-fire and hoisted signals, but did not succeed in attracting notice.

"If we only had a boat," exclaimed the sailor, "I think we could get within hail, as the does not stand far out, though it is plain she intends to pass without touching this way."

The gentleman produced his twenty thousand pounds and offered it to the king in exchange for a canoe, but his Majesty rejected the roll of paper, and turned to the sailor, with a single word—"Knife."

The bargain was instantly closed; the jack-knife was received by the king with no less delight than was experienced by the Englishmen as they jumped into the canoe. By dint of hard paddling, and a favorable current, they got within hail, and were taken on board the ship, which proved to be an English vessel homeward bound.

As they came within sight of the white cliffs, the gentleman took the sailor apart, and handing him two notes amounting to a thousand pounds, said—

"You must not refuse to accept this, for you have done more for me than twenty times as much could have done. I trust you may find these bills one day or other as useful as your jack-knife has been. I have learned by this time, a man's wealth is to be measured, not by the extent of his possessions, but by the use he can make of what he possesses."

THE VOICE OF PRAYER.

Beautiful is it to see the little child clasp its tiny hands together, and lip its innocent accents of praise to a Being—ideal and invisible—but presented to the young mind as the embodiment of condescending affection and glory unsurpassed. Religion is one of the brightest charms of the female character. Man may be embroiled in the harsh conflicts of the world, he may be thrust out of the track of sedate contemplation, and may be less thoughtful of those high duties which every Christian should observe—but Woman! gentle in movement and pure in aspiration—in form like an angel and in heart affectionate, self-denying, truthful—round her religion sheds a radiance which not only illumines her own path, but penetrates with genial warmth into the breast of man—soothes the tempestuous waves of life, and wins him into a due regard for the inestimable privilege of addressing the great "I AM" of the universe, in the language of supplication and devotional love.

We shall never forget the electric effect produced on our mind by the reading of a letter to us by a friend, in which the writer said, "Good night, dear brother, I must say my prayers and go to bed."

She was a gay, light-hearted creature, and the expression was written in the gay confidential simplicity of sisterly love. To hear the clear ringing notes of her joyous laugh, one would never suppose that a serious idea ever crossed her thought, but she was far from the voice of maternal instruction, and in the calm quiet of her solitary chamber, while cheerfully conversing with her loved ones at a distance, she did not forget to approach her great Father with love and adoration.

Religion requires not a gloomy face, nor melancholy eyebrows. It may exist in purity within the most beautiful form, and cheerfulness is its most valuable accompaniment. Alas! that gentle beings, who intuitively feel its influence, as if the unerring hand of nature had imprinted a beautiful image of the Saviour on their hearts—should be the first to bid adieu to terrestrial scenes, as if their spirits were too pure to be contaminated with the gross appetites and polluted atmosphere of earth.

THE GREAT PESTILENCE.

The most awful pestilence which is known to have visited the human family, was that which broke out in the year 1345.

This disease, like the cholera, made its appearance in India, and other parts of Asia. It ravaged the East with a virulence vastly greater than the cholera. Twenty-four millions of souls perished in that quarter during a single year.

It soon crossed over into Greece and Italy, with unmitigated mortality. In Venice, one hundred thousand are computed to have died, and sixty thousand in Florence.

It marched onward, with terrific fury, into France, Germany, etc. In the most favored districts, two out of every three persons died. In many places fourteen to sixteen out of twenty. In some districts not a single male adult survived. In Germany, millions perished. In Lubec, in that empire, fifteen hundred persons died in four hours.

In August, 1348, it reached England, and entered London on the first day of November. In the churchyard of Yarmouth, a small town, over seven thousand bodies were interred in one year. In Norwich, upwards of fifty-three thousand persons perished in six months!

Exactly one year after its appearance in England it ceased there, but its effects were dreadfully felt long after. The oxen, sheep, and other domestic animals, wandered over the country without a care taken of them, and perished in great numbers. The harvest was lost in the fields, because there were none to reap it—and famine filled up the measure of this awful visitation.

The poor Jews, throughout Europe, partook of the last dregs of this unequalled calamity. The ignorant populace of that savage period believed they had poisoned the waters, and fell upon them with unrelenting cruelty, massacring and burning many thousands of that devoted race.

CERTAINLY A PREDICAMENT.

A tall eccentric personage was observed by the tenants of the cabin of one of the New York canal boats, to perform sundry strange evolutions, garnished by a variety of hops, skips, and jumps, which betokened anything but a sane mind in the performer. The movements of the personage betrayed trouble and pain, and they were at last so perfectly distressing to the beholders, that a consultation was held, and a committee of three appointed to inquire into the cause of the stranger's unaccountable movements.

With due caution the deputies approached their man, while the others gathered around, within ear shot, to witness whatever "trick" might be "unfolded." The committee stated their reasons for troubling him with what might be deemed impertinent interrogatories, and concluded their remarks by requesting to know the reason of his apparent perplexity, and whether or not they could render him any aid.

"Wall," said the stranger, who was a Yankee, and who spoke in the most solemn accents, while his face evinced a deal of pent-up sorrow, "Wall, I don't know but you might help a fellow like this; I'm in a heap of pain—bothered like sixty! I'm in a predicament!"

The ears of the entire party were distended and mouths perceptibly parted to wonder with. "In a predicament," said one of the committee, "pray what is it? We feel desirous of alleviating any misfortune that may have befallen you."

"That's clever," said the Yankee. "Wall, may be none of you ever happened to be kicked by a boss."

"All admitted that they had escaped such a calamity."

"Nor bit by a spider?"

"No one plead guilty."

"Nor chased by a rattlesnake?"

"No—unanimously."

"Nor have been caught in a thunder shower with a gal, and felt meaner 'an thunder?"

"Not a man in the assembly had experienced that mishap."

"Wall, my predicament is worse, I calculate than any of them."

"Do tell us what it is," was the earnest request of a passenger.

"Wall, gents, I rather guess I will. The sole of my right foot itches like sin, and I can't get off my boot to scratch it!"

The cabin was cleared in about the space of a minute.

How many of us are occasionally caught in public with an itching sole, and cannot get at it to scratch.

EVERY HEART'S OWN SORROW.

If every pain and care we feel,
Could burn upon our brow,
How many hearts would move to heal,
That strive to crush us now!

"The heart knoweth its own sorrow," is an adage of meaning and truth. Not only does it know its own sorrow better than the sorrows of its neighbor with whom it can sympathize, but also does it know its own sorrow better than its neighbor of the world can know it. There are secret springs of sorrow in the heart entirely beyond the sight of moral vision, or the reach of human art—deep, deep within the fountain they lie concealed, and a cloud of despondency over the fair sky of man's love and hope and bliss.

The sympathies of the world are made up—mixed with base alloy, adulterated and impure. They come not in the richness and full outbursting of pure and generous friendship—they are not the *vade macum* that cling around the heart like the ripe fruit to the autumnal basket—they are cold and cheerless, without feeling, passion, tenderness or love, easily diverted, and more easily forgotten.

Among business men there is but little sympathy towards each other. "I'm sorry for his misfortune," is an expression frequently made, but seldom felt—custom renders the expression necessary, without waiting for the outflowing of the heart to give it life or color—or even imparting to it an appearance of real regret. "There is no friendship in business"—none known—none expected. All who engage in it are striving after the same object—their hopes are alike placed on the same goal and every energy is bent towards it. Competitors on the course, it is not supposed that one should slacken in his pace or retrace his steps, to aid his less fortunate opponent.

No matter how deep the thorn may pierce his heart—their iron hoof of agony may crush his heart, or fierce storms of misfortune becloud his sky—the race is before him, he has started on the course, the goal must be won, or he must faint and perish on the road-side!

Thus it is we cannot tell our sorrows, though we are doomed to feel them and they cannot be read unless they are "burning on our brow."

We meet with perplexities in business—in domestic life, and in all our social relations—and though we wish to make them known, yet the words of the heart lose their meaning on the lips, and fall back with a double weight—crushing and wounding the bruised spirit in their fall.

Our obligations kill us. We should ever act with a curious dread in assuming them, and never do so without having a fair prospect of getting rid of them at maturity, lest they annoy to distraction, and create a burden of sorrow that will fail not to shorten life, and render it miserable.

JUST OBJECTS OF CHARITY.

Who are the just objects of charity? Not those, certainly, who are surrounded with the comforts of life, who are able to labor, and who are well paid for the services they perform. It surely cannot be charity to give to such persons, nor do we see how men who are thus situated, can have the face to ask for aid, while there are so many poor women and children in every community whom it is sad to see, because they are destitute of the food and clothing absolutely necessary to render them comfortable.

But some people so love popularity—like so well to be noticed, and are so easily flattered—that they will far sooner give to the man who has his salary of a thousand dollars per year, than to the poor, ignorant child, covered with rags. And such people pass along as if they imagined they filled a vast space, and the world could not get along without them. Wonderful beings! Fall of you who have lived, or will live, could exist at once, what better would the race be for the whole of ye? Scarcely a pin's head.

Let those who really love charity for charity's sake, go to the outskirts of every large village, and there they will find objects truly worthy of what they may have to bestow. Do you see that little child, growing up in ignorance and vice? Would it not be a great blessing to educate it, and therefore make it an intelligent and useful member of society? Do you see that poor woman, neglected and worn out by disease? Would it not be a great blessing to render her such aid as to make the life she has worth preserving? It is to such objects that charity always goes—not vauntingly, or because she is seen by the world, but, like a true helper, she quietly extends aid, and finds abundant satisfaction in the relief which she affords.

ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN. Show your love for your wife and your admiration of her, not in nonsensical compliments, not in picking up her handkerchief, in carrying her in; not, though you have the means, in hanging trinkets and baubles upon her; not in making yourself a fool by winking at and seeming pleased with her foibles or follies; but show them by acts of real goodness towards her; prove by unequivocal deeds the high value you set on her health and life and peace of mind; let your praise of her go the fullest extent of her deserts, but let it be consistent with truth and sense, and such as to convince of your sincerity. He who is the flatterer of his wife only prepares her ears for the hyperbolic stuff of others. The kindest appellation that her Christian name affords, is the best you can use, especially before faces. An everlasting "my dear," is but sorry compensation for a grant of that sort of love that makes the husband cheerful to his wife by day, break his rest by night, endure all sorts of hardships, if the life or health of his wife demand it. Let your deeds, and your words carry to her heart a daily and hourly confirmation of the fact, that you value her health, and life and happiness beyond all other things in the world; and let this be manifest to her, particularly at those times when life is always more or less in danger.

WORK FOR CHILDREN. There is no greater defect in educating children, than neglecting to accustom them to work. It is an evil that attaches mostly to large towns and cities. Children suffer much from it. The parent never considers whether the child's work is necessary or not to the child. Nothing is more uncertain than their future independence and comfort—much depends on being accustomed to work—accustomed to provide for the thousand constantly recurring wants that nature entails on us.

If this were not so, still it preserves them from bad habits—it secures their health—it strengthens both mind and body—it enables them better to bear the confinement of the school room—and it tends, more than anything else, to give them just views of life.

It is too often the case that children, provided they spend half a dozen hours of the day at school, are permitted to spend the rest as they please. Thus they grow up in the world without a knowledge of its toils and cares. They view it through a false medium. They cannot appreciate the favors you bestow, as they do not know the toils they cost. Their bodies and minds are enervated, and they are exposed to whatever vicious associations are within their reach.

The daughter, probably, becomes that pitiable, helpless object, a novel-reading girl. The son, if he surmounts the consequences of your neglect, does it probably after his plans and stations in life are fixed, and when knowledge for one of its important objects came too late.

No man or woman is fully educated if not accustomed to manual labor. Whatever accomplishments they possess, whatever their mental training, a declaration must be made for ignorance for that important chapter of the world's great book.

A NEW INVENTION. At Cabotville, (Mass.) a machine shop has been lately put up, the machinery of which is propelled by wind. The wheel, which measures fourteen feet, is placed upon a perpendicular shaft, and formed with wooden floats. On each side, in a room below the wheel, is a contrivance similar to window shutters, which, when opened, causes the wind to rush in, producing a velocity to the wheel equal to those propelled by water.

[By request.]

SCHOOL COMMITTEE'S REPORT,
Presented at the adjournment of the Annual Town Meeting on Wednesday last.
The School Committee of the Town of Quincy
Respectfully Report—

That they have granted certificates of approbation to eighteen teachers, made the usual visits, and exercised such supervision over the schools as the law and the interests of the schools required.

It is gratifying to believe that the present teachers, as a body, exert a salutary moral influence over their pupils; that they are competent, faithful and devoted to their calling. They have the sympathy and co-operation of the Committee. They need, and should have, the same of parents, and of all who feel an interest in the instruction and welfare of the young. Their duties, in consequence of the large number in most of the schools, are exceedingly laborious—their trials numerous and peculiar. We feel confident, should every parent once teach a school of sixty or eighty scholars, three months, or even three weeks, seldom, if ever, would any complaint be made of one who sustained the reputation of a good teacher.

The whole number of children and youth in town between the ages of four and sixteen, as ascertained last May, was nine hundred and ninety-four. They were distributed as follows:—

Centre	265 North	58
South	269 East	33
West	231 Quincy Point	138

The whole number, and average attendance at the different schools, is as follows:—

Centre District.		
Primary School, whole No. 79	Average	35
Intermediate	86	40
Grammar	122	65

South District.		
Primary School, whole No. 85	Average	44
Intermediate	72	52
Grammar	121	61

West District.		
Primary School, whole No. 55	Average	30
Intermediate	73	38
Grammar	105	49

North District.		
One School, whole No. 40	Average	26

East District.		
One School, whole No. 42	Average	35

Quincy Point District.		
Primary School, whole No. 69	Average	43
Grammar	94	55

The school rooms are, generally, convenient. Some of them are furnished with maps, globes and blackboards. It is desirable that others should be furnished in a similar manner. Even in the Primary Schools, the Committee would be highly pleased to see cards, having suitable prints, with simple and appropriate sentences, suspended from the walls of the rooms.

All the school rooms are well ventilated, except one in the Centre, two in the West, and one at the Quincy Point. These, considering the bad effects of impure air on health and progress in studies, should be remedied without delay.

Several of the school rooms, though of sufficient size to contain as many pupils, and even more than one teacher can properly govern and instruct, can by no means suitably accommodate all that attend in the winter season.

The rapid increase of our population, will soon render some farther division or alteration in some of the schools absolutely necessary. Even now fifty scholars might be taken from the Intermediate and Grammar Schools, in the South District, and yet leave every day fifty for each teacher.

There are libraries of suitable and excellent books, for the benefit of the schools, in all the districts. That in the Centre contains about two hundred and twenty-five volumes—twenty very valuable books having been presented last year by a gentleman of the district. The South has about fifty volumes, the West one hundred and sixty, the North seventy, the East and Quincy Point sixty each.

Singing is practised in most of the schools, by the scholars, as a relaxation and amusement. This meets the approbation of the Committee. It conduces to health and cheerfulness, improves the quality and modulates the tones of the voice, and hence renders important aid in making good readers, and pleasant and agreeable speakers.

Since large grants of money, and unwearied efforts of the best Committee the town can select, will avail but little without well qualified teachers, your Committee feel unwilling to close their report without strenuously urging the importance, when vacancies may occur, of securing, if possible, those to fill them who have fully established their characters as good teachers. Where this cannot be done, every effort should be made to obtain those who will be most likely to prove successful.

In this way much money may be saved—much just dissatisfaction among parents prevented—the Committee relieved of great anxiety, and the inconvenience, and disagreeable but necessary duty of removing teachers avoided.

Nor let it ever be supposed that it is not a matter of much importance who are employed to take charge of even small children in our Primary Schools. Here the young mind is beginning, as it were, to expand. Here the chil-



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olesonion, or All-Healing Balsam.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newbury, J. had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olesonion. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—The cure was truly a wonderful one, and places the "Olesonion or All-Healing Balsam," at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His Cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several eminent Physicians, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although he had been told that he had no hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the "Olesonion, or All-Healing Balsam," and in a few weeks was so restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Labon, residing at 32 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His Cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced using the Olesonion or All-Healing Balsam, when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy.—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, bemoaned there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at once see and acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it is pleasant to take, and contains no internal ingredients. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be simply lumps of pure sugar, or could he afterwards, unless by its great purgative effect, suspect that he had been taking medicine, for these pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not gripe the bowels; and thus the patient who takes them, even when he is afflicted with all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in all other secret forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a disagreeable flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadulterated bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that has passed in all health—to rectify it; but when the slightest arrangement of the system is indicated by contumacious, or by other signs, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the chyle (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and purity of blood must be the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine, that unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, until an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, rebukes them for the folly of their conduct. Still they find some excuse; for, however, medicine in almost all its forms, and in every mode of administration, is so skillfully prepared, that it is so effectually removed; for CLICKENER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste, whatever of medicine—produce none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicine—while their speedy effect in removing all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is anxious of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. V. CLICKENER & Co., Chemists, at the wholesale and retail drug warehouses, No. 7 and 9 Barclay street, New York. Price 25 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of Agents.

J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. E. Dubois, Weymouth; J. King & Nash, N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, R. F. Tolson, Dorchester; R. Ford, Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN (near of Stone Temple); and GEORGE B. LOCKE, Quincy.

June 22.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

From receive their deepest impressions of a school, acquire their likes and dislikes of books, and form the tones of their voice in reading—all which will attend them, for weal or woe, through the whole course of their education. Such compensation should be offered as will command the services of those who are the best qualified to instruct in these, as well as in the other departments.

As our most honored and highly distinguished fellow-citizen once remarked, that all man's wants might be comprehended in three things, viz: "a permanent place of abode—one wedded wife, and one Supreme object of worship"—so your Committee would say, that to have good schools, three things are necessary, viz: suitable accommodations—competent and faithful teachers—with a generous remuneration.

All which is respectfully submitted.
By order of Committee,
WILLIAM ALLEN, Chairman.
Quincy, March 4th, 1846.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 59, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

TOWN MEETING.

The annual meeting for the election of Town Officers, and the transaction of other business, was held in the Town House, on Monday last, and continued, by adjournment, to the two succeeding days, with the following result, viz:

FOR MODERATOR.

First Balloting.

Whole number of ballots,	219
Necessary to a choice,	110
William Seaver, - - -	71
Thompson Baxter, - - -	46
John Ballard, - - -	1

Second Balloting.

Whole number of ballots,	251
Necessary to a choice,	126
William Seaver, - - -	150
George Marsh, - - -	62
Thompson Baxter, - - -	37
John A. Green, - - -	1

The meeting being thus organized by the election of William Seaver as Moderator, proceeded to the transaction of the following business:

Town Clerk.

Whole number of ballots,	370
Necessary to a choice,	185
I. W. Munroe, - - -	175
Elisha Packard, - - -	91
John A. Green, - - -	62
Charles Marsh, 41; Lemuel Crane 1.	

Town Treasurer.

Whole number of ballots,	376
Necessary to a choice,	188
John Brierley, - - -	189
John Hardwick, - - -	132
Elisha Packard, - - -	74
I. W. Munroe, and Thomas O. Pearson, one vote each.	

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	384
Necessary to a choice,	192
Daniel Baxter, (chosen) - - -	243
Joseph W. Robertson, - - -	134
Lewis Bass, - - -	134
George Marsh, - - -	139
George Newcomb, - - -	109
George Clapp, - - -	79
Joel Clements, - - -	76
Thompson Baxter, - - -	69
Elijah Baxter, - - -	57
William D. Gray, - - -	42
Ebenezer Adams, 7; Elisha Packard, 3; Samuel Curtis, 2; George Crane, Francis Williams, Almer Willett, William B. Duggan, William Wood, Daniel Hobart, Thomas J. Nightingale, and William S. Morton, one vote each.	

General School Committee.

Whole number of ballots,	374
Necessary to a choice,	187
Samuel A. Davis, (chosen) - - -	283
William Allen, do. - - -	229
George Newcomb, do. - - -	194
John T. Burrell, - - -	146
Horatio N. Glover, - - -	135
George Baxter, - - -	120
William S. Morton, - - -	102
Orange Clark, - - -	99
William B. Duggan, - - -	79
Frederick A. Trask, - - -	77
Charles Clapp, - - -	76
William D. Gray, - - -	48
John A. Billings, - - -	47
George Marsh, 2; Leonard Richards, Benj. C. C. White, Joseph T. French, George W. Russ, Seth Crane, Benjamin Curtis, Samuel Curtis, Elijah Baxter, Jabez Bigelow, and L. G. Horton, one vote each.	

Constables.

Whole number of ballots,	375
Necessary to a choice,	188
Francis Williams, (chosen) - - -	241
Lewis Bass, - - -	136
Alexander Felts, - - -	91
Harrison Keith, - - -	88
Perez Chubbuck, - - -	88
Abel Wright, 47; Seth K. Bailey, 43; Ensign S. Fellows, 5; George Curtis, Benjamin Curtis, Samuel White, and Stephen Harrington, one vote each.	

SECOND BALLOTING.

Town Clerk.

Whole number of ballots,	330
Necessary to a choice,	165
I. W. Munroe, (chosen) - - -	185
Elisha Packard, - - -	81
John A. Green, - - -	81
Charles Marsh, - - -	28

Town Treasurer.

Whole number of ballots,	329
Necessary to a choice,	165

John Brierley, - - -	158
John Hardwick, - - -	111
Elisha Packard, 50; Daniel Baxter, 1.	

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	338
Necessary to a choice,	169
Lewis Bass, - - -	128
George Marsh, - - -	118
Joseph W. Robertson, - - -	111
George Newcomb, - - -	105
George Clapp, - - -	82
Joel Clements, 39; Elijah Baxter, 32; Thompson Baxter, 29; William D. Gray, 13; Ebenezer Adams, 5; William B. Duggan, and Brougham Faxon, one vote each.	

General School Committee.

Whole number of ballots,	333
Necessary to a choice,	167
John T. Burrell, - - -	141
Horatio N. Glover, - - -	130
Orange Clark, - - -	13
Charles Clapp, - - -	71
William S. Morton, 39; George Baxter, 53; William B. Duggan, 40; John A. Billings, 26; William D. Gray, 15; Frederick A. Trask, 15; Benjamin Curtis, Seth Adams, and Urbane Cudworth, one vote each.	

Constable.

Whole number of ballots,	327
Necessary to a choice,	164
Lewis Bass, - - -	133
Alexander Felts, - - -	77
Harrison Keith, - - -	58
Abel Wright, 37; Perez Chubbuck, 24; Seth K. Bailey, 6; Joseph G. Brackett, and E. S. Fellows, one vote each.	

SECOND DAY—FIRST BALLOTING.

Town Treasurer.

Whole number of ballots,	341
Necessary to a choice,	171
John Brierley, (chosen) - - -	217
John Hardwick, - - -	117
Elisha Packard, 5; George Crane, and Daniel Baxter, one vote each.	

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	348
Necessary to a choice,	174
George Marsh, - - -	146
Lewis Bass, - - -	126
George Newcomb, - - -	107
Joseph W. Robertson, - - -	107
William F. Johnson, 64; Ebenezer Adams 63; George Clapp, 33; Elijah Baxter, 18; Joel Clements, 3; William D. Gray, 2; Thompson Baxter, 2; Samuel Johnson, Joseph French, E. Rugg Clapp, Thomas White, William B. Duggan, Charles Clapp, and William Pray, one vote each.	

General School Committee.

Whole number of ballots,	343
Necessary to a choice,	172
John T. Burrell, (chosen) - - -	301
Orange Clark, - - -	164
Horatio N. Glover, - - -	49
William S. Morton, - - -	34
George Baxter, 15; John A. Billings, 15; William D. Gray, 1; William B. Duggan, 2; Charles Clapp, 2; Amos A. Meers, John Glover, Jr., Seth Adams, George Curtis, George Marsh, Ezra Badger, one vote each.	

Constable.

Whole number of ballots,	363
Necessary to a choice,	182
Alexander Felts, - - -	133
Harrison Keith, - - -	49
Lewis Bass, - - -	50
Perez Chubbuck, 30; Abel Wright, 14; Seth K. Bailey, 2; Joseph G. Brackett, Charles Burrell, Cliff Rodgers, Seth Crane, one vote each.	

SECOND BALLOTING.

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	327
Necessary to a choice,	164
George Marsh, - - -	150
Joseph W. Robertson, - - -	113
William F. Johnson, - - -	80
Lewis Bass, - - -	75
Bryant B. Newcomb, - - -	72
William Henry Packard, - - -	43
Ebenezer Adams, 26; Elijah Baxter, 18; George Clapp, 11; George Newcomb, 9; Joshua B. Packard, 3; Joel Clements, 2; Thomas White, William B. Duggan, William Pray, Hiram G. Whiting, and Thompson Baxter, one vote each.	

General School Committee.

Whole number of ballots,	321
Necessary to a choice,	161
Orange Clark, (chosen) - - -	206
Horatio N. Glover, - - -	94
John A. Billings, 17; William S. Morton 6; Charles Clapp, 1.	

Constable.

Whole number of ballots,	314
Necessary to a choice,	158
Alexander Felts, - - -	92
Lewis Bass, - - -	91
Perez Chubbuck, - - -	65
Harrison Keith, - - -	44
Abel Wright, 18; Charles Burrell, Joseph G. Brackett, E. J. Danforth, and Cliff Rodgers, one vote each.	

THIRD BALLOTING.

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	361
Necessary to a choice,	181
George Marsh, - - -	171
Lewis Bass, - - -	130
Joseph W. Robertson, - - -	125
Bryant B. Newcomb, - - -	100
William F. Johnson, - - -	79
William Henry Packard, 43; George Clapp, 15; Elijah Baxter, 12; Ebenezer Adams, 8; George Newcomb, 4; Thomas White, 3; Levi G. Folsom, 2; Henry Burr, 2; Joel Clements, 2; Thompson Baxter, E. J. Danforth, William D. Gray, Peleg P. Jones, Jacob Hersey, Francis Lock, William Stetson, Frederick A. Trask, and Morrel B. Whitcher, one vote each; Joshua B. Packard, 2.	

Constable.

Whole number of ballots,	275
Necessary to a choice,	138
Alexander Felts, - - -	106
Perez Chubbuck, - - -	77
Lewis Bass, - - -	62
Harrison Keith, 17; Abel Wright, 9; E. J. Danforth, 2; Joseph G. Brackett, and Charles Burrell, one vote each.	

FOURTH BALLOTING.

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	367
Necessary to a choice,	184
George Marsh, - - -	169
Joseph W. Robertson, - - -	135
Lewis Bass, - - -	121
Bryant B. Newcomb, - - -	107
William F. Johnson, - - -	79

John Savil, 21; George Clapp, 16; Ebenezer Adams, 16; William B. Packard, 12; Elijah Baxter, 7; Thompson White, 2; W. Rowell, 2; Thompson Baxter, Joshua B. Packard, Enoch J. Danforth, Levi G. Folsom, William C. Chubbuck, Thomas Hardwick, Thomas Drake, Jr., Barnabas Howard, Joel Clements, George H. Locke, George W. Barrett, Charles A. Cummings, and George Curtis, one vote each.

Constable.

Whole number of ballots,	265
Necessary to a choice,	133
Alexander Felts, - - -	112
Perez Chubbuck, - - -	60
Lewis Bass, - - -	53
Harrison Keith, - - -	46
Abel Wright, 6; E. J. Danforth, 4; Joseph G. Brackett, Barnabas Howard, Charles Burrell, and John Simpson, one vote each.	

THIRD DAY.

Selectmen and Assessors.

Whole number of ballots,	421
Necessary to a choice,	211
Joseph W. Robertson, (chosen) - - -	286
Bryant B. Newcomb, do. - - -	214
George Marsh, - - -	172
Joshua B. Packard, - - -	133
George Newcomb, 16; Lewis Bass, 15; Elijah Baxter, 4; William B. Packard, 3; Ebenezer Adams, 2; George Clapp, Seth Spear, Samuel Curtis, John Savil, and Charles A. Cummings, one vote each.	

Constable.

Whole number of ballots,	398
Necessary to a choice,	200
Frederick A. Trask, (chosen) - - -	207
Alexander Felts, - - -	113
Perez Chubbuck, - - -	21
Lewis Bass, - - -	19
Abel Wright, 3; E. J. Danforth, 2; Josiah Brigham, John Crane, Charles Burrell, one vote each.	

Overseers of the Poor and Surveyors of Highways.

Daniel Baxter, Joseph W. Robertson and Bryant B. Newcomb.

Pence Viewers—Ebenezer Adams, Harvey Field, and Thompson Baxter.

Surveyors of Lumber—Seth Adams, Isaiah G. Wilton, Shadrach Wade, Josiah Adams, Richard Newcomb, Ebenezer Bent, Jr., and Joseph G. Brackett.

Surveyors of Wood and Bark—Frederick Hardwick, Jr., George Baxter, Seth Adams, George B. Nightingale, George H. Locke, Joseph French, Eliza Thayer, Samuel Higgins, Ebenezer Bent, Jr., George L. Baxter, Isaiah G. Wilton, Richard Newcomb.

Additional Constables—Lewis Bass, Alexander Felts, Gershom Clements, James Bradford, John A. Billings, Enoch J. Danforth.

Auditors of Accounts—Elisha Marsh, George Baxter, Henry Wood, John Glover, Jr., John A. Billings.

Field Drivers—James M. Harris, Calvin W. Perry, Harvey Field, Charles Gill, Isaiah Rowell, Obed Allen, and George Crane.

Firewards—Charles P. Tirrell, Lloyd G. Horton, George H. French, Ozias M. Poffe, John Glover, Jr., Samuel Curtis, Samuel White, Lysander Richardson, George H. Locke, Joshua B. Packard, Ebenezer Adams, Horatio N. Glover, John A. Billings, Gershom Clements, John L. Southern, John Savil, James Bradford, and Perez Chubbuck.

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Additional Constables—Lewis Bass, Alexander Felts, Gershom Clements, James Bradford, John A. Billings, Enoch J. Danforth.

Auditors of Accounts—Elisha Marsh, George Baxter, Henry Wood, John Glover, Jr., John A. Billings.

Field Drivers—James M. Harris, Calvin W. Perry, Harvey Field, Charles Gill, Isaiah Rowell, Obed Allen, and George Crane.

Firewards—Charles P. Tirrell, Lloyd G. Horton, George H. French, Ozias M. Poffe, John Glover, Jr., Samuel Curtis, Samuel White, Lysander Richardson, George H. Locke, Joshua B. Packard, Ebenezer Adams, Horatio N. Glover, John A. Billings, Gershom Clements, John L. Southern, John Savil, James Bradford, and Perez Chubbuck.

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To Let,
THE House, Barn and Land now occupied by Joshua Fisher, in School St., and possession given the 1st of April. For further information inquire of Mrs. M. PHIPPS, on the premises, or of HENRY SOUTHER, at the Store corner of Washington and Coddington Sts. Quincy, March 7.

To Let,
ONE HALF of the House, near the Railroad Depot, and a few rods from the Hancock House. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of JOHN or JOSIAH SAVIL. Quincy, March 7.

To be Let.
AND possession given on the first of April, a House situated on the Brainerd and Weymouth Turnpike, and only a few rods from the Episcopal Church in this town. Inquire near the premises of JOSEPH N. BROWN. Quincy, March 7.

To be Let.
PART of the House of the subscriber, which is every way convenient. Possession given on or before the first of April. Inquire of JOHN L. SOUTHER. Quincy, March 7.

To Let.
ONE half of a house on Washington St., with or without about three acres of land. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of LYDIA SPEAR. Quincy Point, March 7.

To Let.
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of land, situated on Adams Street. Inquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of DANIEL BAXTER, School Street. Quincy, March 7.

To Let.
ONE HALF of a House situated opposite Mr. Alden French's residence, on the Brainerd and Weymouth Turnpike. Inquire of DANIEL BAXTER. Quincy, March 7.

Furniture at Auction.
WILL be sold on FRIDAY next, March 13th, at two o'clock P. M., at the house at the Railway Wharf, Quincy, a large lot of new and second hand Furniture, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Chairs, Sofas, Bureaus, Crockery and Glass Ware, Looking Glasses, three eight day clocks one of which is an alarm, and other articles too numerous to mention. Also—A lot of FOLLY. Also—One FEW on the Railway Meeting-house, No. 40, being one of the best situated pews in said house. This will be a good opportunity for those desirous of purchasing a good article of Furniture. GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer. Quincy, March 7.

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of CALEB GILL & Co. CALEB GILL, Jr. Quincy, March 2, 1856.

Cheap Goods for the Spring.
F. HARDWICK, JR., HAS on hand Goods and remnants of articles, and being desirous to close in order to be prepared for changes in fashion, will sell, if applied for within a few days, the remainder at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. New and fashionable Goods for the Spring trade will be received in a few days. All who intend to buy are respectfully invited to call, and no mistake but the articles and prices cannot fail to give satisfaction. A quick sale and cash payment are the life of trade. Quincy, March 7.

In Insolvency.
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of RUFUS S. PREBLE, of Canton, in the County of Norfolk, Mason, formerly copartner in trade with Lewis H. Beale, late resident at St. Albans, in Franklin County, Vermont, (but whose present place of residence is unknown to said Preble,) under the style of Beale & Preble, and formerly negotiating jointly as aforesaid at Westfield, in the County of Hampden, Massachusetts, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignee or Assignees. By order of said Master, JESSE K. WEBSTER, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger March 7.

Grain Store—Old Stand.
HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Coddington and Washington Street, CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, etc., which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash. Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with Bolted Rye and Indian Meal. Quincy, Feb. 28.

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscribers having this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of ABERCROMBIE & BENT, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glass Ware. Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity. N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense. WYMAN ABERCROMBIE, EBENEZER BENT, Jr. Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1856.

Centre District Meeting.
Norfolk ss. To the Clerk of the Centre School District in the Town of Quincy, Greeting:

[L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to warn the inhabitants of the Centre School District in the town of Quincy, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the Grammar School Room in said District, on SATURDAY, the seventh day of March ensuing, at half past six o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.
 2. To choose such District Officers as the law requires.
 3. To choose any Committee and act on any Report when assembled.
- Hereof fail not, and make return of this Warrant, with your doings thereon, at the time and place of holding said meeting.
- Given under my hand and seal, at Quincy, this twenty-seventh day of February, A. D. 1846.
- CHARLES P. TIRRELL, Prudential Committee.

NORFOLK ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby warn the inhabitants of said District, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

A true copy. Attest, WYMAN ABERCROMBIE, District Clerk. Feb. 28.

Whitney's Address.
AN Address on Temperance, delivered in the Town Hall, Brighton, Sunday evening, Dec. 21, 1845. By Frederick Whitney, Minister of the First Church. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate of Charles Gifford, as will pay the tax of nine dollars and two cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate of David Loud, as will pay the tax of three dollars and fourteen cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate of Elph Pennington, as will pay the tax of five dollars and thirty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate of Warren L. Wild, as will pay the tax of five dollars and twenty-two cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate of Samuel French, as will pay the tax of thirteen dollars, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate improved by Cyrus K. Pratt, and owned by Asa Hunt, of Weymouth, as will pay the tax of nine dollars and twenty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate belonging to the heirs of Samuel French, as will pay the tax of forty dollars and ninety-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.

Conditions cash. NATHL H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree. Braintree, Feb. 28.

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of ANN BLANCHARD, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, single woman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to NATHANIEL BLANCHARD, Adm'r. Weymouth, Feb. 28.

Insolvent Notice.
NORFOLK ss. MILTON, Feb. 23d, 1846. NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of CHARLES H. PACKARD, of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the Office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignee or Assignees. By order of said Master, SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff, Messenger. Feb. 28.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



THE Proprietor desires to express the fact, that his medicine is even capable of more than carrying his heretofore not recommended it as a perfect cure in all cases of Consumption, and other diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Throat, Coughs and Colds, but persons who use it being the best judges of its merits, decide at once that it is the perfection of an effective medicinal preparation. Testimonials crowd in on the Proprietor, stating such rapid cures of the above diseases even when of the most aggravating character, that there is no withholding the natural inference that it exceeds in power, by the effect of its singularly happy vegetable combination, any of the mineral and dangerous nostrums devised by the hand of quackery. This medicine is Nature's grand specific in Lung complaints; it touches the seat of the disease, it proceeds at once to purify and deplete the lungs and chest of those humors and decayed matter, which result from the action of disease, and when it has performed this part of its office, it commences to repair the ravages made in the vitals, and strengthens and increases the action of the vessels so that the part is renewed sufficiently to perform its wonted duties, and the cure is effected. The Consumptive should know that to them delays are fraught with danger, and even a day wasted in worse than useless tampering with their complaint, if devoted to the use of the Restorative, would be bringing them so much nearer to a cure. There is an abiding sense of comfort while under the mild and soothing yet effectual action of this remedy, which is a happiness indescribable by the patient; it is a feeling of an ensured escape from death by an almost miraculous human intervention. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor, 608 Broome Street, New York. AGENTS. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple, Washington Street. Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD. Weymouth, ELI THAYER. Feb. 28.

NOTICE.
I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Parish Meeting.
Norfolk ss. To Francis Williams, Constable of the Town of Quincy, Greeting: [L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in the Town of Quincy, qualified by law to vote in Parish Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the ninth day of March next, at two o'clock P. M., to act upon the following articles, viz:

- 1st. To choose a Moderator.
- 2d. To choose all Parish Officers as the law directs.
- 3d. To raise such sum or sums of money as may be deemed expedient for parochial purposes.
- 4th. To know what disposal the Parish will make of the money raised the past year for the support of a Singing School.
- 5th. To determine what compensation the Parish will allow their Clerk and Treasurer for their services the past year.
- 6th. To choose any Committees, or hear and act upon the report of any Committees, and to transact any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Parish Clerk, on or before the time prefixed for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals at Quincy, this twentieth day of February, A. D. 1846.

THOMAS J. NIGHTINGALE, Parish Assessors. SAMUEL CURTIS, ELIJAH BAXTER.

NORFOLK ss. By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable. Feb. 21.

Social Assemblies.
A COURSE of weekly Social Assemblies, six to the course, will come off at the Hancock House, commencing on FRIDAY EVENING next, and held on Friday evening of each week. Tickets to the course, \$5.

AUGUSTUS STEVENS, } Managers. JOSEPH T. FRENCH, }

Quincy, Feb. 21.

To Let,
THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store, on Washington Street. Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business. Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENISON. Quincy, Feb. 21.

Straw and Florence Bonnets
Selling at Cost. THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of STRAW and FLORENCE BONNETS, will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap. S. S. MARSH. Quincy, Jan. 24.

THE JOURNAL OF HEALTH and MONTHLY MISCELLANY, edited by Wm. M. CORNELL, M. D. Published monthly, \$1 a year, payable in advance. Subscriptions received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 21.

LETTERS TO YOUNG MEN, founded on the History of Joseph. By William B. Spague, D. D. of Albany. Poetry for Home and School, Part Second. Warren on the Preservation of Health. New edition. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 21.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Fall and Winter Goods.
"Let another man praise thee and not thine own mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips." A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—Blue black, green, Brown and Royal Blue; Alpaca, M. de Laines, PRINTS; Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather SLIPPERS, BOOTES and TIES. Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspenders, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Stockings.

BOOTS.
Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do.; Slippers. A good assortment of ready made SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS, FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do. Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON. BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS, which can be made into any style of garment to suit the fancy of the purchaser. Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS, AND OF VESTINGS. EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clone the outer man would find it to their advantage to give us an early call. E. PACKARD. Quincy, Oct. 4.

Hair Oils, etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils, (Sands' pure); Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Weyell's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules-Haue's Lustral; Detterer's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philomene; Pomatums; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gray Days, Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, etc. Quincy, Feb. 7.

Now's the time, Ladies.
Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.

RUTLAND and FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage, BOSTON, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a variety of FANCY GOODS AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street.

Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c. Quincy, Jan. 31.

New Books.
MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his Brother, John Ware, M. D. Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher. Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering. The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb. Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition. New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Jan. 24.

Notice of Removal.
JOHN RUSSELL, TAILOR, WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at RUSSELL & Co's Cloth and Clothing Warehouse, in Mr. Souther's new Block, Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets. N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

—ALSO— A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible PROFIT. Quincy, Jan. 24.

To be Let,
THE STORE now occupied by Mr. Wyman Abercrombie. Possession given immediately. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. Quincy, Feb. 7.

Quincy Market House.
THE subscribers announce to the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that they have taken rooms in Souther's new Building, corner of Washington and Coddington Streets, and have opened a MARKET-HOUSE, where they will keep a constant supply of PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES, FRUIT, &c. An abundant and choice selection of all articles in their line may be found at the "Quincy Market-House," and the best market affords can be had at all hours of the day or evening. A share of public patronage is solicited. HAYDEN CREHORE. Quincy, Feb. 7.

Great Bargains
CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE QUINCY CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE. THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings the month, and persons wishing to purchase at a LESS PRICE than ever before offered, or have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to E. PACKARD. N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailoring department, is without a rival at Cutting and making a garment. Quincy, Jan. 24.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN, Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple. HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of MEDICINES, and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES. Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc. Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing; Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin; FLESH BRUSHES, etc. Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines; Manner's COUGH CANDY. Howard's Canker Syrup; Ellis' Volturnen Bitters; Spain's Panacea and Vermifuge; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters; Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS; Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours. Quincy, Oct. 18.

OPENING OF Spring and Summer Goods.
THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable STRAW BONNETS, having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish to be seen a new and beautiful style of SUMMER RIBBONS, which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction. —ALSO— ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS
made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of Millinery and Fashionable Articles, CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS: Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars; Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fine Silks and Satins; Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimps, and other Trimmings for Dresses), Muslins, Laces, MOURNING GOODS.

Grace Clothes and Mourning Bonnets.
ALWAYS ON HAND. Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANSED and PRESSED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice. She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment. N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of S. S. MARSH, a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side. Quincy, May 3.

Eates' Air Tight Cook Stove DEPOT,
42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON. THE subscriber would invite the attention of all his vast assortment of COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP STOVES. Special attention is solicited to his assortment of AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES, viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city. Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use. KITCHEN FURNITURE in all its branches. All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above. REMEMBER THE NUMBERS, 42 & 44 Congress near Water Street. L. STETSON BATES. Boston, Dec. 13.

New Fall Goods.
NOW OPENING BY E. R. STOCKWELL, 55 Hanover St., BOSTON. THE best assortment of NEW and FASHIONABLE SHAWLS that can be found in almost any store in this city, comprising every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00. We have made arrangements with the Importers in Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require. We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable DRESS GOODS, that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES, Ottomans Repts, M. D'Alaine, Alpaca's of every quality, Alpines, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc. —ALSO— of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, etc. all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 55 Hanover Street. Boston, Sept. 6.

Planning and Sawing.
THE subscriber, having taken the Shop of Henry G. Pratt, adjoining Mr. Williams' Tannery, would respectfully inform the public that he will be ready, at all times, to execute the above work. CHARLES H. EDWARDS. Quincy, April 12.

THE CHORAL, a collection of Church Music, adapted to the worship of all denominations. By B. F. Baker and I. B. Woodbury. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Feb. 21.

Quincy & Boston Stage.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT. THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted.) On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doolittle's) Store, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M. Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. SIMON GILLET, Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1. Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston, IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools, RICH MANTEL CLOCKS, Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier Machie Wares. Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen. Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1.

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree. BENJAMIN V. FRENCH. Braintree, April 6.

To Let.
A PART of a house in Quincy, suitable for a small family. Inquire of EZRA GLOVER. Quincy, Feb. 28.

To Let.
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on the Weymouth Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next. For further information, enquire of GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of THOMAS ADAMS. Quincy, Feb. 28.

For Sale Cheap.
IF applied for soon—a small Farm in Braintree, a short distance from the Railroad Depot, with a good House, Barn, and Out-buildings, all in good repair, with a fine young Orchard and two or three acres of Land. For further particulars, apply to Mr. JOHN BEATH, on the premises, or NATHL L. TRACY, State Street, Boston. Feb. 21.

Boy Wanted
AT the HARNES BUSINESS, a strong, healthy, active lad. T. KELLOGG. Quincy, Feb. 21.

House for Sale.
FOR SALE, in this town, a commodious dwelling house, pleasantly situated, on Hancock street, only a few rods from the Old Colony Rail Road Depot. The house contains, on the first floor, four square rooms, one bed room, and a large sink room, and wood house attached, four chambers, two bed rooms, also two finished sleeping rooms in the attic. The house is thoroughly built, contains every convenience, plenty of good water, a carriage house and stable. There are on the premises about sixty superior young fruit and ornamental trees, of the choicest kinds, with grapes, currants, shrubbery, flowers, etc. The above residence offers one of the best opportunities for a gentleman desiring a handsome country residence. Stages pass to and from the city almost hourly. In the immediate neighborhood are good schools, church, etc. For further particulars inquire at the Hancock House, or on the premises. EBENEZER UNDERWOOD, JR. Quincy, Jan. 10.

A Farm for Sale.
A VALUABLE FARM of 110 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the centre of Canton, Norfolk County, 14 miles south of Boston, and within ten or fifteen minutes walk of the Canton Depot, on the Boston and Providence Railroad; the same from the South Canton Depot, on the Stonington Branch Railroad. The Cars run several times a day on each of these roads to and from Boston, so the latter an early train to, and a late train from the city; which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing business in the city, who are desirous of securing to themselves a Summer residence in the country within fifteen minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well watered with never failing Springs, and divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland within one fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing several large manufacturing establishments; among which are the Neponset Man Co., Kingsley's Iron, and Revere Copper works. The buildings consist of a large two story house and barn each of little or no value. If the said farm is not disposed of at private sale on or before SATURDAY, the 4th day of April next, it will be sold at Public Auction at nine o'clock A. M. on that day. Those who wish to examine said farm can do so by calling on Leonard Everett, Esq., near the premises. Further information will be given by addressing the Subscriber at the Transcript office, Worcester. Terms made easy. JAMES H. EVERETT. Worcester, Jan. 17.

Prime Eastern Hay.
50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of ALBION DEARBORN. Quincy, Jan. 31.

New Volumes.
AT the QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage. Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LIBRARY. With the New Year commence new Volumes, offering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to subscribe. Quincy, Dec. 27.

POETRY.

[By request.]

O, STAY THOSE TEARS.

O, stay thy tears! for they are blest
Whose days are past, whose toil is done;
Here midnight care disturbs our rest;
Here sorrow dims the noonday sun.

For laboring virtue's anxious toil,
For patient sorrow's stifled sigh,
For faith that marks the conqueror's spoil,
Heaven grants the recompense to die.

How blest are they whose transient years
Pass like an evening meteor's flight;
Not dark with guilt, or dim with tears;
Whose course is short, unclouded, bright.

How cheerless were our lengthened way,
Did heaven's own light not break the gloom;
Stream downward from eternal day,
And cast a glory round the tomb!

Then stay thy tears; the blest above
Have hailed a spirit's heavenly birth;
Sung a new song of joy and love,
And why should anguish reign on earth?

AMERICA, I LOVE THEE STILL.

America I love thee still!
There's glory in thy name—
There's brightness beaming from thy birth,
And honor from thy fame;
There's beauty in thy naked soil,
Bespeaking smiles of love;
Thy rocks and blooming wilds proclaim
Protection from above.

America I love thee still!
Beneath thy valleys rest
The pilgrims of a tyrant's power—
Bright emblems of the blest;
And round them clothed in silence, lies
The mouldering patriot's fame,
Enshrouded in sacred Memory's fire—
Immortal honors claim.

America, I love thee still!
Thou art my native land;
Thy joys, so pure, can ne'er be found
Upon a foreign strand.
Though Pleasure's path and Fortune's smile
In other climes seem fair,
The brightest of thy hopes and joys
Can ne'er be found elsewhere.

America, I love thee still!
Resplendent glories gleam
Through all thy deeds—the sacred light
Shall ever be my theme.
Pursued from the realms of victory's sky,
The crown was given to thee;
Midst starry lights forever stands
The Orb of Liberty.

THE SLEEPING SLAVE.

'Ah, sleep!—alas the day's at hand;
On tear and flower the morn dews stand;
One hour, and on heaven's arched blue
The risen sun will spring to view,
And thou must greet him from the wave,
Midst flower's, and dews, and light—a Slave!

Yet sleep—(that hour is all thine own,
And dreams may on its wings be sown,
Bright as if wafted from afar
By genii ghosts of moon or star;
Brighter than on his eyes may rest,
The slumbering lord of east and west.

Dream wretched one—but not of time,
Nor ev'n thine own remembered clime!
Dream not of mother, wife, or boy,
Of childhood's games or freedom's joy;
Forget thy native valley's stream—
Forget thy father's house—yet dream!

Dream of the world beyond the grave,
'Tis broad, but in it walks no slave!
Of Heaven, where many mansions be,
Of Him who orders one for thee,
Of Him who notes thy tears and sighs;
Dream thus and conquer—Slave, arise!

FRANKLIN'S WIT.

Franklin, one night, cold, freezing to his skin,
Stopped on his journey at a public inn;
Rejoiced, perceives the kindling flames arise,
But, luckless slave, perceives with distant eyes
A motley crew monopolize the heat;
Each firm as Banquo's ghost maintains his seat.
"Ho!" cries the doctor, never at a loss,
"Landlord, a peck of oysters for my horse."
"Your horse eat oysters?" cries the wondering host,
"Give him a peck, you'll find they won't be lost."
The crowd astonished rush into the stall;
"A horse eat oysters—what, the shells and all!"
Meantime our traveller, as the first retire,
Picks the best seat at the deserted fire;
A place convenient for the cunning elf,
To roast his oysters and to warm himself.
The host return'd—"your horse won't eat them sir,"
"Won't eat good oysters!" he's a simple cur—
"I know who will," he adds in a merry mood,
"Hand them to me, a horse don't know what's good."

ANECDOTES.

"I'll be hanged if I'll patronize that line," said a traveller to a steamboat runner. "Then, sir," replied the runner, "patronize some other line and be hanged."

"Are you a son of Temperance?" inquired a gentleman of a person who applied to him for employment. "Why, no," replied the other, "I'm a son of Mary Bates."

"Table beer sold here," may be seen as a sign in Salisbury, (Eng.) A wag asked if the beer was the man's own brew.

A lady being about to marry a man who was small in stature, was told that he was a very bad fellow. "Well," said she, "if he is bad, there's one comfort—there's very little of him."

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tit-tus and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Boards, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail, at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hoyer's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slates Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Eucalypti, Bear, Macassar and Anise Oil, Oils, Mavrow, Toilet Powder, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Cigar Cases, Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,
Hancock Street, Quincy.
Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.
By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.
ELIJAH HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand, on the Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.
JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 46 Court Street, Boston.
May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES,
delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.
Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N.B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.

Quincy Point, Aug. 23.

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.



MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS

TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the
COACHES and CHAIRES painted to order.
SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.
N.B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.—MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.
In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.
OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.
OLD CARRIAGES, Varied and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.
OLD FURNITURE Varied and made to look as well as new.
TABLES varnished for 25 cents. BUREAUS for 60 cents, and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.
All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.
Quincy, July 13.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of
BROADCLOTHS: Plain and Corded. CASSIMERES: SATINETTES; GAMBRUONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laine, Painted Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's., Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BOGANS.

N.B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of FINE PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 29.

MELVILL HOVEY.
Quincy, Jan. 11.

WOOD!! WOOD!!
80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whitcomb & Adams' Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20.

ALBERT HERSEY.
Quincy Point, June 14.

Eastern Brick.
60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6.75, \$7.50 to \$8 per thousand, the price varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting.
Inquire of
ALBERT HERSEY.
Quincy Point, June 14.

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,
RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.
Quincy, August 10.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.
THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carting promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER
Quincy, Nov. 11.

Mattresses.
JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality,
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 29.

Muffs!!
A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses' MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS; just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 25.

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!
THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.
GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Paper Hanging,
DONE in a neat and durable style, by
SETH ADAMS.
Orders may be left at the Store, of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple Quay, April 20.

Paper Hangings,
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of
PAPER HANGINGS,
which will be sold as low as Boston prices.
Quincy, April 19.

Muffs!!
A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at
E. PACKARD'S.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

NEW PRINTS, good styles, just received and for sale by
J. BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 20.

PETER FOLSOM.
Quincy, May 10.

HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olosanion, or All-Healing Balm.

IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor of a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq., of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosanion. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—The cure was truly a wonderful one, and places the Olosanion or All-Healing Balm, at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the Olosanion, or All-Healing Balm, and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Luban, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was distressing throughout the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced using the Olosanion or All-Healing Balm, when he found immediate relief. He was using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz.: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, he assured that there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester. August 16.

Cassimeres and Satinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Satinets, printed and plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be found at
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 20.

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.,
AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLEN GOODS, which, together with their former Stock, enables them to offer to the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, TWEEDS, GAMBRUONS, &c. of the most desirable and fashionable colors and styles.

SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, all of which will be sold at the lowest, possible prices in order to make any garment for gentlemen's or boys' wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston ready made.

All wishing to treat themselves to new Clothes the present season, will do well to call and look before purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves, Linens, Bosoms and Collars, etc., at very low prices.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

Grocery Store and Restorator.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has established himself in business, in this town, at the cellar under the shop of Mr. Francis Williams, which has been recently fitted up for the purpose, where the usual variety of a

GROCERY STORE,

will be found, of every quality, and sold by the retail at reasonable prices.

In connection, the best of

OYSTERS,

will also be kept and served up in various ways.

Also—May be found PIES, CAKES, CONFECTIONERY, NUTS, etc., etc.

As the subscriber desires to meet the wants of and to accommodate patrons, he hopes to receive a share of support commensurate with his efforts to serve and cater for the public.

Published every

NUMBER 11.

JOHN A. GREEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to the proprietor at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of procuring advertisements is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions:
JOSHUA BABCOCK, Jr., Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarry.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELLY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. H. OSBORN, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

MISCELLANY.

JOHN JASPARD LAVATER.

It was a practice with Lavater, to read every morning several chapters from the Bible, and select from them one particular passage for frequent and special meditation during the day. One morning, after reading the fifth and sixth chapters of the gospel of St. Matthew, he exclaimed, "What a treasure of morality! how difficult to make choice of any particular portion of it!"

After a few moments consideration, he threw himself down upon his knees, and prayed for divine guidance. When he joined his wife at dinner, she asked him what passage of scripture he had chosen for the day.

"Give to him that asketh thee; and from him that would borrow of thee, turn not away," was the reply.

"And how is this to be understood?" said his wife.

"Give to him that asketh thee; and from him that would borrow of thee, turn not thou away," are the words of him, to whom all and every thing belongs that I possess," rejoined Lavater. "I am the steward, not the proprietor. The proprietor desires me to give to him who asks of me, and not to refuse him that would borrow of me; or, in other words, if I have two coats, I must give one to him that has none, and if I have food, I must share with him who is an hungry and in want; this I must do without being asked; how much more then when asked?"

This, (continues Lavater in his diary,) appeared to me so evidently and incontrovertibly the meaning of the verses in question, that I spoke with more than usual warmth; my wife made no other reply than that she would take these things to heart. I had scarcely left my dining room a few minutes, when an aged widow desired to speak with me, and she was shown into my study.

"Forgive me, dear sir," she said, "excuse the liberty I am about to take; I am really ashamed, but my rent is due to-morrow, and I am short of six dollars. I have been confined to bed with sickness, and my poor child is nearly starving; every penny that I could save I have laid aside to meet this demand, but six dollars are yet wanting, and to-morrow is term day." Here she opened a parcel, which my late husband gave me the day we were married; it is all I can spare of the few articles I possess, and sore it is to part with it. I am aware it is not enough, nor do I see how I could ever repay—but, dear sir, if you can, do assist me."

"I am very sorry, my good woman, that I cannot help you," I said, and putting my hand into my pocket I accidentally felt my purse, which contained about two dollars; these, said I to myself, cannot extricate her from her difficulty—she requires six; besides, even if they could, I have need of this money for other purposes; turning to the widow, I said; "Have you no friend, no relative, who could give you this trifle?"

"No, not a soul! I am ashamed to go from house to house; I would rather work day and night; my excuse for being here is, that people speak so much of your goodness; if, however, you cannot assist me, you

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JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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MISCELLANY.

JOHN JASPARD LAVATER.

It was a practice with Lavater, to read every morning several chapters from the Bible, and select from them one particular passage for frequent and special meditation during the day. One morning, after reading the fifth and sixth chapters of the gospel of St. Matthew, he exclaimed, "What a treasure of morality! how difficult to make choice of any particular portion of it!"

After a few moments consideration, he threw himself down upon his knees, and prayed for divine guidance. When he joined his wife at dinner, she asked him what passage of scripture he had chosen for the day.

"Give to him that asketh thee; and from him that would borrow of thee, turn not thou away," was the reply.

"And how is this to be understood?" said his wife.

"Give to him that asketh thee; and from him that would borrow of thee, turn not thou away," are the words of him, to whom all and every thing belongs that I possess, rejoined Lavater. "I am the steward, not the proprietor. The proprietor desires me to give to him who asks of me, and not to refuse him; if I would borrow of me; or, in other words, if I have two coats, I must give one to him that has none, and if I have food, I must share with him who is an hungry and in want; this I must do without being asked; how much more then when asked?"

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"No, not a soul! I am ashamed to go from house to house; I would rather work day and night; my excuse for being here is, that people speak so much of your goodness; if, however, you cannot assist me, you will at least forgive my intrusion, and God, who has never yet forsaken me, will surely, turn away from me in my sixty-sixth year!"

At this moment the door of my apartment opened, and my wife entered. I was ashamed and vexed; gladly would I have sent her away, for conscience whispered—"Give to him that asketh of thee, and from him who would borrow of thee, turn not thou away."

She came up to me, and said, with much sweetness, "This is a good old woman—she has certainly been ill of late; assist her if you can."

Shame and compassion struggled in my darkened soul. "I have but two dollars," I said in a whisper, "and she requires six; I'll give her a trifle in the hand and let her go."

Laying her hand on my arm, and smiling in my face, my wife said aloud what conscience had whispered before—"Give to him that asketh of thee; and from him that would borrow of thee, turn not thou away."

I blushed, and replied with some little vexation, "Would you give your ring for the purpose?"

"With pleasure," answered my wife, pulling off her ring.

The good widow was either too simple or too modest to notice what was going on, and was preparing to retire, when my wife called her to wait in the lobby.

When we were left alone, I asked my wife, "Are you in earnest about the ring?"

"Certainly; how can you doubt it?" she replied, "do you think I would trifle with charity? Remember what you said half an hour ago; oh, my dear friend, let us not make a show of the gospel! You are, in general, so kind, so sympathizing, how is it that you now find it so difficult to assist this poor woman?"

Why did you not, without hesitation, give her what you had in your pocket? And did you not know there were yet six dollars in your desk, and that the quarter will be paid to us in less than eight days?" She then added, with much feeling, "Take no thought for your life, what ye shall drink; nor yet for your body, what ye shall put on. Behold the fowls of the air; they sow not, neither do they reap, nor gather into barns; yet your Heavenly Father feedeth them."

I kissed my wife while tears ran down my cheeks. "Thanks, a thousand thanks for this humiliation."

I turned to the desk, took from it six dollars, and opened the door to call in the poor widow; all darkened around me at the thought that I had been so forgetful of the omniscience of God, as to say to her, "I cannot help you." "Oh, thou false tongue! thou false heart! if the Lord should mark iniquities, oh Lord, who shall stand!"

"Here is what you need," I said, addressing the widow.

At first she seemed not to understand what I meant, and thought I was offering her a small contribution, for which she thanked me and pressed my hand; but when she perceived I had given her the whole sum, she could scarcely believe it. "Dear sir, I cannot repay it; all I possess is this little book, and it is old."

"Keep your book," I said, "and the money too, and thank God, and not me, for verily I deserve no thanks after having so long refused your entreaties. Go in peace, and forgive an erring brother."

I returned to my wife with down-cast looks; but she smiled and said, "Do not take it so much to heart, my friend; you yielded at my first suggestion; but promise me so long as I wear a gold ring on my finger, and you know that I possess several, you will never allow yourself to say to any poor person, 'I cannot help you.'"

She kissed me, and left the apartment.

When I found myself alone, I sat down and wrote this account in my diary, in order to humble my deceitful heart—this heart which no longer than yesterday dictated these words: "Of all characters in the world, there is none I would more anxiously avoid being than a hypocrite; yet to preach the whole moral law, and fulfil only the easy part of it, is hypocrisy."

Merciful Father, how long must I wait and reflect and struggle, ere I shall be able to rely on the perfect sincerity of my profession? I read over once more the chapter I had read this morning with so little benefit, and felt more and more ashamed and convicted that there was no peace except where principle and practice are in perfect accordance. How peacefully and happily I might have ended this day, had I acted up, conscientiously to the blessed doctrine I professed. Dear Saviour, send thy Holy Spirit into this benighted heart! cleanse it no longer than yesterday dictated these words: "Of all characters in the world, there is none I would more anxiously avoid being than a hypocrite; yet to preach the whole moral law, and fulfil only the easy part of it, is hypocrisy."

But this clever young man said, "Give you my meat and wine? No, I thank you; I should not have enough left for myself;" and away he went.

He soon began to cut down a tree; but he had not worked long before he missed his stroke, and cut himself, and was obliged to go home to have his wound dressed. Now it was the little old man that caused him this mischief.

Next went out the second son to work; and his mother gave him too a pastry and a bottle of wine. And the same little old man met him also, and asked him for something to eat and drink. But he, though thought himself vastly clever, and said, "Whatever you get, I shall lose; so go your way!"

The little man took care that he should have his reward; and the second stroke that he aimed against a tree hit him on the leg; so that he too was forced to go home.

Then Dumpling said, "Father, I should like to go and cut wood too."

"But his father answered, 'Your brothers have both lamed themselves; you had better stay at home, for you know nothing of the business.'"

But Dumpling was very pressing; and at last his father said, "Go your way; you will be wiser when you have suffered for your folly."

And his mother gave him only some dry bread and a bottle of sour beer; but when he went into the wood, he met the little old man, who said, "Give me some meat and drink, for I am very hungry and thirsty."

Dumpling replied, "I have only dry bread and sour beer; if that will suit you we will sit down and eat it together."

So they sat down; and when the lad pulled out his bread, behold it was turned into a capital pastry, and his sour beer became delightful wine. They ate and drank heartily; and when they had done, the little man said, "As you have a kind heart, and have been willing

family. All the Adelines, Susannahs, Pollies, Angelinas, etc. were invited, and most of them were prompt in their attendance. The usual and never exhausted topic of the weather, was amply discussed by the ladies and gentlemen in conjunction—the unpleasant topic of hard times and scarcity of money was talked over by the gents—new bonnets and new fashions came in for a full share of the tongueology of the ladies—and lastly it was whispered to one of the company that Dea. Nonesuch had been guilty of a crime never to be got over. Soon it passed from one to another, till at length the whole room was filled with gloom at the sad intelligence, and the hitherto sprightly party broke up with sundry long faces and mournful looks.

The news soon spread far and wide. And, as a story never loses much by traveling, so this lost one of its enormity. Everybody in the parish had a finger in it. Finally it reached the ears of the parson; he conferred with the other deacons of the church, and finally appointed a day to give Dea. Nonesuch a church mauling.

The day arrived; the deacon was summoned to appear. Great was the tribulation and anguish manifested by the good man on the occasion. At length the Rev. Pastor arose and said, "Mr. Nonesuch, (for I cannot call you brother as I have wont) it is currently reported in this village, upon good authority, that you have stole some axes. As members of this Christian church, we have met to see what degree of truth is attached to these reports which have been so copiously circulated through the village for the last week, detrimental alike to yourself, and to the church of which you are a member."

The deacon rose under great emotion and said, "I hardly know, my dear friends, how such a base report has got currency; all I can say is, that I throw the lie in the teeth of the slanderer, and defy him to the proof."

"Well, sir," said the Parson, "we have traced the story through every lane and avenue in the village, and have lodged it upon the shoulders of Mr. Grosh; let him speak. Mr. Grosh, did you report that Deacon Nonesuch stole some axes?"

"On my life I did not!"

"Call Mr. Garlick then. Mr. Garlick, what did Mr. Grosh tell you about Deacon Nonesuch?"

"Why, he said he'd been stealing axes."

"Ah! I understand," said the Parson. He shot last week, and he was making axes. He was welding on the steel, and I inquired what he was doing, and he replied that he was stealing an axe; and that, I suppose was the foundation of the report."

The mystery being solved to the satisfaction of all, the convention separated, after an exhortation by the chairman to the several members to be more careful in future how they dealt in double entendres.

THE GOLDEN GOOSE.

There was a man who had three sons. The youngest was called Dumpling, and was on all occasions despised and ill-treated by the whole family. It happened that the eldest took it into his head one day to go into the woods and cut fuel; and his mother gave him a delicious pastry and a bottle of wine to take with him, that he might refresh himself at his work. As he went into the wood, a little old man bid him good day, and said, "Give me a little piece of meat from your plate, and a little wine out of your bottle; I am very hungry and thirsty."

But this clever young man said, "Give you my meat and wine? No, I thank you; I should not have enough left for myself;" and away he went.

He soon began to cut down a tree; but he had not worked long before he missed his stroke, and cut himself, and was obliged to go home to have his wound dressed. Now it was the little old man that caused him this mischief.

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So they sat down; and when the lad pulled out his bread, behold it was turned into a capital pastry, and his sour beer became delightful wine. They ate and drank heartily; and when they had done, the little man said, "As you have a kind heart, and have been willing

to share every thing with me, I will send a blessing upon you. There stands an old tree; cut it down, and you will find something at the root." Then he took his leave and went his way.

Dumpling set to work, and cut down the tree; and when it fell, he found in a hollow under the roots a goose with feathers of pure gold. He took it up, and went on to an inn, where he proposed to sleep for the night. The landlord had three daughters; and when they saw the goose, they were very curious to examine what this wonderful bird could be, and wished very much to pluck one of the feathers out of its tail.

At last the eldest said, "I must and will have a feather."

So she waited till Dumpling's back was turned, and then seized the goose by the wing; but to her great surprise there she stuck, for neither hand or finger could she get away again.

Presently in came the second sister, and thought to have a feather too; but the moment she touched her sister, there she too hung fast.

At last came the third, and wanted a feather; but the other two cried out, "Keep away! for heaven's sake keep away!"

However, she did not understand what they meant.

"If they are there," she reasoned, "I may as well be there too."

So she went up to them; but the moment she touched her sisters she stuck fast, and hung to the goose as they did. And so they kept company with the goose all night.

The next morning Dumpling carried off the goose under his arm, and took no notice of the three girls, but went out with them sticking fast behind; and wherever he traveled, they too were obliged to follow, whether they would or not, as fast as their legs could carry them.

In the middle of a field a parson met them; and when he saw the train, he said, "Are you not ashamed of yourselves, you bold girls, to run after the young man in that way over the fields? is that proper behaviour?"

Then he took the youngest by the hand to lead her away; but the moment he touched her he too hung fast, and followed in the train.

Presently up came the clerk; and when he saw his master, the parson, running after the three girls, he wondered greatly, and said, "Holla! holla! your reverence! whither so fast? there is a christening to-day."

As the five were thus trudging along, one behind another, they met two laborers with their mattocks coming from work; and the parson cried out to them to set him free. But scarcely had they touched him, when they too fell into the ranks, and so made seven, all running after Dumpling and his goose.

At last they arrived at a city, where reigned a king who had an only daughter. The princess was of so thoughtful and serious a turn of mind that no one could make her laugh; and the king had proclaimed, to all the world, that whoever could make her laugh should have her for his wife.

When Dumpling heard this, he went to her with his goose and all its train; and when she saw the seven all hanging together, and running about treading on each other's heels, she could not help bursting into a long and loud laugh. Then her hero claimed her for his bride; the wedding was celebrated, and he was heir to the kingdom, and lived long and happily with his wife.

"Save those fragments, Laura; let nothing be lost which can be of use," said Mrs. Marsh to her daughter, as she was about to consign to the flames sundry odd bits and ends, of various colors and sizes, which she had thrown upon the carpet during her morning's employment of sewing.

"What signifies a few little bits of cloth, mother?"

"These are not very little pieces, my dear," said Mrs. Marsh, drawing from Laura's reluctant hand several of respectable size, and holding them up to her view. "And even if there were, so many wasted every day in every family, would signify a good deal to the paper-manufacturers; and the worth of them in the course of a year, might possibly signify even to Miss Marsh."

"I am sure, mother, you cannot expect me to trouble my head about the paper-makers; and all the scraps I could save in a year, would not be worth sixpence."

"I assure you, my daughter, I do expect you to trouble your head about whatever concerns the interest and welfare of others, even though it should cost you as great an effort as the saving your paper rags. How much the world is indebted to the manufacturers of paper, I suppose both you and your friend understand, (glancing at a young lady who had sat silently listening to the conversation,) and even if their value was but one sixpence, a year, that is too much to be wasted; but I know from long experience in house-keeping, that it is several. I recommend to save every scrap that is good for nothing else, for the paper mills."

"Save even your basting threads to use again," she continued, while she busied herself in collecting several long threads which were adhering to the before mentioned pieces, and like them destined to the flames. "Save, in short, for one year the numberless little things you are in the daily habit of wasting; keep an exact account of all; and at the end of the

year put the amount in your charity purse; I am confident you will find your power of doing good considerably increased by it."

"If I thought, mother, the sum saved would be at all worth the while, I am sure I should be willing to take some pains for such a purpose."

"Well, my dear, which do you doubt, my judgment or my word, on the subject?"

"Neither, dear mother," answered Laura, coloring; "I am sure you know best, and I know you never speak what you do not think. I will reform to-day, and try to follow your recommendation through the year."

Elizabeth Sutherland, their young visitor, had risen during this discussion, and stood, rather impatiently, awaiting its conclusion.

"We will go to walk with Elizabeth now," said Mrs. Marsh, smiling; "if her patience, which I am sure is exemplary, will hold out till we can fetch our hats and parasols."

"What a stingy woman Mrs. Marsh is," said Elizabeth Sutherland to her mother, when she came home.

Mrs. Sutherland gave no signs of acquiescence in this opinion, and the young lady, after waiting what she thought a reasonable time, asked, rather impatiently, "Don't you think so, mother?"

"No," answered Mrs. Sutherland.

"Then I don't know what stinginess is."

"I agree with you there," answered the mother, smiling.

Elizabeth colored, even to her temples. "If you knew what I know of Mrs. Marsh, mother, I am almost sure you would think as I do about her."

"Nay, my daughter, she has been my best friend for more years than you have lived in the world. All this time I have known her for a liberal and judicious economist; and I cannot believe she is at once changed into so vile a character."

"Liberal economist, mother! is not that an odd phrase? I do not think liberality and economy can ever be joined together."

"No, my dear; because you have no right ideas of these virtues. You call economy, stinginess—and extravagance, liberality. I suppose. The truth is, they are not at all allied to each other. Economy is careful not to waste, but does not grudge to use the bounties of Providence; to use or waste is alike painful to stinginess. Economy saves, that she may open wide her hand to the children of want; stinginess wastes, that she may hoard up treasure."

"What is the difference between extravagance and liberality, mother?"

"Extravagance is the foolish throwing away of money for the gratification of every idle fancy; and liberality is the judicious using it for the benefit of ourselves or others."

"Well, mother, I admit that my opinion of Mrs. Marsh was too hastily formed."

"And not very decorously expressed—you will acknowledge that too, I hope."

"Yes, mother," answered Elizabeth, with a crimson cheek; "but still I cannot think she was quite right, for when we went into the milliner's shop, she declined purchasing a bonnet for Laura, which she really needed."

"Perhaps she wants it, but does not need it."

"Indeed, mother, the milliner said she needed one; and Laura said so, and I said so. Now I am sure you think that parents ought to supply the wants of their children, if they can."

"Certainly, my dear, the real wants, but not the fancied wants. If I rightly remember, Laura's bonnet is quite fresh and clean."

"Yes, but that is because she is so careful of every thing; she has worn it a long time."

"That is no reason why she should not continue to wear it."

"But it is so unfashionable, mother."

"Unfashionable! what magic is in the sound! No matter how comfortable, or pretty, or becoming any thing is, let but that word be breathed over it, and it passes at once into oblivion. I think Mrs. Marsh was quite right in judging for herself what she could afford, or what was proper for her to purchase, instead of suffering herself to be led by others. She best knows her own resources and the demands likely to be made upon them. Mrs. Marsh is not rich. She has enough for the comforts of life—nothing for its costly decorations. Yet limited as her income is, she contrives, by her excellent management to command all that is really valuable and useful—all that can add to the happiness of herself and family. You can perceive, that if there be only money enough to purchase necessary and useful things, and part of it go for superfluities, there must be a deficiency of the others. You would not much like to see your friend Laura with a new bonnet, and an old, unidy pair of shoes; or with a pretty necklace and a faded dress. It would shock Mrs. Marsh's taste, even more than yours. There is a beautiful fitness and propriety in her whole establishment, which shows her judgment and good sense. She has the true economy to proportion her expenses to her income, while she makes it produce to her family all the happiness it is capable of producing; and she has the true wisdom to wish for those only which it is proper for her to have. If the occurrences and conversation of this morning prove a salutary lesson to you, I shall dare to hope that you will in time become as useful and estimable a woman."

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
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OLD COLONY RAILROAD. The second annual report states that this road was opened on the 10th of November, 1845, and that the earnings for the few days prior to December 1st, amounted to \$3,827 70. No freight had been carried over the road prior to that time.

The report further states, that the whole amount of capital paid in, December 1st, 1845, was \$888,730; expenditure, \$839,730.

GENERAL COURT. The committee on Towns have reported a bill to establish a Fire Department at Weymouth Landing, in connection with the adjoining part of Braintree.

The committee on Mercantile Affairs and Insurance, have reported leave to withdraw upon petitions of City of Boston, and of B. V. French and others, for control of certain flats in Boston harbor.

A bill has been reported authorizing the Commissioners of Norfolk County to build a bridge at Braintree.

A petition was presented, of nineteen inhabitants of Dorchester and Quincy, for the secession of Massachusetts from the American Union.

CONGRESS. The Senate are engaged in discussing the Oregon question. Mr. Dayton of New Jersey, Mr. Evans of Maine, (whigs,) and Mr. Hayward of North Carolina, (dem.) opposed the notice, and spoke in favor of compromising the subject, while Mr. Breese of Illinois, (dem.) went for the whole of Oregon. The remarks of the North Carolina Senator were so unexpected and decided, that considerable sensation was created. It is still believed that the American side, for the whole of Oregon, will be successful in the Senate—notwithstanding the wavering policy of some Senators, who fear foreign power.

In the House, nothing of very great moment seems to be doing. The war fever appears to be entirely allayed, and there will probably be no great excitement in this branch until the new tariff bill is reported.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The election for Governor, Members of the Legislature, a Member of Congress, etc., took place last Tuesday. The returns from three-fourths of the State indicate very strongly that there will be no choice of Governor by the people—the regular democratic candidate will lack more than two thousand votes of an election. The chances now are, that the whigs, abolitionists, and Halesites, combined, will have a majority in the House of Representatives, and by a union, defeat in the Legislative convention all the regular democratic candidates. A United States Senator will have to be chosen by the new Legislature. This result in the political affairs of New Hampshire has been principally accomplished through the instrumentality of John P. Hale.

TEXAS NAVY. The Texas Navy, which a bill now before Congress proposes to attach to that of the United States, consists of the following vessels, viz: the ship Austin, of twenty guns; brig Archer, of eighteen guns; and schooner San Bernard, of seven guns. Also one brig of little value. The officers in her navy are, one commodore, two captains, eight lieutenants, two masters, nine midshipmen, one surgeon and two pursers.

THE NEW DEPOT. The Depot of the Old Colony Railroad is now changed from South Boston, to the corner of Beach and Albany streets. It is a large and splendid building, sixty-seven feet wide, and one hundred and seventy feet long, double tracks running into it, with all the modern improvements in its arrangement. There is a commodious Hall over the depot, with suitable drawing rooms connected, which is to be used for the accommodation of parties, and public or private assemblies.

FATAL DUEL. A week or two since a duel, of a most aggravated character, occurred between Mr. John H. Pleasants, editor of the Richmond Star, and Mr. Thomas Riddle, Jr., editor of the Richmond Enquirer. It was fought near Richmond city. Mr. Pleasants was mortally wounded; subsequently his wounds resulted in death. The duel grew out of the subject of Negro Emancipation—Mr. Pleasants advocating the measure on prudential grounds.

RAILROAD PETITIONS. The Committee on Railroads have reported leave to withdraw on the petitions of Laban Souther and others, and Paul Pratt and others, for a railroad from Cohasset to Quincy, and Christopher Webb and others, for a railroad from East Weymouth to Quincy.

The same committee reported a bill, on the petition of Gershon B. Weston and others, for a railroad from Duxbury to Quincy, to establish the South Shore Railroad Company.

A bill has also been reported, incorporating the Hanover Branch Railroad, extending from Hanover Four Corners, through Hanover and East Abington village, to the Old Colony Railroad, in Abington.

TEXAS SENATORS. Gen. Samuel Houston, and Thomas J. Rusk, have been elected Senators to Congress from the new State of Texas, and will shortly take their seats.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

FOREIGN NEWS. The packet ship Toronto which arrived in New York on the 4th instant, brings advices from England four days later than those received by the Cambria, and from the tenor of the European press it is apparent that a war fever, which it was supposed would be occasioned by the action of Congress on the Oregon question, has not shown itself, but on the other hand, they look upon the notice to be given by the United States for the abrogation of the treaty of 1828, to be rather of peaceable character, and in addition, thereto the London Times says, "both governments will remember that the year of notice is a year of grace and that it will be an indelible blot upon both if during that period the question cannot be peaceably settled and all differences properly reconciled."

The most unpleasant news which we have received is the increasing fear of famine in Ireland and the charges for potatoes and bread have so much advanced that incalculable distress is anticipated. The subject has been before Parliament and the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated that he had in consequence of the expected shortness of the crops, given orders for the purchase of large quantities of Indian corn in America. This confirms the report in regard to the purchase of corn in the western States now on the way to England via New Orleans. One house in New York has purchased over a million dollars worth of this article.

PUR. DOC. We have received from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, "Statistics of the condition and products of certain branches of Industry in Massachusetts, for the year ending April 1, 1845," a book of nearly four hundred pages, containing much useful information regarding the industry of Massachusetts.

To the same source, we are indebted for a copy of the "Bank Abstract," "Pauper Abstract," "Abstract of returns of the Keepers of Jails and Overseers of the Houses of Correction," "Insurance Abstract," and "Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths," all valuable documents, and doing credit to the Hon. John G. Palfrey, for by him they were all prepared.

PETER PARLEY. The Boston Transcript says, that the original author of Parley's tales has been lecturing against strong drinks in Charleston, (S. C.) His first appearance in that city was greeted by a large audience curious to see the renowned author of "Peter Parley's conversations with little boys and girls," and the novelty of the occasion brought together a crowd of these interesting little auditors. Doubtless many were astonished when, instead of seeing an old man with his cane, the Hon. S. G. Goodrich, the veritable Peter Parley, came forward erect and of middle age.

SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS. It is worthy of note that the deposits in the Savings Banks of Massachusetts are more than a million dollars greater than the amount in similar institutions in the populous State of New York. The aggregate amount of deposits in the Savings Banks of Massachusetts, at the time of the last annual returns, was \$9,813,237. It is probable that some quite important States have not so much real capital, aside from land and negroes, as is deposited in the Savings Banks of this State. The whole number of depositors is stated to be 53,178.

TEMPERANCE IN DORCHESTER. At the Town Meeting, lately held in Dorchester, it was voted to instruct the selectmen to prosecute all persons in that town who sell alcoholic drinks contrary to law—only four voting in the negative.

The Hon. John Slidell, United States Minister to Mexico, left the capital of that Republic for home. He was furnished with an escort, but a passport was denied him.

The city of Boston, it is said, gives more for charitable purposes, than three times the population in any other part of the Union.

It is the custom in Russia for a soldier who happens to meet an officer standing in the street, to come to a halt, and not move forward until his superior starts, if he should stand still for twenty-four hours.

It is said that the Chinese expend annually about three hundred and sixty millions of dollars for incense to burn before their idols—about one dollar for each inhabitant of the empire.

Of the eight hundred millions who now live on the earth, a dozen pages will be sufficient to record the names of those who will be remembered a few centuries hence.

The case of Rhode Island against the State of Massachusetts, has been decided by the United States Supreme Court. The decision is against the State of Rhode Island.

In the Auburn penitentiary are a father and three sons, the youngest only fourteen years of age.

A bill has passed the Massachusetts House of Representatives to incorporate the town of Ashland, in Middlesex county—to be made up of a part of Framingham and Hopkinton.

Gen. Scott has issued an order to discontinue the firing of morning and evening guns at the several military posts in the country.

Ephraim W. Allen, Esq., formerly publisher and editor of the Newburyport (Mass.) Herald, died in that town, a few days since. He had conducted the Herald, with signal ability, for a period of thirty years.

It is proposed by the colored people to hold a National Convention, some time next summer, in Cleveland, (O.) The object is to concentrate opinion among themselves upon some plan of colonization. Some of them think of asking for a part of Oregon.

In Vermont they have this year elected Temperance Commissioners, by a majority of four hundred and thirty votes. Last year there were some three hundred majority the other way.

All the barbers of Detroit, (Mich.) have agreed and resolved no longer to serve in their vocation on the Sabbath.

Major Thomas Stockton, Governor of the State of Delaware, died lately while sitting in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, conversing on business.

The first newspaper published in Virginia was established in 1780. The subscription was fifty dollars a year—price for advertising, ten dollars the first week, and seven dollars for each subsequent insertion. The paper was issued weekly.

The authorities of Orleans, (France,) have voted twenty thousand francs, to erect a statue of Joan of Arc. The people of France propose to increase the sum.

Rev. David Fosdick has been installed minister of Hollis Street Church, in Boston, lately vacated by the retirement of Rev. John Pierpont. The sermon was by Rev. Dr. Putnam of Roxbury.

A bill has passed the Legislature of Alabama, which provides that the property of women shall not be taken to pay debts of their husbands contracted before marriage; also, that the husband shall not be liable for the wife's debts, except so far as her property will pay them.

A lady, said to be beautiful, has been committed to prison in New York, for seducing another woman's husband.

Advices from Yucatan represent the people of that province as looking for their annexation to the United States.

In April next, on the twenty-fifth, will occur a great solar eclipse, visible in this region. It is the largest to be seen for several years to come.

Azariah Fuller, aged eighty-two years, died at Hingham, on Wednesday last. He entered the army in 1780, being then but sixteen years of age, and continued to serve his country until the end of the war.

James Walker, for a long time landlord of the National Hotel, Charlestown, died of apoplexy on Thursday last. His health was, apparently, good a few hours previous.

A man in Troy, (N. Y.) is doing a smashing business by letting post coaches run over him, and then commencing suits for damages. He has cleared seventeen hundred and twenty dollars, in the last nine months—three hundred dollars on one angle alone.

John Brazer, of Salem, a distinguished clergyman of the Unitarian denomination, died on the twenty-sixth ult., on the plantation of a friend and associate in South Carolina, aged fifty-seven years. He had gone there for the recovery of his health.

Woman, says the New York Mirror, was made out of a rib from the side of Adam—not out of his head to top him—not out of his feet to be trampled upon by him—but out of his side to be equal to him; under his arm to be protected; and near his heart to be loved.

The female portion of our community being more frequently liable than the other sex to diseases of the Lungs and Chest, and Coughs, &c., we would recommend to read the advertisement of Mr. C. Brinckhoff, in another column, concerning his Health Restorative. Having been the means of curing many of the most beautiful and interesting of the sex from the severest attacks of disease, it has won the favor and influence of the ladies, so freely bestowed upon any article which engages their interest. 47

MARRIED.

In Milton, on the 4th, by Rev. Mr. Harding, Mr. JOHN BATES of M. to Miss CAROLINE KIMBALL of this town.

Upon Adam fell a deep sleep,
And then without his leave,
His rib was took and from it form'd
The lovely, blushing Eve.
Now since that time, all Adam's sons
Are conscious of a void,
And Eve's fair daughters, nothing loth,
Will woo, and win, and coy.

The man is straitened for his rib
And needs the curbing reins;
The woman for her element
Returns to him again.

But since the nuptial joys were foiled
By Satan's subtle snare,
Bliss unalloyed they cannot reap—
'Tis not man's lot to share.

If I was not a bachelor,
Then I would bet a cent,
To ridicule conjugal bliss
Would ne'er be my intent.

May Heaven smile and shower down,
Rich treasures from above;
On Rower beds may they recline
And dwell in peace and love. W. T.

DIED.

In this town, March 8th, Irene Zelophe, daughter of Mr. Don Carlos and Mrs. Harriet Blake, aged 10 days.

On the 11th, George Lyman, son of Mr. Jason and Mrs. Harriet N. Clapp, aged 4 months.

On the 12th, Mr. Eliphalet Chandler, aged 79 years and 4 months. Funeral at half past one o'clock, this day, at the Episcopal Church.

On the 12th, Charles N., only child of Mr. Charles R. and Mrs. Julia A. Mitchell, aged 14 months and 20 days.

In Dorchester, Mrs. Sally Bussey, widow of the late John Bussey, Esq., aged 63.

Collector's Notice.

To all whom it may concern:
The subscriber gives notice to all who have not paid their Taxes, that he will call upon them on the 15th of April, and all who do not settle by that date may expect to have their property advertised.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector.
Quincy, March 14. 2w

There are fifteen hundred families who receive their maintenance chiefly from the Almshouse of New York city.

NOTICES.

The Officers of the Quincy Total Abstinence Society, are hereby reminded that their meeting stands adjourned to MONDAY EVENING next, at seven o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

M. W. SULLIVAN, Secretary.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TOMORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.

C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at seven o'clock.

A social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Lyceum Room, WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 25th, at seven o'clock.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION—
Have we sufficient evidence of the final holiness and happiness of all mankind?

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. We publish below a letter from the editor of the Congressional Journal, Concord, (N. H.) respecting the merits of Wistar's Balsam. Generally we have little confidence in such certificates; but knowing well the author of the one below, as a gentleman of high moral character and personal integrity, we cannot for a moment doubt the truth of his entire statement, or question the value of this popular remedy.—Boston Daily Traveller.

CONCORD, (N. H.) March 2, 1846.

MR. S. W. FOWLE, Dear Sir,—Two years ago the past winter, a sudden and violent attack upon my lungs by exposure to cold, confined me to my room and bed for several weeks; and when I recovered I was so much oppressed by difficulty in breathing, that I was incapable of rapid walking and violent exercise, and often was unable to sleep or rest upon a bed by night. The suffering was frequently extreme, and judging from the inefficiency of the remedies used, I supposed the disease incurable. Being persuaded to try a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry without the least confidence in its efficacy or that of any other prescription, no one can fully understand my surprise and joy, when I found the difficulty almost entirely removed before one bottle was used up. Having a mortal aversion to medicine, and seldom using it in any form, nothing but sympathy with my fellow sufferers induces me to make this public statement, and recommend the article to others similarly afflicted. With respect, yours truly,

HENRY WOOD.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, March 14. 1w

Notice.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN, was, by mutual consent, dissolved on the 21st of January.

CHARLES A. CUMMINGS, M. W. SULLIVAN.

THE business will be pursued as heretofore, by the undersigned. Freight of BRICKS will be received immediately on the opening of navigation, and a constant supply of prime quality THOMSON LIME for the trade. HARD AND SOFT WOOD AS USUAL.

Quincy, March 14. M. W. SULLIVAN.

To be sold at private sale.

SEVERAL very likely young COWS, from four to seven years old,—will calve in about three weeks. Also—One that has calved and gives milk. Also—One yoke of five years old working Oxen, full of flesh, and large.

Quincy, March 14. MINOTT THAYER.

Braintree, March 14. 1w

Canal Meeting.

THE Stockholders of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified that their Annual Meeting stands adjourned to MONDAY EVENING, the 16th of March instant, at seven o'clock, at the Hancock House in Quincy. A full attendance is requested.

Quincy, March 14. JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Clerk. 1w

Toll Keeper Wanted.

SEALED Proposals will be received by Capt. Michael Humphrey, Dorchester, or by the subscriber, until TUESDAY, March 24th, inst., for the situation of Toll Keeper of the Granite Bridge.

Quincy, March 14. WILLIAM B. DUGGAN. 2w

The Planting Season.

Commercial Garden and Nursery OF PARSONS & CO.

THE Proprietors desire to call attention to this extensive establishment, now one of the largest in the Union, covering an area of more than fifty acres, and compactly planted with every desirable variety of Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

Their Fruit Trees they can recommend, as being straight and thrifty; of undoubted genuineness, as to variety, which they ensure by close personal attention to propagating from the most reliable sources and from bearing trees, and as being from the well-ripened state of the wood, peculiarly adapted for removal to higher latitudes.

To those who are in need of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, they can with confidence recommend their assortment, embracing together with the old standard varieties, many new species selected personally by the Proprietors from the principal Horticultural establishments of Europe, whence they are receiving constant additions.

Grape Vines, Raspberry Bushes, Currant Bushes, Gooseberry Bushes, Asparagus Roots, and Scions, of the best kinds of fruits, can be had.

All orders addressed to M. R. & E. MARSH, Quincy, their Agents, will be immediately attended to, where a sample of their trees can be seen.

March 14. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. March 9th, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

ENOCH C. WILDER, of Weymouth, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of April, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

March 14. 2w

Farm to Let in Quincy.

TO Let, the well known FARM, late the estate of Col. Edward Glover, deceased, situate on Squantum Street, in Quincy. The land consists of Mowing, Tillage and Pasturing, containing about seventy-five acres.

For many years it has been improved as a Milk Farm, and to persons engaged in that business, it offers a desirable opportunity.

For further particulars, apply to the subscriber or to W. B. DUGGAN, Esq., near the premises.

Milton, March 14. 3w

To be Let.

A DWELLING-HOUSE, situated near the Stone Temple.

Inquire of JOHN HAYWARD. 1w

Auction

At Dorchester Lower Mills, on TUESDAY next, March 17th, at nine o'clock.

WEATHER fair or foul, on Preston's Wharf, occupied by Mr. John C. Talbot, who is closing his business, to wit, Coal Wagon, do Cart, Sled, Team Harnesses, Boards, Coal Tube, Screens, Shovels, and other articles used in the Coal Trade. Also, a valuable Team or Carriage Horse, eight years old. Also, about 30 tons Raw Ash Coal, Cords of Wood, Tons best English Hay. Sale positive to close the concern.

Immediately after the above and at the same place, the following belonging to Mr. William Story of Milton, about to moving, to wit, 3 Horses adapted to all kinds of work. 1 Covered Wagon and Harness suitable for a market wagon. 1 Horse Cart, 1 Hay Rigging, 1 Sleigh, 3 Ploughs, 1 Harrow, 1 Cultivator, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels, Manure Forks, etc. Also, sundry articles of Furniture, Bureau, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, etc., etc.

Also—Immediately after, by order of an Assignee, 1 Horse, good in any harness, 1 Covered Wagon and Harness, 1 open Buggy do do, 1 pair double Sleigh Runners.

All the above will positively be sold to the highest bidder WITHOUT RESERVE.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Dorchester, Lower Mills, March 14. 1w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 9th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

EDWARD DAMON, of Quincy, in the County aforesaid, Insolvent.

of Quincy, in the County aforesaid, Insolvent, and that said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against the estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

March 14. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 9th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

CHARLES H. PACKARD, of Quincy, in said County, Insolvent.

and that said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

March 14. 2w

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

EDWARD W. WILDER, of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, an insolvent debtor, and that said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Judge of Probate.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

March 14. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of

HEPBIBAH MILLER, late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, single woman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Administrator.

Quincy, March 14. 3w

Dr. L. Goodnow,

(From Boston), THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN

AND SURGEON,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.

Farm to Let in Quincy.
TO Let, the well known FARM, late the estate of Col. Edward Glover, deceased, situated on Squantum Street, in Quincy. The land consists of Mowing, Tillage and Pasturing, containing about seventy-five acres.
For many years it has been improved as a Milk Farm, and is persons engaged in that business, it offers a desirable opportunity.
For further particulars, apply to the subscriber or to W. B. DUGGAN, Esq., near the premises.
SAMUEL BABCOCK.
Milton, March 14. 3w

To be Let,
A DWELLING-HOUSE, situated near the Stone Temple.
Inquire of JOHN HAYWARD.
Quincy, March 14. 1f

Auction
At Dorchester Lower Mills, on TUESDAY next, March 17th, at nine o'clock.

WEATHER fair or foul, on Preston's Wharf, occupied by Mr. John C. Tallot, who is closing his business, to wit, Coal Wagon, do Cart, Sled, Team Harnesses, Boards, Coal Tube, Screws, Shovels, and other articles used in the Coal Trade. Also, a valuable Team or Carriage Horse, eight years old. Also, about 20 tons Red Ash Coal, Cords of Wood, Tons best English Hay. Sale positive to close the concern.

Immediately after the above and at the same place, the following belonging to Mr. William Story of Milton, about to move, to wit, 3 Horses adapted to all kinds of work, 1 Covered Wagon and Harness suitable for a market wagon, 1 Horse Cart, 1 Hay Rigging, 1 Sleigh, 3 Ploughs, 1 Harrow, 1 Cultivator, Scythe and Snares, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels, Manure Forks, etc. Also, sundry articles of Furniture, Bureau, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, etc., etc.

Also—Immediately after, by order of an Assignee, 1 Horse, good in any harness, 1 Covered Wagon and Harness, 1 open Buggy do do, 1 pair double Sleigh Runners.
All the above will positively be sold to the highest bidder WITHOUT RESERVE.
GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.
Dorchester, Lower Mills, March 14. 1w

In Insolvency.
NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 9th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of EDWARD DAMON, of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Somerset, of Quincy, in said County, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be holden at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
March 14. 2w

In Insolvency.
NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 9th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of CHARLES H. PACKARD, of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an Insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be holden at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
March 14. 2w

Insolvent Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of EDWARD W. WILDER, of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, an insolvent debtor, and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be holden at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present, and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
March 14. 2w

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of
HEPZIBAH MILLER, late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, singlewoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Administrator.
Quincy, March 14. 3w

Dr. L. Goodnow,
(From Boston.)
THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN
AND
SURGEON,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.
Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.
He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To Let,
THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House, are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.
Possession given the first of April.
For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Selection of
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Quincy.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

MONUMENT TO THE MEMORY OF GEN. ANDREW JACKSON, containing twenty-five Eulogies and Sermons delivered on occasion of his death. To which is added an Appendix containing the several Jackson Proclamations, his Farewell Address and a certified copy of his last Will; with a sketch of his life and a Portrait. For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, March 7. 3w

To Let,
THE House, Barn and Land now occupied by Joshua Fisher, in School St., and possession given the 1st of April. For further information enquire of Mrs. M. PHIPPS, on the premises, or of HENRY FOUTHER, at his Store corner of Washington and Coddington Sts Quincy, March 7. 1f

To Let,
ONE HALF of the House, near the Railroad Depot, and a few rods from the Hancock House. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of
JOHN or JOSIAH SAVIL.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To be Let.
AND possession given on the first of April, a House situated on the Brainerd and Weymouth Turnpike, and only a few rods from the Episcopal Church in this town. Inquire near the premises of
JOSEPH N. BROWN.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To be Let.
PART of the House of the subscriber, which is every way convenient. Possession given on or before the first of April. Inquire of
JOHN L. SOUTHER.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To Let.
ONE half of a house on Washington St., with or without about three acres of land. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of
LYDIA SPEAR.
Quincy Point, March 7. 1f

To Let.
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street. Inquire of
LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of
DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To Let.
ONE HALF of a House situated opposite Mr. Alden French's residence, on the Brainerd and Weymouth Turnpike. Enquire of
DANIEL BAXTER.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

Partnership Notice.
THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of
CALEB GILL & Co.
CALEB GILL, Jr.
Quincy, March 2, 1846. 1f

The Town Officer.
A DIGEST of the Laws of Massachusetts in relation to the Power, Duties and Liabilities of Towns and Town Officers; with the necessary forms. By Benjamin F. Thomas, Counsellor at Law.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, March 7. 3w

Cheap Goods for the Spring.
F. HARDWICK, JR.,
HAS on hand Goods and remnants of articles, and being desirous to close in order to be prepared for changes in fashion, will sell, if applied for within a few days, the remainder at
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
New and fashionable Goods for the Spring trade will be received in a few days.
All who intend to buy are respectfully invited to call, and no mistake but the articles will be sold at the lowest possible price. A quick sale and cash payment are the life of trade.
Quincy, March 7. 4w

In Insolvency.
NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 4th, 1846.
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of
RUFUS S. PREBLE, of Canton, in the County of Norfolk, formerly copartner in trade with Lewis H. Beale, late resident at St. Albans, in Franklin County, Vermont, (but whose present place of residence is unknown to said Preble,) under the style of Beale & Preble, and formerly negotiating jointly as aforesaid at Westfield, in the County of Hampden, Massachusetts, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.
The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignee or Assignees. By order of said Master.
JESSE K. WEBSTER, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger
March 7. 2w

Grain Store—Old Stand.
HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Coddington and Washington Street,
CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, ETC., which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.
Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with
Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 1f

Partnership Notice.
THE subscribers having this day formed a Partnership under the firm of
ABERCROMBIE & BENT, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware.
Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity. N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense.
WYMAN ABERCROMBIE,
EBENEZER BENT, Jr.
Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1846. 1f

Straw and Florence Bonnets
Selling at Cost.
THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of
STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS, will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheaply.
S. S. MARSH.
Quincy, Jan. 21. 1f

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S
HEALTH RESTORATIVE.

THE Proprietor desires to express the fact, that his medicine is even capable of more than carrying out what he recommends it for. As for instance he has heretofore not recommended it as a perfect cure in all cases of Consumption, and other diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Throat, Coughs and Colds, but persons who use it being the best judges of its merits, decide at once that it is the perfection of an effective medicinal preparation. Testimonials crowd in on the Proprietor, stating such rapid cures of the above diseases even when of the most aggravating character, that there is no withholding the natural inference that it exceeds in power, by the effect of its singularly happy vegetable combination, any of the mineral and dangerous nostrums devised by the hand of quackery. This medicine is Nature's grand specific in Lung complaints; it touches the seat of the disease, it proceeds at once to purify and deplete the lungs and chest of those humors and decayed parts which result from the action of disease, and when it has performed this part of its office, it commences to repair the ravages made in the vitals, and strengthens and increases the action of the vessels so that the part is renewed sufficiently to perform its wonted duties, and the cure is effected. The Consumptive should know that to them delays are fraught with danger, and even a day wasted in worse than useless tampering with their complaint, if devoted to the use of the Restorative, would be bringing them so much nearer to a cure. There is no abiding sense of comfort while under the mild and soothing yet effectual action of this remedy, which is a happiness indescribable by the patient; it is a feeling of an ensured escape from death by an almost miraculous human intervention. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.
"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."
JAMES R. CHILTON, M.D.
C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
508 Broome Street, New York.
AGENTS.
Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple, Washington Street.
Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD, Weymouth, ELI THAYER.
Feb. 28. 4w

Now's the time, Ladies.
Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.
RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a
FANCY GOODS
AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street.
Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 2m

New Books.
MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M.D.
Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.
Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering, by Henry Ware, Jr.
The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Henry Ware, Jr.
Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition.
New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

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WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at
RUSSELL & Co's
Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,
In Mr. Souther's new Block,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.
N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.
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A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible PROFIT.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

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A share of public patronage is solicited.
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GEORGE A. CREHORE, Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

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N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailoring department, is without a rival at Cutting and making a garment.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Planing and Sawing.
THE subscriber, having taken the Shop of Henry G. Pratt, adjoining Mr. Williams' Tavern, would respectfully inform the public that he will be ready, at all times, to execute the above work.
CHARLES H. EDWARDS.
Quincy, April 12. 1f

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., on the 23d day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M., so much of the real estate of Warren L. Wild, as will pay the tax of five dollars and thirty-five cents, assessed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, with the necessary expenses arising from the sale of the same.
Conditions cash. NATH'L H. HUNT, Collector of Taxes in the Town of Braintree.
Braintree, Feb. 28. 3w

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QUINCY PATRIOT.

Fall and Winter Goods.
"Let another man praise thee and not thine own mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."
A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, viz:
MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal Blue; Alpaca, M. de Laines, PRINTS, Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.
Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspenders, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.
BOOTS.
Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Peg'd do; Slippers.
A good assortment of ready made
SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS, FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.
Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.
BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS, which can be made into any style of garment to suit the fancy of the purchaser.
Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fanny
DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS,
AND OF
VESTINGS,
EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.
All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would find it to their advantage to give us an early call.
Quincy, Oct. 4. 1f E. PACKARD.

Hair Oils, etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are
Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils, (Sands' pure); Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Weyth's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules Hauvel's Lustral; Dettol's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprion Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philmore; Pomatums; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gourd's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumery, Soaps, etc., etc.
Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

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GEORGE A. CREHORE, Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

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CHARLES H. EDWARDS.
Quincy, April 12. 1f

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.
HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of
MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.
LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES,
Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.
Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, etc.
Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines; Hammer's COUGH CANDY.
Howard's Cancer Syrup;
Ellis' Volubility Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTH ACHE DROPS;
Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.
The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.
Quincy, Oct. 18. 1f

Opening of Spring and Summer Goods.
THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable
STRAW BONNETS,
having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of
SUMMER RIBBONS,
which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.
—ALSO—
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
FANCY BONNETS
made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of
Millinery and Fashionable Articles,
CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:
Hosiery, Gloves, Gaiters, Mitts, Collars;
Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;
Cravats, (Paris Cut), Gimpes, and other Trimmings for Dresses; Mantles, &c.
MOURNING GOODS.
Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANSED and PRESERVED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.
She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.
N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of
S. S. MARSH.
a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building as the Quincy Bookstore, Quincy, May 3. 1f

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove
DEPOT,
42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.
THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of anything in the Store line, to his vast assortment of
COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP STOVES.
Special attention is solicited to his assortment of
AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,
viz: Day's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.
Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.
KITCHEN FURNITURE
in all its branches.
All who are about commencing house keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.
REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,
42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.
L. STETSON BATES
Boston, Dec. 13. 1f

New Fall Goods.
NOW OPENING
BY
E. R. STOCKWELL,
56 Hanover St. BOSTON.
THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHIONABLE
SHAWLS
that can be found in almost any store in this city, comprising every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the Rich CASHMERE for \$100.00. We have these made to order with the Importers in Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require. We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable
DRESS GOODS,
that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERE, Ostrich, Alpaca, M. de Laine, Alpaca of every quality, Alpines, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc.
—ALSO—
CLOAK STUFFS,
of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 56 Hanover Street.
Boston, Sept. 6. 1f

Whitney's Address.
AN Address on Temperance, delivered in the Town Hall, Brighton, Sunday evening, Dec. 21, 1845 By Frederick A. Whitney, Minister of the First Church. For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 3w

Prime Eastern Hay.
50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of
ALBION DEARBORN.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 1f

Quincy & Boston Stage.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).
On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doollittle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M. and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Store of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.
Quincy, Jan. 1. 1f

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools, RICH MANTEL CLOCKS, Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier Machie Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank, Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 63 Washington Street, Boston. 1f Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.
BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6. 1f

To Let.
A PART of a house in Quincy, suitable for a small family. Inquire of
EZRA GLOVER.
Feb. 28. 1f

To Let.
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next. For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of
THOMAS ADAMS.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 1f

For Sale Cheap.
IF applied for soon—a small Farm in Braintree, a short distance from the Railroad Depot, with a good House, Barn, and 20 acres of land, all in good repair, with a fine young Orchard and two or three acres of Land. For further particulars, apply to Mr. JOHN BEATH, on the premises, or NATH'L TRACY, State Street, Boston. 6w* Feb. 21

House for Sale.
FOR SALE in this town, a commodious dwelling house, pleasantly situated, on Hancock Street, only a few rods from the Old Colony Rail Road Depot, room, one bed room, and a large sink room, and would make an excellent home for a family, also two finished sleeping rooms in the attic. The house is thoroughly built, contains every convenience, a plenty of good water, a carriage house and stable. There are on the premises about sixty superior young fruit and ornamental trees, of the choicest kinds, with grapes, currants, shrubbery, flowers, etc.
The above residence offers one of the best opportunities for a gentleman desiring a handsome country residence. Stages pass to and from the city almost hourly. In the immediate neighborhood are good schools, church, etc. For further particulars inquire at the Hancock House, or on the premises.
EBENEZER UNDERWOOD, JR.
Quincy, Jan. 10. 1f

A Farm for Sale.
A VALUABLE FARM of 110 acres, of excellent soil, situated on the Canton and Quincy Branch Railroad. The Farm runs several times a day on each of these roads to and from Boston, on the latter an early train to, and a late train from the city; which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing business in the city, who are desirous of securing themselves a Summer residence in the country within forty minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well watered with never failing Springs, and divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland within one fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing several large manufacturing establishments; among which are the Neponset Man Co., Kingsley's Iron, and the Copper Works.
The buildings consist of a large two story house and barn each of little or no value. If the said farm is not disposed of at private sale on or before SATURDAY, the 4th day of April next, it will be sold at Public Auction at nine o'clock A. M. of that day.
Those who wish to examine said farm can do so by calling on Leonard Everett, Esq., near the premises. Further information will be given by addressing the Subscriber at the Transcript office, Worcester.
Terms made easy. JAMES H. EVERETT.
Worcester, Jan. 17. 1f

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

LINES

On the death of Mrs. Sarah, widow of Mr. Increase Clapp of Weymouth, who died in January, 1844, lamented by all who knew her.

Why should our bosom heave a sigh,
Why should a tear be shed?
Thou' in the grave her ashes lie,
To us she is not dead.

Ah no, her spirit hovers near,
I seem to see her now;
That same kind look forever dear,
That open placid brow.

That ever cheerful gentle voice,
That ne'er in anger strove;
That smile that made our hearts rejoice,
That mother look of love.

Cold death has borne our friend away
But shall she be forgot?
Ah no,—methinks I hear her say,—
My friends forget me not.

Love is the chiefest joy of earth
To man in mercy given;
Love was the song at Jesus' birth,
Uniting earth to heaven.

And will not those whose souls were join'd
In such a world as this,
Commingle in a world designed
For pure and perfect bliss.

For the Quincy Patriot.

Departed friend, the loving ties
That joined our spirits here,
Retain a power that time defies
And brings thee ever near.

F. M. ADLINGTON, Weymouth.

For the Quincy Patriot.

TO A BIRD THAT I KILLED.

BY LYMAN A. SHIRWIN.

O what a cruel stone was that
Which felled thee to the earth,
As proudly on thy perch thou sat
And swelled thy notes with mirth.

I little thought, as quick I grasped
That cold and fatal pebble,
'Twould cause thee, gentle bird, to gasp
And cease for ever thy warble.

I little thought as quick I hurled
The pebble, half with pleasure,
That 'twould thee to thy perchment cast,
And hush thy song forever.

Why did I kill thee, gentle bird?
Thy notes were shrill and sweet;
Perhaps thou little cherub had,
To wait a mother's greet.

Perhaps thy mate is waiting now
To meet thee in the grove;
With tenderness and love.

My heart was saddened as I saw
The fall besmeared with gore,
And drop within pet Rollo's jaws,
Who thy tender body bore.

No longer in midsummer wilt
Thou swell thy joyous note;
Thy notes with melody were shrill,
As lightly thou didst float.

Thou hast parted from thy native grove
Where, by thy parent fed,
Thou hast cherished thy creator's love,
And in innocence hast bled.

Long, long thy mate will wait for thee,
With strained and longing eye;
Perhaps with mournful melody
He'll sing as lone he'll fly.

Randolph, March 4th, 1846.

THE HEIGHT OF INFAMY.

The devil, as Milton represented,
Gunpowder long ago invented,
But genius always finds its level,
A man of course has beat the devil,
The wight who alcohol found out,
Surpassed the fiend beyond a doubt,
He therefore merits more renown,
And ought to wear a hotter crown.

ANECDOTES.

One day a merchant in Boston, ordered a young clerk, whom he had just received into his counting-room, to take out an account from his books with all despatch. Soon after, hearing him scratching out something, he inquired what he was doing, to which he replied, that he was "taking off the account," but his knife was so darned dull that it would take all the afternoon to get it off."

A boy who had been studying the shorter catechism, as many children have to do in Connecticut, was asked by the man of burch, "What is the substance of things hoped for?" The boy replied, "good beer, sir." "How so?" "Why, daddy says that beer is the substance of barley, and he is hoping for a good crop of that next summer."

An Irishman nearly three sheets in the wind, was asked of what belief he was. He replied, "Go to the widow Milliken—I owe her twelve shillings—it is her belief I will never pay her—and faith that's my belief too."

A dandy from the mother country, while gazing upon the Mississippi, was asked by a friend what he thought of it. "Why," said he, eyeing it through his glass, "it is a pretty good river, considering it is a new country."

A Frenchman having a weakness in his chest, told his physician that he felt a very bad pain in his port-wine.

The Quincy Bookstore.

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Receipt Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Colored Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes, Hogg & Thompson's, Hoyer's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES,

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Leather Wallets and Purses, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Perfumery, Macassar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, etc.

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,
Hancock Street, Quincy.
Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS. REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.

JAMES EDWARDS.

Quincy, May 13.

C. P. HINDS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.

Quincy Point, Aug. 23.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.



MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS

TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues the

all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.

COACHES and CHAISES painted to order.

SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.

N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.—MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.

In connection with the above business, he will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.

OLD HARNESSES Repaired and Cleaned.

OLD CARRIAGES, Varished and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.

Old FURNITURE Varished and made to look as new. Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents.

TABLES varished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts., and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.

All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Quincy, July 13.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBROONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laine, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Gilded and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk., Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.

Quincy, March 29.

Boards Wanted.

FIVE or six good boards can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.

MELVILL HOVEY.

Quincy, Jan. 11.

Wood! Wood!!

ONE Fine Cane of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by

Inquire at WHITON & NICHOLS' STORE.

Quincy Point, Sept. 20.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7.50 and \$8 per thousand, and the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting.

Inquire of

ALBERT HERSEY.

Quincy Point, June 14.

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store,

Quincy, August 10.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carrying promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins' South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Matresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CUCULLED PALM LEAF MATRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 29.

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 25.

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by

SEYMOUR ADAMS.

Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple.

Quincy, April 20.

Paper Hangings.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, April 19.

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at

E. PACKARD'S.

Quincy, Nov. 1.

NEW PRINTS, good styles, just received and for sale by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.



The Great Remedy

FOR
Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Olosanion, or All-Healing Balm.
IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough in the precursors of a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosanion. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—The cure was truly wonderful one and places the 'Olosanion or All-Healing Balm' at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His Cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the 'Olosanion, or All-Healing Balm,' and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

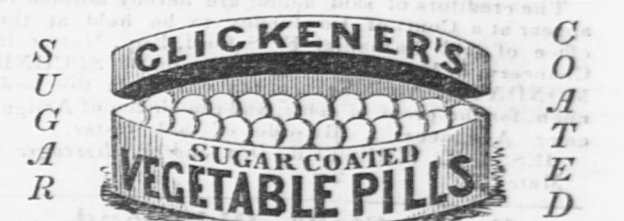
Mr. T. Laban, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaving for a chair. His Cough was most distressing through the day. He had during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the Olosanion or All-Healing Balm, when he felt immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz., it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—it will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COLIC which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; J. A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for by the public mind, as a COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever. In fact the medicine has no taste, and is so easily taken, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be simply purgative pills, and that they would be taken by the great mass of the people, who are so easily deceived. These pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels, and thus the patient who takes them avoids every pain which attend other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and vomiting. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a mingled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than the sugar itself. These pills are entirely distinct from the latter, and manifestly free from sugar. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of the blood, and therefore essential to health. Pure blood is the basis of life, and if it be impure, then it takes time, and that impure blood in ill health, to rectify it, but when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by constiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that impurities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of, for their removal the chyle (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and pure blood must be the result. This fact, as stated, is undisputed, and is the basis of the medicine. It is not a medicine, but a case in point, they prevent the disease to the cure, and the cure is the result. Still they had some excuse for getting as it was beneficial. Now, however, the evil is gone, and the medicine is removed, for Glickener's SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste, and are so easily taken, that they produce none of the nausea and griping attendants of other

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

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VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. Two number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Five CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSHUA BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVERLY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

MISCELLANY.

A P. M. G. IN DISGUISE.

On my way to the north in 1835, in company with several gentlemen of New Orleans, it happened that the stage in which we were passengers stopped for supper in a small village, situated between the towns of Columbus and Zanesville, on the Cumberland road, in the State of Ohio.

There was a great gathering of militia Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Sergeants, and Corporals, with a considerable sprinkling of privates—all of whom had been exhibiting their patriotism through the day, by marching up and down the road, shouldering arms, and charging bayonets, preparatory to intended hostile operations against the neighboring State of Michigan, the authorities of which, and those of the State of Ohio were at open warfare—almost—about boundary.

For the purpose of amusement, it had been agreed that the stage driver should be informed, confidentially, that I was Amos Kendall, Postmaster General of the United States, traveling in disguise, and assuming the very common name of Smith, in order to discover abuses in the transporting department. With many mysterious hints, and under strict charges of secrecy, Jehu "was made acquainted with the awful fact, that he was actually driving the important individual above named. The reins almost fell from his hands! "What, Mr. Kindel! Amos Kendall!" exclaimed the astonished driver; "it can't be possible!"

"It is possible," answered the gentleman who was imparting the information, and who was enjoying an outside seat, "and it was his wish to be entirely private; in order to avoid the attentions that would otherwise be lavished upon him. The driver promised the most inviolable secrecy, and proceeded to carry down his horses.

We had not been long in the hotel, where our supper was being prepared, before it was plainly perceptible that something was going on—curious glances were thrown into the bar-room where we were sitting—militia officers flitted about or collected into groups—the landlord and his family began to spruce up; in brief, it was evident our secret had been confidentially imparted to half the village.

The first demonstration that was made consisted of an invitation to my friends and myself to accept the use of a private parlor. This being at once agreed to, the landlord ventured to suggest that, if not disagreeable to me, my fellow citizens of the village would like to pay their respects to me, and take me by the hand.

"No objections in the world," said I; "let the worthy citizens come in."

Then followed a scene of the richest kind of fun—but Dickens has described a similar adventure, and I pass on.

Supper was announced. I was placed at the head of the table—the richest hands and preserved fruits were placed in profusion before us. We feasted—and during the operation numerous female heads—or, rather, heads of females—were continually popping in at the windows and open doors, while the piazza was filled with boys of all sizes, who amused themselves by firing off Chinese crackers, sending up young rockets, and shouting "Hurra for Jackson!"—and his cabinet!"

Supper over, we retired to the bar and demanded our bill of expenses. The landlord smilingly answered, that he was too happy to entertain us without compensation—he felt honored by us sitting at his board, and my friends were equally welcome. After much urging, I consented to receive his hospitality gratuitously, since he insisted on it, but my friends would not consent that they should feast at his expense—oh, no! They must be allowed to pay for their splendid supper. Well, if I insisted, he would take pay for them—and he did.

"Could I say two or three words to you in private?" asked the landlord, in a low voice, as he walked by my side towards the coach, which was waiting.

"By all means," I replied; and he led me a little one side, into a dark part of the piazza. After two or three hems, to clear his throat, the landlord commenced:

"Whatever others may think of you, I contend you are an honest man."

"Sir, I feel very much obliged by the favorable estimate you have formed of me."

"Yes, sir, let the opposition say what they please, I believe you to be a conscientious individual—I do."

"Well, sir, considering this is the first time we ever met, I must say your liberality is extraordinary; but I thank you for your good opinion."

"Ah, sir, though we have never met I know you well—we all know you for a most efficient officer, and deserving man."

"It is true I am tolerably well known in the Western and Southern country, and, as for my efficiency I believe I do push ahead about as hard as a man conveniently can."

"That you do—all parties must acknowledge it. You have effected many improvements in your department."

"Yes, I flatter myself that in the Stage department I have made some improvements."

"Your removals have met with general approval in this part of the country."

"Removals? Oh yes, I travel a great deal."

"Yes, you do, and to some purpose. Now I wanted to speak to you, about our Postmaster here."

"Indeed! Well, what of him?"

"Are you not aware that he is a Whig?"

"No! is he?"

"Yes, he is—and it is thought by the friends of the administration here, that he ought to be removed, and a good democrat appointed."

"What is the office worth?"

"About \$500 a year."

"Who would be a proper person for the office?"

"Why, I couldn't exactly say—but if—"

"Would you accept the appointment?"

"Most willingly, if you should think me worthy."

"Well, I'll tell you what you'd better do. Write on to the department—state the matter as you've stated it to me, and perhaps—"

"If you would just make a memorandum it would be sufficient."

"My dear sir, don't depend on any thing that passes between us here—here I am Sol. Smith, as you may see by the way bill; but at Washington—you understand—"

"Yes, I understand. Then I'll write on to the department."

"Yes—write."

"Sir—I shall depend on your good offices."

"Sir, you may—your supper was excellent, your attentions shall not be forgotten—farewell—write on to the department, by all means."

The worthy aspirant to the Postmastership of the village accompanied me to the coach, carefully turned up the steps when I entered, and then joined his fellow citizens in the three loud cheers with which our departure was honored.

THE END OF FOUR GREAT MEN.

Cast your eye upon a printed page of miniature portraits, and it will be perceived that the four personages who occupy the four most conspicuous places, were Alexander, Hannibal, Caesar and Bonaparte.

Alexander, after having climbed the dizzy heights of his ambition, and with his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of countless millions, looked down upon a conquered world, and wept that there was not another world for him to conquer, set a city on fire, and died in a scene of debauch.

Hannibal, after having to the astonishment and consternation of Rome, passed the Alps and having put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world, and stripped 'three bushels of golden rings from the fingers of her slaughtered knights,' and made her foundations quake, fled from his country, being hated by those who once exultingly united his name to that of their god, and called him Hani Baal, and died at last by poison administered with his own hands, unlamented and unwept in a foreign land.

Cesar, after having conquered eight hundred cities, and dyed his garments in the blood of one million of his foes, after having pursued to death the only rival he had on earth, was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friends; and in that very place, the attainment of which had been his greatest ambition.

Bonaparte, whose mandates kings and popes obeyed, after having filled the earth with the terror of his name—after having deluged Europe with tears and blood, and clothed the world in sackcloth, closed his days in lonely banishment, almost literally exiled from the world, yet where he could sometimes see his country's banner waving o'er the deep, but which did not or could not bring him aid.

Thus these four men, who from the peculiar situation of their portraits, seem to stand the representatives of all those whom the world calls great—these four, who, each in turn, made the earth tremble to its very centre, by their simple tread, severally died—one by intoxication, or as supposed, by poison mingled in his wine—one a suicide—one murdered by his friends—and one a lonely exile. "How are the mighty fallen!"

WHOM DO YOU IMITATE?

We put the question to you—you who turn up your delicate nose and toss back your sweet scented locks, upon all occasions whenever an honest toiler "comes between the wind and your nobility." You belong to the would-be aristocracy of republican (!) America—to the "higher classes"—to the "good society of this pattern republic. Did you ever ask yourself, when putting on these airs of self importance, when blustering and swaggering about your respectability, did you ever inquire whom you are imitating? If not, we will inform you without being asked. You are imitating the footman of an English aristocrat—not the aristocrat himself—but his man, his toady, his servant.

It is the servant of the aristocracy who wears a fine black coat, white cravat, and talks large about the "common people"; it is he alone who prides himself upon the fineness of the coat he wears and the curl of his mustache; not his master; not the man of high birth and good breeding. Recollect, Mr. Upstart, that you are but a bad imitator at best of "high life below stairs"—of the aristocracy of the scullion and the boot black.

The genuine aristocracy of Europe are kind, respectful and courteous in their manners, to all; particularly so to those they might deem their inferiors. You never see them put on airs of mock gentility—there is no haughtiness, no swagger, no pompous mannerism, so common to the upstart gentility of this country. They dress in the plainest manner; all their garments are made in the simplest style; they need not be convinced that it is not dress that makes the man!

While in Europe recently, we had the satisfaction of meeting with many of the higher orders of nobility and of contrasting their plainness of dress, their simplicity of manners, with the ephemeral fops of our own native land; and humiliating enough was the comparison to our national pride. We pretend to be republicans and endeavor to play the aristocrat; the English nobles pretend to be aristocrats and play the republican. We speak, of course, of their manners, their dress, and their social intercourse, not of their equipages, their armies of servants, their splendid palaces and other gew-gaws. So far as their dress and manners are concerned, they are far more in accordance with republicanism, than many of those who pride themselves upon being called Americans.

If our apes then desire to imitate foreign aristocrats, and not their servants, they must lay aside their upstart pride and arrogance, and become plain, simple, and unpretending in their manners and general deportment. They must become courteous, kind, modest, and unassuming.—Theophilus Fisk.

THE PRINTER BOY.

Some thirty years ago, a bare-footed boy floated down the Susquehanna river on a humble raft, and arrived at Harrisburg, Penn. He came from the North, and belonged to a large family, with all his worldly goods tied in a little pocket-handkerchief; he sought, and obtained employment in a printer's office as an apprentice. From an apprentice to a journeyman, from a journeyman to a reporter, then editor, the bare-footed boy worked his way against obstacles which the struggling poor only know. The persevering follower in Franklin's footsteps began to realize the fruits of his patient toil and privation. The young aspirant became Printer to the State, and by frugal management was soon enabled to accomplish the object dearest to his heart—the establishment of his mother in a home above want—in the possession of every comfort she could desire. His brothers next were his care, and like Napoleon, he had a strong arm with which to aid them—an indomitable perseverance that nothing could long successfully obstruct. In a few years, they too, with his sisters, were independent of the world—the once bare-footed printer-boy was in possession of affluence, surrounded by a young and affectionate family.

He did not stop here. He was the friend of the friendless—the patron of merit—the encourager of industry. He rose in honor and office, until the poor barefooted boy who entered a printing office in Harrisburg, hungry and weary, laid down his little bundle on a pile of wet paper, and asked to become a printer's apprentice, was elected Senator in Congress! That man is Simon Cameron of Pennsylvania.

NAMES. Emma is from the German, and signifies a nurse; Caroline, from the Latin, milder minded; George, from Greek, a farmer; Martha, from Hebrew, bitterness; the beautiful though common name Mary, is Hebrew, and means a drop of salt water—a tear; Sophia, from Greek, wisdom; Susan, from Hebrew, a lily; Thomas, from Hebrew, a twin; Robert, from German, famous in council.

TO PREVENT THE SMOKING OF A LAMP. Soak the wick in strong vinegar, and dry it well before you use it; it will then burn sweet and pleasant, and give much satisfaction for the trifling trouble in preparing it. Lamp smoke is not only disagreeable to the smell, but hurtful to the lungs.

A WISE ANSWER. A Greek maid once being asked what fortune she should bring her husband answered, "I will bring him what is more valuable than any treasure—a heart unspotted, and virtue without a stain, which is all that descended to me from my parents."

If you can bite never show your teeth.

For the Quincy Patriot.

CALUMNY REFUTED.

MR. EDITOR—A report that Justin Spear, Esq., late of this town, was, or is, engaged in the sale and traffic of ardent spirits and other intoxicating liquor, at Newark, (N. J.) having been industriously circulated in this town and vicinity, evidently intended to injure his reputation and to cast a stigma on the temperance cause of which he is a fearless advocate; justice to him and the cause demands, that the following correspondence be made public, that the base falsehood and calumny may be refuted.

QUINCY, Feb. 22d, 1846.

FRIEND SPEAR—A report is current in this town that you are now engaged in the sale and traffic of ardent spirits and intoxicating liquors at Newark, New Jersey, and many of your friends and friends of the "glorious cause of temperance" feeling desirous of knowing the truth of said report, have requested me to write to you and ask an answer to the following question, viz:

Are you, in any way, either as owner, partner or attendant of any tavern, store or any other place, directly or indirectly concerned in the sale and traffic of ardent spirits or any other intoxicating liquor?

Trusting and believing that I shall have the pleasure of receiving a negative answer from you with such other assurances or testimony as you may deem proper, I would now respectfully propose the above question to you and request an early answer, that I may be able to relieve the minds of your friends and all who concern themselves.

Yours, etc.

SETH ADAMS.

NEWARK, (N. J.) March 7th, 1846.

FRIEND ADAMS—

Dear Sir—I have received yours of the 22d of Feb., but I have not had an opportunity before of answering it. Not doubting but that the kindest motives prompted you to propound the question to me, I take great pleasure in answering it. Question—

"Are you in any way, either as owner, partner or attendant of any tavern, store or any other place, directly or indirectly concerned in the sale and traffic of ardent spirits, or any other intoxicating liquors?"

I answer, that I am not, in any sense of the word, either in a tavern, store or any other place, directly or indirectly, concerned in the sale and traffic of ardent spirits or any other intoxicating liquors. Neither have I relinquished the total abstinence principles which I held in Quincy, and am as ready to take the "monster" by the "horns" as I ever was.

Enclosed are certificates from Rev. J. C. Goff and Mr. R. King, Esq., Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Essex. These with what I have said above will be, I trust, sufficient for you to meet the enemies of the "glorious cause" face to face and rebut their gainingsays. As I have had a number of letters from my friends on this subject, I wish you would take such steps to disabuse the minds of my friends on this subject as your good judgment may dictate, and as you would wish me to do for you were our situation reversed.

Believe me to be as ever, your friend and co-worker in the glorious cause of temperance.

JUSTIN SPEAR.

CERTIFICATE FROM JUDGE KING.

NEWARK, (N. J.) March 6th, 1846.

Whereas, a letter has been shown to me from Seth Adams, stating among other things that a report is current in the town of Quincy, Mass. that Justin Spear, recently of that place, but now of this city, is engaged, either directly or indirectly, in the sale of intoxicating drinks, and that it is very desirable that the facts of the case should be made to appear. Now therefore, to whom it may concern, be it known, that I have been acquainted with the said Justin Spear for more than fifteen years, and so great is my confidence in his character for truth and honesty, that to me, any thing he might affirm of his own knowledge, I should unhesitatingly believe. But that the truth may be further vindicated, I do certify, that the said Spear came to reside in this city on or about the 14th day of November, A. D. 1845, and that from that time to this, he has boarded with my family at my house—that I have been daily in company with him and conversant with all his business transactions, and do know that he is not at this time, nor has he been at any time since the above mentioned day, concerned in the sale of intoxicating drinks, either directly or indirectly. And I do further certify, that at my suggestion he purchased the stock of a family grocery store in my neighborhood, among which stock was about fifteen gallons of sweet cider—kept by grocers very generally in this city—but so great was his repugnance to the article, that he refused to have any thing to do with it, and it was taken away by the women in the neighborhood, for the purpose of mince pies. I know that he has often been solicited to keep sweet cider for sale in common with other grocers, and he has constantly refused to yield to the request.

Moses R. King, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for Essex County.

CERTIFICATE FROM REV. MR. GOFF.

This is to certify to all concerned, that I am personally and intimately acquainted with Justin Spear, Esq., late of Quincy, (Mass.) now a resident of Newark, (N. J.)—that he is not, directly or indirectly, interested in any branch of the "rum traffic"—that he does not keep, vend, use, or in any manner countenance the use, of any kind of intoxicating liquor.

ISAAC C. GOFF, Pastor of Ch. Church.

For the Quincy Patriot.

FREDERICK DOUGLAS.

FRIEND GREEN—Grateful for past favors, I again request a small space in your columns for the insertion of an extract from the speech of Frederick Douglass, published in the Belfast Commercial Chronicle of Jan. 7th, and which no doubt will interest that portion of your readers who heard him lecture in Quincy last year.

The Rev. J. Nelson read a very excellent address to Mr. Douglass and presented him with a beautiful pocket Bible, splendidly bound in gold. The following is the inscription on the first page:

"Presented by the Belfast Anti-Slavery Society, to Mr. Frederick Douglass, a fugitive slave from the United States of America, in testimony of their admiration of the several eloquent lectures which he delivered in Belfast on American slavery, in Dec. 1845, and also as a tribute of respect and esteem for his personal character."

Mr. Douglass, on rising to respond, was received with the greatest enthusiasm. He spoke as follows:

"It would be useless to attempt to conceal my embarrassment in rising to respond to the eloquent and highly complimentary address together with the golden gift with which I have just been presented. I am unequal to the work. My feelings are too deep, too strong, too big for easy utterance. I have often, in the course of my short, though not uneventful life, been called upon to respond in accents of warm and heartfelt gratitude for noble deeds and generous favors conferred upon me by the magnanimous friends of my long enslaved and deeply outraged fellow countrymen, but never have I been more at loss for language to fulfil that duty than in the present thrilling and interesting occasion. The incidents of this morning will form a period in my humble history—a period to which, with all my hopes and aspirations, I never looked forward, but one to which, while memory holds its place, I shall ever look back with the most grateful emotion. I accept thankfully this Bible; and while it shall have the best place in my house, I trust also to give its precepts a place in my heart. The happy incidents of this morning have called into remembrance some of my early struggles after knowledge, and the difficulties in the way of its attainment. I remember the first time I ever heard the Bible read, and I tell you the truth when I tell you that from that time I traced my first desire to learn to read. I was over seven years old; my master had gone out one Sunday night, the children had gone to bed, I had crawled under the centre table and fallen asleep when my mistress commenced to read the Bible aloud—so loud that she waked me—she waked me to sleep no more! I have found since, that the chapter that she read was the last chapter of Job. I remember my sympathy for the good old man; and my great anxiety to know more about him led me to ask my mistress—who was at this time a kind lady—to teach me to read. She commenced, and would have, but for the opposition of her husband, taught me to read. She ceased to instruct me, but my desire to read continued and instead of decreasing, increased; and by the aid of little boys obtained at different times, I finally succeeded in learning to read. After learning to read, my desire for books was equal to my early desire to learn to read. I have frequently with my fingers from the mud and filth of the gutters, raked leaves of the sacred volume. These I have washed and dried, and read the words of heavenly wisdom which they contained, with a glad heart, considering myself fortunate to enjoy such a privilege.

I trust I shall not be deemed presumptuous or egotistical when I say, that from my present position, I see points in my humble history which seem marked by the finger of God. Twenty years ago, while lying, not unlike a pet dog, at the feet of my mistress, in Baltimore, I was roused from the sweet sleep of childhood to hear the narrative of Job. A few years afterward found me searching for the Scriptures in the muddy street gutters, and rescuing its pages from the filth into which neglect and wastefulness plunged them. A few years later I escaped from my chains, gained partial freedom and became an advocate for the emancipation of my race. During this advocacy, a suspicion obtains that I am not what I profess to be, to silence which, it is necessary to write out my experience in slavery and give names of my enslavers. This endangers my liberty. Persecuted, hunted, outraged in America, I have come to England, and behold the change! The chattel becomes a man. I breathe, and I am free. Instead of calling the scriptures from the mud, they come to me dressed in polished gold, as the free and unsolicited gift of devoted hearts. I will take it, and while I live preserve it, and long after I have gone home to my reward, if my will is carried out, it shall be preserved by my children and remain a memento in the house of Douglas till time shall melt it into dust.

"I assure, gentlemen of the Committee, you have selected a proper mode of expressing your regard for me. What could be better than the Bible to me, contending against oppression



The Great Remedy

FOR

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when N. England had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—The cure was truly a wonderful one, and places the Oleanian or All-Healing Balm, at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians, N. England, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He was removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the Oleanian, or All-Healing Balm, and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Luban, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the Oleanian, or All-Healing Balm, when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Readers are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest, and to fight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet sleep and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mr. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. B. Bacon, do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.



A MEDICAL preparation is here announced which has been once seen and acknowledged the advantage of. It is a public medicine, and is sold at 25 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 50000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 100000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 200000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 500000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 1000000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 2000000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 5000000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 10000000000000000000000 CENTS per box, and is sold at 20000000

fraud and wrong? It is full of wisdom and goodness—faith, hope and charity speak on every page, all of which deal death to slavery. An attempt has been made to press the Bible into the service of slavery. The abolition party in America find no more determined opponents of the cause than the exponents of the word of God. That to this audience may seem strange, but such is the fact. I thank God that a change for the better is taking place; a purer and higher grade of men are finding way into the ministry, and brighter days are beginning to dawn upon my country."

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 39, Ann Street, New York, No. 59, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

OLD COLONY RAIL ROAD. How people ever managed to get along without this Rail Road it seems difficult to tell. The passenger cars pass to and from the city and always well filled. The stock is quoted at 100, and if we should judge by the amount of travel it would seem to be worth the advance. It would undoubtedly rise to a much higher rate were it not for the bad condition in which the track now is, owing in part to the slight manner in which it was built and also to the fact that the frost has thrown the rails out of place. The engineers are very careful and accidents may not happen. It can be put in repair for about one hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand dollars and we understand that as soon as the ground is settled vigorous efforts will be made to put it in as good condition as any road in the United States.

OREGON. Mr. Calhoun has defined his position in regard to the Oregon question. He is in favor of compromise and thinks it desirable and proper that the country should be divided at the forty-ninth degree. He is opposed to a war, and says that if we should have a contest with England it would be a British war, a Mexican war, and an Indian war, requiring on our part seven armies and two navies—one of the latter for the Lakes. He said that the Texas question should have been (as it was) settled promptly but as for the Oregon question, he was signing by the latest accounts—"Oh take your time Miss Lucy."

BOSTON STREETS. The city papers have been so loud in their complaints against Mayor Quincy and Marshal Gibbs on account of the condition of the streets that Mrs. Spring has taken the business out of their hands and has poured so much water along the highways and by-ways of our handsome metropolis that they begin to resume their wonted cleanliness. We give the people joy.

QUINCY GRANITE. The business of the Quarries has commenced briskly. Large demands are constantly made for the stone for Boston, New York and elsewhere. The stone slopes have commenced running and appearance indicate that we shall have a very prosperous season.

GENERAL COURT. A bill has been reported to incorporate the South Shore Railroad Company with amendments, and another bill has passed to be enacted to establish a fire department at Weymouth and Braintree Landing. The bill to establish the city of Cambridge has passed both branches and received the signature of the Governor. In order to forward business, the Legislature have appointed a third committee.

GOING! GOING! GONE!!! Lloyd G. Horton of this town, has been duly appointed an Auctioneer, and for acknowledged fact and application to business cannot fail to give satisfaction to all who may require his services.

NEW HAMPSHIRE has been taught, by the result of the late election, an important lesson and one which all parties may well profit by, and that is "not to pull the monkey's tail too tight."

YANKEE INDUSTRY. There were manufactured in Boston, during the past year, twenty-five thousand dollars worth of visiting cards; thirty-two thousand dollars worth of locofoco matches; thirty-eight thousand dollars worth of pickles and preserves; and last of all to the value of one hundred and fourteen thousand dollars.

MORE SLAVERS. It appears that good business has been done on the coast of Africa, in suppressing the abominable slave traffic. The United States ship Yorktown has sent to the United States no less than three vessels within a short time, each of which are suspected of being concerned in that business. The ship Panther, hailing from Providence, formerly belonging to New York, arrived at Charleston recently, in charge of an officer, put on board by the Yorktown. The barque Pons, formerly hailing from Philadelphia, arrived at the navy yard at Philadelphia last week, and the Patuxent arrived at New York, a few days since, via Bermuda, where she put in a few days.

The far famed Thomas Flynn, Esq., whose histrionic powers have so long attracted the attention of the British and American public, has retired from the stage, and joined the ranks of the Washingtonians. Preparations are being made for a public demonstration, on the occasion of his appearance at the New York Tabernacle, to deliver an address in favor of temperance.

PROCLAMATION FOR FAST. The following Proclamation has been issued by the Governor of this Commonwealth.

By and with the advice and consent of the Council, I appoint THURSDAY, the second day of April next, to be observed by the people of this Commonwealth, as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer.

Let not this pious custom of our worthy ancestors be regarded by their favored descendants as a more religious formality.

I recommend to the people, of every denomination, to cease from the cares of business and the pursuits of pleasure, to assemble in their places of public worship, and render to the Supreme Ruler of the world, the homage of contrite and grateful hearts.

His past mercies to us have been very great. We have been ungrateful and disobedient.

Let us, on this occasion, humble ourselves before Him, and for our individual and public sins, invoke his pardoning grace, "through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ."

Let us entreat Him to continue to us "His loving kindness."

So to order the seasons, that sunshine and showers, seedtime and harvest, shall gladden the labors of the husbandman, and cause the Earth to yield her increase for the benefit of man.

To smile propitiously on all the lawful pursuits of business, and bless us in the workshop and in the field, in the city and in the country, on the land and on the sea.

To give stability and vigor to all the institutions of society, designed to ameliorate the condition and elevate the character of its members.

To increase in the public mind the love of order, truth, and justice, and to stimulate the public heart to deeds of charity and good will.

To remember in His good providence the widow and the fatherless, the poor and the down-trodden.

Let us pray, that He would inspire the people of this great family of States with a reverence for the common constitution of this Republic, and with an honest intention to observe its mandates.

That He would dispose this, and all other nations, to preserve peace, and to cultivate a good understanding with each other; and that, in His infinite goodness, He would save us and them from the cruelties and curse of war.

That, while He is pouring upon us a profusion of temporal mercies, He would awaken within us a concern for the future destiny, and bestow upon us those spiritual blessings, in comparison with which all the possession of Earth are dust and ashes.

Finally, that he would hasten the time, when the glorious Gospel of His Son shall be diffused over the whole Earth, and all men shall be his humble and peaceful followers.

SPEAKERS OF THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The following table shows the list of Speakers of the lower House of Congress from the year 1789:

1789 to 1791, Frederick A. Muhlenberg, Pa.
1791 to 1793, John Trumbull, Conn.
1793 to 1797, Frederick A. Muhlenberg, Pa.
1797 to 1798, Jonathan Dayton, New Jersey.
1798 to 1801, Theodore Sedgwick, Mass.
1801 to 1807, Nathaniel Macon, North Carolina.
1807 to 1811, Joseph B. Varnum, Mass.
1811 to 1814, Henry Clay, Kentucky.
1814 to 1815, Langdon Cheves, South Carolina.
1815 to 1820, Henry Clay, Kentucky.
1820 to 1821, John W. Taylor, New York.
1821 to 1823, Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.
1823 to 1825, Henry Clay, Kentucky.
1825 to 1827, John W. Taylor, New York.
1827 to 1828, Andrew Stevenson, Virginia.
1828 to 1837, John Bell, Tennessee.
1837 to 1839, James K. Polk, Tennessee.
1839 to 1841, Robert M. T. Hunter, Virginia.
1841 to 1843, John White, Kentucky.
1843 to 1845, John W. Jones, Virginia.
1845 to John W. Davis, Indiana.

GIN DRINKING. It is stated in a London paper, that nine horses are employed to supply one "gin palace" in that city. Three large wagons loaded with the baneful poison, are seen at regular intervals progressing in a sort of procession, and it is boasted by the keeper of one of these "palaces" which bring ruin upon the poor, that on Saturday night a guinea a minute has been taken across the bar. What a prolific source of misery and crime.

CONGRESS. The Oregon debate is still under discussion in the Senate. Messrs. Johnson of Maryland, Berrien of Georgia, Whigs, and Calhoun of South Carolina, democrat, opposed the American side of the question, while Mr. Atchison of Missouri, democrat, nobly sustained the question for the whole of Oregon.

The Committee appointed to investigate the charges made by the Washington Times against certain Senators, made a report which was read. It declares the whole story to be false and contemptible, and concludes as follows:—"The Committee content themselves with recommending that the publishers, proprietors, and reporters of the Times, be hereafter excluded from the gallery." The report was unanimously concurred in.

The House are not engaged in any business of general importance, probably waiting the action of the Senate on the Oregon question.

The Legislature of Louisiana have decided that Baton Rouge shall be the seat of government of the State, after January 1st, 1849.

There has been good sleighing in Portland, (Me.) for one hundred and three days. It is now gone.

The Salem (Mass.) Advertiser publishes "intimations of marriage." How would our readers like such a feature in our paper?

A school-master in west Springfield, (Mass.) has been fined five dollars and costs, for unmercifully whipping one of his pupils. It was proved that he put a gash an inch and a half long on the boy's head and otherwise injured him.

The following will be the epitaph on Gen. Jackson's tombstone:—"Andrew Jackson, born on the 15th of March, 1767,—died on the 8th of June, 1845."

It is estimated that over ten thousand persons are to leave the eastern states, this spring, for Oregon and California. There will be no need of war for the possession of that part of the world, at that rate.

The oldest fireman in New York city died recently, aged ninety-seven, having at the time of his decease a certificate bearing date 1790.

Charles Dickens (Boz) has received over seven thousand dollars for his silly production, "The Cricket on the Hearth."

Two American deserters from Corpus Christi, (Texas), who fled to the Mexican camp, were ironed and marched to prison, while their horses were paraded through the streets as trophies of Mexican valor.

In New Orleans, a little child was killed by a villainous drayman, who let a cask of sugar roll down a staging on which the child was standing. The fellow fled.

Reuben Rowley of Wrentham, who it will be recollected was poisoned with a peach on board a steamboat on the passage to New York and robbed of a large sum of money, has a second time escaped from the State Lunatic Hospital at Worcester.

The highest number of votes that Texas can give is ten thousand, while District No. 6, in this State, gives about twelve thousand votes.

We submit to our readers the particulars of every item of general news, from the habit acquired, and from knowing the duties of our vocation.

When we see persons suffering from the dangerous consumption of the Liver and Lungs, and Coughs and Colds, we deem it a principle of duty to call their attention to Mr. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative, where in his advertisement he speaks of its power and efficacy. The pleasantness of its taste the nicety of its preparation, and its adaptedness to the cure at once, gives it interest in our eyes.

NOTICES.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TOMORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at seven o'clock.

A social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Lyceum Room, WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 25th, at seven o'clock.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Officers of the Washington and Total Abstinence Societies in Quincy, are hereby notified that a meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at seven o'clock.

J. W. BARTER, Secretary of the Board.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, at half past six o'clock, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.

Have we sufficient evidence of the final holiness and happiness of all mankind?

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate.

JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

CONSUMPTION.

There is, perhaps, no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps off annually so many victims, as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiable monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its conquest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle-aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life's calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vital, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity may be believed, there is a preventive and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it popularity. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Wait on to fame" the name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

March 21. 1w

Jayne's Alternative or Life Preserver.

RHEUMATISM.—The Proprietor has not prescribed this preparation in a great many cases of Rheumatism, but in every case where it was used, the disease was removed.

GOUT.—A number of cases of Gout have been cured by this preparation. In one of these cases the man had been afflicted with it so severely for thirteen years, as to entirely disable him from business, and for five months immediately previous to his taking the Life Preserver, he had been confined to his room; but before he had finished the third bottle, he was enabled to walk about the streets, and soon after returned to his business, from which he had been excluded by his afflictions.

DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.—This medicine increases the powers of digestion, excites the absorbents into healthy exercise, by which watery or Calcareous depositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced. It imparts tone and vitality to the whole system, removing sick and morbid humors, giddiness, wandering mania, and nervous affections.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, No. 8 South Third Street, Philadelphia

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

March 21. 3w

MARRIED.

In this town, 19th inst., by Rev. Mr. Lunt, Mr. JOSEPH T. FRECH to Miss AUGUSTA B. SPEAR.

DIED.

In Boston, 16th inst., of cancer, Mrs. Roxana, wife of Mr. William Shaw, recently of this town, aged 33.

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are forbid travelling over the land in the rear of the Burying Ground, late the property of Dea. Samuel Savil, as they will hereafter be prosecuted for trespass.

JOHN SAVIL, Executor.

Quincy, March 21. 1f

Building Lots for Sale.
57 EXCELLENT LOTS OF LAND, lying between the Railroad and the Neponset Turnpike, in Quincy, each of one-fourth of an acre, and about one-fourth of a mile north of the Town House, and Bank Hotel, and the Depot of the Old Colony Railroad.

To gentlemen of leisure or business in Boston, who desire a summer residence in the country of fifteen or twenty minutes ride by the cars, such a chance to purchase cheap and pleasant sites cannot be met at Liberty Hall, (so called), in Weymouth. A plan may be seen at the Hancock House in Quincy, and further information obtained from HARVEY FIELD.

Quincy, March 21. 1f

Granite!

EDGES OF ROCKS TO LET. Apply to JOSIAH BASS.

Quincy, March 21. 4w

Notice.

THE qualified voters residing within the limits described in an Act establishing a Fire Department in the Towns of Weymouth and Braintree, are hereby notified to meet at Liberty Hall, (so called), in Weymouth, on MONDAY, the 30th inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles:

1st. To choose a Moderator.
2d. To choose a Clerk.
3d. To choose all the Officers required by the Act of the Legislature of the first quality.

4th. To prescribe the mode of Notifying and Warning future meetings.
5th. To transact any other business that may legally come before them.

By authority of the Act, JOHN W. LOUD.

Weymouth, March 20th, 1846. 2w*

Furniture at Auction.

Will be sold, at the residence of the late William W. Veazie, in Franklin Street, on MONDAY, 30th inst., at one o'clock in the afternoon, a lot of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Beds and Bedsteads, and a lot of iron, Tin and Crockery Ware; two Stoves and a lot of hard Coal, with other articles too numerous to mention.

L. G. HORTON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 21. 2w

Bacon, Pork and Lard.

FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.

These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 21. 1f

Dried Apples.

1200 LBS. of first rate DRIED APPLES, just received and for sale by DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 21. 2m

Grass Seed.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of HERB'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER SEED.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 21. 1f

Two Hundred Suppers.

A meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 at Quincy, held on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy. The Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well, near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Noted—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Noted—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,

JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.

Quincy, March 21. 4m

Family Boarding School

AT

GERMANTOWN, QUINCY.

MISSES SULLIVAN'S

SUMMER SCHOOL will commence May 1st, 1846, and continue twenty-one weeks, with a few days vacation in July.

The conductors of this school aim to surround their pupils with good moral influences, and to combine the advantages of correct mental training with healthful recreation and physical exercise. For the latter the location affords various facilities, particularly sea-bathing, to which careful attention is given.

On the Sabbath, opportunity will be given to attend public worship with either of the religious societies in Quincy.

TUITION FOR THE SEASON.
Common English branches, \$7.00; Higher English branches, \$9.00. At the rate of \$4 per quarter of twelve weeks.

Additional—Languages, 2.50; Drawing and Painting, 2.50; twenty-four Music lessons, and use of Piano Forte, 7.00.

Vocal Music and Calisthenics, without extra charge. Board, including washing, and riding to attend public worship, \$2.00 per week.

Reasonable deductions allowed for absence in case of illness. Partial payment will be expected in advance or at the vacation.

Daily communication with Boston by stage and railroad.

Information concerning the location, etc., may be obtained of Mr. John W. Sullivan, No. 23 Long Wharf. Quincy may also be made at Germantown, or by letter to recreation to the extent of Dea. J. Sullivan, Quincy, Mass. During the third week of April, personal application may be made at the house of Mr. William Blake, No. 47 Allen Street, Boston.

REFERENCES.

Boston—Rev. William Hague, Dr. George Shattuck, Rev. A. Colver, Dea. S. G. Shipley, Mrs. J. B. Read, No. 3 Howard St., Mrs. Marion Dix Sullivan, No. 45 Bowdoin St.

Braintree—Dr. Jonathan Wild.

Quincy—Rev. William Allen, Elisha Marsh, Esq., P. S. A separate class will be formed in the Languages, should the prospect of pupils warrant it. Terms, etc., made known on application.

Quincy, March 21. 1f

House Lots at Auction.
WILL be sold at auction, on TUESDAY, the 7th of April next, at half past one o'clock P. M., on the premises, Four ELIGIBLE HOUSE LOTS, on the estate of the late Henry T. Gay, in Quincy, a few rods west of the Episcopal Church.

For further information, apply to Benjamin Gay, near the premises.

Terms easy and made known at sale. It is very rainy on that day, the sale will be on the following THURSDAY.

THOMAS ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 21. 3w

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the proprietors of the QUINCY NEW LINE OF STAGES, are notified, that suits will be commenced on every demand which is not paid by the tenth of April next.

WILLIAM S. MORTON.

Quincy, March 21. 3w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the Will of JOHN PRAY,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Boat Manufacturer, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to LEWIS G. PRAY, Executor.

Boston, March 21. 3w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of

HEZEKIAH STODDARD,

late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, yeoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to JUDSON STODDARD, Adm'r.

Weymouth, March 21. 3w*

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. March 14th, 1846. ARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

WILLIAM HUBBARD,

of Weymouth, in said County, cordwainer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to the said debtor, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said insolvent debtor will be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master in Chancery, SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh. J., Messenger.

House Lots at Auction.

WILL be sold at auction, on TUESDAY, the 7th of April next, at half past one o'clock P. M., on the premises, Four ELIGIBLE HOUSE LOTS, on the estate of the late Henry T. Gay, in Quincy, for further information, apply to Benjamin Gay, near the premises.

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THOMAS ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 21. 3w

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WILLIAM S. MORTON.

Quincy, March 21. 3w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the Will of

JOHN PRAY,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Boat Manufacturer, deceased, and has accepted said trust: And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

LEWIS G. PRAY, Executor.

Boston, March 21. 3w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of

HEZEKIAH STODDARD,

late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, yeoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to

JUDSON STODDARD, Adm'r.

Weymouth, March 21. 3w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. March 14th, 1846.

ARON PRESCOTT, Esquire, Master in Chancery, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

WILLIAM HUBBARD,

of Weymouth, in said County, co-defendant, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to the said debtor, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said insolvent debtor will be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, in Randolph, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master in Chancery

SILAS BINNEY, Dep. S. J., Messenger.

March 21. 2w

To Let,

A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alley, situated on Codding Street in Quincy.

The House is suitable for two families; a good Garden is attached to the premises. The whole estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are, in good repair.

For further information inquire of

ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston, or of JOSEPH FRYE, on the premises.

Quincy, March 21. 3w

To Let,

A DWELLING HOUSE, on Penn's Hill, with half an acre of Land, wood shed attached, good well of water under cover and a Shoemaker's Shop.

Apply to

JOHN GLOVER, Jr.

Quincy, March 21. 3w

Farm to Let in Quincy.

TO Let, the well known FARM, late the estate of Col. Edward Glover, deceased, situated on Squamum Street, in Quincy. The land consists of Mowing, Tillage and Pasturing, containing about seventy-five acres.

For many years it has been improved as a Milk Farm, and to persons engaged in that business, it offers a desirable opportunity.

For further particulars, apply to the subscriber or to

W. B. DUGGAN, Esq., near the premises.

SAMUEL BABCOCK.

Milton, March 14. 3w

To be Let,

A DWELLING-HOUSE, situated near the Stone Temple.

Inquire of

JOHN HAYWARD.

Quincy, March 14. 3w

To Let,

THE House, Barn and Land now occupied by Joshua Fisher, in School St., and possession given the 1st of April. For further information inquire of Mrs. M. PHIPPS, on the premises, or of HENRY SOUTHER, at his Store corner of Washington and Codding Streets.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

To be Let,

AND possession given on the first of April, a 1/2 acre situated on the Brimtree and Weymouth Turnpike, and only a few rods from the Episcopal Church in this town. Inquire near the premises of

JOSEPH N. BROWN.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

To be Let,

PART of the House of the subscriber, which is every way convenient. Possession given on or before the first of April. Inquire of

JOHN L. SOUTHER.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

To Let,

ONE half of a house on Washington St., with or without about three acres of land. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of

LYDIA SPEAR.

Quincy Point, March 7. 3w

To Let,

A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street.

Inquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of

DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

To Let,

ONE HALF of a House situated opposite Mr. Alden French's residence, on the Brimtree and Weymouth Turnpike. Inquire of

DANIEL BAXTER.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

The Planting Season.

Commercial Garden and Nursery OF PARSONS & CO.

THE Proprietors desire to call attention to this extensive establishment, now one of the largest in the Union, covering an area of more than fifty acres, and compactly planted with every desirable variety of Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

Their Fruit Trees they can recommend, as being straight and thrifty; of undoubted genuineness, as to variety, which they ensure by close personal attention to propagating from the most reliable sources and from bearing trees, and as being from the well-ripened state of the wood, peculiarly adapted for removal to higher latitudes.

To those who are in need of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, they can with confidence recommend their assortment, embracing, together with the old standard varieties, many new species selected personally by the Proprietors from the principal Horticultural establishments of Europe, whence they are receiving constant additions.

Grape Vines, Raspberry Bushes, Currant Bushes, Gooseberry Bushes, Asparagus Roots, and Scions, of the best kinds of fruits, can be had.

All orders addressed to M. R. & E. MARSH, Quincy, their Agents, will be immediately attended to, where a sample of their trees can be seen.

March 14. 3w

Toll Keeper Wanted.

SEALED Proposals will be received by Capt. Michael Humphrey, Dorchester, or by the subscriber, until TUESDAY, March 24th, inst., for the situation of Toll Keeper of the Granite Bridge.

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN.

Quincy, March 14. 2w

Notice.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN, was, by mutual consent, dissolved on the 21st of January.

CHARLES A. CUMMINGS, M. W. SULLIVAN.

THE business will be pursued as formerly by the undersigned. Freight of BRICKS will be received immediately on the opening of navigation, and a constant supply of prime quality THOMSON LIME for the trade. HARD AND SOFT WOOD as usual.

M. W. SULLIVAN.

Quincy, March 14. 3w

To be sold at private Sale.

SEVERAL very likely young COWS, from four to seven years old, will calve in about three weeks.

Also—One that has calved and gives milk.

Also—One yoke of five years old working Oxen, full of flesh, and large.

Enquire of

MINOTT THAYER.

Braintree, March 14. 3w

Collector's Notice.

THE subscriber gives notice to all who have not paid their Taxes, that he will call upon them once previous to the 15th of April, and all who do not settle by that date may expect to have their property advertised.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector.

Quincy, March 14. 2w

To Let,

THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.

For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } of
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Quincy.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 9th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

EDWARD DAMON,

of Quincy, in the County aforesaid, Storekeeper, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

March 14. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. MILTON, March 9th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

CHARLES H. PACKARD,

of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

March 14. 2w

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

EDWARD W. WILDER,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, an insolvent debtor, and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of the Judge of Probate.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

March 14. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of

HEPZIBAH MILLER,

late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, singlewoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Administrator.

Quincy, March 14. 3w

NEW PRINTS, good styles, just received and for sale by

J. BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20. 3w

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of

CALEB GILL & Co. CABLE GILL, Jr.

Quincy, March 2, 1846. 3w

The Town Officer.

A DIGEST of the Laws of Massachusetts in relation to the Power, Duties and Liabilities of Towns and Town Officers; with the necessary forms. By Benjamin F. Thomas, Counsellor at Law.

For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

Cheap Goods for the Spring.

F. HARDWICK, JR.,

HAS on hand Goods and remnants of articles, and being desirous to close in order to be prepared for changes in fashion, will sell, if applied for within a few days, the remainder at

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

New and fashionable Goods for the Spring trade will be received in a few days.

All who intend to buy are respectfully invited to call, and no mistake but the articles and prices cannot fail to give satisfaction. A quick sale and cash payment are the life of trade.

Quincy, March 7. 4w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. March 9th, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

ENOCH C. WILDER,

of Weymouth, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of April, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

March 14. 2w

Dr. L. Goodnow,

(From Boston.)

THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN

SURGEON,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.

Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.

He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

MONUMENT TO THE MEMORY OF GEN. ANDREW JACKSON, containing twenty-five Eulogies and Sermons delivered on occasion of his death. To which is added an Appendix containing several Jackson Proclamations, his Farewell Address and a certified copy of his last Will, with a sketch of his life and a Portrait.

For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, March 7. 3w

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS, Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,

will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheaply.

S. S. MARSH.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 3w

Grain Store—Old Stand.

HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Codding and Washington Streets,

CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, &c.,

which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.

Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with

Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.

Quincy, Feb. 23. 3w

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have recently received large additions to their former stock, making a good assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.

Quincy, March 16. 3w

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by

SETH ADAMS.

Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple.

Quincy, April 20. 3w

Paper Hangings.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, April 19. 3w

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, by

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Nov. 1. 3w

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET, Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store.

Quincy, August 10. 3w

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses' of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 25. 3w

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

Quincy Point, July 1. 3w

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."

A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal Blue; Alpaca, M. de Laines, PAINTS; Edging, Muslins, Laces, and a good assortment of domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspenders, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.

Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do.; Slippers. A good assortment of ready made

SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS, FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON. BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS, which can be made into any style of garment to suit the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS, AND OF

VESTINGS, EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Oct. 4. 3w

Hair Oils, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are

Balm of Columbia; Best Hair Restorative, Buffalo and Bear Oils, (Sands' pure); Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olen Compound; Jule's Hair Lotion; DeLor's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philicome; Pomatums; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gouard's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, etc., etc.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 3w

Now's the time, Ladies. Reducing the Stock to make room for Spring Goods.

RUTLAND AND FLORENCE, Gipsy Cottage Bonnets, CHEAPER THAN EVER, together with a variety of

FANCY GOODS

AT H. BRUMMETT'S, Hancock Street.

Mourning Articles constantly on hand, such as BONNETS, CAPS, COLLARS, BANDS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHROUDS, &c. &c.

Quincy, Jan. 31. 2w

NEW BOOKS.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D.

Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.

Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.

The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harney Newcomb. Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin. Revised edition.

New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.

For sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 3w

Notice of Removal.

JOHN RUSSELL, TAILOR,

WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at

RUSSELL & Co's Cloth and Clothing Warehouse, In Mr. Souther's new Block, Corner of Washington and Codding Streets.

N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.

Also—A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible PROFIT.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 3w

Quincy Market House.

THE subscribers announce to the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that they have taken rooms in Souther's new Building, corner of Washington and Codding Streets, and have opened a

MARKET-HOUSE, where they will keep a constant supply of

PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES, FRUIT, &c.

An abundant and choice selection of all articles in their line may be found at the "Quincy Market House," and the best market affords can be had at all hours of the day or evening.

A share of public patronage is solicited.

HAYDEN CREHORE.

R. S. HAYDEN, GEORGE A. CREHORE.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 3w

Great Bargains CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE QUINCY CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a LESS PRICE than ever before offered, or have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to

E. PACKARD.

N. B. Mr. J. McConnell, who presides in the Tailoring department, is without a rival in Cutting and making a garment.

Quincy, Jan. 24. 3w

Planing and Sawing.

THE subscriber, having taken the Shop of Henry T. Pratt, adjoining Mr. Williams' Tannery, would respectfully inform the public that he will be ready, at all times, to execute the above work.

CHARLES H. EDWARDS.

Quincy, April 12. 3w

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES, and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES, Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing; Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin; FRESH BRUSHES, etc.

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder, Hammer's Cough CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup; Eli's Volcanic Bitters; Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters; Bryant's TOOTHACHE DROPS; Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 13. 3w

OPENING OF Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS, having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS, which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles, CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars; Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins; Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimps, and other Trimmings for Dresses,) Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets, ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANSED and PRESSED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH, a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side.

Quincy, May 3. 3w

Eates' Air Tight Cook Stove DEPOT,

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

WERE I A YANKEE MAIDEN.

Were I a Yankee maiden
And a drop of blood could boast,
Allied to that which warm'd the heart's
Of freedom's pilgrim host,
While on the free and sacred land
Their toil and courage won,
A relic of their worth remain'd
To fix the affections on,

I would not be a Southern's bride
To own a wretched slave;
Before I'd share a tyrant's bed
I'd share a freeman's grave.
What shame and sorrow must await
The vain slaveholder's bride,
To eat the slave's tear moistened bread—
The bitter cure to bide;

To feel the deep and damning thought
Suffice her crimson'd cheek
That she it is who guides the lash
And tramples on the weak;
To know that all her gaudy dress
Is strip'd with blood and tears;
To know that every groan ascends
And that the eternal hears.

To know a hair suspended sword
Hangs o'er her guilty head,
And all her life and honors guard
Its weak and brittle thread
To know that in her father land—
The dwelling of the free—
Her dearest friends would blush to show
A despot sympathy.

To know her meekest slave would meet
A welcome on that shore,
Where she, a stigma on her race,
Could find a home no more.
Oh ne'er my freedom's lilies rove
With slavery's night shade twine;
Accursed be 'th' unhallo'd rites
At slavery's Moloch shrine.

F. M. ADELSTON, Weymouth.

A RECIPE FOR BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

Do, dear Jane mix up the cakes,
Just one quart of meal it takes;
Pour the water in the pot,
Be careful that 'tis not too hot;
Sift the meal well through your hand;
Thicken well—don't let it stand;
Stir quick—dash—clatter—
Oh! what a lightning-batter;
Now listen to the next command;
On the dresser let it stand
Just three-quarters of an hour,
To feel the gentle rising power
Of powders melted into yeast,
To lighten well the precious feast.
See! now it rises to the brim—
Quick take the ladle, dip it in.
So let it rest, until the fire
The middle heats as you desire.
Be careful that the coals are glowing,
No smoke around its white curls throwing.
Apply the soft sifter, lightly—
The griddle's black face shines more brightly,
Now pour the batter on—delicious!
(Don't, dear Jane, think me officious)
But lift the tender edges slightly—
Now turn it over, quickly, sprightly.
'Tis done—now on the white plate lay it,
And to the breakfast room convey it.
Smoking hot, with butter spread,
'Tis quite enough to turn your head.
Now I have eaten—thank the farmer
That grows this luscious, mealy charmer;
Yes, thanks to all—the cook that makes,
These light, delicious buckwheat cakes.

RHYMING GRAMMAR.

Three little words we often see,
Are ARTICLES,—a, an, and the.
A NOUN 's the name of anything;
As, school, or garden, hoop or swing.
ADJECTIVES tell the kind of nouns;
As, great, small, pretty, white or brown.
Instead of nouns, the PRONOUNS stand;
John's head, his face, my arm, my hand.
VERBS tell of something being done;
To read, write, count, sing, jump or run.
How things are done, the ADVERBS tell;
As, slowly, quickly, ill or well.
CONJUNCTIONS join the words together;
As, men and children, wind or weather.
A PREPOSITION stands before
A noun; as, in, or through a door.
The INTERJECTION shows surprise;
As, Oh! how pretty! Ah! how wise.
The whole are called Nine Parts of speech,
Which reading, writing, speaking, teach.

ANECDOTES.

*You've had five gin toddies already this morning,' said a bar-keeper, the other day, to one of his hardest customers, who had called for a sixth.
'Have I?' inquired the chap.
'Yes, you just have, don't you think another will get you drunk?'
'Well, I don't know—make me one and we'll see. It's always best to be trying experiments.'

An old man with a wooden leg was walking the road apparently much woe-worn, when he came up to the mail coach. The conductor taking pity on his apparent debility and helplessness, invited him to take a seat. 'I thank you—I thank you, sir, I am in a desperate hurry,' replied the old codger, stamping ahead at a furious rate.

*My lad,' said a lady to a boy carrying a mail bag, 'are you a mail boy?'
'Ye duzent think Ize a female boy, duz ye?'

*Who was the first drunkard?' Answer—Goliah, because he was slaved with a sling.

The Quincy Bookstore,
HAYDEN received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Books, Porcelain and Transparent Plates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings, Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Post Paper, Steel Pens from the best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks. Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Cardstock Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hovey's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stencil Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macassar and Anise Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Shampoos, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, etc.

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.
ELIJAH HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS. REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.
JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.

Quincy Point, Aug. 23.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Painting, etc.—Harness Making, etc.

COACH, CHAISE & SIGN

PAINTING;

GILDING & GRAINING.

HARNESS MAKING

AND

CARRIAGE TRIMMING.

MELVILL HOVEY

PAINTING BUSINESS

TAKES this opportunity of respectfully informing his friends and the public generally, that he still continues in

all its various branches, at the old stand, in the Cross Building.

COACHES AND CHAISES painted to order.

SIGNS painted and gilded, with or without shades, at short notice.

N. B. All kinds of WOOD IMITATED, such as Oak, Maple, Black Walnut, Mahogany, Cherry, etc.,—MARBLING done in the English and French style to suit customers.

In connection with the above business, will carry on the HARNESS MAKING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING in their various branches.

OLD HARNESSES repaired and Cleaned.

Old FURNITURE Varied and Repaired, on the most reasonable terms.

Old CHAIRS painted, from 12 1/2 to 30 cents.

Tables varnished for 25 cts. BUREAUS for 60 cts., and all other kinds of Furniture in proportion to the above prices.

All orders entrusted to his charge, will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Quincy, July 13.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.

THE Proprietor desires to express the fact, that his medicine is even capable of more than carrying out what he recommends it for. As for instance he has heretofore not recommended it as a perfect cure in all cases of Consumption, and other diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Throat, Coughs and Colic, but persons who use it being the best judges of its merits, decide at once that it is the perfection of an effective medicinal preparation. Testimonials crowd in on the Proprietor, stating such rapid cures of the above diseases even when of the most aggravating character, that there is no withholding the natural inference that it exceeds in power, by the effect of its singularly pure vegetable combination, any of the mineral and dangerous nostrums devised by the hand of quackery. This medicine is Nature's grand specific in Lung complaints; it touches the seat of the disease, it proceeds at once to purify and deplete the lungs and chest of those humors and decayed parts which result from the action of disease, and when it has performed this part of its office, it commences to repair the ravages made in the vital, and strengthens and increases the action of the vessels so that the part is renewed sufficiently to perform its wonted duties, and the cure is effected. The Consumptive should know that to them delays are fraught with danger, and even a day wasted in worse than useless tampering with their complaint, if devoted to the use of the Restorative, would be bringing them so much nearer to a cure. There is an abiding sense of comfort while under the mild and soothing yet effectual action of this remedy, which is a happiness indescribable by the patient; it is a feeling of an ensuing cure from disease by the almost miraculous human intervention. The following certificate is from Dr. Clifton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

508 Broome Street, New York.

GENTS.

Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple,

Washington Street.

Brainard, JUDSON STODDARD.

Weymouth, ELI THAYER.

Feb. 23.

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the *Health Restorative Pills*, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.

C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Pork, Bacon and Lard.

JUST received by DANIEL BAXTER & Co., a lot of PORK, BACON & LARD, of first quality, which they will keep constantly on hand.

Quincy, March 29.

Boarders Wanted.

FIVE or six good boarders can be accommodated in the rear of the Hancock House. Boarding and washing included at \$2.25 per week.

MELVILL HOVEY.

Quincy, Jan. 11.

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by

JONAS HALLSTROM, Jr.

Inquire at Whiton & Adams' Store.

Quincy Point, Sept. 20.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7.50 to \$8 per thousand, the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting.

Inquire of ALBERT HERSEY.

Quincy Point, June 14.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Smith, the latest and best Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carting promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER

Quincy, Nov. 11

Mattresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 29.



The Great Remedy

FOR

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olosanion, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victim to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor of a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosanion. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.

The cure was truly a wonderful one and places the Olosanion or All-Healing Balm, at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was settled and fixed Consumption. He moved to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not even get up assistance. Although his friends had never given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the Olosanion, or All-Healing Balm, and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Laban, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the Olosanion or All-Healing Balm, when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest at once the disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co., State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

August 16.

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLLEN GOODS, which, together with their former Stock, enables them to offer to the public.

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, TWEEDS, GAMBOONS, &c. of the most desirable and fashionable colors and styles.

SHIRTS, VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible price in order to make any garment for gentlemen or boys' wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston ready-made.

All wishing to treat themselves to new Clothes the present season, will do well to call and look before purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves, Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc., etc., at very low prices.

Quincy, Nov. 1.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBOONS and VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mosses de Laines, Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diapers.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's., Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD and GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Published every

NUMBER 13.

JOHN A. GREEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

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The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

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MISCELLANY.

ETHAN SPIKE'S

FIRST AND LAST VISIT TO PORTLAND.

Portland is the all darndest place that I ever seed. I was down there in '33, to see a little about my goin' to the Legislature, and such a run time as I had, you never heer'd tell on. Did ever I tell you about the ice cream scrape I had?

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

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JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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We answered in the negative, and he resumed—

Well, I'd bin down there, two or three days pickin' about in every hole, and tho' I'd seed every thing that was to be seed. But one day towards sun down I was going by a shop in Middle Street that looked wonderfully sick—there was all manner of candy an' jessaminants an' what nots at the window. An' then there war signs with gold letters on 'em to them, hangin' round the door, tellin' how they sold Soda, Mead, an' ice cream there. I says to myself, I have hearn a good deal about this 'ere ice cream, an' now I'll be darned if I won't see what they'r made of. So I puts my hands into my pockets an' walked in kinder careless and says to a chap standing behind the counter, 'You doo keep any ice creams here?'

Yes sir, says he, how much'll you have?

I considered a minit on it, says I—a pint, sir.

The young feller's face swelled out, an' he liked to have laughed right out, but arter a while he asked—

Did you say a pint, sir?

Sartin' says I, but 'p'raps you don't retail, so I don't mind takin' a quart.

Wall, don't you think the feller sorter right out. Tell yer what, it made me feel sort o' poison, an' I gave him a look that made him look sober in about a minit, an' when I clinched my fist and looked so at him (here Mr. Spike favored us with a most diabolical expression,) he hauled in his horns about the quickest, an' handed me a pint of the stuff as perlie as could be. Wal, I tasted a mouthful of it and found it as cool as the north side of Bethel hill in January. I'd half a mind to spit it out, but just then I seed the confectioner chap grinning behind the door, which riz my spunk. Gall smash it, thinks I, I'll not let that white livered monkey think I'm afeared—I'll eat the darn'd stuff if it freezes my inards. I tell yer what, I'd rather skinned a bear or whipped a wild cat, but I went it. I eat the whole in about a minit.

Wal, in about quarter of an hour I began to feel kinder grippy about here, continued Ethan pointing to the lower parts of his stomach, an' kept on feeling no better very fast, till at last it seemed as though I had got a steam ingen sawin' shingles in me. I sot down in a cheer and bent myself up like a nut cracker, thinkin' I'd grin and bear it, but I couldn't set still—I twisted and squirmed about like an angle worm on a hook, till at last the chap as gin me the cream, who had been lookin and snickerin says to me.

Mister, what ails yer?

Ails me! says I, that ere darned stuff of your'n is freezin up my daylightis.

You eat too much, says he.

I tell yer I didn't, screamed I, I know what's an' what's too much without askin' you, and if you don't leave off snickerin I'll spile your face.

He calmed right down, and said he didn't mean any hurt, and asked me if I hadn't better take some gin. I told him I would. So I took a purty good horn and left the shop.

Arter I got out, continued Ethan, I felt better for a minute or so, but I hadn't gone far before the gripes took me agin, so I went into another shop an' took some more gin, then I sot down on the State House steps and there I sot and sot, but didn't feel darned a mite better. I begun to think I was goin to kick the bucket, and then I thought of father and moth-

er an' old Spanker—that's father's horse—and when I thought I should never see 'em agin, I fairly blubbered. But then I happened to look up and see a dozen boys grinnin' and larfin' at me, I tell yer what, it riz my dander—that had got down below zero—rite up again. I sprang at 'em like a wild cat, hollerin out that I'd shake their tarna! gizzards out, an the way the little devils scampered was a caution to nobody. But after the 'citement of the race was over, I felt was again, and I couldn't help groaning and screeching as I went along.

At last I thought I'd go to the theatre, but afore I got there the gripes got so strong that I had to go behind a meetin house and lay down and holler. Arter a while I got up and went into a shop and eat half a dollar's worth of biled isters with four pickled cucumbers, and wound up with a glass of brandy. Then I went into the theatre and seed the plays, but I felt so tar'nally that I couldn't see any fun in 'em, for I don't think the isters and the cucumbers dun me any good. I sot down, laid down, and stood up, but still it went on gripe, gripe. I groaned all the time, an once in a while I was obleeged to screech kinder easy. But at last just as the nigger Orphello was goin to put the piller on his wife's face to smother her, there cum such a twinge through me that I really thought I was bustin up, and yelled out—Oh dear! oh scissors! so loud that the old theatre rung agin. Such a row you never seed; the nigger dropped the piller, and Deuteronomy—or what you call her there—his wife, jumped off the bed and run, while every body in the theatre was all up in a muss, some larfing and some swearin. The upshot of it was, the perlice carried me out of the theatre and told me to make myself scarce.

Wal, as I didn't feel any better, I went into a shop close by, an called for two glasses of brandy; arter swallerin it, I went at hum to the tavern. I sot down by the winder, and tried to think I felt better, but 'twas no go; that blessed old ingine was still wallowin' away inside; so I went out to eat a quarters worth of isters an a piece of mince pie. Then I went back and told the tavern keeper I felt kinder sick, and thought I'd take some Caster ile, a mouthful of cold meat and a strong glass of whiskey punch, an then go to bed. He got the fixins, which I took, an went to bed.

But, tell yer what, I had a rather poor night. Sometimes I was awake groanin an hollerin, an when I was asleep I'd better bin awake, for I had sich powerful dreams. Sometimes I thought I was skinnin a bear, an then by some hocus pocus 'twould all change 'tother side to, an the tarna! critter would be skinnin me.

Then agin I'd dream that I was rollin' legs with the boys, and just as I'd be a shoutin out—now then!—here she goes!—every thing would get reversed agin—I was a log an the boys were prying me up with their handspricks. Then I'd wake up and scream and roar—then off to sleep agin—to dream that Spanker had run away with me, or that father was whoppin me, or some other playgy thing, till mornin'.

When I got up I hadn't any appetite for breakfast, and the tavern keeper told me that if I was goin' to carry on, screaming and groanin as I had the night afore, my room was better than my company.

I hain't bin to Portland since, but if I live to be as old as Methuselein, I shall never forget that all fired Ice Cream.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

A young man of eighteen or twenty, a student in a university, took a walk one day with a professor, who was commonly called the student's friend, such was his kindness to the young men whose office it was to instruct.

While they were now walking together, and the professor was seeking to lead the conversation to grave subjects, they saw a pair of old shoes lying in their path, which they supposed to belong to a poor man who was at work in a field close by, and who had nearly finished his day's work.

The young student turned to the professor, saying: 'Let us play the man a trick; we will hide his shoes, and conceal ourselves behind those bushes, and watch to see his perplexity when he cannot find them.'

'My dear friend,' answered the professor, 'we must never amuse ourselves at the expense of the poor. But you are rich, and you may give yourself a much greater pleasure by means of this poor man. Put a dollar into each shoe; then we will hide ourselves.'

The student did so, and then placed himself with the professor behind the bushes close by, through which they could easily watch the laborer, and see whatever wonder or joy he might express.

The poor man had soon finished his work, and came across the field to the path where he had left his coat and shoes. While he put on the coat he slipped one foot into one of the shoes; but feeling something hard he stooped down and found the dollar. Astonishment and wonder were seen upon his countenance; he gazed upon the dollar, turned it around, and looked again and again, then he looked around him on all sides, but could see no one. Now he put the money in his pocket and proceeded to put on the other shoe; but how great was his astonishment when he found the other dollar!

His feelings overcame him; he fell upon his knees, looked up to heaven and uttered aloud a fervent thanksgiving, in which he spoke of his wife, sick and helpless, and his children without bread, whom this timely

bounty from some unknown hand would save from perishing.

The young man stood there deeply affected and tears filled his eyes.

'Now,' said the professor, 'are you not much better pleased than if you had played your intended trick?'

'O, dearest Sir,' answered the youth, 'you have taught me a lesson now that I will never forget. I feel now the truth of the words which I never before understood—it is better to give than to receive.'

We should never approach the poor but with the wish to do them good.

GRAFTS AND GRAFTING.

The right season of the year for cutting scions for spring grafting has now arrived. Scions should be taken from the ends of side limbs of healthy, bearing trees, the wood of the last year's growth is the best, though still older wood may be used if necessary; when cut, the scions should be placed with the cut ends an inch or two in damp earth, damp sand is good for preserving the grafts until wanted for use; damp earth, but not too damp, else there will be danger of the scions rotting.

Now is a good time for cutting them; they may be cut during the autumn, winter, and preserved for use the coming spring, but the risk of keeping them when cut at this season of the year is much less than when removed from the parent tree in autumn. Take care to place the scions out of the reach of rats, else your labor may be all in vain, for these animals will frequently make sad havoc with grafts if they can get at them. Next comes the operation of inserting the scion upon the stock or tree, of which it is intended to form a future part. There are various modes of performing this operation. That which is in most common use in New England upon large stocks is called cleft grafting, and is the most awkward, clumsy, and unseemly of all modes, making bad wounds upon the tree. The proper manner of setting a scion, can be much better, and more readily learned by observing a nursery man, or other practical operators, perform the operation, than from any written instructions that can be given.

Trees should be grafted when small, or at least of moderate size; the wounds, when a tree is young, and growing rapidly, heal over much quicker than they do in an old stock. Scions of stone fruits are usually set much earlier than those of apples or pears; one reason for this is that the stone fruits come forward earlier, and there is danger of starting the bark from the stock after the tree has begun to blossom, or leaf out; apart from this no good reason can be given why cherries and plums may not be grafted as late in the season as other kinds of fruit. With care in the handling, they may be grafted at any time when apples and pears may.

If scions are set early in the season, and before the trees have begun to show signs of putting forth leaves, it will be found a good plan to put a little grafting wax on the top of the scion, to prevent the sap of the scion evaporating too much before it can receive a supply from the stock. Small trees, of the size of a common goose quill may be worked by whip, or splice grafting to good advantage, the operation is performed quick, and if done carefully there is very little risk of failure.

To protect the stock and scion from the air and wet, grafting wax or prepared clay may be used. Wax is the neatest and at the same time the most expensive covering; prepared clay is equally as good a covering as wax, (but no better as some suppose,) if properly applied but when used it requires an assistant to apply it on account of the dirt upon the hands delaying the grafter if he applies it in person. Scions may be set during the month of April and May and even still later by a different mode from the common grafting.

Peach trees can be grafted with success, but budding has been usually deemed the best mode of working the stock. Grape vines can be grafted to good advantage, by using the hardy native grape vine for a stock and inserting the scion beneath the surface of the bark; the grape scion should be cut early and not set until the vine stocks have put forth leaves, etc, so as to be past bleeding, as they would do if cut early in the spring. After the scion is set, a few weeks time will determine whether it lives or not, care should be taken to prune away from time to time the shoots that will probably push out from the parent stock as they will rob the scions of a portion of the sap or nourishment essential to their growth. If the scions make a rapid growth there is danger of their being broken by winds and rain before they have attained substance sufficient to support the luxuriant growth of leaves they not unfrequently have, care should therefore be had especially the first year, not to throw too much force of the parent stock into the scions by too severe a pruning of the limbs of the stock.—Worcester Farmer.

Physic is of little use to a temperate person, for a man's own observation on what he finds does him good, and what hurts him is the best physic to preserve health.—Lord Bacon.

LINEN. The manufactories of linen in Massachusetts are three in number, employing ninety-three males, and ninety-nine females, and producing 875,000 yards annually, valued at \$145,000. Capital invested, \$79,000.

Ill got, ill spent.

[By request.]

ENGINE MATTERS.

To the Foreman and Members of the Vulture Engine Company, No. 4, of Quincy:

A degree of dissatisfaction having been expressed with regard to the trial between the Tiger and Vulture Engines last year, and as some doubts exist relative to their strength and capacity, the Members of the Tiger Company propose another trial, which they believe will show that the Vulture is not the "smartest engine."

In accordance with these views, a meeting of the Tiger Company was held last evening, at which the following votes were passed—

Voted—To challenge the Vulture Engine Company to play with the Tiger, on Friday, April 3d, 1846, at half past eight o'clock in the morning, on the same terms and at the same place as the last year's trial, and that no alterations be made in the engines from what they were at that time.

Voted—To request an answer from the Vulture Company on or before next Monday evening. In behalf of the Company,

JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 12th, 1846.

[By request.]

REPLY.

To the Foreman of the Tiger Engine:

SIR—The Vulture Engine Company met last evening to act upon a challenge received from the Tiger Engine Company, at which meeting it was voted to send the following answer:

Whereas, the victory obtained by the Vulture Engine, No. 4, over the Tiger Engine, No. 2, on the 12th of Dec. last, was so decisive and complete, that it would not be fair or honorable to the members of No. 2, for the members of No. 4 to accept any challenge to play with their own engine, as it would be but triumphing over a fallen foe—

Therefore, voted—That if the Tiger Company are really desirous of having another trial, the Vulture Company think it probable that they could obtain the engine, Columbia-located at Germantown, which might render the contest more equal and possibly give the Tiger an opportunity of obtaining the victory.

By order of the Company,
GEORGE BAXTER, Clerk.
Quincy Point, March 17th, 1846.

[By request.]

INTOXICATING WINE.

The word wine is one of the most ambiguous words of the language.

Glance at a list of its varied significations, from the pure unfermented juice of the fresh ripe cluster, pressed by the Butler's hand into the cup of Pharaoh, (Gen 40: 11,) to the mixture of rye, whiskey, cream tartar, nicaragua, sugar of lead, and impure water, manufactured in our large cities, and offered for sale as pure imported wine. The pressed juice of the grape could not intoxicate before fermentation. The juice of the Palm-tree has been called wine. The juice of the birch-tree has also been called wine. Solomon speaks of the wine of the pomegranate, (Sol. Songs 8: 2.) And most of us, probably, have called the unfermented juice of currants, currant wine.

Such, then, is the ambiguity of this word, that the question now to be decided is, what do the Scriptures recognize as wine? I will not condemn an innocent beverage because it is called wine. Nor will I use a poisonous one because that is called by the same name.

The Book of Books will not contradict itself. This rule cannot call wine "a mocker," (Prov. 20: 1,) and then call wine "a blessing," (Ps. 104: 15,) and yet in both passages mean the same thing. God will not deceive us by calling "a mocker" "a blessing." When the Bible says that God repented, and that he does not repent, that he tempted Abraham, and that he tempted no man, it does not contradict itself, because the different passages mean entirely different things. This comes from the imperfection of our language. Now, as the Scriptures approve of wine in some passages and condemn its use in others, may we not suppose that different kinds of wine are meant? unfermented in one instance and fermented in the other?

I will now examine some texts where the unfermented juice of the grape may be called wine. Gen 40: 11, 13—"I took the grapes and pressed them into Pharaoh's cup, and I gave to Pharaoh's hand"—"And thou shalt deliver Pharaoh's cup into his hand after the former manner." From this we learn what was the custom or duty of the butler; and in this passage Dr. Clark observes that, "we find wine anciently was the expressed juice of the grape, without fermentation. The suky, or cup bearer, took the bunch, pressed the juice into the cup, and instantly delivered it into the hands of his master. This was anciently the gavn of the Hebrews, the oinos of the Greeks, and the mustum of the ancient Latins."

Read Gen. 46: 11, Isa. 93: 3; "He shall wash his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes"—"I have trodden the wine-press alone." No doubt these passages allude to unfermented wine. Again, Job 32: 19, Isa. 16: 10, Proverbs 3: 10; "Wine which hath no vent." This of course was not wine fermented. It must have been wine in a state of fermentation—affording us the conclusion that wine is not always fermented, or fermented. "The treaders shall tread out wine in their presses." "Thy presses shall burst out with new wine." None will for a moment

suppose that wine in the presses and new wine, bursting out of the presses is fermented, any more than cider coming new and fresh from our mills, is fermented, or hard, intoxicating cider. One more text may be found in Matt. 9: 17, "Neither do men put new wine into old bottles." Why not? Because the fermented juice of the grape will burst them. But how can fermented wine expand and break them? The juice of the grape is not wine until it is fermented, if the opinion of one who has read the Bible through several times was to be the standard. Christ in this text did not so understand it, however. He gives the reason why it should not be. And the common sense is, that the new wine would ferment and burst the bottles of goat-skins, if they were old and had been extended as far as they would bear. And if they had new bottles made of a new skin and filled them with new wine, of course not fermented, they would extend, and both be preserved.

I think, from these texts and many more that might be named, the point is proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the scriptures call the unfermented juice of the grape, wine and also the fermented juice. Both are wine. The next question is, as there are two kinds of wine in the Scriptures, which kind does it prohibit, and which does it approve? or where is the line of distinction between them?

Before examining this point, I would remark that in the Hebrew Scriptures there are nine words which express different preparations of wine. In our common version, these are translated by the same phrase, wine. 1 Ayin, 2 Shekar, 3 Mesek, 4 Soveh, 5 Hemer or Hamra, 6 Tirosh, 7 Ausis, 8 Eshesha, and 9 Shemarin. Relative to these terms it is observed of Ayin—this word in its primitive sense signifies the juice of the grapes expressed, and most probably was the word by which the ancient Hebrews denoted must, or pure wine, previous to fermentation. "Wine, which is made by squeezing the grapes, the expressed juice of the grapes"—see Parkhurst, in loco.

The word Tirosh signifies, according to Lowth, and other biblical writers of much learning, MUST or NEW WINE. The following phrase is said often to be found in the Hebrew Bible, "erebshagen vitirosh"—a land full of corn and must, Deut. 33: 23, 2; Kings 19: 32; Isa. 36: 17. This term is also said to be associated about thirty times with corn and oil, where it signifies must, new or unfermented wine.

The word Ausis signifies new or fresh wine from asos, to tread down. This word necessarily refers to unfermented wine, or wine in the vat, and newly pressed or trodden down. Hence it follows that the Scriptures recognize terms that signify unfermented wine.

Now let us look for the line of distinction between the approved and prohibited wines of the Bible. To do this, let all the texts where wine is used, either figuratively or literally be examined. You then can divide them into two classes, viz:—the sanctioned and the condemned; those texts which would make it a mocker, and those which would call it a blessing.

Those wines must be opposites, and not simply distinguished by different degrees of the same qualities or properties.

This line of difference is not found in the original source from which the wines of the Bible come. The grapes from which these wines are made cannot be called mockers and blessings, noxious and beneficial, innocent and brutalizing.

What then causes the difference of the Bible wines? That wine which the wise man called a "mocker," could not contain distilled spirits, for that art was not then known. The line of difference then is between FERMENTED juice of the grape, and UNFERMENTED juice of the grape.

For it is a fact that no juice of the grape will intoxicate before fermentation; and hence it is not a "mocker," neither will it "bite like a serpent" and " sting like the adder." Prov. 20: 1 and 23: 31.

The conclusion then is most clear that the Bible prohibits all wines which will intoxicate. Secondly, It allows or approves the use of those which will not intoxicate, or which are not fermented. It is a fact undeniable that in the East both kinds of wine have existed and been extensively used.

I prayerfully hope that no person connected with the "Christian Connexion" will ever taste again fermented wine, until he can produce chapter and verse, with a thus saith the Lord for its use.

I say from my mode of reasoning that unfermented wine is the only wine that God ever has or ever will sanction. The burden of proof must now pass upon those who use intoxicating wine at communion or as a beverage. It is clear that Christ did not use it when he instituted the supper. It is clear that the Bible speaks of wine as different; one kind a blessing, cheering to God and man; the other very destructive. I might offer some reasons why (if Christ used intoxicating wine at the Passover) it would be no sin to dispense with intoxicating wine now. I presume but a few churches use unleavened bread, which was the kind Christ used, no doubt.

It is sometimes said by those who profess to have read the Bible through several times, that they find no text, not a single passage, which condemns the use of wine, when not used to excess. Let such read Prov. 23: 29—31. Here they are told not to look upon the wine, much more not to drink it. If they were



The Great Remedy

FOR

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Wolger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balsam. It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this fearful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry, Cough is the precursor—or neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of many thousands has proved its efficacy, and thousands are recovering in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by a night cough. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION.—The cure was truly a wonderful one and places the Oleanian or All-Healing Balsam, at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He was moved to this city to die among his friends. He was in this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the Oleanian, or All-Healing Balsam, and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Lisbon, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced using the Oleanian or All-Healing Balsam, when he found immediate relief, and in a few days was able to get up and walk. He now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and prove such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co., State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dedham.

August 16.



CLICKER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PILLS.

A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at last acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, coated with SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever on the internal organs. In fact the medicine is so sweetly disguised, that if a person were to swallow it, he would not know what it was, he would believe them to be simply pieces of pure sugar, nor could he afterwards, unless by great effort, suspect that he had taken a medicine. These pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels; and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a coated floor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than undiluted bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, neglect to attend to the blood, for when it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—to rectify it; but when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by costiveness, or any other ailment, it recommends us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the system in a healthy state, and the blood is purified. It is a well known fact, and is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine, that, unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, and neglect the constitution, and at last, when it is too late, they are forced to take medicine. Still they had some excuse; for, sometimes, medicine in almost all its forms, was nearly as disagreeable as it was beneficial. Now, however, the evil is most effectually removed; for CLICKER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine, and therefore the nausea and griping effect, by the operation of other medicines—while they speedily effect to remove all impurities from the system—cannot be exceeded by any other medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here, if these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is sure of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clicker's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared of pure, wholesome and mild, and are sold by J. A. CLICKER & Co., Chemists, at the wholesale and retail drug store, No. 79 and 81 Barclay street, New York. Price 5 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of agents:

J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. Abington; E. E. Gleason, R. F. Tolson, Dorchester; R. P. Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN (near of Essex Temple); and GEORGE B. LOCKE, Quincy.

not to look upon it, how much must they drink before it is called excess.

I have, in my judgment, presented the truth in this matter, and I hope it will be received as light, to all who may be in the dark upon this great subject, or at least lead them to read the Book of Books to know if it is not true.

DANIEL F. FINE.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ONE WORD. All indebted to us for several years must make immediate settlement, or experience additional expense, and no mistake. Take warning in season and find no fault.

THE MURDER IN BOSTON. The trial of Albert J. Tirrell for the murder of Mrs. Maria A. Bickford has been before the Court the present week. The court room, in Boston, has been densely crowded during the week. S. D. Parker against the prisoner and the Messrs Merrills with Hon. R. Choate in his favor, present an array of talents seldom enlisted in a case of this nature. Annexed is the principal testimony against the accused, which does not vary essentially from other witnesses in his behalf:

Joel Lawrence, keeper of the house where the murder was committed, testified that Mrs. Bickford came to his house about ten days before her death—was not out more than twice, day or night. Tirrell came to see her three or four times—saw him in her room the night before the murder—was in the house when it was locked up for the night. Heard a noise at half past four, a person rushed down stairs and unlocked the door. My wife raised the cry of fire. The person that was out made some kind of a screaming noise that it was difficult to describe. Went up stairs and discovered bed clothes at the top of the stairs all on fire—went pulled them down and I put them out into the yard. After we got the clothes out we went and dressed ourselves before going up again. Found the closet on fire, and the room full of smoke. The body of Mrs. Bickford was discovered lying upon the floor much burnt, and most of her night clothes burnt off. Saw a vest, handkerchief, and cane on the table, and some other articles and razor lay near her elbow. The case was behind the bed. It was not my razor, nor belonged to any one in my house to any knowledge before I carried those letters. Mr. Choate asked if he had any doubts that Tirrell was there for improper purposes. He says he don't know any thing about it. He could not swear that he came every night; but has no doubt that he did.

James F. Fullam testified to being called up on the 27th Oct., the morning after the murder, about five o'clock; found Tirrell, said he appeared in trouble, and wanted him to carry him off. He said somebody came into the room and tried to murder him. I told him I would carry him wherever he wanted to go. I had known him before. He had hired horses frequently of me. Saw nothing remarkable about his manner of dress. The wagon he had was covered. He appeared in some hurry, and I sent two men to tackle the horse. The man that went with him is Oliver Thompson. Never knew Tirrell with any other name. Have seen Maria Bickford with him several times. Had no cane in his hand to my knowledge. Tirrell said the house was on fire.

James Bickford, husband of the deceased; has lived in Boston most of the time for two years; has seen the body of his late wife in the tomb; was married to her on the 28th of March, 1840. Her original name was Mary A. Dunn; lived together till Oct., 1842, when she left him; next saw her in Boston in March; first saw Tirrell in this city in Feb., 1845; he and Maria came in a carriage to the shop where he was at work; in July, 1845, saw them at the United States Hotel, where they passed under the name of Hale; went there in consequence of a letter she had sent; went with the deceased to see some friends at South Boston; afterwards she wanted to go out and make some purchases; Tirrell objected, placed himself between her and the door, and she should not go out alive, by G—d she sat down and began to cry; he then cooled down, and finally consented, if she would immediately return; Tirrell called for a hack, and the witness and his wife went off in it; they got out in Lanover street, and separated, but she did not return to the United States Hotel; saw her next day in Chestnut place; she afterwards went to New Bedford; never have been divorced from her; lived with her about a month in July, 1843, and she again left him, being unsteady; she had one child, which died when it was a little over a year old, and previous to the separation.

For the defence, the principal witness for the prisoner was his mother. The main ground of defence will be that Tirrell has been subject to an unusual malady from his childhood, resembling somnambulism. The other testimony was similar and to the point on this question.

Mrs. Nabby Tirrell, widow of the late Leonard Tirrell of Weymouth, and mother of the prisoner; she is 53 years of age; Albert was 22 in February; was married at the age of 19 in 1843. The witness testified that Albert had been in the habit of getting up asleep in the night time since he was 4 or 5 years old; that on these occasions she had to shake him to wake him up, and on one occasion he did not come to till she had got him down stairs; at these times he made an unusual noise, like one in distress; once tore down the curtains, broke the window glass and cut his hand; and his brother's marriage, seven years ago, he usually slept with him; used to feel afraid he would injure himself, and kept the cellar door fastened, fearing he might fall down; when he came out of these spells he used to breathe hard, and appeared exhausted and faint; the spells appeared to increase as he grew older. Never consulted physician about this complaint; gave no medicine for it, as he usually got up bright the next morning.

It is stated that there are seven organized battalions of militia, in Canada, and that the total number is forty one thousand, of whom nineteen thousand are French Canadians, who have but seventy-nine out of the two hundred and ten officers of the battalions.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT. The Senate of the United States recently adopted a resolution requesting the President to state his opinions relative to an increase of the Army and Navy of the country, to which he promptly replied. From the synopsis annexed, it will be seen that his views are unchanged—that he still goes for American rights, and the assertions made by Senators that he had "backed out" are wholly gratuitous and without foundation:

The opinion is expressed that our foreign relations present peculiar demands for the increase of our military and naval forces as a measure of wise precaution. It refers to the annual message and reiterates all the views and recommendations of that message. He has seen no reasons to withdraw or modify the views which he then expressed; but he has since seen additional reasons why provision should be made for the public defence. He reminds the Senate of Washington's maxim, in peace prepare for war, and refers to the controversy between the United States and Great Britain. He adds that while Great Britain is at profound peace with all Europe she was making extensive military preparations, and in the event of a rupture with the United States would be prepared to strike suddenly and effectively. As to the purpose of those armaments, there were undoubted facts showing that they were intended for the United States. He then showed from the language of Ministers to the Crown that this was their purpose. Under this aspect of things he recommends preparations which he says can give no offence to Great Britain, nor increase the chances of rupture. He then urged that notice be given immediately to terminate the convention and that provision be made for the protection of settlers in Oregon. He then refers to Mexican affairs as being in a doubtful state, and such as to require the presence of two thirds of the army on the frontier. In view of these circumstances he recommends preparation and at the same time declares his settled purpose to pursue such a policy as will preserve peace with Mexico and Great Britain, and with a proper regard to our just rights.

SOCIAL LEVEE. There will be a social levee at the Town Hall on Thursday evening, April 2d, for the benefit of the Methodist Episcopal Society in this village.

The Levee was proposed by the ladies of Boston who have pledged themselves to secure a large delegation from the city. They have engaged the East Boston Glee Club to accompany them. It is expected, likewise, that they will secure the services of Rev. E. T. Taylor, and other distinguished speakers, who will entertain the company with appropriate and interesting speeches. It is presumed the citizens of Quincy will show their usual liberality in sending in provisions, and by purchasing tickets.

SUNDAY SCHOOL EXHIBITION. The Sabbath School connected with the Universalist Society in this town, will give their annual exhibition at their Meeting-house, on the evening of Fast-day, April 2d. The exercises, to consist of Addresses, Dialogues and Poetry, interspersed with singing, will commence at half past six o'clock; doors open at six. Tickets twelve and a half cents, to be had at the Quincy Bookstore, at Abercrombie & Bent's store, at George Newcomb's store at the Point, or at the door.

The proceeds will be appropriated for the increase of the Sabbath School Library.

WEYMOUTH TEMPERANCE SOCIETY. At the annual meeting of the Washington Total Abstinence Society of Weymouth and Braintree, holden on the 19th inst., the following gentlemen were chosen to fill the Board of Officers for the ensuing year.

President—John Oliver Foye.

Vice Presidents—Atherton Wales, Jr., John E. Grant.

Recording Secretary—Martin K. Pratt.

Corresponding Secretary—Elias Richards.

Treasurer—John Rolie.

OBITUARY. The following notice of Mrs. Lucy Greenleaf, wife of Mr. John Greenleaf of this town, who died Feb. 18th, is copied from a Washington, (D. C.) paper.

Mrs. Lucy Greenleaf was a daughter of the Hon. Richard Cranch of Braintree, (Mass.), and a sister of Judge William Cranch of this city. She manifested in her life a rare instance of the Christian character. Her mind was vigorous and well informed, and her virtues were ever active and influential. Her intellectual and moral faculties were perfectly balanced, and were always energetic in the pursuit of duty and usefulness. She has left a large circle of relations and friends to mourn her departure while they rejoice in her example. Her memory as a mother is hallowed by the dearest remembrances; as a wife it is tenderly cherished; and in every connection, whether of kindred or of friendship, it will be treasured as a rich possession. She lived in the faith of the gospel promises, and was true to all its requirements, and her pathway to a blessed immortality was irradiated amid the shadows of death. Her excellent and venerable husband, with whom she had lived a pattern of admirable affection for more than fifty years, survives, but on the brink of eternity, patiently awaiting a release from his dying body, and eager to join his consort in the skies.

SENTENCED. The editor of the Lynn (Mass.) Pioneer, has been sentenced to sixty days imprisonment in the jail at Salem, for libelling Aaron Lummus, a Justice of the Peace, residing in that town. The Pioneer is an ably conducted paper, and the editor is bound by no sectarian or political trammels in the expression of his views.

CITY OF ROXBURY. At a town meeting in Roxbury, during the past week convened for the purpose of accepting the Act of the Legislature creating that town into a city, it was decided in the affirmative—yeas, eight hundred and thirty-six; nays, one hundred and ninety-two—consequently immediate steps will be taken to organize a city government.

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature of New Jersey, to allow the seventh-day baptists to labor on the Sabbath.

SCANTUM. We learn that the premises at this delightful summer retreat have been leased by Mr. James B. Perkins of this town, who is now erecting a building for the accommodation of boarders, etc., in addition to the conveniences already attached to the place. There is no resort, when the pleasure of a delightful ride or the luxury of a short sail are considered, which will vie with Scantum in inducements for summer recreation or piscatory excursion, within so short a distance of Boston. The courteous lessee cannot fail to be popular with his patrons, and we bespeak for him a generous support.

SOCIAL MEETING. A new, and indeed a splendid engine, has been purchased and located near the Railway, in Milton. Last Saturday afternoon, the Granite Engine Company of this town, with their tub, and invited friends, repaired to the engine house of their co-laborers, for the purpose of a friendly trial of their engines. The best of feelings prevailed, and the generosity of the company attached to this new engine showed that no lack of hospital regard existed, whatever may be the power of the respective engines. The Hydrant is a powerful tub, and we opine will be victorious in that town.

LEGISLATIVE. There has not been any thing of general interest, transacted in either National or State Legislatures. The business is principally confined to matters of little interest to the community in general.

Clothes-pins, combs of wood and ivory, gimlets, augurs and cut nails, are among the articles exported to England in large quantities; and to these should be added wood shoe pegs.

The peculiar appearance of the Consumptive, the languor of their movements, the melancholy gaze, and the shade of sadness thrown around them, opens at once the fountains of interest and feeling in others. No scene of wo or wrong is equal to the devastation of this dreadful disease. While there is time, use the Health Restorative, that admirable compound of balmy herbs, and the success of the cure is guaranteed.

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NOTICES. The Selection of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to MORROW EVENING, at half past six o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.

C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at seven o'clock.

A social Temperance Meeting will be held in the LYCEUM ROOM, WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 1st, at seven o'clock.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Officers of the Washington and Total Abstinence Societies in Quincy, are hereby notified that a meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at seven o'clock.

J. W. BAKER, Secretary of the Board.

The Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum will meet at Liberty Hall, in Weymouth, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.

Do the signs of the times indicate the continued prosperity of the temperance cause?

All persons are invited to be present and participate in the debate. JOHN O. FOYE, Secretary.

A LIFE PRESERVED!

The following positive testimony in favor of WIS-TAR'S BALSAM, has been received by the agent in Boston.

JORDAN, N. Y., April 15, 1845.

"In the winter of 1841 and '2, I was troubled with hoarseness and dry hacking cough, produced no doubt by change of climate, having previously spent some time at the South, and possessing weak lungs and a rather delicate constitution. In February I was attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs, which continued until I had not sufficient strength of voice to speak loud in three months. Through medical treatment and care I partially recovered during the summer, but on the return of winter was attacked again with cough, chills, fever, night sweats. Physicians said they could do no more for me, as I was rapidly sinking with consumption. Fortunately, my friends procured the BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, thinking it might relieve me for a time, and with the blessing of kind Providence, it entirely restored me to health, which I have continued to enjoy until the present time, without any symptoms of my former disease, with the exception of being a little more liable to cold from damp air and sudden changes of weather.

ELIZABETH WILSON.

Sworn and subscribed this 15th day of April, 1845, before me.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St.

Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

March 28. 1w

Jayne's Alternative or Life Preserver.

RHEUMATISM.—The Proprietor has not prescribed this preparation in a great many cases of Rheumatism, but in every case where it was used until the system became affected by the medicine, the disease was removed.

GOUT.—A number of cases of Gout have been cured by this preparation. In one of these cases the man had been afflicted with it so severely for thirteen years, as to entirely disable him from business, and for five months immediately previous to his taking the Life Preserver, he had been confined to his room; but before he had finished the third bottle, he was enabled to walk about the streets, and soon after returned to his business, from which he had been excluded by his afflictions.

DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.—This medicine increases the powers of digestion, excites the system into healthy exercise, by which watery or Catarrhal depositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced. It imparts tone and vitality to the whole system, removing sick and morbid headaches, giddiness, wandering mania, and nervous affections.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, No. 8 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicine, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

March 21. 3w

MARRIED.

In East Stoughton, 26th inst., by Rev. Isaac Smith, Mr. Henry B. Clapp of this town, to Miss Mary C. Best of the former place.

In Newbury, (N. H.) 12th inst., by Elder Philip Chamberlain, Mr. Frederick Brackett of Bradford, formerly of this town, to Miss Alma Ann Ayer of N.

DIED.

In this town, March 21st, Mr. Jonathan Pratt, aged 74.

In Weymouth, 27th inst., George Franklin, son of Mr. Nathan H. and Mrs. Sarah Dyer, aged 2 weeks.

Classical and High School.

THIS School will be continued at the Basement Room of the Episcopal Church. The next term will commence on THURSDAY, April 16. Application may be made to Rev. Dr. Clark or to the subscriber. JOSEPH DOW. Quincy, March 28. 3w

Social Ball.

A SOCIAL BALL will come off at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 3d, 1846.

Music—Blanchard's Band.

E. THAYER, J. T. FRENCH, G. PRESCOTT, Managers.

Quincy, March 28. 1w

Furniture, etc., at Auction.

WILL be sold at the residence of the late John Milton Lower Mills, on FRIDAY next, April 3d, at nine o'clock A. M., weather fair or foul, articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Chairs, Looking-Glasses, Beds, Bedstead, Clock, Desk, Garden and Shoemaker's Tools, and many other articles.

Also—One Share in the Quincy Canal, one Pew. No. 34, in the Universalist Meeting-House, and an Alarm Watch.

Conditions made known at the time of sale.

By order of the Executor, LLOYD G. HORTON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 28. 2w

Horses, Carriages, Carts, Buggies, Wagons, Hay-Riggings, Market Wagons, Chaises, Gigs, Harnesses, Stable Furniture, etc., at Auction.

IN the Square near the Bridge, at Dorchester and Milton Lower Mills, on FRIDAY next, April 3d, at nine o'clock A. M., weather fair or foul, articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Chairs, Looking-Glasses, Beds, Bedstead, Clock, Desk, Garden and Shoemaker's Tools, and many other articles.

Also—One Share in the Quincy Canal, one Pew. No. 34, in the Universalist Meeting-House, and an Alarm Watch.

Conditions made known at the time of sale.

By order of the Executor, LLOYD G. HORTON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 28. 2w

House Lots for Sale.

5 OR 6 HOUSE LOTS, containing each one-fourth of an acre, situated on Granite Street, opposite the residence of widow John Veazie, will be sold by the subscriber.

These lots are eligible situated and near the centre of business.

SOLOMON NIGHTINGALE.

Quincy, March 28. 1f

Rich Corded Cashmeres,

OF new and beautiful styles, just received and for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 28. 1f

Administrator's Sale.

PURSUANT to a license from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 1st day of April, next, at ten o'clock A. M., about three-fourths of an acre of LAND, with a DWELLING-HOUSE, belonging to the estate of George Long, late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, yeoman, deceased, situated in said Quincy, in the North Common, so called, near the quarry of Messrs. Richards, Mann & Co.

JOHN M. GOURGAS, Jr., Adm.

March 28, 1846. 3w

New Prints.

JUST received, a prime assortment of rich Prints, very low, by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 28. 1f

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. March 21st, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

JOHN F. MARDEN,

of Milton, Mason, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at said Insolvent Court to be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of April, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

March 28. 2w

Town Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy, Greeting:

[L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to meet at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of April, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

1. To choose a Moderator.

2. To know what method the Town will adopt for repaying the Squantum Road.

3. To give in their votes for a Register of Deeds for the County of Norfolk.

4. To know if the Town will instruct the Selectmen to prosecute all persons who may violate the License Laws of this Commonwealth, within the limits of the Town, the ensuing year, that may come to their knowledge.

5. To choose any Committee or hear and act on the report of any Committee, the Town may think proper.

Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Town Clerk, on or before the time appointed for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals, at Quincy, this twenty-seventh day of March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-six.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Selectmen of Quincy.

Quincy, March 28th, 1846.

NORFOLK ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

A true copy. Attest: LEWIS BASS, Constable.

Quincy, March 28. 2w

N. B. The annual Town Meeting stands adjourned to the same day at one o'clock in the afternoon.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



NOTWITHSTANDING the boasting of empirics of great cures never performed and forged certificates of them, yet their nostrums sink like others of their kind, in the great sea of oblivion. The test of time is the guiding one for the searching sick, who are anxiously watching every gleam of hope that shines on their path. The Health Restorative has been impudently assailed as the production of a nostrum monger, but time has proved that a false and base insinuation, and has jewelled her reputation with gems of honor from the caustics of those who have experienced the effects of this balm. Its sovereign power is shown in the cure of complaints of the Liver and Lungs, Consumption, Coughs and Colds even in their greatest severity, Asthma and Pain in the Breast and Side. All that is desirable in a remedy for these complaints, is in the Restorative reduced and concentrated to the utmost of their power, and so placed in such perfect combination, that their several and united force is experienced at one and the same time. It is not offered as a palliative only of disease, but as a complete extermination of it, and a restorer to natural and blooming health. As all the testimony of unimpeachable witness is often insufficient to convince those who are determined to withstand the force of evidence, no matter how powerful, we earnestly hope that they will make trial of the Restorative, and be convinced by actual demonstration. The safety of your life depends on the use of this medicine, without it you had better hasten to prepare for a quick and fatal termination of your disease; but by its use you avail yourself of means which cannot disappoint or delude you. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

508 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS.

Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, near of Stone Temple, Washington Street.

Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD.

Weymouth, ELI THAYER.

Mar. 28. 4w

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.

C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Call at the CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.

No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., BOSTON, NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL.

GEORGE W. ALMY.

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Dressings, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fits, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing,

our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good and full an assortment as can be found. All patrons have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers.

Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and get up.

With some regard to fit and style,

which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections.

AT STORE.

No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St., NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON.

Mar. 24. 3m

Dry Goods.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



HEALTH RESTORATIVE

NOTWITHSTANDING the boasting of empirics of great cures never performed and forged certificates of them, yet their nostrums sink like others of their kind, in the great sea of oblivion. The test of time is the guiding one for the searching sick, who are anxiously watching every gleam of hope that shines on their path. The Health Restorative has been impudently assailed as the production of a nostrum monger, but time has proved that a false and ungodly imposture, and has jeweled her reputation with gems of honor from the caustics of those who have experienced the effects of this balm. Its sovereign power is shown in the cure of complaints of the Liver and Lungs, Consumption, Coughs and Colds even in their greatest severity, Asthma and Pain in the Breast and Side. All that is desirable in a remedy for these complaints, is in the Restorative reduced and concentrated to the utmost of their power, and so placed in such perfect combination, that their several and ungodly effects are experienced at one and the same time. It is not offered as a palliative only of disease, but as a complete extermination of it, and a restorer to natural and blooming health. As all the testimony of unimpeachable witness is often insufficient to convince those who are determined to withstand the force of evidence, no matter how powerful, we earnestly hope that they will make trial of the Restorative, and be convinced by actual demonstration. The safety of your life depends on the use of this medicine, without it you had better hasten to prepare for a quick and fatal termination of your disease; but by its use you avoid yourself of means which cannot disappoint or delude you. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

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JAMES R. CHILTON, Sole Proprietor,
508 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS.
Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple,
Washington Street.
Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD.
Weymouth, E. L. THAYER.
Mar. 28. 4w

NOTICE.
I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.

C. BRINCKERHOFF.
Call at the
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE,
No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston,
NORTH SIDE OF FANUILL HALL.
GEORGE W. ALMY

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large and well stocked Broadcloth, Cassimeres, Duckings, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fit, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Gentle Ready Made Clothing,
our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good and full an assortment as can be found. All garments have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers
Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and get up

With some regard to fit and style,
which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections.

AT STORE,
No 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St.,
NORTH SIDE OF FANUILL HALL, BOSTON.
Mar. 28. 3m

Dry Goods.
NOW OPENING

E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover St., BOSTON.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,
CONTAINING every style that can be found in Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, to which I will guarantee to sell at ten per cent. less than can be bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street Shawl Stores, as I intend to make the Shawl trade the leading branch in my business, and my expenses are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above named prices.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of

DRESS GOODS,
most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers in that Department, with a general assortment of Goods such as are wanted for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and embossed Cottons, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tickings, Bird's Eye Linens, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpacaes, with White Dress Goods, such as India Linens, Book and Swiss Muslins, Gimps, Fringes, &c., all of which will be sold at fair prices at

E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover Street.
Boston, March 28. 3m

Monsieur de Laines,
GOOD ASSORTMENT, for sale by
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28. 1f

Dividend.
THE Stockholders of the Quincy Canal are hereby informed that a Dividend has been declared, and may be received at the store of the subscriber.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Treasurer.
Quincy, March 28. 1w

WOOD! Wood!!
80 CORDS of Hard and Soft Wood, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams' Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20. 1f

Grass Seed.
JUST received, and for sale by the subscriber, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of HERD'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER SEED.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Notice to Trespassers.
ALL persons are forbidden travelling over the land in the rear of the Boring Ground, late the property of Dea. Samuel Savil, as they will hereafter be prosecuted for trespass.

JOHN SAVIL,
JOSIAH SAVIL, } Executors.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

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JUST received, and for sale by the subscriber, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of HERD'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER SEED.
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Inquire at Whiton & Adams' Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20. 1f

Notice.

THE Directors of the Quincy Canal Corporation will meet on the Wharf, on FRIDAY, April 3d, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of letting off to those persons who may wish to lay stone there the present year.

The Lumber Wharf and also the three cornered piece of Land with the Hammering Shed, will be leased at private sale on application to either of the Directors.

ISAAC BASS,
SAMUEL CURTIS, } Directors.
PEREZ CHUBUCK,
Quincy, March 28. 1w

Building Lots for Sale.

57 EXCELLENT LOTS OF LAND, lying between the Railroad and the Neponset Turnpike, in Quincy, each of one-fourth of an acre, and about one-fourth of a mile north of the Town House, Bank, Hotel, and the Depot of the Old Colony Railroad. To gentlemen of leisure or business in Boston, who desire a summer residence in the country of fifteen or twenty minutes ride by the cars, such a chance to purchase cheap and pleasant sites cannot be found within so short a distance of the city. A plan may be seen at the Hancock House in Quincy, and further information obtained from HARVEY FIELD.

Quincy, March 21. 1f

Granite!
LEDGES OF ROCKS TO LET. Apply to
JOSIAH BASS.
Quincy, March 21. 4w

Notice.

THE qualified voters residing within the limits described in an Act establishing a Fire Department in the Towns of Weymouth and Braintree, are hereby notified to meet at Liberty Hall, (so called,) in Weymouth, on MONDAY, the 20th inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles:

1st. To choose a Moderator.
2d. To choose a Clerk.
3d. To choose all the Officers required by the Act of the Legislature.
4th. To prescribe the mode of Notifying and Warning future meetings.
5th. To transact any other business that may legally come before them.

By authority of the Act, JOHN W. LOUD.
Weymouth, March 20th, 1846. 2w

Furniture at Auction.

WILL be sold, at the residence of the late William W. Veazie, in Franklin Street, on MONDAY, 20th inst., at one o'clock in the afternoon, a lot of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Beds and Bedsteads.

Also—Iron, Tin and Crockery Ware; two Stoves and a lot of hard Coal, with other articles too numerous to mention.

L. G. HORTON, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 21. 2w

Bacon, Pork and Lard.

FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.

These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Two Hundred Suppers.

At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No 2 of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Five Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 300 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well, near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Noted—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Noted—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

The Planting Season.

Commercial Garden and Nursery
OF PARSONS & CO.

THE Proprietors desire to call attention to this extensive establishment, now one of the largest in the Union, covering an area of more than fifty acres, and compactly planted with every desirable variety of Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

Their Fruit Trees they can recommend, as being straight and thrifty; of undoubted genuineness, as to variety, which they ensure by close personal attention to propagating from the most reliable sources and from bearing trees, and as being from the well ripened state of the wood, peculiarly adapted for removal to higher latitudes.

To those who are in need of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, they can with confidence recommend their assortment, as embracing, together with the old standard varieties, many new species selected personally by the Proprietors from the principal Horticultural establishments of Europe, whence they are receiving constant additions.

Grape Vines, Raspberry Bushes, Currant Bushes, Gooseberry Bushes, Asparagus Roots, and Scions, of the best kinds of fruit, can be had.

All orders addressed to M. R. & E. MARSH, Quincy, their Agents, will be immediately attended to, where a sample of their trees can be seen.

March 14. 3w

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are forbidden travelling over the land in the rear of the Boring Ground, late the property of Dea. Samuel Savil, as they will hereafter be prosecuted for trespass.

JOHN SAVIL,
JOSIAH SAVIL, } Executors.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Grass Seed.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscriber, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of HERD'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER SEED.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft Wood, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams' Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20. 1f

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of

CALEB GILL & Co.
Quincy, March 2, 1846.

Cheap Goods for the Spring.

F. HARDWICK, Jr.,

HAS on hand Goods and remnants of articles, and being desirous to close in order to be prepared for changes in the fashion, will sell, if applied for within a few days, the remainder at

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

New and fashionable Goods for the Spring trade will be received in a few days.

All who intend to buy are respectfully invited to call, and no mistake but the articles and prices cannot fail to give satisfaction. A quick sale and cash payment are the life of trade.

Quincy, March 7. 4w

Dr. L. Goodnow,

THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN
AND
SURGEON.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.

Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.

He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale.

Quincy, March 7.

Straw and Florence Bonnets

Selling at Cost.

THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of

STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,

will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap.

S. S. MARSH.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Grain Store—Old Stand.

HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Coddingdon and Washington Street,

CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, &c.,

which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the Country, for Cash.

Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with

Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 1f

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have recently received

large additions to their former stock, making a good assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.

Quincy, March 16. 1f

Paper Hanging,

DONE in a neat and durable style, by
SETH ADAMS.

Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple

Quincy, April 20. 1f

Paper Hangings.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received

fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

Quincy, April 19. 1f

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at

E. PACKARD'S.
Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store.
Quincy, August 10. 1f

Muffs!!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses

MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 25. 1f

Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the

State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against

Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

To be sold at private Sale.

SEVERAL very likely young COWS, from four to seven years old,—will calve in about three weeks.

Also—One that has calved and gives milk.
Also—One yoke of five years old working Oxen, full of flesh, and large.

Enquire of
MINOTT THAYER.
Braintree, March 14. 1f

To Let,

THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.

For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } Selection
of
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Quincy.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

Notice.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN, was, by mutual consent, dissolved on the 21st of January.

CHARLES A. CUMMINGS,
M. W. SULLIVAN.

THE business will be pursued as formerly by the undersigned. Freight of BRICKS will be received immediately on the opening of navigation, and a constant supply of prime quality THOMSON LIME for the trade.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD as usual.
M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, March 14. 1f

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."

A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal Blue; Alpacaes, M. de Laines, PRINTS;

Edgings, Mus'ns, Laces, and a good assortment of domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspenders, NECK TIES, Italian GRAYVATS, Black Satin SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.

Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do; Slippers.

A good assortment of ready made

SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS,
FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,

which can be made into any style of garment to suit the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy

DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETS,
AND OF

VESTINGS,
EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

E. PACKARD.
Quincy, Oct. 4. 1f

Hair Oils, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are

Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative;

Buffalo and Bear Oils, (Sands' pure);

Bandoline, Paris Oil Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil;

Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies;

Oleum Compound; Jules Hanel's Lustral;

Detterer's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil;

Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic;

Rose Oil; Puhimere; Pomatums;

French Oils of various kinds;

Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian;

Gonard's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory;

Perfumes, Soaps, &c., etc.

Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

New Books.

MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his

brother, John Ware, M. D.

Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.

Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.

The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Christian Character, by Harvey Newcomb.

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.
LINES

On the death of Sarah Antoinette, child of Mr. Abraham H. and Mrs. Hannah T. Bird, who died in Milton, Feb. 28th.

Tears for the dead! the loved and lost,
Oh! weep not that the light
Of a sweet smile and beaming eye
Will greet no more thy sight;
For the smile has but gently past,
As dew on the rose at even—
And the eye is closed in calm repose,
To wake again in Heaven.

Weep no more mother! early fled
The spirit to its rest—
And like the weary dove hath found
The haven of the blest;
The love and hope thy heart enshrined,
Beyond the grave's cold rest must soar
To meet the flower transplanted there
Where sorrow's reign is known no more.
L. D. C., Milton.

THE EYE THAT NEVER SLEEPS.

There is an eye that never sleeps!
Which o'er the world its vigil keeps
From yonder arching sky;
Amid the blaze of noonday light,
Or in the darkling shades of night,
Still peers that sleepless eye!

Clear to its vision—oh! how clear,
Those deeply hidden thoughts appear,
The features would deny,—
There's not an impulse e'er can start,
Of good or evil in the heart,
But meets that watchful eye.

The wretch, all trembling seeks some spot,
To form unseen his guilty plot,
No human footstep by;
Yet though from mortal gaze concealed,
Each deed, each thought, lies all revealed,
Beneath that haunting eye!

In lowly cot—or palace gay—
Or e'er the seas, far, far away—
Its glance is ever high;
Then, oh, thou wretch! with crime imbued,
Fly where thou wilt, thou'lt ne'er elude,
That keen and searching eye!

MATRIMONY.

That man must lead a happy life
Who's free from matrimonial chains,
Who is directed by a wife,
Is sure to suffer for his pains.

Adam could find no solid peace
When Eve was given for a mate;
Until he saw a woman's face,
Adam was in a happy state.

In all the females' face appear,
Hypocrisy, deceit and pride;
Truth, darling of a heart sincere,
Ne'er known in woman to reside.

What tongue is able to unfold
The falsehoods that in woman dwell;
The worth in woman we behold,
Is almost imperceptible.

Cursed be the foolish man, I say,
Who changes from his singleness;
Who will not yield to woman's sway,
Is sure of perfect blessedness.

To advocate the ladies' cause, you will read the first and third, and second and fourth lines together.

LAW OF LOVE.

A brother errs—but wherefore bring
The carnal weapons sure to kill;
These only rouse a serpent's sting,
And not the law of love fulfil.

The tender language of the soul,
Where love in every word is seen,
Will passion's raging flames control,
And back to truth and virtue win.

First learn thy duty and thou wilt
Thy brother reconcile to thee—
Make him confess his former guilt,
With sorrow and humility.

ANECDOTES.

A young lady, celebrated for her beauty and wit, was presiding at one of the tables at a fair in Paris, and among the throng which pressed around was a gentleman of much assurance, who gazed on the lady with offensive freedom, affecting to admire the various articles but bought nothing.

"What will you please to buy, sir?" asked she with a smile of peculiar meaning.

"Oh," replied the exquisite with a languishing look, "what I most wish is unhappily not for sale."

"Perhaps it is," said the lady, "let me know what you wish to buy."

"Well, then, since you insist upon it, I should like a ringlet of your glossy black hair."

The lady manifested no embarrassment at the bold request, but immediately clipped off one of her locks and handed it to the astonished youth, remarking that the price was five hundred francs!

Her bold admirer was thunderstruck, but dared not demur, as a group had collected and were listening to the conversation. He took the hair, paid over the money, and with an air of mortification left the hall.

A Dutchman, speaking of the avareness propensities of one of his fellow-workmen, said, "He is so mean, that, in the seedier work he does, he never wears drawers nor undershirts, and goes barefooted in his boots."

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE

BOTTLES AND TUBES,

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;

Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;

FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;

Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Cancer Syrup;

Ellis' Ventricle Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dyott's TOOTHACHE DROPS;

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18.

OPENING OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,

having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which have been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

—ALSO—

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Ties, Mitts, Collars;

Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;

Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimps, and other Trimmings for Dresses,) Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANED AND PRESSED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side.

Quincy, May 3.

Rates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's.

These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES.

Boston, Dec. 13.

New Fall Goods.

NOW OPENING

E. R. STOCKWELL,

56 Hanover St., BOSTON.

THE best assortment of NEW AND FASHIONABLE

SHAWLS

that can be found in almost any store in this city, comprising every kind and quality, from the Highland for \$1.00 to the RICH CASHMERE for \$100.00.

We have made arrangements with the Importers in Boston and New York, so that we shall be constantly adding to our already well selected stock, a variety of new Shawls such as the coming season may require.

We are also now receiving by the Steamers and Packets the best selected stock of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

that the Market affords, consisting of CASHMERES, Ottomans, Repts, M. D'Lainey, Alpacaes of every quality, Alpines, Affghans, Bohemians, Prints, white Goods, etc.

—ALSO—

CLOAK STUFFS,

of every kind that can be wanted for Fall or Winter Cloaks, with BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Cottons, Bed Tickings, Linen, Damask Table Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, at 56 Hanover Street.

Boston, Sept. 6.

To Let,

THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store on Washington Street.

Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business.

Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENISON.

Quincy, Feb. 21.

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of ALBION DEARBORN.

Quincy, Jan. 31.

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and warranted. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and quantity. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colored Pencils, Slates, Sealers, Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes, Bonnet Boards, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Board, Gold, Tissue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hovey's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books, Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macassar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, etc.

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL, JR.,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly has on hand Sewed and Pegged Men's, Boys' and Youth's

BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES AND KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.

Quincy, May 13.

JAMES EDWARDS

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

—ALSO—

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will warrant it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

Quincy Point, Aug. 23.

EDWIN WOOD.



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, moping and sometimes a voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are doctored for months for some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Prince Street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges; he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colic, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Hovarth, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Attree, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the soonest of any known remedy. Headache, Sea-sickness and palpitation, relieved in from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or travelling will find them to improve buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the horrors and lawlessness of spirits. Mr. Knuth of the Sunday Mercury, has repeatedly cured himself of severe headache by them. Captain Chadwick, of the packet ship Wellington, has witnessed their efficacy in a great many cases of sea-sickness. They operate like a charm upon the agitated or shattered nerves, as Sherman's Plaster Man's Plaster does upon the Rheumatism, lumbago, pain or weakness in the side, back, breast, or any part of the body. Mr. H. G. Daggers, 20 Ann Street, Henry R. Goulding, 35-1-2 Chatham Street, Moses J. Benjamins, Esq., and a multitude of others have experienced the wonderful effects of these Plasters. Price only 14-1-2 cents. Caution is necessary to see that you get the genuine Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles attempted to be palmed off in place of them, by those who would trifle with your life for a shilling.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau Street, New York. Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State Street, Boston; J. Babcock and N. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash and N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by A. E. HAYDEN, rear of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

June 28.

Hats and Caps.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys' Cloth Caps, which will be sold at as low prices as can be bought in the City.

Quincy, May 25.

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be found at

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLLEN

GOODS, which, together with their former Stock, enables them to offer to the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS,

TWEEDS, GAMBROONS, &c. of the most desirable and fashionable colors and styles.

SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS,

all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices in order to make any garment for gentlemen or boys' wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston ready made.

All wishing to treat themselves to new Clothes the present season, will do well to call and look before purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves, Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc., at very low prices.

Quincy, Nov. 1.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Checked CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBROONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laine, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stockings, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES AND BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus T. Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Mattresses.